Win. H. Bayne, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N.C. MARCH 31, 1849.

OF Our subscribers will always do themselves a service, as well as ourself, by prompt-ly informing us when the Carolinian reguly informing us when the Carolinian regularly fails to reach them as soon as it ought to by course of mail. Also, of any change in the arrival and departure of the mail which carries the paper. Also, by suggesting to us any change, when such can be made, by which it may reach sooner.

THE PLANK ROAD!

readers that we have this morning received a letter from Major John H. Cook, at Ashboro, in which he says:

"Randolph has done her duty nobly in reference to subscription to the Plank Road—has done all we asked—be-yond what we expected. Major McRae and myself will attend a large meeting at Watson's Bridge on the 31st. Consider the full amount of individual subscription of

ANOTHER letter from a gentleman in Anson,

speaking of the Plank Road, says:

"There are a few of us in the upper end of Anson who think that the Plank Road from Fayetteville to Salisbury must come the old county line road from Drowning Creek to Pee Dee, the dividing line between Montgomery and Richmond; then through a small part of the upper end of Anson, on Rocky River, and crossing said river at Winfield's Ford, 7 miles from its mouth, in a direct course; thence by Albemarle to Salisbury. This route is level and firm, and well timbered. This will secure a great portion of the Anson trade said road taking this route, I hope you will than words. tance."

BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE.

The subscription books of this company will be closed to-day; and the requisite amount having been subscribed, we presume the meeting of the stockholders for organization, will be held ation as early as possible.

This will be in fact, the "Bank of Favetteville" for the subscriptions out of the town and vicinity, are small. One of our citizens, James Kyle, Esq., subscribed \$20,000 of the stock, one-fifth of the whole amount necessary to put the Bank in operation. Thirteen thousand have been subscribed in Washington, but nothing worth nam-

DISTRICT CONVENTION .- We see by the List Raleigh Standard, that a call is made for a Convention at Nashville, in the Raleigh Congression I District, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for that District.

65 Is it not time that the democrats of this District were discussing the matter? What says the Wilmi aton Journal? Shall we have a Convention or not? Whatever we do, let us do it in time to give "the sove eigns" time to act with

ADJOURNMENT OF THE SENATE.

The Executive session of the U. S. Senate adjourned sine die on the 23d March.

After the decision of Gen. Shields' case, the proceedings of the Senate, which were exceedingly few, in open session, were of no public importance. Whatever may have occurred in secret session in regard to confirmations or other matters, has not yet transpired by authority.

No business of a public nature was done, except such as appertained alone to the Senate, not requiring the concurrence of the House.

Or A man named Mann has been tried, convicted and twice whipped "on the bare back" for passing counterfeit money, in Richmond county. His two accomplices, who gave bail, forfeited their recognizance. That is the way justice is eluded.

By We have received from Mr Loring, editor of the Wilmington Commercial, a pamphlet copy of an address delivered by him before St. John's Lodge of "Free and accepted Masons," on St. John's day. It is a very excellent and appropriate address.

Mr Loring touches the subject of the exclusion of women from Free Masonry. This is a point of some little interest at present, from the fact that some of the secret Societies are discussing the propriety of having female lodges, as appears by some of the newspapers. Mr L. says that the "operations of Masonry are unsuited to the habto the awkward and unbecoming feat of climbing it would give a lady the dumb ague!

Besides that, the "scandal" of the thing Mr Loring says would be disreputable to the Lodges. People would taik, and make uncharitable remarks, and suggest how such and such a one looked as she climbed up the pole, or how she

fell as the goat tilted her off, &c. &c. We think it would be decidedly improper for

women to be Masons.

00 It has been asserted by some of the papers that Mr Whitcomb, U. S. Senator from Indiana, is a free soil democrat. The Washington Union corrects the statement by authority of Mr Whitcomb, and says that he is "a radical democrat, and does not, and never did sympathize with the movements of the freesoilers."

Robert Hildreth, tried for the murder of Wm. Taylor, in Anson County, on the 5th September, was convicted at Richmond Court. He appealed to the Supreme Court. Villainy has many loopholes through which to escape, in this country.

HERE WE GO .- A committee of gentlemen from Buffalo, N. Y., waited on President Taylor a few days ago, and presented him with a box of beef of exquisite flavor, the produce of that section of country.

The spokesman of this delegation had a hard face: he commenced his speech to the President by telling him what a great country it was about Buffalo and the great lakes, but imploringly reterred to the want of harbors! Ah, there is the secret! "Scratch my back and I will tickle your elbow." Mr Polk had vetoed the river and harbor bill. Their great lake country, said our spokesman, had been "smitten by the withering blast of the veto;" but the voice of the people, on the 7th of November last, "swept from the political horizon of the west the shadows of the one-man power."

We are fearful that it has swept away the substance as well as the shadow, at least for 4 years

Gen. Taylor is said to be a modest man; if he s, he must have blushed blue when our hero plied him with a full paragraph of eulogy, and told him that he could speak to him "long and earnestly," of his illustrious self, if time-not modesty-would permit!

The General was particular to tell them in his reply, that he had spent 40 years of his life in a camp! (He either thought the delegates were green, or else he forgot the contents of his 40

campaign letters, and the burden of 20 speeches.) However, as they had given him some beef, he thought he must give them a bone; so he told them that he would "cordially co-operate with Congress in any measures for the relief of their rapidly growing commerce."

So here is an avowal that no matter what sort of a bill, appropriating no matter how much money Congress may pass, he will co-operate. Very well; it will only be sticking to his text if he does; and those of the South who voted for him can lump it if they don't like it.

He was manly enough to tell the delegation to Favetteville. I made a survey of the (though they were not probably smart enough to county line road from Pee Dee to Drown- take the hint) that " much of the commendation ing Creek a few years ago, and feel satis- bestowed upon him, is really due to others." fied that it is the best route for a road, and That was manly in comparison with the puerile would make it more profitable to the stock- flattery of the committee. If you love me, you holders. Should you see any chance of need not tell me of it-actions speak stronger

give it your influence, as all the people in | The General concluded by telling the delethe upper end of Anson would trade with gates to say to the people of their great country Favetteville were it not for the great dis- about Buffalo, that he wished not only as Henri the 4th did, that they might have a fowl in the pot on every Sunday, but a piece of beef every

This way of lugging presents to Washington for Presidents, and audaciously asking a quid pro quo-an equivalent-is getting entirely too common in our Republic. But the whigs are great in a very short time, and the Bank put in opera- at it. Whenever they get a President, they are stuffing him, or dressing him, or furnishing hi house, constantly. And do they do it simply because they love him? No! They unblushingly

The Constitution very wisely provides against the President receiving presents of any kind from foreign potentates; and it seems to us that it is high time it was so amended so as to prohibit sectional gifts to accomplish sectional purposes.

MR. BENTON .- A correspondent of the Balimore Argus says that a complete breach has been effected between Mr Benton and the democratic party. At a conference held by the democratic members, it was decided, he says, that there should no longer be any confidence placed in Mr Benton. This is not a matter to be wondered at, however much it might be regretted Mr Benton's mind seems to have been most strangely perverted and weakened for several There is no motive for any such proceeding. years back. His term in the Senate is about to expire, and there is said to be much opposition to his reappointment, by the democrats of Mis-

Another correspondent says that Mr Benton, fe ging the loss of his place in the Senate, which he holds as dear as the apple of his eye, has determined to abandon his trip to California, and instead, to canvass the State of Missouri in defeace of his Senatorial course. In which defence, it is said, he will boldly take the ground of the non-extension of slavery to the new ter-

We cannot but think that Mr Benton's days of usefulness are past; and it would no doubt be better for him and for the country, that he should retire from public life while the public yet entertains some respect for the talent and industry of his past services.

Another correspondent, writing from Washtration of Mr Polk. Of course, it all ended in to sleep. \$100 to \$125 per thousand feet. smoke; and possibly was only intended as a time

Ar The Macon (Ga.) Telegraph publishes an Address of Messrs Cobb, Boyd, Clarke and Lumpkin, (the first and last named being Georgia members, Boyd and Clark of Kentucky) to its of the temale sex." That is a very proper re- their constituents, in which these gentlemen atmark; for who would think of subjecting a lady tempt to palliate their course in not signing the southern address. The Telegraph accompanies a greasy pole some ten feet high; or riding bare- the address with a criticism of the grounds of backed on a huge goat, with the wool off and the defence assumed by those gentlemen; and really, skin greased. Then the operation of hanging- the way he strips the flimsey arguments from it, the dead fall-the drop-and the big sword- and leaves naked deformity, with hardly plausiand all this, too, of a cold winter night! Why bility to keep it in countenance, must be morti-

fying to those gentlemen. The Telegraph thinks that the "critics of the ballot box will judge this apology to be as incomplete and unsatisfactory" as they alledge the southern address to be.

Our North Carolinians have not been green enough to publish an address to palliate their delinquency. Those of them who may be candidates again, ought to be held to strict accountability before the people; for it appears to us that they can offer no excuse that will not still leave it a bitter pill to vote for them.

TO CALIFORNIA .- An estimate in the New York papers of the number of persons who have sailed for California, makes 17,000; 12,000 of whom went by way of Cape Horn. The number of vessels, 270. The number that are supposed to have gone over the land route, are estimated at about 3,000.

it is within three or four thousand of the true produced a demand from Mr H. for exnumber, it is as near as could be expected.

THE NEGOTIATION FOR CUBA.

A month or two ago, an inquiry was made in Congress about a certain alledged negotiation between the United States and Spain for Cuba; but nothing was elicited in any way showing that any steps had been taken by the American government towards the purchase of that island.

Previous to that, it had appeared in the debates the British Parliament that some English statesman was starting a project to get Cuba into the clutches of the British government on payment for debts due from Spain to Englishmen. However, more recently, it was stated official-

ly in the Spanish Cortes, or Legislature, or Congress, that no proposition for negotiation concerning Cuba had been made by the U. States. This was supposed to have settled the question. But within a few days, a long article has appeared in the Charleston Courier, signed by Thomas Caute Revnolds, who says he was Secretary of Legation at Madrid, under Mr Saunders, the Minister Plenipotentiary, in which Mr Reynolds makes it appear, if what he says be true, that there was an attempt at negotiation on the part of Mr Saunders.

We do not know anything of Mr Reynolds; but the tone of his communication bears evidence of spite and malice, which are to be accounted for by the fact that Mr R. was dismissed or recalled from the Legation, at the instigation of Mr Saunders; but for what reason, we know not. Of course it was satisfactory to Mr Saunders. Mr Reynolds, however, endeavors, we think, to leave the impression that he stood much higher, and was a much greater man at Madrid than was the Minister Plenipotentiary himself.

Mr Reynolds' excuse for appearing in public on the subject is a little ridiculous; for his name has been used to an extremely limited extent in anything that has been said on the Cuba question; and the conclusion is that his only object in writing his communication is to vent his spleen on Mr Saunders for requesting his recall, and on the Executive for acceding to it.

The first dash he makes at Mr Saunders, he charges him with going to France to live five months and leaving him (Mr Reynolds) with limited powers and vague instructions, in charge of the affairs of the Legation. So, about two months after Mr Saunders had been in France, Mr Reynolds wrote to him concerning the movements going on in regard to Cuba, and informed him that he had taken measures to protect the interests of the U. States, &c. To this Mr Saunders replied that he was glad to hear it; and that " sooner than the English should get any lien on Cuba, he (Gen. Saunders) would stipulate for the United States to guarantee in some way the payment of the debt [due from Spain to English capitalists] on having a mortgage on Cuba."

Seventeen days afterwards, Mr Reynolds received another letter from Mr Saunders, in which Mr S. says that he fears the matter is about to be pressed upon the Spanish government by the British bondholders; and if he (Mr S.) had full confidence in Mr Buchanan, American Secretary of State, on the subject of Cuba, he would write to him; but as he had not, he would act on his general instructions.

Mr Reynolds quotes from a letter from Mr S., to Mr Buchanan, written six days after the above, in which Mr S. tells Mr Buchanan that he has "greater confidence in the Cabinet, and should like to hear Mr Buchanan's views.

Mr Reynolds also charges Mr Polk with sending instructions to the Minister at London on the subject of the Oregon question, which instructions departed materially from the positions taken in the official correspondence of the Department of State! This we believe to be a malicious story, of a piece with Stevens' protocol story. Mr Reynolds says that the debt due to the

British bondholders from Spain is three hundred

Mr Reynolds dwells long on the fact of Mr Saunders' unacquaintance with the Spanish lan- all great events, "great oaks," &c., you

Such is theworld! What pictures men's pride " rebels." or malice can make them draw!

CALIFORNIA .- The papers continue to publish letters from California; but they generally totally destroyed. contain only the old narratives that everybody

ington, says that a few days ago, Mr Benton, in is about as late as any we see. It gives the price and belles, out sunning themselves. executive session of the Senate, offered a resolu- of Flour at \$12, a reduction of one-half since the tion calling for further investigation in regard to writer last wrote. Lumber, he says advances in the protocol, with a view to settling the ques- price, instead of receding. The great influx of ion whether it is binding in its effects. On this persons from all quarters gives great stimulous question he is said to have made another long to house building, and notwithstanding the enorspeech, animadverting harshly on the adminis- mous rents, it is difficult for many to get places

> The rainy season, he said, had commenced, and the snow on the ridge was impeding the digging operations, which would be materially suspended for two or three months.

This writer thinks that emigration from all parts of the world will be so great, that prices of everything will keep high for a year or two. If so, why could not our North Carolina pine owners make money by shipping lumber to that country? If the demand is so great, certainly cocked hat, politically, on election day, we hope. prices in this country ought to advance some. The population of San Francisco, he says, is

orderly, except when a large party arrives from the mines with plenty of gold, when a dust is generally kicked up.

A letter from the Hon. Daniel Webster is published in the papers, in which he complains that the nomination of Mr Hannegan as Minister to Prussia herrings. Who says North Carolina is poor? was not made to the Senate by President posing all the business of the session through. On this account, Mr Webster calls the nomination and confirmation "one of the most disreputable proceedings recorded in the history of the government."

Ah! the pure Mr Webster! If all the 'disreputable" things he ever did were written in his forehead, the wrinkles could This estimate is no doubt very imperfect. If not hide them. We understand this letter planation. The result we have not learned. I was lucky for some whig expectant.

Washington City, March 26. Since my last, but little of a local naure has occurred in our goodly city, the acts of our new administration being the principal topic, and these are applauded or condemned, just as the interests of the parties or their friends are advanced.

A very extraordinary advertisement has been published in the German papers in New York. The translation and accompanying remarks published by the New York Express, state that the individuals who authorize the matter are Germans, mostly merchants, of standing and wealth. They offer \$12,000 for the assassination of the Emperor of Austria; \$9,000 for the king of Prussia; any other King, Prince, or Duke, 86,000-for the head of Prince Windischgratz, \$4,000. This is carrying in advance." republicanism a little too far.

The news from California is still very

encouraging, although the different state-

ments do not all exactly agree as to the daily amount gathered; all agree, however, that there is gold in abundance. The very large and respectable company formed in private, by means of a secret spy system? this city, intend starting next month. A preparations, &c., at the point where they take leave of the white settlements. They leaves New York on its first trip for California on the 15th of April, as the advertisement says; passage \$50. Time, in fair weather, 2 days; windy weather, 5 days. We are a great people! It is esti- fially") to their northern creditors!!! mated that not less than 50,000 persons will be on their way to the gold plentation in the course of next month, from the dif-

ferent sections of our country. The recent news from Canada evinces a strong feeling by the people of that country to sever the bonds that bind and make them "hewers of wood and drawers of water" to her Majesty, Queen Victoria, who, by the way, is doubtless a very charming dear little creature. with whom any of we sovereigns could spend a few hours very agreeably-not more so, however, than we could with some of the fair and charming girls of our own favored clime-for most of us love to -; but we must stop this enticing subject and the subjects of it, and resume the topic of Canadian affairs.

Since the abortive attempt at revolution in 1837-'8, a republican spirit has been quietly at work, and it is this spirit that now begins to give signs of life; the events that have occurred within the last year in Europe, and more particularly late acts of Clelland, a Revolutionary soldier; believed to be ment we have ever offered, consisting of the English rulers in Canadian affairs, have 92 years of age. He was a native of Scotland, but came to this country in 1770. n a great degree tended to mature this republican spirit sooner than it ought or otherwise might have done.

Whether as the "lone star" of the north or as one of our own constellation, we desire, as a republican, to see the Canadians enjoying the blessings and sweets of liberty; but such changes cannot be made in the twinkling of an eye. This sudden transit is the great stumbling block of revolutions; reaction is the consequence of such attempts; witness the change of this government, read the history of the colo- rietta Co, G & H McMillan, Mrs S J Hart, E I nies for ten years previous to the declaration of independence, and it will be seen how, and from what small beginnings, it commenced, moving slow but sure, until the eloquence of a Henry and his compatriots, set the ball of revolution in motion: and even then it rolled but slowly, nor was it matured until all the circumstances were calmly and dispassionately weighed and considered. Such must be the way with success; from small beginnings originate NP Liles, J& R Lindsay, O Lawrence, Cedar guage, and his retired life in Madrid, &c .. all know. Our authorities have taken the with a view of casting ridicule on Mr S. And necessary steps to observe our neutrality he is also careful to give the reader plenty of in the matter; they have, however, the room to believe that he (Mr Reynolds) was high sympathies of all good republicans. We in the confidence of the whole Spanish Court and may expect shortly to hear of hoards of "red coats" being sent over to quell the

We had quite a fire yesterday (Sunday) evening. The Printing Office and Book Bindery of Messrs Alexander & Espey, with all the contents of the building, were

Spring seems to have set in with us. Last week we had some pleasant weather; A letter from San Francisco, dated Dec. 26th, our streets were crowded with the beaux

Yours, &c., CAROLINUS.

A great mob and riot occurred at Toronto, in Canada, on Wednesday week. The houses of several individuals were stoned, and the effigies of the proprietors burned. Mr Price, the son of one of the obnoxious persons was seriously injured-

63- Mr John Kerr, of Caswell, whig, is a candidate for Congress in opposition to Mr Venable, dem. He was beaten by Mr Venable before, and we trust will be again.

We understand from a private source, that at a discussion, Mr Kerr was so rude as to call Mr Venable a liar; whereupon the latter knocked bim in the mouth. He will knock him into a

N. C. FISHERIES .- The landings of our State are all reported to be doing a smashing business in seine hauling this season, as far it has advanced. The Edenton Sentinel says that Mr Norcom of that place, took upwards of 6000 shad at a single haul on last Monday.

A statement in the Sentinel shows that last year there were inspected at Baltimore alone, 2,266 whole, and 1072 half barrels of shad from the North Carolina fisheries; and 21,788 barrels

HOTEL SUDDENLY CLOSED. - The boar-Polk, until after he (Mr Webster) left his ders in the National Hotel, at Washington, seat in the Senate on Sunday morning, sup- formerly kept by Mr Coleman, and recenlly by Mr Blackwell, we see it stated, recently found the bill of fare, ominously headed " Last Meal," with a notice on one of the doors summarily requiring them that day to depart. The National Intelligencer says that Mr. Blackwell has failed for upwards of sixty thousand dollars. Groceries, butchers, and wine merchants, are among his creditors, and his whereabouts not known .- Baltimore Sun.

Ry Mr Bidlack, U. S. Charge de Affaires at Santa Fe de Bogota, died on 6th January. That

Tom Hand, a man suspected of having stolen the government jewels from the patent office, has been arrested, examined, and committed for trial, in Philadelphia.

NEW POSTAGE LAW. The new Postmaster General has issued instructions to Postmasters, in conformity with the law in relation to postage, passed at the late ses-

"Hereafter, when a letter exceeds an ounce in weight, but does not exceed two ounces, it will be rated with four charges of single postage; when it exceeds two ounces, but does not exceed three, it will be rated with six charges of single

postage, and so on." Transjent newspapers (that is, papers not sent from the office of publication) will hereafter be subject to the general newspaper postage rate only; that is, one cent for any distance not exceeding 100 miles, whether in or out of the State; but only one cent for any distance within the State from which sent. In all cases to be paid

From the Columbia Telegraph. FLATTERING! VERY .-- Are our merchants aware of the system of espionage, kept up by the Nothern houses with which they deal, upon their transactions public and

We have before us now a letter directed portion of them have already gone to make to a gentleman of the Bar here, received by mail, making the flattering proposition to him to undertake the dignified office of go by land. The aerial locomotive balloon peering into the ledgers-watching the habits-prying into the kitchens, and giving a general history, at stated times, of the condition habits and prospects of the merchants here, ("secretly and confident

MARRIED.

In Cheraw, on the 22d inst, Mr Chas. Holmes to Miss Margaret E. Campbell. In Cleaveland county, on the 8th inst., Dr Albert Ellis to Miss Narciss J. Bailey.

DIED.

In Union county, Indiana, on 20th January last, Mr Hezekiah Clark, father of Mr Isaac W. Clark of this place, aged 86 years. He was a native of Chatham county, N. C. He and his father both served in the Revolution of 1776, and the son maintained his fervid patriotism to the day of

his death. He has left offspring to the number of 175; 16 children-78 grand children-62 great grand children. He was a professor of religion for fifty odd years. Charitable and benevolent to all about him, he has gone to reap the reward of his

At his residence in Richmond County, on the 5th inst., Daniel Berford Brown, Esq. aged 33

In Washington City, on the 20th inst., after a protracted and painful sickness, James Stacy, aged 5 years and 5 months, son of C. T. Gardner, formerly of Fayetteville, N. C. In this county, on the 13th inst., Daniel Mc-

At New Haven, on the 17th inst. aged 36, Mrs Ann Gerry, relict of Elbridge Gerry who was one-of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, and Vice President of the U. States. In Cawtawba county, Mr Jacob Lantz



Arrived, March 29, Steamer HENRIETTA, CONSUMPTION DISARMED of ITS TERRORS with goods for C T Haigh & Son E W Willkings, Hall, Sackett & Co, A Johnson & Co, SJ Hinsdale, J Sundy, C B Mallett, Hall & Hall, Hen-& J A Pemberton, P Taylor, J Utley, P Montague, J Kyle, H Branson & Son, and E J Hale, of this place; and for G S McCubbin, G P Godby, C Stuben, Wm Murphy & Co, J Crach, Grist & Lisburger, Carlton Hale, A A Ramsev, J Womach, Jenkins & Roberts, W D & W R Smith, and J Smith, of the interior.

Arrived, March 29, steamer ROWAN, with goods for J Winecoff & Co, Brown & Barnes, A Johnson & Co. M D & W R Smith, H & E J Lilly, N Kendall, H A London, W J Gilmer, J H Haughton, W J McConnel, Brown & Elliot, Is-Canada; such a course will alone insure Washington Mining Co, G Womach, A Brower, land Ford Co, Scott & McAdoo, J R & J Sloan, Fa ls Co, Union Co, J T Hornrine, Brower & Maffitt, Bruner & Crist, B G Worth, J Worth, by is." Mendenhall & Clark, G & H McMillan, A W Steele, Hall & Hall, Jones, Watson & Co, N A Ramsey, T H Tate, J M Brandon, A W Cooper, Miss L Bagge, E A Bogle, B Julian, S Adler, H T Wilbar, J B Hawley, T Caldwell & Son, G A E Pope & Co, J D Williams, N Hailey

March 25th .- Steamer GOV. GRAHAM, with goods for J F Chambers, Gowan & Murch, W Furner, J & T Waddill, J McIver, E Penry, C T Haigh & Son, King & Hege, Lehman & Butner, D Trov, W T Horn, E Fuller, Ray & Pearce. Marc 30.—Steamer EVERGRIEN, with goods for E. L&JA Pemberton, S. J. Hinsdale, Ray & Pearse, C.T. Haigh, G&H McMillan, A. A. McKethan, G. McNeill, of this place; and for R. McLean, Gwyn & Hickerson, J&F. Garrett, H. A. London, A. J. Webb, Long & Webb, M. Thruston, T. Tew, Jas Smith of the interior ton, T Tew. Jas Smith, of the interior. Twenty cabin and 105 deck passengers.

PORT OF WILMINGTON. Arrived, March 22d, Schr Mary Ann from N York-Schr P B Savery from New York. 21th. Schr Denmark from Philadelphia.

JUST RECEIVED.

50 Ploughs, No. 10 and 11, 1000 lbs. Plough Points and other Castings, 10 Kegs pure White Lead, in oil, 20 do. Nails and Brads. Cotton Yarn, Osnaburgs, Sheetings, &c. &c.

W. G. MATTHEWS, No. 13 north side Hay st. March 31, 1849. 527-3t TO SPORTSMEN.

JUST received a fine assortment of Fish Hooks,

Lines, and Bottles covered Wicker. For sale by W. PRIOR. March 31, 1849.

All persons who have papers in my hands as

W. PRIOR.

an officer, are hereby requested to pay the cost on them and take them up, as I no longer act in All persons indebted to me are requested to make payment, as I am in need of money. THOS. H. MASSEY. March 31, 1549.

CIGARS.

7000 Principe Cigars. Just re-

ceived and for sale by March 31, 1849.

100,000 Brick Just burnt and now ready for delivery. These

are extra size and well burnt. Send in your or-ders soon. W. G. MATTHEWS, No. 13 north side Hay street. March 31, 1849. 527-3t

P. TAYLOR Is receiving his supply of SPRING AND SUMMER

@00DS. His friends and the public are requested to call. March 31, 1849.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

G. & H. McMillan Are now receiving from New York and Philadel phia, a large and splendid stock of STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

Consisting in part of

Superior wool-dyed French & English Clothe,

Doe's Skin Cassimere, Fancy French & English do. Satin and Silk Vestings, French, English and American Prints, Ginghams and Gingham Lawns, Printed Cambrics and Muslins, Black and Pink Chambrays, Book and Swiss Muslins, Jaconet and plaid do. Muslin and thread Edgings, cheap, Organdy and embroidered Muslins, Black and colored Silks, 1 to I wide, Drap d'Ette and Cashmerette, Wellington Cord and Croton Coating, Granadians and Tissues. Silk and watered de Black and colored Kid Gloves, do. Silk Mitts and Gloves. White Kid Gloves, for ladies and gentlemen, Silk and cotton Hose and half Hose, Linen and Cotton Sheeting, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, very handsome, Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Black and fancy Cravats, (40 inches,) Linen and cotton Coatings, Brown and white Linen Drillings, Grass and Marseilles Skirts,

Black and satin-striped Chally and Pereges,

Needles and Pins, Canvess and Padding, Silk and worsted Serge, Marshall's and others Thread, Linen and cotton Diaper, Irish Linen and Shirting, Sewing Silk and Twist. Scissors and Combs. Florence and Pammella Bonnets. Pearl and colored Lace New style Silk and Satin Bonnets, Bombazines and Alpaccas, Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, Neck and Belt Ribbon. Panama and Leghorn HATS. Moleskia and Beaver do. BOOTS and SHOES of every description,

nd many other articles too tedious to enumerate. As the above goods were purchased very low, they will be sold uncommonly cheap to those who pay Cash, or to "short-time-buyers." All those in want of cheap goods will please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

No. 4 Green Street. Fayetteville, March 31, 1849. 527-tf

SPRING GOODS.

WE are are now opening our new SPRING GOODS,

embracing the largest and most general assort-

DRY 600DS.

Palm-leaf, Panama, For and Silk Hats: Bonnets, Shoes, Umbrellas, Parasols, Saddlery, &c.

As the above Goods were purchased principalwith Cash, we feel prepared to sell them on he most favorable terms to Country Merchants and others, for cash or good paper.
H. & E. J. LILLY.

March 31, 1949.

DR. HASTINGS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPHTHA. DR. HASTING'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPH

THA — The great Remedy for Consumption. Decline, Asthma Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats. Husky Throat. Wasting of the Flesh. Bronchitis. Coughs, Colds, and all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs. This celebrated preparation is pleasant to the taste, and is so speedy in its operations. that patients plainly feel its good effects in a few minutes after taking the first dose.

HASTINGS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPHTHA is now being used in nearly all our hospitals, and is also coming into rapid use among all our best physicians, for coughs, colds, and all diseases of the lungs. It has been coughs, colds, and an uncases of the consumption by the recommended in the worst state of consumption by the colebrated physician. Dr. Mott. of New-York; and Dr. Arnold, of Savannah. Ga., writing to the agent at New York, under date of Jan. 30. 1848, says: "I received the York, under date of Jan. 30. 1848, says: "I received the half-dozen Hastings" Naphtha Syrup ordered from you, and an convinced that Naphtha is the principal ingredient. Inclosed is twenty five dollars, for which you will send me two dozen and a half bottles. I have two patients in the Marine Hospital, whom I think will be benefitted

None genuine without the Written Signature of M. A. F. GARRISON on the wrapper.

(G) Price one dollar a bottle Six bottles for five dollars. The usual allowance to the trade.

For sale by S. J. HINSDALE, Favetteville. And Messrs J. & W. JOHNSON, Clinton.

PRICES CURRENT.

Nov. 25, 1845--1y

Corrected weekly for the North Carolinian

PAYETTEVILLE. COUNTRY PRODUCE. CENTS. | MERCHANDISE. Brandy, peach, gm 45 to 50 Bagging, hvy, yd 15 to 20 do apple Beeswax, lb do light Coffee, Rio. pd Cotton. lbs Corn. bushel. 50 to 55 Caudles, pd 3 75 to 4 50 do sperm Copperas, pd. 256
Iron, Swedes pd. 6
do extra sizes 555 to 6
do English 334 to 4
Lime bbi 175 to 200
Lead, bar 6 to 7
Moinsee, gal 22 to 25
Nails, keg pd. 635
Oil, lamp gal 87 to 140
do tanner's, bbi 1750
Powder, keg, 400 to 550
Rice, pd. 356 to 50
Brandy, gal 150 to 400
Gin, Holland, 150 to 175
Rum, Jamaica, gal 200 Copperas, pd Feathers. 1b Fodder, 100 lbs Hides. green, lb do dry Lard, lb Oats. bushel Rye, bushel Tallow, 53 Tobacco. manufd. 5 to 15 Wheat, bushel 70 to 75 Whiskey, gal Wool, lb 25 to 28 to 12% Rum, Jamaica. gal 200 do 8t (roix 78 to 150 do N E 35 to 20 Beef, on the hoof. 314 to 4 Butter pound, 12 1-2 to 15 Chickens, each, 12 to 10 Raga. pd 2 to 24 Sugar, N O. pd 5% to 8 do Porto Rico, 7 to 9 Rags. Eggs. dozen Meal, bushel, Pork.pound. 4 to 4. Potators, sweet, bush 40 do Irish do north'n, bbl 1 50 Salt. Liverpool. sack. 1 75 do Alum, bush 45 to 50
Tea. per 50 to 156
Twine. Bagging, pd 26
Wine. Mailinga. 55 to 66
do Port 160 to 350
do Port 160 to 306
Glass 8x10. bex 2 76 275
do 10x12 325 to 275
White lead, key 150 to 225 PAYETTEVILLE MANUPACTURES otton yarn. pound

White lead keg.150 to 225 All kinds of produce scarce, and would readily sell as quoted in the table. Cutton appears to maintain the prices of last week in this market, notwithstanding the decline in Liverpool and New York and Charleston. Liquors continue scarce. Flour barely maintains the prices of last week, the article having declined in the large

WILMINGTON MARKET .- 511 bble Turpentine disposed of at \$2,35 per bbl. for Dip. and \$1,35 for Hard; several rafts in market not dis-A sale of 75 bbls Tar made at \$1.15 per bbl. 197 bbls Spirits Turpentine changed hands at 29 cts per gallon; bbls \$1,68 not returnable. Another lot of 100 bbls were disposed of at 281 cts per gallon. One parcel of No. 3 Rosin was sold at 60 cts per bbl.

Two rafts prime mill Timber sold at \$8 per M; one clamp common at \$5 per M. Very few Staves and Shingles in Market. - Commercial. CHERAW, March 27 .- 500 bales Cotton sold

during the week at from 3 to 64 cts. IN NEW YORK, on the 24th, Cotton had declined an eighth, and inactive at that reduction. Flour and Grain were depressed, and prices ua-