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The North Carolinian.

From the Baltime

"CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS; AND THE GLORY OF THE STATE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF ITS CITIZENS."

BY WM. H. BAYNE. | FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., OCTOBER 20, 1849. | VOL. 10—NO. 556.

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☞ Liberal deduction for large advertisement by the year or six months

State of N. Carolina--Cumberland county.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—September Term, 1849.

Robert B. Smith, administrator of James Watson,
vs.
Henry Avera and wife Mary, John Evans and wife Catharine.

Petition for account and settlement.

It appearing to the Court upon the hearing of the petition, that the defendants, Henry Avera and wife Mary, John Evans and wife Catharine, are not inhabitants of this State: it is ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the North Carolinian, notifying the said defendants to be and appear at the next term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in December next, and then and there to plead, answer or demur to said petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso and heard exparte.

Witness, John McLaurin, clerk of said Court at office in Fayetteville, the 1st Monday of September, A. D. 1849.

J. McLAURIN, Clerk.

Sept. 29, 1849. 553-6t

State of North Carolina--Sampson County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—August Term, 1849.

George Sutton and Auswin Sutton, by their Guardian, Edmund Sutton,
vs.
John L. Clifton, administrator of Rebecca Craddock, deceased, and others.

Petition for account and settlement.

In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that William Craddock, Hinton J. Craddock, Joseph Craddock, Thomas Craddock, and George Craddock, reside beyond the limits of this State: it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian for six successive weeks, notifying said non-residents to be and appear at the next term of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Sampson, at the Court House in Clinton, on the third Monday in November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said petition, otherwise the allegation therein contained will be taken pro confesso and the petition will be heard exparte as them.

Witness, J. R. Beaman, clerk of our said Court at office in Clinton, the third Monday in August, A. D. 1849, and 74th year of American Independence.

J. R. BEAMAN, Clerk.

Sept. 29, 1849. 553-6t. pr adv $3,25.

State of North Carolina--Moore County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—July Term, 1849.

Duncan M. Kennedy and John J. McIntosh
vs.
Joel Lawhon and others.

Petition for partition of Real Estate.

In this case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Joel Lawhon, Martha Lawhon, Mary Lawhon, and James Lawhon, defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State; it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian for six successive weeks, notifying said non-residents to be and appear at the next term of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Moore at the Court House in Carthage, on the fourth Monday in October next, then and there to plead, answer, or demur to the said petition, otherwise the allegation therein contained will be taken pro confesso, and the petition will be heard exparte as to them.

Witness, Alexander C. Curry, Clerk of our said Court at office in Carthage, the fourth Monday in July, A. D. 1849, and 74th year of American Independence.

A. C. CURRY, Clerk.

Sept. 22, 1849. 552-6t. pr adv $3,25.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office on the 1st of Oct

B F Atkins,	Jesse Marnel,
Loyd Allen,	Jackson Massey,
Raiford Autry,	Wm H Melvin,
Joseph Arey,	Ezekiel Meritt,
Wm H Autry,	Murdoch McLeod,
Daniel Bane,	Malcom McMillan,
John Bryan,	John McKay,
Daniel Baker,	Neel McDonald,
John Buie,	Alex McKethan,
James Baker,	Danl M McDonald,
Roda Bryant,	Flora McCorquodale,
Mary Bryant,	James McKethan,
Lucy Barnes,	Lauchlan McLeod,
Ann Battle,	Wm McDonald,
G W L Bickley,	W M McDuffy,
Neill Beard,	Jane E McIver,
Danl C Curry,	John McLaren,
Harriet Carter,	Catharine McMillan,
Michael Council,	Danl McMillan,
C L Dunning,	Ann McNeill,
J D Dove,	Miss M J McNeill,
Sion Dewy,	Neill McLean,
Wm Dlannis,	David Pookram,
Stephen Flint,	Saml Phillips,
Wiley M Fort,	Eli Plummer,
Martha Franklin,	W J Phares,
Milly Grady,	Jas Potter,
Haywood Ganey,	A B Porter,
W H Gotier,	P Reid,
Isham Godwin,	Saml Rasket,
Mary Guy, or	G L Rollins,
Wm Elmore,	Jacob Reardon,
John Gillam,	Danl Ray,
Danl Galbreath,	Jesse Richmond,
Joseph Husbands,	W L Shaw,
John P Harden,	R M Scruggs,
A Hortson,	Henry Simmons,
Rev J R Hannan,	Eliza Scott,
D Howell,	Thos Sledge,
James Hales,	Joseph R Stuart,
Rachael House,	Miss F M S,
Dicy Ann Hillyard,	John Starling,
Thos Haskew,	James Shaw,
Wm Hale,	Shaw & Gardner,
David W Hunt,	Elizabeth Turlington,
Lucy Jones,	Catharine Tyler,
Reuben Jones,	Hiram Wright,
S E Johnson,	John C Wheeler,
Winny Jones,	Julia Ann Walden,
Catharine Jones,	Maria Wilde,
Calvin Johnson,	Mary R Williams,
P Johnson,	G W Wheeler.
James Lucas,	John W Walker,
Wm Lane,	Jesse Wiggins,
R W Lancaster,	Wm L Williams,
Jesse Lane,	Wm Wade,
Celia Monroe,	S H Young

JOHN McRAE, P. M.

Oct 6, 1849. 554-3t

NORTH CAROLINIAN.

Wm. H. Bayne, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
OCTOBER 20, 1849.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The election in Pennsylvania took place on the 9th inst, and resulted most cheeringly for the democratic party.—The whig presses, many of them, are so disappointed and ill-tempered about it that they wont publish the news!

In the city of Philadelphia which always gives strong whig majorities, and where Gen. Taylor got 5,000 majority, a democratic Sheriff has been elected by 1,000 majority in the city and county, and the democratic candidate for Canal commissioner, received 1500 majority in the city and county.

For Mayor of Philadelphia and city councilmen, there was a serious disagreement among the whigs, and many would not vote for the regular whig candidate. In consequence of this, an independent ticket was made up, with a whig for Mayor and a mixture of democrats and whigs for councilmen. This ticket was elected.

The Legislature thoroughly democratic, a majority of one in the Senate, but about 20 in the House.

The democratic Canal commissioner will get 10,000 majority.

Gen. Taylor had started as some of his whig friends said, on another northern tour, but when he got to Baltimore, he met this news plump in the face and it was too much for him; he turned back home.

OHIO.—The election in Ohio took place on the 9th inst. The Union has a telegraphic despatch saying that the whole State has been heard from nearly, and the Senate will have, 7 whigs, 16 democrats, 1 free soiler. The House will have 34 democrats, 30 whigs; 6 free soilers. The election, we suppose was only for Legislature.

Telegraphed for the Union.

RIOT AND BLOODSHED.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10—12 m.

Since 9 o'clock last night our city has been the scene of another of those bloody and sanguinary riots which have lately tarnished its fair name.

It appears that a gang of men and boys, amounting to several hundred, mostly armed with guns, pistols, and knives, calling themselves "Killers," commenced hovering about St. Mary's street at an early hour in the evening, which is principally inhabited by colored people of the most dissolute character. At the same time there were several knots of colored persons hanging about, and two or three collisions occurred.

Before 10 o'clock an attack was made upon a tavern called the California House, kept by a colored man who is said to have a white wife, which fact is thought to have excited the indignation of the mob. The house was soon in flames, and the inmates driven out and fired upon; and men, women, and children were seen flying from their houses in extreme terror, chased by gangs who pelted them with brickbats, and fired after them with guns and pistols. Many were wounded, some mortally, whilst one was killed outright.

Meanwhile the fire made great progress, and spread to a number of adjoining buildings; but several engine and hose companies were soon on the ground, when a truly frightful scene occurred. The firemen were fired upon, not in solitary cases, but actually in a running fire, and by volleys of several guns and pistols at once. They were also assailed by showers of brick-bats, and their hose cut in every direction. The first companies that arrived were compelled, as the only mode of avoiding wounds or death, to leave the neighborhood. Five or six were so severely wounded, that they were carried to the hospital on settees. Two were shot whilst standing on an engine, and one named Barney Himmelwright fell with a ball in his heart.

Shortly before midnight, a body of police forced their way to the scene of action, when more firing ensued, and though stoutly resisted they maintained their ground, and succeeded in keeping off the crowd, so as to enable two of the engines to go to work. The rioters still continuing their assaults on the police, several companies of military were called out, and marched to the ground at one o'clock this morning. The military remained all night, and gave such protection to the firemen as enabled them to extinguish the flames.

The companies on duty were dismissed at 7 o'clock this morning, which was a signal for the rioters again to assemble, and their work of devastation was resumed. Several houses were fired, and various outrages committed, when eight more companies were ordered out by the sheriff, who reached the disturbed district at 10 o'clock. The mob was again dispersed after some severe skirmishing; during which a number of persons were seriously wounded. Cannon were then planted in the streets, and the firemen have just succeeded in again extinguishing the flames.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—Cotton 11 to 11¼ for best upland.

FLORIDA.—It appears from an article in the National Intelligencer, that the newly elected Governor of Florida, Mr Brown, has entered upon his duties, and has issued an order disbanding the two companies of volunteers raised in that State against the Indians. We understood by former news that Gen. Twiggs had determined to muster them into the service of the U. States. These accounts are rather conflicting.

ANNEXATION OF CANADA:

It is said that a declaration in favor of annexation to the U. States, was signed at Montreal, on the 10th inst, by three hundred persons, among them merchants, professional men, two members of Parliament, and two of the Queen's council.

☞ A company of New York capitalists have obtained from the government of Nicaragua a charter for cutting a ship Canal across the Isthmus, connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans The company intend to use the St. Juan river and Lake Nicaragua, as far as practicable.

MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRACY.

The resolutions of the Massachusetts democratic State convention, go very fully into the merits of democracy, laying down the creed *in extenso.*

The following dead shot at whiggery, though not new, is full of truth, and cannot be too often fired at our whig friends:

Resolved, That there has been most manifestly a want of principle and ordinary morality in the conduct of the whig party, as is shown in the recorded facts—that their leaders first voted for the Mexican war, in Congress—then voted against supplies to carry it on—then voted the war they had voted for was unnecessary and unconstitutional—then voted against indemnity and against a peace—then voted against receiving or organizing the new territory—then threatened, if they got the power, to cede back the territory we had won with blood and treasure; and finally, in face of all these acts, nominated, and by false pretences elected, as their president, the very man whom they had denounced as the head butcher, who had advised the march to the Rio Grande, headed our armies in the bloodiest battles, and was in favor of seizing five Mexican provinces up to the Sierra Madre, for indemnity for the expenses of the war!

Another resolution expresses the opinion that the democratic party should urge upon the Senate the justice of withholding confirmation of the appointments of President Taylor, until he should give good reasons for removing competent and faithful men, (democrats) from office, or else frankly acknowledge that he removed for political reasons.

We are inclined to think that it would serve him right to fix him in that way; but whether it would be expedient, or would produce any good effect we cannot say. If it would have the effect of making candidates for the Presidency, *honorable*, it ought to be done; for Gen. Taylor has played too strong a game.

"The apostacy of France, the immolation of Rome, and the desecration of Hungary" is mourned over; and the American Democracy urged to remember more than ever, "that despotism in the old world, is but the money power acting by special legislation in the hands of Kings and Nobles; and that the same power exists here, and is embodied in the old federal and modern whig principles," such as "limited suffrage; [see North Carolina Senate] tariff of bounty to the capitalist—and taxation to the masses; a national bank and a national debt."

Another resolution says: "we are in favor of economy in the government; cheap postage; free trade with all the world consistent with liberal revenue; *no distinction between salt and fresh water in necessary aids to commerce and navigation*: an independent treasury; no national debt, or national bank." &c. &c.

☞ The Salisbury Watchman states upon the authority of ex-governor Graham, that six gentlemen of Raleigh, have each subscribed $10,000 to the central railroad.

From the Spirit of the Times.

ORIGINAL CONCEITS.

Gen. Taylor is a 'great' man, but a piece of perforated tin you rub nutmeg on, is a 'greater.'

The late President was 'Polk,' but a fire-iron is a "poker.'

The U. S. Treasury has a 'column' front, but the General Post Office has a Collumer.

Villiers was a "Beau,' but a male pig is a 'boar.'

Ten thousand dollars is a large 'sum,' but we have all spent a 'summer'

Two pints make a 'quart,' but two bits make a 'quarter.'

The ezar of Russia is 'Nicholas,' but the devil is 'Nick, alas! sir.'

An useful appendage to a vessel is a 'mast,' but her commander is a 'master.'

If you impart a secret to the king of beasts, you 'tell a lion,' but libel a young lady, and you 'tell a lie on her.'

New York is a 'port,' an officer in Rifles is 'A Porter'

A U. S. Paymaster is 'Kirby,' a lady with her dog has a 'cur-by-her.'

Queen Elizabeth was a good 'Bet,' but play 'monte,' and you're a 'better.'

Twelve o'clock P. M. is 'night,' but salt petre is 'nitre.'

Twenty six letters in English make an 'Alphabet,' but two in Greek are 'Alpha Beta'

Dr Bragg's universal specific is 'one general pill, but there is one General Pillow.'

A tale of fiction is 'a story.'—on the Columbia is 'Astoria.'

An industrious insect is the 'bee,' Philadelphia ale is 'beer,'

A serpent is a 'subtile' reptile, but John L. is a sutler.'

A conspicuous object on a steamer 'is a bell,' the Queen of Spain is 'Isabella.'

A Camanche is a wild 'Indian,' the East bank of the Wabash is 'Indiana.'

The Emperor of Russia's a 'Czar,' but the great desert is 'Zahara.'

Mr P. is a 'Georgian,' the lovely Miss A.'s a 'Georgiana.'

I like a potatoe that's mealy,' but prefer a girl that's Amelia,'

If you sail in a steam vessel 'aft,'
The constables sometimes get 'after';
But if born to be drown'd on a 'raft,'
You'll never be hung on a 'rafter,'

G. M. C. II

FORT LEAVENWORTH, Sept. 6, 1849.