Report of the President and Directors of the

F. & W. PLANK ROAD CO.

To His Excellency, Gov. Manly, *Pres't. of the Board of Internal Improvements.*

The report of the President and Directors of the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road Company, made to the annual meeting, April 11, 1850, with the Statements of the condition of the Company, was regularly laid before you as required by the charter of the Company.

Supposing that all information, as to this Company would be interesting to the Legislature, I am directed by the Board, and it affords me pleasure to report to you, to December 1st (inst.)

You will receive with this, the monthly Statements, from May 1st, to December 1st inclusive, and a general Stock Statement, which will show that the State has paid $50,000 00; and Individuals $31,617 92, of the stock subscribed to this Company. The balance due by the State, is $70,000 00; and by Individuals $48,582 08, of which $20,050 00, will be due, April 11th, 1851; and the balance $28,-332 08, is now past due, and bearing interest, secured by endorsed notes, negotiable and payable at either Bank at this place. Calls have been made upon the State, only when the wants of the Company required; and Individual payments have been required, *pari passu* with the State.

The President and Directors flatter themselves, that the condition of the work will be gratifying to your Board, and to the General Assembly. In the construction of this road, it became necessary that they should procure a number of Steam Mills. They have now on the line of this road, as far as located, five Mills. A mill of this character will saw from 10 to 12 thousand feet of Plank Road lumber, in twenty four hours; and 18,000 [M.] has been cut by one of our mills in that time.

The Road will be opened it is hoped, for travel to Carthage 41 miles, by the 1st of January, and tolls collected from that day for that distance. The road is under contract from Carthage to Johnsonville, a distance of 44 miles, at the price of $1,367 00 per mile, exclusive of a bridge across Bear Creek; and the contractors are actively engaged. This 44 miles will cost, when complete with toll houses and outfit, about 60 or 61 thousand dollars. The line from Fayetteville to Carthage complete, will cost about $58,500 00. The contract price from Charthage this way is $1,257 00 per mile. The line to Johnsonville, Randolph County, 85 miles when complete, will cost about $119,-000 00, leaving about $81,000 00 to complete the remaining portion to its terminus.

Tolls have as yet been collected on 18 miles only, on 12 miles for 3 months and on 18 miles 5 months. In the month of November, over $400 00 tolls have been collected on this 18 miles If the 41 miles is open by the 1st of January, and the collections continue to average the amount heretofore received, (and it is believed they will) there will be on hand on the 1st day of April next, a fund sufficient to make a dividend from—the tolls received are kept separate from the general fund of the Company.

The Western terminus of this road was fixed by the charter at Salisbury. There is a disposition in that section to change that terminus, as the Central Rail Road will run parallel with the Plank Road from Lexington to Salisbury. Such being the case, the interests of the Stockholders and the public would be promoted by a change, and an application will be made for an amendment to the charter in that regard.

E. L. WINSLOW, *Pres't &c.*
F. & W. Plank Road Office,
December 4th, 1850

The tolls on this road for 18 miles, have been, for the first 5 days of the month of December, at the rate of $20 per day.

The stock statement of the Company, made out by the Clerk, J. M. Rose, now stands thus, up to Dec. 1, 1850:

Amount of capital stock subscribed		$200,200
Amount paid in by the State	$50,000 00	
" " by individuals	31,617 92	
		81,617 92
Amount still due by State	$70,000 00	
" " by individuals	48,582 08	
		118,582 08
		$200,200

☞ We call the attention of the public printer to an error in the figures: $48,382 08 should read $48,582 08.

On the 11th April next, the fourth and last instalment of individual stock will be due. Some of the notes for stock are bearing interest, and after the above date, all not paid will bear interest. All the notes due and not paid, are amply secured and negotiable at Bank.

Boston, Jan. 10 1851.

Seizure of the Royal Mail Steamship Niagara for Smuggling—News from Venezuela.

Collector Greely has seized the British steamship Niagara for violation of the revenue laws.—On Monday night a boat was seen going from the steamer, which was boarded by an officer and found to contain silk and lace.

Other light goods were found upon the wharf where they had been loading—in all to the amount of from 5,000 to $10,000. It is supposed that the crew and not the officers of the ship are implicated in the transaction, and that the ship will be released by the Secretary of the Treasury. In the meantime, United States officers have been placed on board.

Sale of a Rice Plantation.—On the 1st inst. the Rice Plantation on the Cape Fear River, a short distance above Wilmington, belonging to the estate of the late William B. Meares, was sold at auction in Charleston, for $25,000. Mr Thomas D. Meares was the purchaser. The sale was on a credit of one, two, three, and four years. The plantation contains 580 acres; 380 acres is tide swamp, nearly the whole of which is under cultivation.—*Ral. Register.*

HOW NORTH CAROLINA IS TRADUCED.

In the New York Tribune of last week, we find the following article, which we can but look upon as a premeditated attempt to traduce the State. Coming from a Minister of the Gospel, people of other States will be inclined to take it for granted as all true. If it was really written by a minister, he certainly must have been tempted by the evil one when he conceived the idea of putting forth such a picture as a representation of "life in North Carolina." The article seems to have been written for the purpose of informing the world that the writer had travelled very extensively. For the sake of his calling he should not have let his malice for slave-holders run away with his regard for truth.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

LIFE IN NORTH CAROLINA.—Rev. Wm. S. Balch of this City has just been down in North Carolina, preaching; and has written home to the 'Christian Messenger' some notes of his travels. The following is his account of his first days' wheeling through the heart of the State, after leaving the Railroad at Goldsborough:

"After breakfast I started in an open buggy for Kinston; I saw by the map it lay in the line to this place. No body at Goldsboro, nor the Conductor or Superintendent of the Railroad, who was along, could tell me the distance, nor the way to get here. So I had to start at a hazard, with a "boy," which means here a slave, and a small, miserable looking horse.

Goldsboro' has a little Court house, and a dozen or two dwellings and slave-huts, scattered among the pine trees in the wildest imaginable confusion. A little way out I saw a small, dingy building, the "boy" said it was a school house. We passed on, and such a road, and such a country, and such houses, and such people, and such a day! Oh! heavens! I did not expect to see all this in the "sunny and chivalrous South." These scattered plantations, with a few wretched log huts, dropped down in the edge of the woods, all open, and dirty, and comfortless cabins! Ireland! why, Irish mud-hovels are palaces of comfort compared with many of them, for they are dry and warm. Their thick walls and thatched roofs protect the starved inmates from the chill night and drenching rains.—These do neither. But these are negroes! No, not all of them; for I saw some whites in as wretched plight as I ever saw in Ireland or Italy—one family a few miles out from Goldsboro', which for destitution surpassed any thing I ever beheld or dreamed of in my life. The "boy" stopped to water his horse. For an excuse I stepped to the door to borrow a cup for some drink.

Two flaxen haired boys, about the door, one, it might be, 5, the other 3 years old, with what were shirts *once*, hanging on their shoulders, and stringing in rags down to their hips, constituted all their clothing, and the day was chill and wet. Inside an infant, 8 or 9 months old, dressed as the others, and lying on the nasty floor.

On the bench of a loom, standing near the fire, was sitting the tall figure, or rather shadow, of a woman. She left her loom and went to the dresser and took down the only tea-cup and handed to me.

I regarded her pale, cadaverous visage, as she lifted her sunken eyes to me, for an instant, with a shudder of horrow, as when one sees unexpectedly a human skeleton stand up before him; and I shrunk from her with similar feelings. I could not speak. I took the cup from her attenuated fingers, and went to the well—a hole dug in the ground, six or eight feet deep, with no stick or stone to curb it, except above the ground. As I returned it, I noticed a young woman sitting in the corner of the fire-place, close down to the fire as if shaking with the ague. Such a picture of destitution and misery I did not see in Kerry, Clare, or Galway. The nearest approach to it I saw in Tivoli near Rome.

I have not time to describe other scenes, but pass on through holes of shallow mud, from one to ten rods long, ford small streams, meeting once in a long distance, some pale, sickly, ragged, wretched looking man, and now and then a negro, some on the backs of small horses, which are harnessed into old carts botched up of round pine sticks, on which are single barrels of pitch. In some cases I met similar carts with a single ox harnessed in—not cows as are seen in Germany.

In a few cases I saw men on horseback; but met but two carriages, and the stage, with one passenger in it, in all day, and a journey of 34 miles."

From the Scientific American.

PHENOMENON OF VISION.

Mobile, 16th Dec. 1850.

Messrs Editors—It is a known fact, that by puncturing a card with a fine needle, a person may read print or examine an object within a very short distance of the eye, through the hole so punctured; when, without such assistance, everything would appear confused. Acting upon this principle, a few months since, I fashioned a pair of spectacles to fit the outer form of the eye so as to exclude, in a great measure, light from the retina, and made a small hole in each oval cup-like frame, opposite the pupil, and was agreeably surprised to find that I could read or write by day or candle-light, with a more distinct vision than by natural means, producing, also, a pleasant and agreeable effect. I have not the least doubt but that the difference in the size of the orifice will be all that is necessary to apply them to different ages of sight.

Your notice in No. 12, (Dec. 7, 1850,) of "Some Phenomena of Defective Vision," induces me to make the above statement for the present.

Robt. M. Livingston.

Our River Boats.—We now have, in active operation on our river, the Marion, of about 250 tons burden; the Robt. Martin and the Darlington, of about 300 tons burden each; and the Pee Dee, of about 160 tons burden. Each of these boats make the trip to Charleston and back, including all stopages on the river to take in cotton, and land freight, in from 8 to 10 days. The four, at one trip, take off upwards of 5000 bales of cotton.—*Cheraw Gazette.*

N. C. LEGISLATURE.

January 13.

Mr Lillington presented a memorial from the county of Davie, relative to a road from Salisbury, to Rockford. Read and referred.

The bill more effectually to prevent the emigration of free negroes and mulattoes into this State was read 2nd time.

The bill to incorporate the Roanoke and Tar River Plank Road Company.

The bill to facilitate the payment of the subscription to the North Carolina Rail Road Company, and to insure an immediate representation of the stock in said company being taken up, on motion of Mr Hoke was ordered to be laid on the table.

The bill to amend the charter of the Wilmington and Manchester Rail Road Company, was read the 2d time, the amendments recommended by the Committee on corporations agreed to, and the bill passed its 2d reading.

The following bills were introduced, by Mr Haughton, viz:

The bill to incorporate the Pittsboro' mining and Transportation company; the bill to incorporate the Deep River Mining and Transportation Company; also, a bill to incorporate the Chatham Mining and Transportation Company.

Mr Kelly called up the bill to prohibit the right of appeal in certain cases, and extending the same in others, which was read, and on his motion, amended and passed its 2d reading.

In the Commons, Mr Love, from the Select Committee on the subject, to which was referred the resolutions in relation to the removal of the remnant of the Cherokee tribe of Indians from this State, reported the same, and recommended their passage.—The resolutions were read the second time and rejected—ayes 41, noes 50.

Mr R. M. Saunders, from the select committee on the Raleigh and Gaston Road, to which was referred the engrossed bill from the Senate to incorporate the Raleigh and Gaston R. R. Co., reported the same with certain amendments, and recommended its passage. [The amendment provides that whenever the old stockholders in said road, or others, shall subscribe for $400,000 of stock in the new company, they shall be released from all former liabilities to the State on account of said road.)

Mr Saunders made a few remarks in support of the amendments; the bill was made the special order for Thursday.

Mr Steele asked leave to make an explanation. He had used certain language, in his remarks on the slavery Resolutions, in reference to a distinguished gentleman in the State, which he felt justified in using at the time, but he had since learned that the gentleman had not used the expression then attributed to him, or any thing like it; and he was satisfied his language was not applicable. He would therefore withdraw it in the same place in which it had been made.

Mr A. H. Caldwell presented a memorial from 150 citizens of Rowan county, principally mechanics, asking the Legislature to pass a law to protect their labor from the competition of Northern fabrics, and the competition of Free Negroes. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed; and on motion of Mr Caldwell, of Guilford, a similar memorial offered by him, was also ordered to be printed.

Mr T. J. Person, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill concerning the Militia of this State. Read 1st time.

Mr Cotton presented a bill to incorporate the Chatham Guards.

The House then took up the Special Order, it being the bill to repeal an act passed at the General Assembly of 1848-'9, entitled an act to increase the Revenue of the State, and for other purposes.

Mr Pigot proposed an amendment exempting the capital invested in sailing vessels from taxation; which was adopted.

Mr Johnson of Caswell, offered an amendment proposing to tax the capital invested in Negro trading, &c., instead of the profits and dividends; which elicited considerable debate.

Mr Waugh moved to amend the amendment by inserting a tax of ¼ of one per cent, on the capital invested instead of one-sixth; which was adopted.

Mr Sharp asked leave to change his vote on the Free Suffrage bill, given on Saturday last, stating that he had voted under misapprehension; but Mr Caldwell, of Guilford, objected, and he was not allowed to change it.

The House resumed the consideration of the Revenue Bill.

The 2nd section was amended by exempting interest or dividends accruing to charitable institutions from the tax imposed in said section.

The 5th section was amended on motion of Mr Steele, so as to impose an advalorem tax of one per cent. on all Gold and Silver Plate and Ornamental Jewelry of the value of $50 and upwards.

On motion of Mr Jones, the tax of one dollar on marriage licenses was stricken out.

Various other amendments were proposed and rejected.

Mr Pope moved to strike out the tax of ten cents on all dogs over two upon each lot or farm; and

Mr Drake moved to amend by inserting 25 cts. on all dogs over one.

Pending which amendments, on motion, the House adjourned.

January 14.

In the Senate, Mr Kelly presented the memorial of citizens of Montgomery county, in relation to the construction of the Fayetteville and Centre Plankroad. Read and referred to Committee on internal improvements.

Mr Drake from the committee on Claims, made an adverse report on the memorial of Malcolm Gillis, Sr., from Cumberland county.

Mr Woodfin, from Judiciary committee reported to the Senate and recommended its rejection, the bill to make real estate assets.

Mr Haughton called up the following bills which were introduced on yesterday, viz:

The bill to incorporate the Pittsboro' Mining company; the bill to incorporate the Governors creek steam transportation company; and the bill to incorporate the Chatham mining and transportation company; which were read 2d time.

Mr Cameron introduced a bill to amend the third section of an act passed at the present session of the General Assembly, relating to the Fayetteville and Southern Plank road company, which was read 1st time and on his motion, the rule was suspended and the bill was read 2d and 3d times and ordered to be engrossed.

Mr Bower, from the joint select committee appointed to ascertain the probable time at which the two houses would adjourn, reported the following resolution:

Resolved, that the speakers of the two houses adjourn their respective houses *sine die* on Friday, the 24th inst., which was adopted.

The bill to provide for the registration of births was read 3d time and rejected by a vote of 17 to 25.

Mr Williamson moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill was rejected, which prevailed.

The bill to incorporate the Tuskanege and Nantahala Turnpike company; the bill to incorporate Rock Island manufacturing company; the bill to incorporate Mocksville Lodge; the bill concerning the duties of Sheriffs; and the bill extending the time for registering Grants, &c., were severally read 3d time and passed.

On motion of Mr Washington,

Resolved, That the use of the Senate chamber be granted this evening at 7 o'clock to the Hon. S. Williams, for the purpose of lecturing on the coal formation as connected with commerce and navigation.

Mr Bower, from the Committee on Finance, to whom was referred the bill to increase the Revenue of the State, reported the same to the Senate, and recommended its passage.

The bill being read the second time, Mr Pender moved to amend the same by adding the following Proviso, viz:

Provided, That this act shall cease to be in operation, whenever any of the Banks of this State shall charge more than one per cent premium on any exchange; which was not carried.

Several other minor bills passed their third readings.

In the Commons, a message was received from the Senate transmitting certain engrossed resolutions of that body on the subject of slavery, which were read the first time and passed.

Mr Stevenson, from the same Committee, reported the engrossed bill to recharter the Merchants Bank of Newbern, with an amendment, and recommended its passage.

Mr R. M. Saunders, from the same Committee, to which was referred the resolution instructing said Committee to inquire into the expediency of revising the Statute laws of this State, reported favorably, and recommended the passage of a bill entitled "a bill for revising and digesting the statute laws of this State, passed 1st reading, and was recommitted.

The two Houses proceeded to elect a Trustee of the University, and W. W. Avery Esq., was elected.

Mr R. M. Saunders, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported the engrossed bill to incorporate a Bank in the town of Washington in the County of Beaufort, with an amendment, and recommended its passage; read second time.

Mr R. M. Saunders, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported the bill to incorporate the Mutual Insurance Company in the town of Greensborough, and recommended its passage; passed 2nd reading.

Mr Eaton, from the same Committee to which was referred the memorial of Mary W. Fuller, praying indemnity for an injury sustained on the Raleigh and Gaston Road, reported a resolution in favor of said Mary W. Fuller, authorising the Public Treasurer to pay her the sum of $300 for said damage. passed 1st reading.

An engrossed bill from the Senate, to amend the 3rd section of an act passed at the present session of the General Assembly, entitled an act to incorporate the Fayetteville and Southern Plank Road Company, passed its first reading, and the rules being suspended, it was read the 2d and 3rd times and passed.

The House agreed to print the message of the Governor, also agreed to the resolution to adjourn *sine die* on the 24th inst.

Mr Jones presented a bill to punish with death persons endeavoring to excite insurrection among slaves. Read the 1st time.

The bill to prevent the peddling of spirituous liquors in the streets of Salem; and recommended its rejection.

Mr Waugh moved to lay the bill on the table; but the motion did not prevail.

Messrs McLean and Waugh spoke in opposition to the bill, and Messrs J. M. Leach and D. A. Caldwell in support of it; and before Mr Caldwell concluded, the speaker announced that the hour had arrived for taking up the Free Suffrage bill.

Mr Leach, of Davidson, offered an amendment, and it was rejected—ayes 19, noes 87.

Mr Erwin moved that the bill be indefinitely postponed; which motion was decided in the negative—ayes 39, noes 74.

The question was then taken on the passage of the bill on its 3d reading; and the vote stood—Ayes 75, noes 36; three fifths having voted in the affirmative, it passed its 3d reading, and was ordered to be engrossed.

The following is the vote:

AYES—Messrs Avery, Barco, J Barnes, Blow, Bond, Boykin, Brazier, Bridgers, Brogden, Clanton, Cockerham, Cotton, Davidson, Dickinson, Durham, Flynt, Fonville, Gordon, Hackney, Harrison, G. Haynes, Herring, S P Hill, Wm. Hill, Holland, Jarvis, Jerkins, Johnston, Jones, Kallum, A J Leach, Love, Marshall, Martin, Mathis, McDowell, McLean, N McNeill, W McNeill, Mizell, Montgomery, Newsom, Patterson, Pegram, S J Person, T J Person, Pigott, Pope, Powers, Rankin, Reinhardt, Rollins, Ruffin, L B Sanders, R M Saunders, Saunderson, Scott, Sharp, Sheek, Sherrill, Steele, Stevenson, Stowe, Stubbs, Sutton, Swanner, Taylor, Thigpen, Thornton, Waugh, B Williams, J Williams, Wilson, Winstead, Winston—75.

NOES—Messrs Amis, D Barnes, Bogle, D Caldwell, Campbell, Cherry, Dargan, Douthit, Drake, Dunlap, Eaton, Erwin, Eure, Flemming, Foard, Foster, J Hayes, J Hill, Kelly, Locke, Maultsby, McKoy, McCleese, Parham, Poole, Rayner, Russell, Shinpoch, Siler, Simmons, Sloan, Thornburgh, Tripp, Walton, Webb, and Wiggins—36.

The House then resumed the consideration of the bill to prevent the peddling, &c. in the streets of Salem.

The debate was continued by Messrs D A Caldwell, McLean, J M Leach, Brogden and Douthit.

Mr Marshall moved to amend by inserting "in quantities of two gallons and under, the penalty of five dollars; pending which amendment the House took a recess.

Leave of absence for three days was granted to Mr S. J. Person, of Moore.

The bill to repeal the law re districting the State, passed in 1846-'7, was read the 2d time and, on motion of Mr Wilson, laid on the table—ayes 63, noes 33.

January 15.

In the Senate, Mr Barringer, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported several Bills accompanied by memorials, relative to the incorporation of Fayetteville, and recommended that they do not pass, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

Mr G. W Caldwell, from the Committee to which the subject was referred, made an adverse report on the State claims against General Government for money advanced to North Carolina volunteers in the recent war with Mexico, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration.

Mr Lillington, from the same Committee, reported the bill for electing Judges of the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, with amendment, and recommended its passage. Ordered to lay on the table.

In the Commons the bill to emancipate Lucy, a slave and her child, Laura, and recommended its passage.—Passed 2nd reading by a unanimous vote.

Also, the bill to open and improve the road from the Virginia line via Gap Civil and Douglas Gap in the Blue Ridge to intersect the State Road near Judesville in the county of Surry, with an amendment appropriating $1000 for said road, and recommended its passage.

Messrs McMillan and McLean addressed the House in favor of the amendment, and Mr Martin opposed it.

The amendment was adopted, and the bill as amended, was rejected—ayes 46, noes 58.

The House then resumed the unfinished business of last evening, it being the bill for the more equal distribution of the Common School Fund. The question was taken on the passage of the bill on its 2nd reading, and it was rejected—ayes 42, noes 68.

TRAGICAL AFFAIR IN ALABAMA

We learn from the Marion (Ala.) Commonwealth, that, on the night of the 24th inst, a man by the name of R. J. Morse was shot and instantly killed by Mrs Sarah Ann Stillman, the wife of John A. Stillman who is by trade a painter. Morse was a carpenter, and leaves a wife and four children. Mr Stillman resided in a small house near the walls of the new Female Seminary building, now in course of erection in Marion. Morse had been at work on the building. Mr Stillman was absent, attending, we are informed, a meeting of the Odd Fellows' Lodge, while his wife and three small children were left at home by themselves. The report of the gun aroused the neighbors—who upon repairing to the spot, found the gun of Mr Stillman lying on the floor, with one barrel empty, a hole through the pain of glass and Morse on the outside dead, with a shocking wound over the right eye, his face blacked with powder and his brain literally "blown out."

A jury was instantly organized by the Intendent of the town, H. C. Lea, Esq., who, after carefully investigating the circumstances, came unanimously to the conclusion that the deceased came to his death by a gunshot wound from a double-barreled gun, fired by Mrs Stillman.

It is truly a tragical affair, and it pains us deeply to record it. Mrs Stillman we know well. She is a small and very delicate female, and we are sure that she must have believed her honor, and perhaps her life, in great peril, before she could have been induced to take a gun even into her hands. So fearfully alarmed was she, that she fled from the house in her night dress, after firing the gun, leaving her children where they were found and conveyed to her at the neighbor's where she had taken refuge.

We learn from a private source that great excitement prevailed the next day, and that public opinion fully justified Mrs Stillman.

SCHOOL.

MRS MARY REGISTER'S SCHOOL in Hancock's building, Brick Row, will commence on Monday the 13th January, 1851.
Jan. 4, 1851. 619 3t

WALTON FARM FOR SALE

The above place, situated within two miles of the Market House, contains about 200 acres, 75 of which are cleared and under cultivation. There are about 25 to 30 acres of rich swamp or meadow land, partly drained, and when fully drained is not inferior to any in the country. There is an abundance of oak for fire wood, and pine for fencing, on said land. The improvements are a large and comfortable dwelling with seven rooms, five of which have fire places, together with out-houses of every description. One of the best springs of water in the country is within a short distance of the house. The place might be divided to advantage, there being two dwelling houses together, with barns, stables, &c. There is also a young orchard which will soon be in bearing condition, containing about 250 peach trees and 150 apple trees, besides cherries and plums. The whole will be sold, as the subscriber intends changing his business. A bargain may be had. Apply soon to
ISHAM BLAKE.
Jan'y 4, 1850. 619-4t

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A SPECIAL TERM of Cumberland Superior Court of Law, for the trial of *Civil Causes*, will be held on the Second Monday in February, 1851.

Suitors and Witnesses will take due notice thereof, and govern themselves accordingly.
D. G. MAC RAE, C. S. C.
Jan'y 4, 1851 619-6t.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

A quorum of the Board of Superintendents of Common Schools having failed to assemble on the 2d inst., no business could be transacted.

A meeting is requested on the 11th day of February next, at 11 o'clock, at the County Court Office.
EDW'D LEE WINSLOW, Chairman.
Jan'y 4, 1851. 619-4t

CHEESE in boxes and in casks, of superior quality, just received and for sale.
Jan'y 4, 1850 619-3t B. ROSE & SON.

New Crop Molasses,

A few hhds. in prime order, and of superior quality, now landing. For sale by
B. ROSE & SON.
Jan'y 8, 1851. 620-3t

NEW FISH.

W. McINTYRE has received and offers for sale, 21 bbls. new MULLETS.
Liberty Point, Jan 11, 1851. 620-5t

EQUITY SALE.

Will be sold at the late residence of Malcom Ray, on the 27th day of January instant, FOUR HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, lying on Lyon's Marsh and Big Rockfish, on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with good security. Said Land is ordered to be sold to effect a division among the heirs at law of said Malcom Ray.
ARCH'D A. T. SMITH, Clerk & Master.
January 4, 1851. 619-4t.—pr. adv. $1 50.

THE BOWLING SALOON, OR TEN PIN ALLEY,

Is open for the amusement and exercise of all gentlemen who feel disposed to take a game.
December 21 1850 617-wy

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

We are now receiving our Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of a very general and well selected stock,

In all Lines,

which we are offering on our usual terms.

All sorts of Produce purchased; and we attend as usual to the Forwarding Business.
J. & T. WADDILL, Hay street.
Nov 30, 1850 614-tf

ROWLAND & McKAY

announce to their friends and the people of Robeson that they have opened A STORE in the town of Lumberton, and are now receiving from New York, a large stock of new and carefully selected GOODS, Embracing

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Ready-made Clothing, and every article called for in a store.

Of the quality of their goods, they will only say that the utmost care was taken in the selection of their stock, and they do not believe that articles equal to these in durability and excellence, have ever been offered for sale in Robeson county. They are determined to sell at the lowest possible prices which will enable them to make that comfortable living that ought to be the reward of every honest man's industry, and they solicit the public to bestow upon them their fair share of patronage.

If constant application to business, energy in its pursuit, and an anxious desire to please, will insure success, they feel certain that no man who once calls upon them will leave the store dissatisfied. Their motto is 'Excelsior,' and pressing forward in the spirit of this watchword, they hope alike to advance themselves, and to bring increased comfort and prosperity to the neighborhood in which they live.
Lumberton, Oct. 19, 1850. 616-tf

PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected weekly for the North Carolinian.

FAYETTEVILLE.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.		MERCHANDISE.	
Bacon, lb	9 a 10	Bale Rope, lb	9 a 10
Brandy, peach	50 a 80	Bagging, heavy, yd	15 a 20
do. apple	35 a 50	do. light	13 a 15
Beeswax, lb	20 a 22	Coffee, lb	13 a 14
Cotton, lb	12½ a 12¾	Cheese, lb	10 a 12
Corn, bushel	80 a 90	Candles, lb	16 a 17
Flour, bbl	5.25 a 6.00	do. Sperm	45 a 47
Flaxseed, bush	1.25 a 1.40	Copperas, lb	2 1-2
Feathers, lb	30	Iron, Swedes, lb	5
Fodder, cwt	80 a 1 00	do. extra sizes,	6 a 6 1-2
Hides, green, lb	4	do. English,	3 a 4
do dry	6 a 10	Lime, bbl	1.75 a 2.00
Lard, lb	0 a 9	Lead, bar	6 a 7
Oats, bushel	00 a 60	Molasses, gal	27 a 30
Oil, linseed, gal	90	Nails, keg	4 1-2
Peas, bushel	65 a 70	Oil, lamp	87 a 1.00
Rye, "	00 a 90	do. tanners', bbl	17 a 50
Tallow, lb	8 a 9	Powder, blasting	3 1-2 a 4
Tobacco, manuf	20 a 40	do fine	5 a 5 1-2
Wheat, bushel	1.00 a 1.25	Brandy, French	1.50 a 4.00
Whiskey, gal	40 a 45	Gin, Holland	1.50 a 1.75
Wool, lb	15 a 16	Rum, Jamaica, gal	2.00
Wood, oak, pr cord	3.00	do St. Croix	78 a 1.50
EATABLES.		do. N. E.	35 a 40
Beef, on the hoof	3 a 4½	Rags, lb	2 a 2 1-2
Butter, lb	15 a 20	Sugar, lb. N. O.	7 a 8 1-2
Chickens, each	12 a 13	do. Porto Rico	7 a 9
Eggs, dozen	12 a 15	do. St. Croix	9 a 10
Fork, lb	0 a 6	do. Lump	9 a 10
Potatoes, sweet	40 a 50	do. Loaf	11 a 12
do. Irish	00	Salt, sack	1.40 a 1.50
do. north'n	1 50	do. alum, bush.	37 a 50
Turkeys,	40 a 75	Tea, lb	50 a 1.50
Turnips, bushe	40 60	Twine, bagging, lb	20
Rice, lb	4 a 5	Wine, Malaga	55 a 60
FAYETTEVILLE MANUFACTURES		do. Madeira	1.00 a 1.50
Cotton Yarn, lb	18	do. Port	1.00 a 3.00
4-4 brown Sheeting, yd	7½	Glass, 8x10, box	1.75 a 2.25
7-8 do. do.	7½	do. 10x12	2.25 a 2.75
Osnaburgs,	none	White lead, keg	1.50 a 2.25

Trade very brisk. Cotton occasionally above our quotation: Oats very scarce—bring them in now if you have them to sell. Cotton declined ¼ in New York.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Corrected weekly by the "Commercial"

NAVAL STORES.		COFFEE	
Yellow dip,	2.00 a 2.05	St. Domingo	10
Virgin dip	200 a 205	Rio	12 a 13
Hard	1.10 a 0.00	Java	15
Sp'ts Turp'tine, gal	30	Laguira	12 a 13
Tar	1.20	Cuba	12 a 13
Pitch	1.12	MOLASSES.	
Rosin, No 1	1.75 a 2.25	New Orleans	00
" No. 2	1.25	Cuba	22 a 23
" No. 3	90 a 95	SALT	
Varnish,	20 a 22	Bonaire	25
TIMBER.		Liverpool, sack	1.10
Inferior	3.00 a 3.50	SPIRITS.	
Fair quality	6.00 a 12.00	N. E. Rum	26 a 30
LUMBER, steam-mill.		Common Gin	28 a 30
Wide boards, plank and scantling	12.00 a 15.00	Whiskey	27 a 00
Floor boards	14.00 a 15.00	Apple Brandy	00
Wide boards, edged,	14.00	BACON.	
Refused, half price on all.		Hams, N. C.	10 a 11
LUMBER, River.		" Western	6
Floor boards	11.25 a 11.50	Sides, N. C.	8 a 9
Wide boards	9.00 a 8.00	" Western	6
Scantling	4.50 a 5.00	Shoulders N. C.	6 a 7 1-2
RICE.		" Western	5 1-2
Rough	76 a 80	DOMESTICS.	
Cleaned	3.25	Cotton Yarns	18
STAVES.		Cotton O-naburgs	
W. O. hhd rough	16.00 a 20	4-4 N. C. Sheeting	7¾ a 8
" " dressed	00	7-8 " "	7½ a 7¾
" " bbl	14.00 a 15.00	FLOUR.	
R. O. hhd rough	15.00	Fayetteville, sup.	6.00 a 6.25
" " dressed	00.00	Canal	6.00 a 6.50
Ashe heading	8.50 a 7,00	Corn	65 a 70
SHINGLES.		Meal	90
Common	2.00 a 2.50	Butter	15 a 20
Contract	3.50	Cheese	7 a 12
Black's large	4.50	Beeswax	20
PEAS.		Hay	80
Cow Peas	70 a 80	Soap	4 1-2 a 5
Pea Nuts	1 06	Feathers	22
SUGAR		Lard, N C	8 a 8 1-2
New Orleans	6 a 6 1-2	Lime	75
Porto Rico	8		

Cheraw Market—Cotton 11 to 13—bacon 10 to 12—flour 7 to 7 50—iron 5 to 650—Salt $140 to $1 59—corn 90 to 100—Molasses 35 to 40—*Corrected by the Cheraw Gazette.*

D. M. McDonald

Invites the attention of all who wish to buy cheap for cash, or exchange for country produce, to call and examine his stock of

DRY GOODS,

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, Hardware, crockery & glass-ware, Castings of all kinds,

And a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.
Hay street.
Oct 19, 1850 4m

SHEETING AND YARN.

I have on hand and for sale on accommodating terms Sheetings and Yarns (at the Factory prices) from the Cedar Falls Manufacturing Company, Randolph county, N. C.

The quality of these goods is too well known to need any recommendation They are equal, if not superior to any made in this State.
600-tf PETER F. JOHNSON.