

NEW YORK, April 18.—America arrived—Cotton declined an eighth—copper rose—southern accounts unfavorable.

THE RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

A communication in the Wilmington Commercial of the 15th inst., signed J. J. Jackson, says that a meeting of the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company was held at Pittsboro recently, and the company decided in accordance with the recommendation of the engineer, to push ahead and finish the work this coming summer; and to borrow the money to do it, if necessary.

This looks encouraging. We should like to see a coal fire next winter.

WEATHER.—On Monday last the thermometer got as low as 46 degrees, lacking 15 degrees of the freezing point. It continued cool for several days. On Tuesday morning we learn that a slight fall of snow was observed. On Tuesday night there was said to be a slight frost, but not sufficient, we judge, to kill vegetation.

The stockholders of the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad have authorized the President and Directors of the company to issue the bonds of the company for \$500,000, and pledge the property of the company for the payment of the same.

We learn that three negro children, belonging to Mr. Randall McMillan of this county, were burnt to death on Tuesday last by the burning of a house in which they were. There was no one near the house at the time but the children who were in it. Two of them were very small, and the other not more than 5 or 6 years old.

CAUGHT.—An outlawed negro, known as Billy McNeill, was taken on Tuesday last by a body of patriotic citizens who went out for the purpose. He was found concealed in a negro house about a mile from Fayetteville. He is the property of Mr. Blossom of Wilmington, and has been prowling in the vicinity of Fayetteville, preying upon the community, for 15 months or more. There is yet another desperado out, and we hope there is spirit enough in the citizens here to secure him also. It only wants the determination to do it. The robberies which are nightly committed, we should suppose would rouse the community to this duty. The gentlemen who turned out on Monday last deserve the thanks of the town. They have done a permanent service.

From the indications—apparent indifference of those interested in the Raleigh and Gaston railroad—we begin to think that the prospects of rebuilding that road are not as flattering as we could wish. The capital, it seems, is hard to raise for such an object, and there is said to be a "crisis" approaching—either its discontinuance, or permanent repair by a new company.

The Standard and the Hornet's Nest are of opinion, that if this road be not rebuilt, it will be (almost) the death-knell of the Central rail road. And would at all events be a great drawback to the prosperity of the Central road, should it be built. There is no doubt of that. But speculation is useless; time will show what will be done.

CONNECTICUT—that uncertain State—belongs to the whigs this time. There is no election of Governor by the people, but the Legislature will elect a whig most probably, according to the whig accounts. Another account says that the race is so close, the result cannot be known until the Legislature sits.

The delegation to Congress stands as in last Congress—three democrats and one whig—one of the democrats an abolitionist.

RHODE ISLAND.—The Providence Herald gives the following report of the recent election in the little 6 by 9 State:

Table with 2 columns: Party and Votes. Democrats, Whigs, Vacancies. Senate 18, 14, 1. House 35, 36, 1. Total 53, 50, 2.

And now we can confidently announce a democratic majority in Grand Committee; and that the whole democratic State ticket is elected, Governor, Lieut. Governor, Sec'y of State, Attorney General, and General Treasurer.

And Rhode Island is now most confidently claimed as a Democratic State. A result that is in entire harmony with what we had good reason to expect. For wherever Whiggery prevails any length of time in its worse type, as it has done in this State, the people must either throw it off, or submit to political slavery.

There are rumors, apparently having some foundation, of another attempt to take the island of Cuba by storm. The Georgia Intelligencer says that 120 young men started from Atlanta on the 10th, professing for California, but report said for the coast of Florida, for the above purpose. Half a dozen boxes of Rifles were also sent by the railroad.

The authorities at Washington are said to have private information also of the same nature.

Gen. Hugh Brady was killed by falling from his carriage, in Detroit, on the 10th inst., aged 80 years.

Com. Alex. S. Wadsworth died at Washington week before last, aged 61 years.

Lt. Jones Ridgely of the army, died in Baltimore on the 6th, by a fall from his hotel window, 34 story.

They are turning the "infant drummer" of New York to account, by making him give "concerts." New York is a great place.

The communication of "A Stockholder" only came to hand this morning. Shall appear on Saturday. It is well done.

PLANK ROAD AFFAIRS.

The session of the Stockholders of the F. & W. Plank Road Co., having continued almost up to the usual time for putting the Carolinian to press, last week, we could only give a brief account of what was done.

From the Report of the President and Directors, it appears that the State has paid the first half of its subscription (\$50,000) and individuals have paid a little over half of theirs (44,000).

No tolls have yet been collected on the road beyond the 18 mile post; and from those 18 miles \$2,718 44 have been collected, which is certainly the most flattering revenue ever afforded by any public work in the State; and the report states, what is highly plausible; that these tolls would have been doubled had not the grain crops of the last season failed.

Between nine and ten thousand wheeled vehicles passed over the road in 12 months.

It seems to be the desire of the stockholders that the road should go to both Lexington and Salem, after reaching Johnsonville. Lexington lies directly west of Johnsonville, and Salem lies north-west. The fact is, every neighborhood wants a plank road, and there is not State money enough to build them all. Individuals are not anxious to subscribe, and some are likely to go unbuild.

The salaries paid by the Company for the past two years amount to \$2,492 57, for President, Clerk, Toll-keepers, &c. Engineers have been paid \$5,926 for the same time. Purchasing the right of way, thus far, \$714 23. The five steam saw-mills cost about an average of \$3,000 apiece.

One of the most gratifying statements of the report is that which sets down the rise in the value of real estate along the road at more than the amount subscribed to build it.

Propositions were made to discontinue the office of Treasurer and Engineer, and to further reduce the salary of the President; but they were voted down. We know nothing as to the merits of the propositions. The Board of Directors ought to know whether any of these expenses can be dispensed with, and if so, they should have boldly and manfully stated the fact, "without fear, favor or affection."

If we understand the resolution locating the road above Johnsonville, it directs that the road shall be built from Johnsonville to Salem, but at the same time lean as far towards Lexington as practicable, so as to shorten the distance to Lexington should a branch be built to that place.

The report of the President and Directors expressed the rather absurd opinion that the State was liable for interest because the State's stock had not been paid in as soon as it could have been demanded according to the charter. We can see neither justice nor reason for such an opinion, because the State paid whenever she was called upon; and the Directors called for it whenever they wanted it.

This, however, was not insisted upon, but it seems to have led to a refunding of interest to individual stockholders who renewed their notes instead of paying up; so that individuals will pay no interest except upon notes that they may renew after the 1st of April (last Monday) when the last instalment was due. Those who paid their subscription at once, without giving notes, are to be allowed interest on the amount.

The report recommends that the rates of toll be reduced. This will be good news to those who do much traveling on the road. (The recommendation was not made, we suppose, without consulting the interests of the stockholders.)

The dividend declared, (one per cent.) we think, is not without objections. It is too small to be an object to stockholders, and may mislead strangers as to the value of the work. Whenever a dividend of 8 or 10 per centum can be declared, there will be real good sound hard sense in doing so. A stockholder will feel the weight of it in his pocket. We hope the time is not far off when such a dividend can be declared.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Road, held on Thursday last, Mr. Tillinghast was re-appointed Treasurer of the Company, and Mr. Rose Secretary to the Board.

The toll keepers were re-appointed, and another toll house opened 23 miles from town, or 15 miles above the Little River gate.

"A RICH SCENE."

The Fayetteville Observer of Tuesday last refers to some of the proceedings of the Plank Road Company with a half smile and a half frown, or in a half laugh and half cry humor.

The "State of North Carolina," as embodied in Mr. Jones, who stood proxy in the meeting, seems to have stirred the editor's bile.

That paper says, in regard to the election of President of the Company, that Mr. Winslow received 200 clear majority over all others, and "yet the State wanted a little more unanimity." And that in consequence of this little want of "the State"—

"Every body was astonished. Some were highly amused, and some others [that is, E. J. Hale] very indignant."

Yes, E. J. Hale is "some" in his own estimation. That is, he is some punkins. We were not in the meeting, but we learn that he was "indignant" quite. The room was tolerably large, but fears were entertained that the gentleman's slender frame would not hold his "indignant" soul, which was expected every minute to bust its case, and scatter the fragments out of the windows and over the individual stockholders (one of whom he was which). Oh! the gentleman was very indignant. The "State of North Carolina" stood aghast at the spectacle, and "every body was astonished."

But another ballot took place, and the "State's" little want was gratified. The State's proxy then voted for Mr. Winslow, and asked leave of the meeting to cast the vote of the State for the board of Directors, that he (the proxy) might start towards home (Raleigh). No objection being made, the vote was deposited, and the "State" evaporated.

It was then that the "indignant" gentleman could contain himself no longer; and wiping the foam from his mouth, and the large drops of sweat from his brow, his "indignant voice" was heard to say

"Mister Chairman: I feel oppressed with fiery indignation against the contempt of the 'State of North Carolina' for the opinions and feelings of the two hundred individual stockholders, one of whom I am which; and I call impatiently upon the stockholders to jine me in puttin' a ball into that hat [that old hat] for them Directors; and let the 'State of North Carolina' see who we are willin to intrust with the management of our interests."

This speech gave great relief to the bile expelled.

tended frame of this "individual" stockholder, and the ex-proxy sat down, big with the importance of himself and the occasion. "What! (thought he) a new proxy to come here and insult an old proxy in that way! I, who last year was myself the whole State of North Carolina for two days, and am now an individual \$500 stockholder in this here plank road, to be snubbed in this way! I wonder that nobody is mad."

But nobody else was mad; and the "indignant" gentleman, with that facility with which old political hypocrites can change their face, soon expanded his mouth and brow to a broad grin, (more glibly than pleasant at all times) and so "the meeting adjourned in great good humor."

THE FUGITIVE CASE.

The case at Boston has at last been decided, and the slave Sims delivered to his master. This was not done, however, until the fanatics had thrown every obstacle in the way their ingenuity could invent. By such means a decision is protracted, and a claimant fretted and worried for two weeks, until he has spent as much as the slave is worth, and himself submitted to worse treatment than a malefactor, being obliged to walk the streets with an armed guard as though he were a prisoner! And yet some people lift their eyes in gratitude and praise Danl. Webster and the authorities of Boston that the law was executed!

The following are the particulars of the winding up of the long agony:

After the decision of Judge Woodbury, that there was no ground to interfere with the certificate of Mr. Curtis remanding Sims, preparations began to be made to convey him back.

The brig Acorn had been hauled to the end of Long Wharf, having been previously fitted up for an extra number of passengers. During the night, Court House Square was filled with a crowd, who were collected in knots discussing the matter, and occasionally hooting at the officers,—there were a number of females amongst them.

The proceedings in and about the Court House were closely watched by the abolitionists. At about 3 o'clock, detachments of the City Watch to the number of 150, armed with clubs and hooks, were brought into the neighborhood of Court Square. This Police force, under Marshal Tuky, armed with short swords, assembled in the square, went through some evolutions, and finally formed in a hollow square in front of the side entrance to the Court House. When all was ready, word was given to the U. S. Marshal, and Sims was brought down and placed in the centre of the square. He appeared to be in good spirits, his limbs being free from irons or handcuffs of any description. The procession was led by the U. S. Marshal and his deputies, followed by the armed police.

They proceeded through Court and State streets, and down Long Wharf, followed by about 100 abolitionists, among whom was the Rev. Mr. Colver. No attempt at violence was made. Mr. Colver, and other persons in the crowd, however, occasionally denounced the proceedings, and called for the "thunderbolts of heaven" to be poured down upon them.

When the procession reached the wharf the brig was found to be all ready, with the Steamer Hornet alongside, with her steam up. Sims was taken immediately into the cabin. The Acorn had two cannons on board to protect her from any assault on the passage. The word was given to let go the fastenings, and she was soon underway.

About thirty police officers accompanied the vessel as far as the steamer went, as a protection.—Four officers of this city, will accompany the fugitive in the vessel to Savannah.

Just as the vessel was about to leave the wharf, some of the crowd sang several hymns, such as "From Greenland's Icy Mountains," "Oh! that I were by mourning at the Judgment Seat of Christ." "Be thou oh God exalted high," &c.

The Abolition Vigilance Committee met and passed a resolution respectfully asking the people of Massachusetts to toll the bells in the several towns, as the intelligence reaches them of the return of a fugitive slave from this Commonwealth. They have also appointed a meeting for public religious services on the occasion.

A person with rather loud lungs, as the procession was passing down State street, recited the events of the Boston massacre before the revolution.

The fugitive was warmly and comfortably clad in clothes provided by the U. S. Marshal. He stated that he was willing to go during the evening. He refused to sign any papers drawn up by the abolitionists, saying that he was tired of the business.

The military in considerable numbers were at their armories and Fanueil Hall, but there was no cause to call upon them to act in the matter, and this morning they were dismissed from duty.

NEGRO STEALING.—At the late term of Franklin county Superior Court, Jas. H. Youngblood was tried for stealing a negro belonging to Willis H. Sanders of Johnston county, and selling him in Columbia, S. C. The jury could not agree in the case, because the negro was a runaway at the time of his being taken off, and the jury were not certain that he was taken from Johnston county!

The prisoner gave security for the payment of the costs, and was dismissed with the understanding that he should leave the State.

Fine morality that, to be dispensed by Courts of justice. A scoundrel is let loose by one community upon condition that he shall not prey upon them any more, but other communities must take their chances with him!

An affray occurred in Columbia, S. C., on the 11th inst., between P. Mayrant and Jesse E. Dent, both severely wounded. Particulars not given.

News from the new countries out west, report the death of Wild Cat, the Seminole chief, lately moved out from Florida, killed by the Comanche Indians.

There was snow in Washington city on the 13th inst. No ice.

NOT YET CAUGHT.—It is very rarely the case that a murder is committed and no clue can be found leading to the murderer; but there is now a case of this kind: The wholesale butchery of the Corden family, in Kent county, Maryland, remains a mystery. Numbers have been arrested and discharged for want of proof. In the case of Mr. Motz, near Lincolnton, found or driven, we suppose his death was accidental; if it was not, no one is openly charged with causing it.

RELIC OF BARBARISM.

There are some pretty "birds" in the county of Halifax, in the State of North Carolina, as witness the following advertisement which we copy from the Roanoke Republican:

SPORTS OF THE FITT.

A Main of Cocks will be fought at Pittard's store, in Halifax County, N. C.—Virginia against N. Carolina, for \$25 a Fight, and \$500 the Odd, to take place on the 7th of May, 1851. 7 miles from the Gaston Railroad, and 12 miles from Weldon, N. C. Commodious accommodations will be furnished by the subscriber for any number of visitors during the main.

JESSE FITTARD.

This is just about on a par with the bull baits in Spain and Mexico. The people have an abiding reverence for old customs and a tenacious love of ancient amusements.

Mr. Edmundson, keeper of a hotel at Scotland Neck, Halifax county, killed a man named Ellickson, in an affray at his hotel, on the 11th inst. Ellickson was a drunken, quarrelsome man, and provoked the deed. So says the Goldsboro' Republican.

NINTH DISTRICT.—The democratic convention of the ninth District nominated Dr. Henry M. Shaw of Currituck, to oppose Colonel Outlaw for a seat in Congress at the approaching election. But he declines the nomination.

If there could be such a thing as a laughable suicide, one took place in New Orleans a few weeks ago. A French tailor, very poor, proposed suicide to his wife, and she agreed that they should both die together. The separate doses of arsenic were mixed by the husband. He drank his, but she held on awhile, and finally concluded she would not die yet. Finding she would not stick to the bargain, he sent for the neighbors and told the whole story. He was too far gone to be saved. The wife was arrested, but there being no proof against her, she was dismissed. Her name was Rousseau. He was considered deranged at times. She was no doubt glad to get rid of him.

HISTORY OF NORTH CAROLINA.—We are gratified in being able to state that the search in the Charleston library for matter relating to the history of North Carolina has been eminently successful. Dr. Wheeler has just returned from Charleston and speaks in terms of gratification of the notice which the citizens of Charleston, took of his mission to that city.

The Charleston library was thrown open to his use, and any books or manuscripts proffered to his use that he might desire. In that valuable collection of books there are several works to be found, relative to the early history of Carolina that cannot be found elsewhere—of the events of our revolutionary struggle, there are some details recorded by British officers now in pamphlets preserved in Charleston library, that not only are not known to exist in America, but no mention is made of them among the records of the Colonial Departments in London.

It may be interesting to citizens in the Albemarle region of our State to know that Dr. W. found an old map that lays down the inlet at Nags-head as affording a good depth of water long years since, confirmation of the map laid before our last Legislature by Mr. Josiah Collins of Washington. —Wilmington Commercial.

UTICA, April 10.

Orcutt and Conklin have confessed to setting fire to fifty-four buildings in this city, and that they had it in contemplation to burn the city. They will be tried in June, before Judge Allen. Both boys.

Richard Fisher and Charles Hurst, of Albany, were arrested by officer Donaldson, on a charge of robbing the Jewelry store of H. L. Bradley, of this city. H. B. Conklin, who is now in jail on the charge of arson, informed against them. They were committed for a further examination.

ANOTHER FRESHET.—Our river, which had been flush for several days, rose rapidly on Tuesday evening and night last, and on Wednesday morning, was overflowing its banks. During the day it rose to within about 4 feet of the high freshet of last month. Up to Thursday evening it has fallen less than two feet and since then it has fallen very slowly. This, with the March fresh, will greatly retard the operations of our planters, and renders a full crop on the river lands almost out of the question.—Cheraw Gazette.

LOUISVILLE, April 10.

Jenny Lind will hasten on to New York, and forego many of her expected delays in the cities of the West. She will commence her farewell concerts in New York on Monday, the 5th of May, the week of religious anniversaries, at the request of a large number of clergymen who design to be in New York at that time.

BOTTS IN HORSES.—Mr A. A. Winn furnishes the following recipe, which he assures us is an infallible cure for botts in horses: Mix half a pint each of soft soap, molasses, vinegar and brandy, or whiskey, together, and give it to the animal while it is foaming. Mr W. says that he has known it to cure the worst cases almost instantly.

NOTICE.

The Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Gilchrist & Wright, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 29th of March last. All persons indebted to the said firm are requested to make immediate payment to A. M. Campbell, who is duly authorized to receipt for the same; and all persons having claims against the firm, are requested to present them to him for settlement.

JOHN A. GILCHRIST, JOHN T. WRIGHT.

April 19, 1851. 631-3T

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

FAYETTEVILLE, April 16, 1851.

At a meeting of the Fayetteville Ind. Lt. Inf. Company, held this day, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

It has pleased Almighty God to remove from the scene of earth Capt. JACOB HARTMAN, formerly a resident of Fayetteville, but of late years a citizen of Wilmington. He was of the number of those that originated and organized the Fayetteville Independent Light Company in 1792, and was permitted to survive all of his contemporaries to descend into the grave the last one of that patriotic and honorable band. Passing as he did, a heart filled with philanthropy, a hand ever active in the cause of charity, and exhibiting throughout the course of his long life, that ardent love of country taught by his affectionately cherished and his virtues continually emulated by every member of our Corps; therefore, in view of this dispensation of Divine Providence.

Resolved, That a mark of their regard for the memory of their deceased fellow-member, the members of this company in their usual badge of mourning thirty days. Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the family in this their sad bereavement, and that the Secretary be directed to transmit to them a copy of these resolutions, also to furnish a copy to each of the town papers for publication.

From the Minutes. J. B. FERGUSON, Sec'y.

UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE.—We understand that a difficulty took place between Lewis P. Breedlove and Jacob Segrest on Saturday evening last, which resulted in Mrs Breedlove's being severely shot.

The parties, we understand, had been quarrelling at Chehaw, but finally got his rifle, and went over to the house of Breedlove for the purpose of shooting him. Mrs Breedlove saw him coming, and got between him and her husband, and received the load of the rifle in the fleshy part of the fore-arm, which it dreadfully lacerated. The ball then struck the arm above the elbow, and running up, buried itself somewhere between the shoulder and the neck.

Mrs Breedlove is the sister of Segrest, and the parties have for sometime been at law about the property of Segrest's father, who died sometime last year.—Macon (Tuskegee) Republican, April 5d.

NAVAL COURT MARTIAL.—Lieutenant Wait was sentenced by the Court Martial which recently sat on board the U. S. Ship Pennsylvania, to be dismissed from the service. The sentence has, we learn, been commuted by the President to twelve months suspension without pay.

Lieutenant Strickland, of the U. S. Marine Corps, was also sentenced to be cashiered, and his sentence has been commuted by the President to twelve months suspension without pay. What is the use of courts martial, when sentences are set aside?

MILWAUKIE, April 10.

The lectures of the Rev. Mr. Leahy in this place against Catholicity have created great excitement, and threats were yesterday sent to the proprietor of the City Hotel that his house would be fired unless Leahy was sent away. This afternoon the entire fire department and 100 special police were sworn in, in consequence of threats to tear down the church he used to lecture in, should he speak to-night. It is anticipated from the arrangements that no such scene of riot and bloodshed as occurred in the Methodist church last Sunday will again take place.

At the first lecture the mob drove the audience from the church and broke the place.

TORONTO, Canada, April 10.

The series of anti-slavery lectures were concluded last night, and George Thompson will return to the United States shortly.

The Anti-Slavery Association of Canada is in communication with the United States abolitionists, and is to send delegates to their annual convention in May.

Mr. May, of Syracuse, visited Canada for the purpose of ascertaining at what points on the frontier it would be best for fugitives to land.

The Sultan of Turkey has published an important firman in favor of his Christian protestant subjects, in which he commands that they shall exercise their secular and religious affairs in their own way without the interference of any other community whatever.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED AT FAYETTEVILLE

April 12.—Steamer Gov Graham, with 15 cabin and 22 deck passengers, with goods for Shelly & Field, Wooten & Elliott, E. H. Hearn, W. S. Saunders, J. & M. Worth, Rankin, McLean & Hanner, Hall, Sackett & Co., Williams, McCann, J. Co., Wall & McDonald, C. Y. Fauquier, McNeill, J. D., E. J. Mitchell, Kirk & Moss, Crowell & Hix, R. W. Goldston, Smith, Clark & Swain, H. L. Myrcever & Co., J. R. Lindsey, D. Lewis, H. H. Abbott, M. G. Shel, Toomer & Poe, M. & A. Waldner, Long, Bally & Howell, W. A. Holt & Co., W. T. Horne, Holt, Murray & Co., H. Keine, Rankin & McLean, J. Kirkland, C. T. Haigh & Son, M. Greenlee & Co., R. T. Long, W. L. McGary, Cane Creek, W. A. King, W. B. Webb, J. P. Covington, Rev. A. Gilchrist, W. H. Brown, Graham, G. W. Brown, L. E. Gray, H. McLean, D. Maxwell.

April 12th.—Steamer Henrietta, with goods for E. Glover, J. S. Hindsley, R. Robinson, Taylor, McCallister, A. A. McKethan, F. Fries, J. H. & J. Martine, Rockfish Co., J. H. Whitaker, J. H. Hawley, W. S. Latta, N. D. J. W. Sandford, J. Sundry, H. H. Leslie, S. B. S. Brown, D. McNeill, J. C. Latta, R. W. Goldston, L. F. Carr, Cook & Johnson, Jones & Deering, H. L. Myrcever & Co., W. Sheek & Co., H. Branson, H. A. London, Cook & Taylor, A. S. McNeill & Co. B. Julian, Wooten & Elliott, John Winslow, J. McKee, E. L. E. J. A. Pemberton, N. King, H. Eranbolt, Haynes Whiddell, J. E. Bryan, D. Murphy, R. M. Orrell, King & Hoge, J. T. Gilmore, W. M. Murphy & Co., W. Davis, Wm. McIntyre, Mess'rs J. Hart, A. Renchard, A. Johnson, & Co. J. Brookbank, H. H. Robinson, J. Bonner, A. Green, M. Rothwell, W. S. Rouelml, M. Darter, H. M. Turner & Co., Brown, Fraley & Co., W. F. Moore, J. Ryals, Hall & Hall, G. Deering, Southern P. R. Co., D. Buie.

ARRIVED AT WILMINGTON

April 9.—Schr J. A. Bayard, from Baltimore.—Schr Ellen, from Boston.—Schr Palestine, from Baltimore.—Schr Eva, from Philadelphia.—Schr Frank, from New York.—Schr New York.—Schr John Potts Brown, from New York. 13th, Schr Alabama, from Philadelphia.—Schr Harrison Price, from New York.—Schr S. S. Powell, from New York.—Schr L. P. Smith from New York. 16th, Schr R. P. Brown from New York.

FOR SALE, Folger's superior BRANDY S T I L L S. A. M. CAMPBELL, Agt. April 19.

The "Old Horsefly" has recommended James T. Morehead, Esq., through the Greensborough Patriot, as a suitable candidate to represent the Guilford District in the next Congress. Troubled with Horseflies this early in the season, what will Mr Morehead do if he should be Leached about the first of July next?—Standard

LATEST NEWS FROM CANADA.

From the Montreal Gazette. Our readers will have observed the frequent notices which have appeared in our advertising columns of the benefits resulting from the use of Victor's Balsam of Wild Cherry in the cure of diseases of the respiratory organs, catarrhal affections, liver complaints, &c.

Many of the certificates are couched in strong language, and may be thought to be mere eulogistic notices for the purpose of drawing attention to a quack medicine. Such, however, is not the case. Victor's Balsam of Wild Cherry is not. We can ourselves vouch for the good effects this Balsam has had on diseases of the nature as those above mentioned, whenever we have known it resorted to, and that when every other remedy has been tried and failed. The only genuine is always signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper. For sale by the general agent, SETH W. FOWLE, 128 Washington street, Boston, Mass. and by his sub-agents throughout the United States and British provinces. For sale by S. J. Hunsdale, Fayetteville; by Dr. A. C. Evans & Brother, Wilmington; by William Haywood & Co, Raleigh; by Dr. A. M. Chelroy, and Agents every where.

MARRIED.

In this county, on the 18th inst, at 12 o'clock, M., by Rev. N. A. Purifoy, Mr James T. Houston to Miss Martha D. Holmes, daughter of Mr Geo. Holmes.

In this county, on the 16th inst., Mr David John Taylor to Miss Susan Treadwell. At Ashford, Bladen co., M. N. T. Harris of Wilmington, to Miss Mary McI, daughter of Mr John A. Robeson of Bladen.

In Richmond county, Mr David Banks of Wilmington, to Miss Catharine Mary McFarlan. In Sampson county, on the 10th inst., Mr Peter Sessions to Miss Sarah Simmons.

At Mr David Waddells, in Iredell county, on the 2d inst., Mr J. James Purcell, of Lexington, to Miss Henrietta L., youngest daughter of David D. Salmon, formerly of Fayetteville. In Cumberland county, on the 3d inst, by J. McKethan, Esq., Mr Drey, Daughtry to Miss Christian McLehan, daughter of Angus McLehan, Esq.

Of wisest maxims, this is one: It is not good to live alone; To giveous through life's path to stray Without companion on the way. Now let your honours pass away, Till one or 't'other cease to live; Be kind be good, live as you ought, See wife nor husband be in fault.

DIED.

At Gaston, N. C., on the 25th of March, Mrs. Jane Hayes, daughter of Mr Green Womack of Pittsborough, and wife of Mr William Hayes of Chatham county.