PUBLISHED
EVERY SATURDAY
TERMS:
In advance, per year, $2 00
Not paid in advance, 2 50
Not paid until six months have expired, 300
Not paid till the year has expired, 350
No subscription received for a less time than a year, unless the price be paid in advance.

The North Carolinian.

"CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS; AND THE GLORY OF THE STATE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF ITS CITIZENS."

TERMS OF ADVERTISING
One square of twenty-one lines or less, 60 cents; every subsequent insertion, 30 cts, except it remains in for several months, when it will be charged $3 for two months, $4 for three, &c. $10 for twelve months.
Liberal deduction for large advertisements by the year or six months.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., SEPTEMBER 20, 1851. VOL. 12—NO. 656.

☞ Persons who advertise in the newspapers should always mark their advertisements with the number of insertions; otherwise they often forget and let the advertisement run longer than necessary, and when the bill comes to be settled, there is something said about the *cost*. And when an article is advertised for sale, *when it is sold*, the advertiser should attend to taking it out of the paper, because it misleads the readers of the paper, besides running him to more cost.

PRICES OF BLANKS
AT THE CAROLINIAN OFFICE.
From and after the 1st of Sept. 1850.

For all such Blanks as we keep for sale, 60 cents per quire.

Where Blanks are printed to order, the prices will range from 35 cts. to $1 50 per quire, thus:

1 quire cap blanks	$1 50	per quire.
2 " " "	1 00	" "
3 " " "	85	" "
4, 5 or 6 " " "	75	" "
10 " " "	60	" "
15 " " "	50	" "
20 " " "	40	" "
1 quire letter-sheet blanks	1 25	" "
2 " " "	85	" "
3 " " "	75	" "
4, 5 or 6 " " "	65	" "
10 " " "	55	" "
15 " " "	45	" "
20 " " "	35	" "

Any blank printed to order which has more matter in it than is usual in blanks printed for the above prices, will be charged extra according to the amount of matter, or the fancy-work directed to be done. In like manner, a blank containing but a few lines of matter to the sheet will be charged a less price.

JOHN D. WILLIAMS,
Commission and Forwarding MERCHANT.
Fayetteville, N. C.
Feb, 23, 1850.

Benj. Blossom & Son,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 145, Front Street,
NEW YORK.
Liberal advances made upon consignments of Naval Stores, Cotton, Grain, and other produce.
Jan'y 18, 1851 1y

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM,
GENERAL COMMISSION AND
Forwarding Merchant,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Prompt personal attention given to consignments, and cash advances made on shipments to me or my friends in New York.
Feb'y 22, 1851 1y

JUST RECEIVED,
1780 Panama, Leghorn, and Palm-leaf **HATS,**
And this spring's Paris and New York style of mole-skin, silk and angola Hats, a beautiful article. Also, men's, boys' and children's beaver, silk, and fur do., of every description, from several of the best manufactories in the U. States, together with a good assortment of my own manufacture, which makes my stock the most complete ever offered in this market.
A few beautiful misses' Gypsies and oil silk.
I have made arrangements that will enable me to sell to country merchants and dealers, at wholesale, at a very small advance, and respectfully invite them and all others in want of Hats and Caps, to give me a call, believing that it will be to their advantage to do so, as I have determined to sell cheap.
Highest prices paid for fur skins and lamb's wool.
DAVID GEE,
North-east corner Market Square, Green st.
March 15, 1851.

TOBACCO.
The subscriber has a good stock of Tobacco on hand, and will receive regularly, from Messrs J. Jones & Co's factory, qualities assorted, from common to very fine, which will be sold at the lowest manufacturing prices.
J. UTLEY.
Fayetteville, April 5, 1851. tf

CARTHAGE HOTEL.
THE Subscriber having fitted up and enlarged the above well known House, is now prepared to entertain travellers with increased comfort.
ROB'T McNABB.
Carthage, Moore Co., N. C., May 10, 1851. } 637-y

EDWARD CANTWELL,
Attorney at Law,
Commissioner for Georgia, Florida, South Carolina, &c.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Prompt attention given to collections and all other professional business entrusted to his care.
April 12, 1851. tf

Line of 4 horse Post Coaches from Fayetteville to Warsaw—Daily.
The Subscribers having secured the mail contract on the above Line, will commence this day running a Line of Four Horse Post Coaches, daily. Leaving Fayetteville at ½ past 9 P. M., and arriving at Warsaw at ½ past 7 A. M., in time for the Cars North and South. Returning, leave Warsaw on the arrival of the Cars, say about 1 or 2 P. M., and arrive at Fayetteville in ten hours. Every care will be taken to render the line pleasant, convenient, and safe, for Travellers.
A Line of Stages will be established as soon as possible, by the Plank Road, from Fayetteville via Carthage and Asheborough, to Lexington, Salem, and Salisbury.
McKINNON & McNEILL.
Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 7, 1851. 3m

WANTED.
The subscriber wishes to purchase
300,000 lbs. RAGS,
for which the highest cash prices will be paid on delivery in Fayetteville.
DAVID MURPHY.
Rockfish, Cumberland co., August 20, 1851. } 6m.

WASHINGTON LIVERY STABLES.
J. J. Philips & Robt. Wooten
Are prepared to furnish the public with
HORSES, CARRIAGES, & BUGGIES, FOR HIRE.
They are also prepared to send passengers to any of the neighboring towns, on reasonable terms. Their stock may be found at their stables opposite the Methodist Episcopal Church, Hay street.
They always have in attendance a good hostler and reinsman. They will take horses on livery at reasonable terms.
A two-horse carriage will be in readiness, at short notice, to convey passengers to or from the steamboats.
Please give us a call, and if satisfaction is not given, no pay will be required.
Fayetteville, March 8, 1851. 6m

EMPIRE STATE COOKING STOVE.
The Empire Stove is of the latest and most approved pattern. It is better and can be sold cheaper than any other kind of Cooking Stove.
For sale by
C. W. ANDREWS.
Fayetteville, April 26.

☞ Drs. W. P. Mallett & H. A. McSwain having associated themselves in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, offer their professional services to the community. One or the other of them may be found at all times at their office when not professionally called off.
W. P. MALLETT, M. D.
H. A. McSWAIN, M. D.
April 30, 1851. 636-tf

LAW NOTICE.
ARCHIBALD A. T. SMITH
Has taken an Office on Anderson street, nearly opposite the Fayetteville Hotel. He will attend to the collection of claims and law business generally, and especially to the taking of account of executors, administrators, guardians and partners, either in suit or otherwise.
Jan'y 11, 1851 y

Encourage North Carolina.
The undersigned is manufacturing, in Fayetteville,
BOOT & SHOE POLISH,
far superior to the Blacking purchased in the Northern Cities. He intends devoting his whole time to manufacturing and vending this very superior polish, and calls upon all who think it to the interest of the Southern people, to become independent of Northern manufactures, to give him their aid and patronage.
He is prepared to show, by *absolute trial*, to any one who will call upon him, the *vast superiority* of his over all other *polishes* or *blacking* now sold in North Carolina. Call and have your boots and shoes once completely blacked and polished, and be satisfied.
This article is offered at a price not higher than is usually charged for other and inferior qualities, and a trial is all that is asked to secure the patronage of the public generally.
The undersigned expects to visit every portion of the State to introduce his polish, and asks now in advance that Merchants and others visiting Fayetteville will give him a call.
This Polish can be used by ladies without soiling the dress
A. J. WOODWARD.
June 21, 1851. 643-6m

30,000 lbs. RAGS wanted by
June 28. H. BRANSON & SON.

NOTICE.
The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of J A Rowland & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
JOHN A. ROWLAND.
GILBERT W. McKAY,
JOHN C. MOORE.

The undersigned will continue the business of the late firm, at their former Stand in Lumberton, under the style of Rowland & McKay, where goods of every description can be bought on the most reasonable terms
JOHN A. ROWLAND.
GILBERT W. McKAY.
Lumberton, July 1, 1851 645-tf

Laborers Wanted.
25 or 30 GOOD LABORERS are immediately wanted on the Fayetteville and Northern Plank Road. The highest wages will be paid, and payments made to suit the convenience of those employed.
Application to be made immediately to
JOEL WILLIAMS,
JOHN WADDILL,
THOS. R UNDERWOOD,
DAVID McNEILL.
Aug 23. 652-3t

Plank Road Lumber Wanted!!!
The Subscribers are authorised to contract for the delivery at the Landing, at Campbellton, or on the line of the Fayetteville and Northern Plank Road, on the East side of the Cape Fear River, of **FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND FEET** of Plank Road Lumber. They will also contract for the STRINGERS for three miles of Road, to be delivered along the line beginning at Lord's Old Store, thence North.
Early application is invited, as it is the intention of the Board of Directors to commence the construction of said Road forthwith.
D. G. MACRAE.
A. A. McKETHAN,
JOHN D. WILLIAMS.
August 23, 1851

PETER P. JOHNSON
Has just received, and offers for sale, CHEAP,
75 bags superior Rio Coffee,
25 barrels coffee Sugar,
50 " Mackerel, Nos, 1, 2 and 3,
Loaf and granulated Sugar.
Also, a large assortment of Iron and Nails, Shovels, Spades, Trace Chains, Shovels & Tongs, Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, Planes, Augers and Chissels, Files, Collins' Axes, &c.
August 16, 1851

WANTED,
FOUR large sized good **MULES**, well broke to the wagon, and not exceeding seven years old. Apply to D. & W. McLaurin, Fayetteville, or to the subscriber at Slicksville, 13 miles above Fayetteville, on the east side of Cape Fear River.
N. K. McDUFFIE.
July 25, 1851 tf

Spring Goods, 1851.
JAMES KYLE
Has just received a large and general assortment of Dry Goods, among which are
1200 pieces new style Calicoes,
250 " " " Ginghams,
340 " printed and embroidered Lawns,
Brocade and other Silks,
Swiss and other Muslins
Irish Linens, Lawns and Diapers,
Bobinet Lace and Edgings
Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs,
Umbrellas and Parasols,
Superfine Cloths and Cassimeres,
Tweeds and Mareno Cassimere,
Bonnets, uncommonly cheap,
Bolting Cloths, Anker brand,
with many other goods, all of which were purchased by the package for cash. Those wishing to purchase by wholesale or retail, will please call before purchasing elsewhere, as good bargains may be expected this season.
March 15, 1851.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
J. M. BEASLEY

Would respectfully inform the public generally that he has recently returned from New York with decidedly a very large lot of WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
Many of the Watches were bought by the package for Cash, and can therefore be sold very low.
He has watches of all kinds; chains, keys and seals of all the latest styles; finger rings, ear rings; medalians of all sizes, both English and American make; ladies chatelains; collar and sleeve buttons; shirt studs; gold spectacles, light and heavy; any quantity of gold pens and pencils; gold and silver thimbles; bracelets; silver fruit and butter knives; silver spoons of all the various kinds and sizes; large lot of pocket cutlery; scissors of all sizes; button-hole scissors; surveyors' compasses and chains; mathematical instruments; any kind and quality of pistols that may be wanting; large lot of fine and common single and double-barrel Guns; game bags, shot belts and powder flasks;
MILITARY GOODS,
including all between the small button and bass drum; violins and extra bows; flutes; clarionets; flagelets, accordeons of all kinds, music boxes, perfumery soap, tooth and hair brushes, dressing and pocket combs, plated and Britannia ware, and various other things too tedious to enumerate. Call and give me a trial.
☞ Watches and Jewelry neatly repaired. Cash paid for old gold and silver.
J. M. BEASLEY,
North-east corner Market Square.
Fayetteville, Aug. 9, 1851 1y

30 hhds. new crop MOLASSES
For sale by
June 28. PETER P. JOHNSON.

AMERICAN HARDWARE.
BLIVEN & DOUGLASS,
MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS,
No. 5 Platt street,
Three doors from Pearl st, NEW YORK.
Would respectfully invite the attention of the Hardware Trade to their Stock of Goods, received direct from the Manufacturers, and for sale on favorable terms.
New York, July 16, 1851 3m

EDWIN GLOVER,
(SIGN OF THE LARGE WATCH,)

Has returned from N. York with a large stock of
WATCHES, CLOCKS, Jewelry, Plated Ware, and Military Goods,
which he will sell at a small advance on cost. He solicits a call from all wanting to purchase any article in his line, for he is confident he can suit them both in price and quality.
Hay street, Fayetteville, N. C.
July 19, 1851 3m

TIN WARE MANUFACTORY.
AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
F. T. WARD'S

Old established Tin & Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory
Is Removed
To the south-east corner of Market Square,
ready with the necessary machinery and materials for making
Factory Drums and Cans,
and to do all kind of work for Factories; also
Roofing, guttering, and all kinds of *JOBBING*
done on short notice, & by experienced workmen.
A constant supply of Tin kept on hand, at wholesale and retail. Country merchants and pedlars can be supplied at the very lowest prices.
C. W. ANDRES.
Sept 28, 1850

FOR RENT
ON FAVORABLE TERMS.

A comfortable Dwelling House on Memford street, under the oaks, with a good view of the public works on Haymount and of the extensive fields in front.
Also, a good stand for a provision or grocery store, west of Wagon Yard buildings.
A pleasant summer residence joining Dr B. W. Robinson's.
APPLY AT THE POST OFFICE.
Aug. 16, 1851 651-6t

50 hhds. sweet Molasses,
1000 sacks Liverpool Salt, with our usual stock of Groceries.
J & T. WADDILL.
July 26, 1851
☞ A good supply of Williams' Rectified Rye Whiskey. J. & T. W.

POSTAGE UNDER THE NEW LAW.
Rates of Letter postage in the United States.

Single letters prepaid, ½ oz.		3000 miles.	3 cts.,	unpaid	5c.
" " 1 "	"	6	"		10
" " 1½ "	"	9	"		15
" " 2 "	"	12	"		20
" " 2½ "	"	15	"		25

Over three thousand miles double the above rates.

Newspaper Rates, per quarter, when sent from the office of publication, to actual and bona fide subscribers.

From and after the 20th June, 1851, for each newspaper not exceeding three ounces in weight, the annexed rates per quarter are to be paid quarterly in advance. These rates only apply where the paper is sent from the office of publication to actual and *bona fide* subscribers.

	Daily.	Tri-weekly.	Semi-weekly.	Weekly.	Semi-monthly	Monthly.
	Cts	Cts	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.
Not over 50 miles.	25	15	10	5	2½	1¼
Over 50, not over 300 miles.	50	30	20	10	5	2½
Over 300, not over 1000 miles	75	45	30	15	7½	3¾
Over 1000 " 2000 "	100	60	40	20	10	5
Over 2000 " 4000 "	125	75	50	25	12½	6¼
Over 4000 miles,	150	90	60	30	15	7½

DIRECTIONS.

1st. Weekly papers only, when sent as above stated, are to be delivered free in the county where they are published; and this although conveyed in the mail over fifty miles.

2d. Newspapers containing not over 300 square inches, are to be charged one quarter the above rates.

3d. Publishers of newspapers are allowed to exchange free of postage, one copy of each number only; and this privilege extends to newspapers published in Canada.

4th. The weight of newspapers must be taken or determined when they are in a dry state.

5th. Postmasters are not entitled to receive newspapers free of postage upon their franking privilege.

6th. Payment in advance does not entitle the party paying to any deduction from the above rates.

Rates of Postage to be charged upon all transient newspapers and every other description of Printed Matter, except Newspapers and Periodicals, published at intervals and not exceeding three months and sent from the office of publication to actual and bona fide subscribers.

Note.—For each additional ounce, or fraction of an ounce, beyond the ten ounces, in this table, additional rate will be charged.	Not over 500 miles.	Over 500, not over 1500 mls.	Over 1500, not over 2500 mls.	Over 2500, not over 3500 mls.	Over 3500 miles.
	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.
One ounce, or under	1	2	3	4	5
Over 1 ounce, not over 2 ounces	2	4	6	8	10
" 2 " " 3 "	3	6	9	12	15
" 3 " " 4 "	4	8	12	16	20
" 4 " " 5 "	5	10	15	20	25
" 5 " " 6 "	6	12	18	24	30
" 6 " " 7 "	7	14	21	28	35
" 7 " " 8 "	8	16	24	32	40
" 8 " " 9 "	9	18	27	36	45
" 9 " " 10 "	10	20	30	40	50

DIRECTIONS.

1. On every transient newspaper, unsealed circular, handbill, engraving, pamphlet, periodical, magazine, book, and every other description of printed matter, the above rates must in all cases be prepaid, according to the weight.

2. Whenever any printed matter on which the postage is required to be prepaid, shall through the inattention of Postmasters, or otherwise, be sent without prepayment, the same shall be charged with double the above rates.

3. Bound books and parcels of printed matter, not weighing over 32 ounces, shall be deemed mailable matter.

Periodicals published at intervals, not exceeding three months, and sent to actual and *bona fide* subscribers, are to be charged with one half the rates mentioned in the last above table, and prepayment of a quarter's postage thereof must in all cases be required. Periodicals published at intervals of more than three months are charged with the full rate, which must be prepaid.

Note.—In case there is on or in any newspaper, periodical, pamphlet, or other printed matter or paper connected therewith, any manuscript of any kind by which information shall be asked for, or communicated in writing, or by marks or signs, the said newspaper, periodical, pamphlet, or other printed matter becomes subject to letter postage; and it is the duty of the Postmaster to remove the wrappers and envelopes from all printed matter and pamphlets not charged with letter postage, for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is upon or connected with any such printed matter, or in such package any matter or thing which would authorize or require the charge of a higher rate of postage thereon.

N. K. HALL, Postmaster General.

Fall and Winter GOODS.
The subscibers have received in part, and expect to have in Store in a few days, their entire Stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS.
Among this Stock will be found all the late varieties of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dress Goods. The larger portion of their Stock has been laid in for the WHOLESALE TRADE, in which line the undersigned do not intend to be undersold.
☞ Country Merchants will find it to their interest to examine this stock before making their purchases.
STARR & WILLIAMS.
August 23, 1851

DR. T. D. HAIGH
Has taken an Office on Hay street, west of the Hotel Buildings.
July 19, 1851 tf

LANDS FOR SALE.
We wish to sell **2000 ACRES OF LAND** lying near Cameron's Hill, Round Top, on the line of the Plank Road. This land is well watered, and for timber and turpentine is not surpassed by any other in this section of country. There is a steam saw mill and turpentine distillery in the immediate vicinity.
For information in regard to price and other particulars, call on the undersigned.
A J. CAMERON,
J. W. CAMERON.
July 19, 1851 3m

REMOVED.
A. M. CAMPBELL has removed to the store recently occupied by Starr & Williams, Hay street, one door west of E. Glover's Jewelry store.
May 31, 1851.

NORTH CAROLINIAN.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
SEPTEMBER 20, 1851.

LATER FROM EUROPE.—*Cotton again advanced.*—The steamship Niagara arrived at New York from Liverpool on the 11th. Cotton has advanced an eighth of a penny.

Rumors were afloat of heavy failures both in Liverpool and London. The potato disease has again appeared in Ireland.

RELEASE OF FOUR OF THE INVADERS.

By telegraph we have advices from N. Orleans to the 11th, giving news from Havana to the 5th inst., which states that the captain general had released four members of the late expedition. The passage of two was paid to N. Orleans. Concha told them that he had intended to liberate all of them, but the New Orleans riot had changed his determination. Capt. Platt, of the U. S. sloop-of-war Albany, pleaded in behalf of the remainder of the prisoners, but was told that his intercession was in vain; it was decided to transport them to Spain.

GREAT OUTRAGE.
By the following dispatch, it will be seen that three or four citizens of Baltimore county, Md., have been murdered and some beat nearly to death, in attempting to regain their property. It appears that the fanatics at the north have determined to prevent the execution of the fugitive slave law. What is to be done? It is folly for the President to issue proclamations, for they are not regarded. Some other course must be pursued.

The south is getting justice now with a vengeance.

Telegraphed for the Washington Union.

FOUR CITIZENS SHOT
IN ATTEMPTING to REGAIN their SLAVES

The passengers in the cars from York, Pennsylvania, state that two estimable citizens were killed near Lancaster. It appears that Edward Gorsuch and his son, Dickenson Gorsuch, residents of Baltimore county, accompanied by Nicholas Hutchinson, Joshua Nelson, Dr Thomas Pierce, Joshua Gorsuch, and others, went to a place called Christiana, in Lascaster county, Pa., to recover some runaway slaves belonging to Edward Gorsuch, who ran off a year ago. Upon attempting to enter the house, the negroes rushed upon them, armed with muskets, and prevented the party from entering.

Soon a large crowd of whites and negroes surrounded the house. The marshal commanded the company to assist, but they refused.

Gorsuch and friends retired, being overcome, and when retiring were fired upon by the negroes from the windows of the houses, and were also attacked by the crowd from the outside. Edward Gorsuch was shot in the arm and shoulder, and has since died.

He was beaten with clubs after he was shot. Another Mr Gorsuch was also mortally shot. Dr Thomas Pierce was shot and badly beaten, and it is feared will die. The Messrs Hutchins escaped to Philadelphia. Two or three of the negroes were also shot. Such was the violence of the attack that none of the survivors could remain with the wounded, but escaped as they best could.

The crowd of blacks and whites numbered about two hundred. None interferred to save the lives of the citizens.

Those gentlemen from Baltimore county are among the most respectable citizens. The excitement was most intense.

MASSACHUSETTS WHIG STATE CONVENTION.

SPRINFIELD, Sept 10.—The Whig State Convention met to-day, and was organized by the selection of Judge B F Thomas, of Worchester, as president, with ten vice presidents and four secretaries.

The following are the votes for candidates for governor and lieutenant governor:

For Governor.—Whole number, 1,033; necessary to a choice, 517. Robert C. Winthrop, 811; Samuel H. Walley, 207; scattering, 10.

It was then moved that the nomination be unanimous; which was carried with a shout of assent.

Lieutenant governor.—Whole number, 838; necessary to a choice, 420. George Grinnell, of Greenfield, 696; Myron Lawrence, of Belchertown, 129; scattering, 13. And Mr J Grinnell was unanimously declared the nominee.

For delegates at large to the national convention.—Edw'd Everett, of Cambridge; George Ashmun, of Springfield; Seth Sprague, of Duxbury.

Seizure of an American brig at Cuba for attempting to smuggle gunpowder, &c., on shore.

PORTLAND, Sept 9.—The barque Ranger, arrived from Cuba, reports that the brig Potosi, Captain Sawyer, of this port, had been seized at Havana for an attempt made by her officers to smuggle a quantity of gunpowder on shore, were examined and imprisoned; and it is thought they will be sent to Spain to serve out a number of years in the chain-gangs.

The brig, it was expected, would be given up on the payment of a fine. She is owned by John B. Brown, of this place.

RIDE ON A RAILROAD.
From the Warrenton Reporter.

"Oh! what a row, what a rumpus and a rioting
All those endure, you may be sure"—

who ride on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad. We are always willing to say a good word for anybody and anything when we can conscientiously do so, and if we, at any time, speak disparagingly of this road, we wish it understood that we do not intend to include any one attached to it in any capacity, for we believe that no set of men ever had a harder task to perform, who performed it so well, than the contractors, engineers and others who manage its affairs.

We, last week, *enjoyed* (?) a trip on the Gaston end of the road from Warrenton Depot, and as the incidents of the run were a little out of the common, we give a short sketch of our ride.

On leaving the Warrenton Depot a few hundred yards, a lady, who was seated not far off, asked us, with serious alarm depicted in her countenance, if there was not danger of turning over the cars, an anticipation which the leaning of the cars to one side seemed to justify. To calm her apprehension, we replied that we thought that the extent of our danger lay in the probability of running of the track, which prediction or suggestion was verified, sure enough, three miles below Macon Depot. There were only a few passengers on board, but the amount of malediction in such cases is not proportioned to the number of passengers, but to the length of time they are detained.

North Carolina, the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, and that portion of it particularly, were separately discussed and consigned to "that bourne" whence no railroad ever returns.

With all the effort made by the hands gathered for the purpose of getting us again on the track, the work progressed so slowly as to warrant the conclusion that the object would not be effected before midnight.

We had long poles and short poles, blocks props and arrows; we prized and we propped; we got tired and stopped; we sat down to rest and consult what was best to be done in the case and get out of the place. Night too, was approaching, and hunger encroaching, on many a maw, and sadly they wanted something to chaw, but where was that something to come from? That was the question. Finally it was proposed that some four or five of us should go to a Farm house about a mile ahead and get supper for ourselves and have some sent to the ladies, who, with one or two of the more aged passengers remained on the car. The proposal was favorably received, so off we set, five of us on board a hand car, to work our passage to where provisions were to be had. Among the number was a big fat Richmond cit., of whom more anon. We arrived at the Farm house where we were told by the gentlemanly proprietor that we could have supper, but must wait for it to be prepared. In the mean time the work of getting the "Iron Horse" on the track was going on, and, as it turned out more successfully than we had imagined possible; for, just as we had sat down to the supper table we heard the keen whistle and presently the chug chug of the engine coming on at a snorting rate. About that time might have been seen some pretty tall eating. Chicken legs were stripped at a bite, while cups of coffee went down at a swig.—Chug, chug, nearer and nearer; another warning whistle. We could stop no longer, so up we jumped, and each man gathering a handfull, off we put to gain the road ahead of the car. To do this we had to run and pretty fast at that. We are tolerably fast on the heels, but this time we chanced to be in the rear of the race. While running through a skirt of woods we were suddenly startled by the elevation of two black objects just ahead, which as suddenly descended, and on nearing the spot, there lay our Richmond friend, prone upon his bread-basket, with a chunk of bread in one hand and the scrag of a chicken in the other, which he was endeavoring to keep off the ground, and in his mouth he held a chicken leg, the bone of which was projecting and had stuck about an inch in the earth. The skirt of his coat turned over his shoulders and left exposed the seat of his pants, which were burst, we guess, about eighteen inches crosswise. We surveyed the scene for a moment, and finding he was damaged corporeally, hurried on to the road which we reached just in time to give information of the accident and intercede with the humane conductor to wait until our unfortunate friend came up. He presently made his appearance,—we jumped about and reached Gaston by 11 o'clock,—too late of course for the northern train. Consequently we had to lie over until Sunday evening. We went our trip and returned in safety out where we went is another matter.

New York Democratic State Convention.

The telegraphic despatch which we publish in another column brings us the welcome intelligence that this body has readopted the sound national resolutions of last year. The democracy of New York now stand in full harmony with the democratic party of the country. It is an omen of triumph.—*Union.*

Gen. Saunders ad[illegible] on the 9th, in b[illegible]