

The North Carolinian.

"CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS; AND THE GLORY OF THE STATE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF ITS CITIZENS."

R. H. BRYAN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., FEBRUARY 14, 1852.

VOL. 12—NO. 677.

TERMS OF THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.
Per annum, if paid in advance, \$2 00
Do. if paid at the end of 3 months 2 50
Do. if paid at the end of 6 months 3 00
Do. if paid at the end of the year, 3 50
No subscription received for less than twelve months, unless paid for in advance.
Letters on business connected with this establishment, must be addressed R. H. BRYAN, Editor of the North Carolinian—and in all cases post-paid.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
Sixty cents per square for the first, and thirty cents for subsequent insertions, unless the advertisement is published more than two months, then it will be charged
For three months, \$4 00
For six months, 6 00
For 12 months, 10 00
All advertisements must be handed in by 10 o'clock Friday morning, and should have the number of insertions intended marked upon them, otherwise they will be inserted full and charged accordingly.

RELANDS
FOR SALE AT THE
CAROLINIAN OFFICE,
at 75 cents per acre.
For any quantity over 50 acres, 60 cts per acre.

JOHN D. WILLIAMS,
Commission and Forwarding
MERCHANT.
Fayetteville, N. C.
Feb. 23, 1852.

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM,
GENERAL COMMISSION
AND
Forwarding Merchant.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Prompt personal attention given to consignments, and cash advances made on shipments to me or my friends in New York.
Feb. 22, 1852.

TOBACCO.
The subscriber has a good stock of Tobacco on hand, and will receive regularly, from Messrs J. Jones & Co's Factory, quantities assorted, from common to very fine, which will be sold at the lowest manufacturing prices.
J. UTLEY.
Fayetteville, April 5, 1851.

MARBLE FACTORY.
BY GEO. LAUDER.



Nearly opposite to E. W. Williams' Auction Store.
Jan. 30, 1851—y

TEA! TEA! TEA!!
Hysan Tea, Imperial Tea, Young Hysan Tea, Oolong Tea, quality good, better, and choice, a large supply and good assortment selected by a judge, and recommended as fresh and fine flavored.
For sale by
S. J. HINSDALE.

IMPERIAL TEA.
Just received a choice of Imperial Tea, which is as good, if not a little better than was ever offered at this market.
Oct 11. S. J. HINSDALE.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

J. M. BEASLEY

Would respectfully inform the public generally that he has recently returned from New York with decidedly a very large lot of WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Many of the Watches were bought by the pack- age for Cash, and can therefore be sold very low. He has watches of all kinds; chains, keys and seals of all the latest styles; finger rings, ear rings; madalians of all sizes, both English and American make; ladies' chateaus, collar and sleeve buttons; shirt studs; gold spectacles, light and heavy; quantity of gold pens and pencils; gold and silver thimbles; bracelets; silver fruit and butter knives; silver spoons of all the various kinds and sizes; large lot of pocket cutlery; scissors of all sizes; button-hole scissors; surveyors' compasses and chains; mathematical instruments; any kind and quality of pistols that may be wanting; large lot of fine and common single and double-barrel Guns; game bags, shot belts and powder flasks.

MILITARY GOODS,
including all between the small button and bass drum; violins and extra bows; dutes; clarionets; flagelets, accordions of all kinds, music boxes, perfume soap, tooth and hair brushes, dressing and pocket combs, plated and Britannia ware, and various other things too tedious to enumerate. Call and give me a trial.
Watches and Jewelry neatly repaired.
Cash paid for old gold and silver.
J. M. BEASLEY,
North-east corner Market Square.
Fayetteville, Aug. 9, 1851

NOTICE.
All persons indebted to the subscriber, either by note or account, are requested to call and settle the same as early as possible. He may be found on the West of Liberty Point, with the note of his ready-made work from the late fire. Persons in want of any articles in my line of business, would do well to call, as I will sell cheap for cash, or on time for approved notes.
JAMES SUNDY.
Jan'y 17, 1852.

LAW NOTICE.
ARCHIBALD A. T. SMITH
Has taken an Office on Anderson street, nearly opposite the Fayetteville Hotel. He will attend to the collection of claims and law business generally, and especially to the taking of accounts of executors, administrators, guardians and partners, either in suit or otherwise.
Jan'y 11, 1851.

H. L. HOLMES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, WILMINGTON, N. C.
Office on corner of Front and Princess streets, under the Journal Office.
Nov 15, 1851.

NOTICE.
The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of J. A. Rowland & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN A. ROWLAND,
GILBERT W. MCKAY,
JOHN C. MOORE.
The undersigned will continue the business of the late firm, at their former Stand in Lumberton, under the style of Rowland & McKay, where goods of every description can be bought on the most reasonable terms.
Lumberton, July 1, 1851.

Call and Settle.
All those indebted to us by Note or Account will please call and settle. We are in want of money. Interest will be charged on all Accounts for 1851 after this date.
H. BRANSON & SON.
January 1, 1852.

To Timber, Turpentine, & Lumber Merchants.

The subscribers offer for sale One Thousand and Forty Acres of Land on Cape Fear River, in Cumberland County, eight miles north of Fayetteville, within two miles of Cape Fear River, and one mile of the Fayetteville and Raleigh Plank Road, joining the Lands of Jones and Barbee, Angus Ray, and others, on which there is a Saw Mill in a thorough state of repair, and a never failing stream. These lands are finely timbered, offering inducements to persons wishing to embark in the timber, lumber or turpentine business. Persons wishing to purchase will call on either of the subscribers, one being in Fayetteville and the other on the premises. Also, one of the subscribers would rent one or more tasks of turpentine boxes on shares between Cape Fear and Black River, near the route of the Fayetteville and Northern Plank Road.
JAN 3, 1852 671-1f J. H. MCNEILL.

FORCE PUMPS.
Chain and fixtures for Force Pumps, Rollers and fixtures for Grind Stones. Just received a large stock, for sale by
Dec 13th. COOK & JOHNSON.

A. H. Whitfield,
Coach and Light Carriage Manufacturer,

Would respectfully inform the public that he still continues to carry on the above business in all its branches. He returns thanks for the liberal patronage he has received, and hopes by a strict attention to business and a desire to please all and give general satisfaction, to merit a continuance of the same. He warrants all his work to be made of the best material and by experienced workmen; and should any of it fail in 12 months (with fair usage) either in workmanship or material, he will repair it without charge. Persons wishing to buy would do well to call and examine his work before purchasing, as it cannot be surpassed for style, elegance, and durability. He is determined to sell low for cash or on short time.
Orders thankfully received and promptly attended to.
Repairing neatly executed at short notice and lowest possible prices.
Fayetteville, Jan 10, 1852

Fall and Winter GOODS.

WE are now receiving our Fall and Winter Stock, consisting of a very general selection of Hardware and Cutlery. Saddlery, Leather, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Iron, Steel and Nails, and Staple Dry Goods.

With a large Stock of
Groceries, Bagging, Rope, &c.
Persons visiting this market to purchase at Wholesale or Retail, would do well to give us a call.
J. T. WADDILL.
Sept. 27, 1851. 657-1f

Save Cost.
THE LAST CALL.

All persons indebted to the subscribers, by note or account, are hereby notified that all accounts and notes unsettled by the first of March next, will be placed in the hands of an Officer for collection.

HALL, SACKETT & CO.
Jan'y 31, 1852. 675-4f

A CARD.

HAVING sustained a severe loss by the fire on the night of the 2d January, I am compelled to call on all those who are indebted to me to make immediate payment. If they cannot settle in full, pay what they can, either in cash or notes negotiable at Bank.

A. A. MCKETHAN.
Jan'y 31, 1852. 675.

Entire new Stock of GOODS.

Having sold our old stock out, we now offer to our customers and friends an entire new stock of

DRY GOODS,
Hardware and Cutlery, Hats, SHOES & GROCERIES.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT.
All of which we will exchange for any kind of country produce, or sell on time to punctual customers.
COOK & TAYLOR.
Fayetteville, Sept 27, 1851

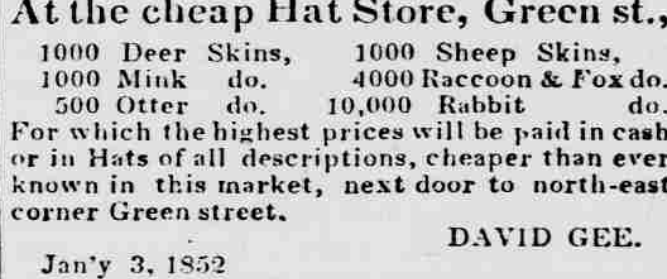
H. G. HALL,
FAYETTEVILLE FOUNDRY.
Castings of every description made to order.
A lot of Babbet Metal for sale.
WINSLOW STREET
Sept 6, 1851.

J. E. BRYAN
OFFERS FOR SALE
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hardware and Cutlery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Iron, Steel, Nails, &c., on the most reasonable terms for Cash, or in exchange for produce, at his store next door to Market Square, Hardie's building.
3000 LBS. BACON, sides, now in store.
October 4, 1851 1y

D. & W. McLAURIN
ARE now receiving a large and general assortment of Staple and Fancy
DRY GOODS,
Hardware and Cutlery, Boots and Shoes.
—ALSO—

75 bags Rio, Laguira and Java Coffee,
10 lbsds. Sugar,
75 pieces Cotton Bagging,
50 coils Bale Rope,
100 kegs Nails, assorted,
8 tons Swedes and English Iron,
500 sacks Liverpool Salt,
With loaf, crushed, powdered and granulated Sugars; Green, Peppercorn, Spices, Ginger, Powder; Shot; Bar Lead; Table Salt; bar and fancy Soaps, with a great variety of other articles, to which we invite the attention of purchasers at wholesale or retail, as low as any other house in the place.
D. & W. McLAURIN.
October 11, 1851.

WANTED,
At the cheap Hat Store, Green St.,
1000 Deer Skins, 1000 Sheep Skins,
1000 Mink do, 4000 Raccoon & Fox do,
500 Otter do, 10,000 Rabbit do.
For which the highest prices will be paid in cash or in Hats of all descriptions, cheaper than ever known in this market, next door to north-east corner Green street.
DAVID GEE.
Jan'y 3, 1852



BLAKE'S PATENT FIRE-PROOF PAINT

The subscribers have just received from the Patentee himself,
10 barrels Black and Chocolate colored Fire-Proof Paint, dry.
10 kegs (50 lbs. each) ground in oil, black and chocolate colored,
Which they offer for sale wholesale or retail.
JNO. H. & J. MARTINE.
Agents of the Patentee.
Fayetteville, Nov 29, 1851.

Blake's Patent Fire-Proof Paint.

The durability of this most valuable and extraordinary substance is such that it has only arrived at its best and most permanent state when ordinary Paints begin to turn back to powder and rub or wash off. It is applied like ordinary Paint, and in a few months becomes a perfect stone which resists both fire and weather. Time seems to have no influence except to make it adhere closer and form a more perfect state.

LOOK OUT FOR FRAUD.
This article has become so popular, that many unprincipled persons who have found beds of rotten-stone, unformed red sand-stone, or any minerals which resemble the genuine article in color, &c., have published that they have found beds of "Fire-proof Paint" which (without waiting to test their properties) they offer to the public for sale, and state that they are superior to everything, whereas none of them have been got up more than two years, and many of them not yet two months. I have the statement of more than 20 men of the highest standing in the vicinity of the Mines, who have seen and some of them used these counterfeit stuffs, which says there has been such a complete failure in all the different articles got up and offered for sale there as "Fire-proof Paints," except mine, that mine only is considered worth using. Besides all this, I have a patent upon the genuine article which has been submitted to some of the most able referees in the country, as also to the Hon. Danl Webster, all of whom decided in the most explicit terms that it was valid, and all persons manufacturing, selling or using this article, unless obtained of me, would be liable to me for damages.

Every person therefore to be safe, should see that my brand is on every package; for should they purchase any substance which will make the genuine "Fire-proof Paint" (not of my manufacture) they become liable to a prosecution for infringement of my Patent, and if they purchase a useless article, they of course lose their money.

The genuine article, of different colors, for sale by my only authorized agents, **J. H. & J. Martine,** Hay street, Fayetteville.

WM. BLAKE.
New York, Nov. 11, 1851.

Bargains! Bargains!!

The Subscriber, wishing to bring his present business to a close as soon as possible, will offer great bargains to those wanting goods. The stock embraces a great variety: Dry Goods, staple and fancy; Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps and Bonnets; Sugar, Coffee, Salt, Iron, Nails, Hollow ware, Hardware and Cutlery; coopers', carpenters' and smiths' Tools; turpentine ditto.
Those indebted will confer a favor by settling soon. Interest will be charged on all accounts for the year 1851, after 1st March, 1852.
P. TAYLOR.
Jan'y 31, 1852. 675-4f

GREAT BARGAINS!
On hand quite a stock of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, which will sell at very reduced prices. Buyers are invited to call and examine.
These Goods consist in part of
Silks, figured and color'd Silks,
Alpaca, plain and fig'd, English & French,
Black and solid Alpaca, Moripos, Pop-
lin, and Cashmeres,
Also, 150 pieces superior dark color'd Prints,
first quality.
Also, solid and plain Tarletons; dotted, bar and
plaid Muslin.
Also, one stock of black and color'd Cloths and
Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans and Sattinets.
A few pieces of Boots & Shoes, and Umbrellas.
A fine assortment of Hats, and a few dozen Kus-
hions on the way.
WILLIAM S. LATTA
Feb 7, 1852 676-4f

SAVE COST.
All persons indebted to the subscriber, either by note or account, at Liberty Point House, are requested to come forward and settle before the 20th February, or they may expect to pay cash, as they will be put into the hands of an officer on that day.
I can be found 4 doors from Liberty Point, over the store of C. S. Johnson.
JOSEPH BROOKSBANK.
Feb'y 7, 1852 2f

TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Proposals for clearing, grading, plank-
ing, bridging and finishing the Anson Plank Road,
and also for supplying all the necessary Lumber,
Timbers, and other material for the construction
of the said Road, will be received until the last
Wednesday in February.
For particulars and specifications apply to the
President at Cherry Hill.
Proposals will also be received at the same
time for the cutting and hauling of logs, and saw-
ing and delivering of lumber at the mill of the
Anson Plank Road Company. The location of the
mill and timber land will be shown on applica-
tion to the President.
ALLAN MACFARLAN,
President A. P. R. C.
Jan'y 31, 1852 676-3f

Sale of Negroes
& VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY.

The Subscriber, as Executrix of Robert Mc-
Nabb, will sell at the Court House in Carthage,
on the 17th of February, it being Tuesday of the
Superior Court, SIX LIKELY NEGROES, and
also 9 Lots in the said town, including the Taver-
n House and other buildings lately occupied
by her testator, and known as the "Carthage
Hotel," and also the Store and Lot on the north
side of the Public Square, and 123 acres of Land
in three tracts, near the town. The Tavern and
buildings have always been very valuable,
and are rendered more so now by the in-
crease of travel upon the Plank Road.
TERMS OF SALE—A credit of six months, with
bond and security.
ELIZABETH McNABB.
Jan'y 31, 1852. 2f

At the same time I will sell, as Administrator
of Henry Wilson, a valuable Blacksmith, on a
credit of 6 months—bond and security required.
ALEX KELLY, Admr.

A Farm and Beautiful Residence
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber wishing to remove to the
South-west, would sell his lands in this county,
upon reasonable and accommodating terms.
There are about 2700 or 3000 acres, all lying
in one body, and of which 400 or 500 acres are
in cultivation. The Plank Road of the Joint
Stock Company, from Fayetteville to Raleigh,
will run within one mile of the residence. Most
of the lands that are in cultivation lie within
three miles of the Cape Fear River, adjoining the
lands of John C. Williams and others.
The above situation is very desirable, from the
fact that it is surrounded by the best of neighbors
and society.
The subscriber might say much more by way
of inducement; but he deems it unnecessary, as
those wishing to purchase can call and see for
themselves.
The above lands can be divided so as to suit
purchasers.
Any further information can be given by ap-
plication to the subscriber, or by letter addressed
to him at Kingsbury, Cumberland Co., N. C.
D. S. WILLIAMS.
February 7, 1852. 676-6f

NEW GOODS.
Just received at
WHITE & UNDERHILL'S
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING STORE.

A variety of Ready-made Clothing, among which
may be found a superior article of Gentlemen's
Shirts, Boys' Coats, Gilets, and Vests, &c.
Feb'y 7, 1852 2f

Call and Settle.

All persons indebted to the subscriber either
by note or account, are requested to come for-
ward and settle, as no longer indulgence can be
given.
JOHN D. DOVE.
Feb. 7, 1852. 676-3f

FOR RENT.
A comfortable Dwelling on Green
Street.
Apply to
HALL & SACKETT.
Feb'y 7, 1852.

Fresh Arrivals.

We are constantly receiving fresh additions to
our present stock of Groceries and Provisions.
We have just received
500 lbs. superior Goshen Butter, more ex-
pected soon.
1000 lbs. new N. C. Lard,
1000 lbs. new North Carolina Bacon,
40 lbs. northern and country Whiskey—by
the barrel.
20 boxes extra Cheese.
Mackerel, Salmon and Blue Fish,
Clarified Lard, in 17 lb. kits for family use,
Buckwheat Flour in 12 and 25 lb. bags.
For sale by
LAWRENCE & TROY.
No. 10 Green street.
Feb'y 7, 1852. 676-4f

Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER EUROPA.
The steamer Europa arrived at Halifax
on the 6th inst, bringing Liverpool dates to
the 26th ult.

FRANCE.—By a decree, the Orleans
family cannot possess property of any de-
scription in France, and are bound to sell
what they now possess within one year.
Another decree cancels Louis Philippe's
donation to his children, and appropriates
it to other purposes.
The Duchess of Orleans's dowry of 300,
000 francs is continued.

The ex-representatives, who have not
been banished, have been authorized to re-
turn to their homes.

The great bodies of State are to wear
particular dresses. Those of the Council
of State, Senate, and Legislative bodies
will be rich, and resemble what was worn
under the empire.

It is said that the second, if not the
third, attempt on President Napoleon's
life has been made, and that an officer had
snapped his pistol at him as his carriage
was coming out of the Carousal.

ENGLAND.—The London journals are
suggesting various modes of defence in
case of an invasion. They urge the prop-
erty of recalling ships and steamers on
service.

SPAIN.—There had been several ex-
ecutions of military officers at Madrid.
Stringent measures had been enforced
to destroy the liberty of the Spanish press.

Liverpool Market.—The cotton market
has been very buoyant, with an advance
of about 1-16 on middling qualities.
American Flour had advanced 1 shilling
per bbl., with a light stock.

LETTER FROM MR BUCHANAN.

We find the following letter from this
distinguished Pennsylvanian in the *Mis-
sissippi*. It is entitled, says the *Even-
ing Argus*, to a careful consideration, as
the views of one, who, at the present time,
is occupying a large share of public atten-
tion in all parts of the Union:

WHEATLAND, near Lancaster,)
Wednesday, Dec. 24, 1851.

My Dear Sir:—I am sorry I did not re-
ceive your letter sooner. I might have then
given it the "old fashioned Democratic"
answer which you desire.—But I am com-
pelled to leave home immediately, and if I
should not write at the present time, it
will be too late for the 8th of January. I
must, therefore, be brief.

My public life is before the country;
and it is my pride never to have evaded an
important political question. The course
of Democracy is always straight ahead,
and public men who determine to pursue
it never involve themselves in labyrinthine
except when they turn to the right or left
from the plain forward path. Madison's
Report and Jefferson's Kentucky Resolu-
tions are the safest and surest guides to
conduct a Democratic administration of
the Federal Government. It is the true
mission of Democracy to resist centralism
and the absorption of unconstitutional
powers by the President and Congress.
The sovereignty of the States, and a devo-
tion to their reserved rights, can alone
preserve and perpetuate our happy sys-
tem of Government. The exercise of doubtful
and constructive powers on the part of
Congress, has produced all the dangerous
and exciting questions which have im-
periled the Union.

The Federal Government, never con-
fined within its strict constitutional limits,
must necessarily acquire more and more
influence through the increased, and in-
creasing expenditure of public money;
and hence the greater necessity for public
economy and watchful vigilance. Our
Constitution, when it proceeded from the
hands of its framers, was a simple system;
and the more free from complexity it re-
mains, the more powerfully, satisfactorily
and beneficially will it operate within its
legitimate sphere.

It is centralization alone which has pre-
vented the French people from establishing
a permanent Republican Government; and
entailed upon them so many misfortunes.
Had the provinces of France been converted
into separate territorial sovereignties,
like our State Governments, Paris would
then no longer have been France, and a
revolution at the capital would not have
destroyed the Federative Republic.

Had the principles I have enumerated
been observed by the Federal Government
and by the people of the several States, we
should have avoided the alarming questions
which have arisen out of the institution of
Domestic Slavery. The people of each
State would then, to employ a homely but
expressive phrase, have attended to their
own business, and not have interfered in
the domestic concerns of their sister States.
But on this important subject I have so
fully presented my views in the enclosed
letter to the Great Meeting in Philadelphia
held in Nov., 1850, that it would be use-
less to repeat them, even if time would
permit.

From your friend, very respectfully,
JAMES BUCHANAN.
GEO. R. FALL, Esq.

THE FORREST CASE.

This protracted trial was brought to a
conclusion, yesterday, by a verdict in
favor of the plaintiff, on all the issues, and
awarding her \$3,000 a year for alimony.
A very large portion of the community
will regard this an extraordinary result,
not sustained by the evidence; a large
portion will look upon it as just what it
should be, and, perhaps, the largest por-
tion of the three will regard it with perfect
indifference. The amount of alimony
looks a little vindictive, or else if the
jury approved of the course of life, which
according to some of the witnesses, the
plaintiff seems to have led, and wished to
give her the means to keep it up, certainly
they have declared their better than Mrs
Forrest has been the intended victim of
plots or conspiracies too base to be readily
conceived of.

But the verdict is of very little impor-
tance as regards the real struggle between
the parties, for the jury were only called
in as a matter of legal form. The cause
has not in point of fact been tried before
them, but before the community. The
evidence has not been confined to the
issues which the jury were professedly
sworn to try, but has been permitted to
sweep over all creation, and to draw in
the character of everybody, dead or alive,
who had ever anything to do with either of
the parties. All this was for the purpose
of influencing, not the verdict of the jury,
but that of the community. And what
has been gained in this respect? In our
opinion, nothing at all.

The cause has been on trial before the
public a couple of years. All the material
facts had been published and commented
on in the newspapers, and all who took an
interest in the controversy had formed an
opinion according to their view of the facts,
long before the trial came on. They had
taken sides, and we doubt whether any of
them have changed in consequence of the
developments made before the courts.

Their respective opinions and feelings
have only been rendered more intense by
the excitement of the trial. The friends
of Mrs Forrest and those who hated her
husband, will congratulate her upon her
three thousand a year, and will cling closer
to her than ever. On the other hand, the
friends of Mr Forrest will regard him a
victim of perjury and of a strongly biased
Court, and will regard him with more
enthusiasm than ever. When he next ap-
pears in the theatre his friends will secure
him such a triumph as no actor ever re-
ceived before.

Such, then, is the result, and the only
result, of a trial upon which so much time
has been wasted. In every aspect of the
matter it is painful to contemplate it.
Mr Forrest, as an American, and as the
first of living tragedians, had, and still
has, troops of admiring friends. For years
he enjoyed uninterrupted domestic hap-
piness. A quarrel between him and his
wife finally arises, which is dragged before
the public, and after prejudices are excited
which render a just or satisfactory verdict
next to impossible, it is brought into Court
and tried as if before a town meeting.
The Court is flooded with perjury; the
rules of evidence are set at naught; and
what is called a legal investigation is per-
mitted to take as wide a range as a per-
sonal or political discussion before an
election. The character of the judiciary,
the character of the parties, the character
of the witnesses, and of all concerned, if
not greatly damaged, certainly cannot be
materially elevated by such a mece-
lang may it be before we have another
like it.—V. F. Sun.

THE RICHMOND EDITORIAL DOUBT.—A
correspondent of the Baltimore Clipper,
writing on the 29th ult., says: "A gen-
tleman who was present at the recent
dual between Mr Daniel, editor of the
Richmond Examiner, and Mr Johnson,
editor of the Richmond Whig, which took
place near Silver Spring, on the line
which divides Maryland from the District
of Columbia, informs us that there were
on the ground, among others, the Hon.
Messrs. Gentry, Stone, Marshall, of Ken-
tucky, and Cabell of the House of Repre-
sentatives. Col. Powell, of Virginia,
acted as the friend of Mr Daniel, and
Col Rowan, of Kentucky, as the friend
of Mr Johnson. Distance 15 paces, Daniel
fired first, and missed; Johnson fired
next, and missed.—(and "a miss is as good
as a mile!") At the instance of Messrs.
Gentry and Blair, further shooting was
prevented, and the belligerents were
reconciled. Mr Blair, it is said, invited
the parties to partake of his hos-pitali-
ties, which they did, and, among other
doings, had a shot at the brandies and li-
quors. We don't say that any of them
were half-shot; but it was far better to
take this spirit in (though we are a ter-
rifier) than to ooze it out of either of the
chivalrous editorial gentlemen by means
of tapping with a pistol ball.—Norfolk
Beacon.

Mrs FORREST.—The N. Y. Day Book
states that Mrs Forrest's determination to
return to the stage has been formed in
opposition to the remonstrances of her
friends. It adds that she only desired to
obtain the alimony as a point of honor, and
that she has determined not to touch it for
her own support, but to depend for that
entirely upon her professional exertions.

See S Harrington