

The North Carolinian.

"CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS; AND THE GLORY OF THE STATE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF ITS CITIZENS."

R. K. BRYAN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JUNE 19, 1852.

VOL. 13—NO. 695.

TERMS OF THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.

Per annum, if paid in advance, \$2 00
Do. if paid at the end of 3 months 3 50
Do. if paid at the end of 6 months 5 00
Do. if paid at the end of the year, 7 50
No subscription received for less than twelve months, unless paid for in advance.
No paper discontinued until all arrears are paid.
Letters on business connected with this establishment, must be addressed to R. K. BRYAN, Editor of the North Carolinian—and in all cases post-paid.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Sixty cents per square for the first, and thirty cents for subsequent insertions, unless the advertisement is published more than two months, then it will be charged.
For three months, - - - \$1 00
For six months, - - - 1 50
For 12 months, - - - 2 50
All advertisements must be handed in by 10 o'clock Friday morning, and should have the number of insertions intended marked upon them, otherwise they will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.

1. All subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publishers may continue to send them until an order is received.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse taking their papers from the office to which they are sent, they are held responsible for their bills, and their papers ordered to be discontinued.
4. The courts have decided that refusing to take a newspaper or periodical from the Post Office, or removing and leaving it unopened for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

FOR SALE AT THE CAROLINIAN OFFICE, at 75 cents per quire.

For any quantity over 5 quires, 60 cts per quire.

JOHN D. WILLIAMS, Commission and Forwarding MERCHANT.

Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct 1, 1851.

MARBLE FACTORY. BY GEO. W. LAUDER.

Nearly opposite to E. W. Williams' Auction Store, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Oct 1, 1851—y

TEA! TEA! TEA!!

Hyson Tea, Imperial Tea, Young Hyson Tea, Oolong Tea, quality good, better, and choice, a large supply and good assortment—all selected by a judge, and recommended as fresh and fine flavored. For sale by S. J. HINSDALE.
Oct 11

IMPERIAL TEA.

Just received to-day a chest of Imperial Tea, that is as good, if not a little better than was ever offered at this market.
S. J. HINSDALE.
Oct 11.

HYSON TEA.

A chest of very superior quality, fresh and fine flavored, just received and for sale by S. J. HINSDALE.
Oct 11.

Molasses.

50 Hhds, a superior article, just received and for sale by PETER P. JOHNSON.
June 12, 1852.

FEE BILLS,

For Clerks of the County and Superior Courts, printed in a style suitable for framing, for sale at the Carolinian Office, at 10 cts each.

\$20 REWARD.

Runaway from the subscriber on the 14th inst. a negro boy named PETER, dark complexion, aged about 25 years. I will give \$20 for the delivery of said boy to me, or his confinement in any jail so that I get him.
I will also give \$10 for proof that will convict any white man of harboring or employing him.
J. M. JESSUP.
May 22, 1852. 301-1f

To Contractors.

The Commissioners of public buildings for Marion District, will receive Sealed Proposals both the 1st Monday in July next, for building a new COURT HOUSE, upon which day at 12 o'clock, M., the contract will be let out. The plans and specifications can be examined upon application to Thomas Evans, at Marion C. H. All bids addressed to Thomas Evans, and marked proposals for building new Court House.
THOMAS EVANS,
Chm of Com. Pub. Buildings for Marion District
Marion Co. Ho., S. C., March 27. 601-7f

Steamship Line

Between New York, Norfolk, Petersburg and Richmond.
Two splendid new steamships, built expressly for this route, are now running—Steamship City of Richmond, Z. Mitchell, Commander, and Steamship City of Norfolk, Jas. Post, Commander—one of which leaves New York every Thursday from Pier 5, East River, at 4 p. m.—returning, leaves Richmond and City Point on Friday and Norfolk on Saturday of every week. These vessels are thorough sea steamers, very fast, and have splendid accommodations for passengers.
Cabin passage & found between N. York and Norfolk, \$7
Do. do. do. City Point or \$8
Richmond do. do. do. \$5
Storage do. do. do. \$6
Do. do. do. do. Norfolk \$3
Freight from New York to Petersburg & Norfolk 7 cts foot
This is as expeditious, the cheapest, and most pleasant route passengers can take going to New York.
Insurance by these vessels is much lower than by sailing vessels.
JOSHUA WILLS, Agent, Norfolk
THOS. BRANCH, do. Petersburg
A. S. LEE, do. Richmond
MAILLER & LORD,
105 Wall-st., New York.
March 30, 1852 61a

THAT POLISH, HOW IT SHINES!

10,000 boxes sold within the last 9 months.

A. J. WOODWARD returns his thanks to the public for the unprecedented encouragement he has met with in the manufacture and sale of his celebrated Polish, and at the same time wishes it understood that he always keeps a supply on hand for wholesale or retail.
Experience has proved that this Polish is unsurpassed for quickness in putting a gloss on boots and shoes, and also in preserving the leather.
Persons wishing to oil their boots can use this Polish with equal success immediately afterwards; the leather should be rubbed as soon as the Polish is applied, before it dries.
The Polish can be found at the store under the Carolinian Printing Office.
Fayetteville, Feb'y 21, 1852. 678-1y

Entire new Stock of GOODS.

Having sold our old stock out, we now offer to our customers and friends an entire new stock of

DRY GOODS, Hardware and Cutlery, Hats, SHOES & GROCERIES, A LARGE ASSORTMENT.

All of which we will exchange for any kind of country produce, or sell on time to punctual customers.
COOK & TAYLOR.
Fayetteville, Sept 27, 1851 y

H. L. HOLMES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Office on corner of Front and Princess streets, under the Journal Office.
Nov 15, 1851 if

\$10 REWARD.

Runaway from the subscriber about the 1st of January last, a negro man named MIKE, who is supposed to be lurking in the neighborhood of Fayetteville, where he has a wife. Mike is a black fellow, about 5 feet 10 inches high, stoops a little when walking, and moves slowly. He was hired by me for this year. From the estate of Joseph Evans, dec'd. The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and delivery to me or confinement in jail so that I get him. Mike is 25 years old.
NATHAN KING.
April 10, 1852 683-4f

SPRING GOODS.

We are now receiving our usual stock of STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, &c., which being bought late in the season, (most of them at a considerable decline in price), we are now prepared to sell them very low. Please call and examine.
D. & W. McLAURIN.
April 10, 1852.

STARR & WILLIAMS

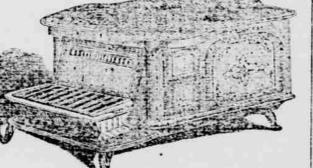
Would announce to their customers and the public generally that they are now receiving a large addition of STAPLE DRY GOODS, Shoes, Boots, &c., to their early Spring purchase, to which they especially invite the attention of country merchants.
Orders solicited, and every exertion made to give satisfaction.
S. & W. Fayetteville, April 28, 1852

E. C. HALL, OF ROME,

Successor of Hall, Sackett & Co.
Has now on hand a general assortment of Dry Goods, Saddlery, Hats, Caps, Shoes, Hardware, Groceries, &c.

A much larger and more general stock than ever opened on the East side of the Cape Fear—which he is prepared and determined to sell to punctual customers, either at wholesale or retail, at greatly reduced prices.
He would call particular attention to his stock of BOOTS AND SHOES. The assortment is unusually large, and of every quality and style, and having been bought for cash, he can and will sell them very low.
You that wish bargains will find it to your interest to give the Stock an examination before buying elsewhere.
Always on hand, a general stock of GROCERIES.
May 1, 1852.

C. W. ANDREWS, Dealer in Stoves,



AND MANUFACTURER OF PLAIN AND JAPAN TIN WARE, Copper, Tin Plate and Sheet-Iron Worker.

I have in my employment competent workmen, and am prepared to do all kinds of work, either in COPPER, TIN OR SHEET-IRON.
I have on hand all the necessary materials and machinery for making Factory Cans and Drums, and to do all kinds of factory work that can be done by any similar Establishment in the State.
Also, for sale, Patent Factory Can Rings, varying from 9 to 14 inches; Drum Beads, &c.
ROOFING, GUTTER & LEADER PIPES put up in the best manner.
Also, just received, a full supply of COOKING STOVES, of the most approved patterns, some of them very large for hotel and plantation use. Always on hand a good assortment of TIN WARE.
C. W. ANDREWS,
South-east corner Market Square.
May 15, 1852 y

OLD RYE.

Another lot of Doctor Williams' old rectified RYE WHISKEY.
J. & T. WADDILL.
March 27.

ROBESON INSTITUTE.

The Exercises in this School, under the same efficient instructors in the male department, will be resumed on the first Monday in July. The female department will be under the care of Miss Sarah Drake, an accomplished lady and scholar.
Tuition, per session of five months:
Primary English branches, \$0 00
English Grammar, Written Arithmetic, &c., 10 00
Ancient Languages, French, Higher Mathematics, Drawing & Painting, 15 00
Those who attend the lectures and experiments in the Laboratory, will be charged \$1 in advance. No other extras are charged. There is a very respectable Library belonging to the Literary Society in the Institute—the Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus is ample—the Cabinet of Minerals is well selected and extensive, and we can now confidently recommend this School to all wishing their children and wards a thorough moral and intellectual training. Students are charged from the commencement of the month they enter. It is highly important that all should be present in time to attend the first recitation, as classes are then formed, and an absence of a few days seldom fails to embarrass their course during the remainder of the session.
A. D. McNAIR,
Ch'n Board Trustees.
WM. N. WHITED, Sec'y.
June 5, 1851 693-5f

Spring Goods—1852. JAMES KYLE IS NOW RECEIVING ABOUT 250 Packages of DRY GOODS,

All of which being purchased for CASH, will be offered at very reduced prices for cash, or on time to punctual customers, either by wholesale or retail.
Bolting Cloths from No. 1 to 10, of the best that is manufactured 683-1f
March 27, 1852.

THE subscribers have on hand and are daily receiving the following GOODS:
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Cutlery, Oils & White Lead, a large assortment of Fish,
With many other articles not enumerated, embracing a large and well selected Stock, which they are disposed to sell LOW, either at wholesale or retail.
LEETE & JOHNSON.
April 10, 1852. 685-4f
2 doors West of Cape Fear Bank.

One of our firm having received the appointment of AUCTIONEER, we solicit consignments at home and from abroad.
LEETE & JOHNSON.

NOTICE.

I forewarn and every person from fishing or hunting on my lands in the counties of Cumberland, Bladen and Sampson, as I will enforce the law against all such trespassers.
G. T. BARKSDALE.
April 22, 1852. 687-4f

WANT OF MONEY!

I will sell my SUMMER RESIDENCE, two miles from the Market, on the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road—one of the most desirable and healthy places in the county.
Also, 40 Shares of Fayetteville and Western Plank Road Stock, and 30 Shares of Fayetteville Hotel Stock.
With the largest stock of Ready made CARRIAGES and BUGGIES ever offered in this place—over \$5000 worth—completely finished. All of which I will sell at very reduced prices for cash or negotiable notes.
So little attention has been paid to the call made by me after the fire of the 2d Jan'y, on those indebted to me to call and settle, that I am induced to offer the above property at reduced prices to enable me to rebuild my Carriage Establishment and continue my business with convenience.
I shall place notes in proper hands for collection, if not paid soon. I have all my accounts made out to the 1st Jan'y 1852.
A. A. MCKETHAN.
April 10, 1852. 689-4f

New and splendid assortment of SUMMER CLOTHING.

J. OTERBURG has just received a superb lot of extra fine Summer Clothing, including Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c. &c., of the best material and warranted not to rip, which he will sell for cash cheaper than can be procured elsewhere in town. These Goods are made up in a superior manner, and will bear the test of experience by the best judges of work. Purchasers are assured that if any of these articles should rip, they will be repaired free of charge.
May 22, 1852. 2m

State of North Carolina—Moore County, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—April Term, 1852.

Duncan M. Kennedy, Adm'r. vs. Assa Williamson, and others.
Petition for sale of Real Estate.
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Matthew Williamson and William Williamson, defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this State, and the ordinary process of law cannot be served on them, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolina Free Press, for the said Matthew Williamson and William Williamson to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the county of Moore at the Court House in Carthage, on the fourth Monday in July next, and plead answer, or demurrer to said petition, otherwise the allegations therein contained will be taken pro confesso, and the petition will be heard ex parte as to them.
Witness, Alexander C. Curry, Clerk of said Court, at Office in Carthage, various parts of April A. D. 1852 and in the 70th year of American Independence.
692-4f [Price adv \$2 25] A. C. CURRY, Clerk.

CHAIRS.

The subscriber offers for sale some 15 or 20 dozen Chairs of various patterns, manufactured in this place of well seasoned wood, the best the country affords; and if enabled by sufficient patronage, will continue to manufacture chairs of such material & workmanship as will insure their durability. Also, a general assortment of northern Chairs at the lowest prices.
A liberal price will be given in cash or barter for a few thousand feet of well-seasoned poplar Lumber, 12 to 2 inches thick, 14 inches and upwards wide, clear of splits, &c. Also, split hickory and white oak wanted.
DUNCAN McNEILL
Fayetteville, March 20, 1852. 4f

TALLOW! TALLOW!!

Cash paid for Tallow at Oct 11, 1851 A. M. CAMPBELL'S.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN, Fayetteville, N. C.

From the Raleigh Standard.
A CARD.
As our READERS learn from a friend, that the important portion of Mr. Kerr's address in this case was devoted to him, and as this attack was followed up by the Whig newspapers, we hope to have an early opportunity of vindicating ourselves before the people of Wake and as Mr. Kerr has expressed a desire to meet Gen. Pierce, we discuss the question of "a Convention," and have written to Gov. Reid to give him notice of applying to the gentleman at Fayetteville on the 24th, or at Graham on the 26th, at such places, if it shall be the pleasure of Mr. Kerr to continue the discussion.
Raleigh, June 10, 1852.

FIRST GUN!—Ratification meeting in Onslow.

The democracy of Onslow county held a large and enthusiastic meeting on the 7th inst. Resolutions were adopted heartily approving the nomination of Pierce and King.
The candidates for the Legislature addressed the assemblage, both Whig and Democrat advocating Free Suffrage, opposing a Convention, and recommending the amendments of the Constitution by legislative enactment.
Messrs Edward Cantwell, H C Jones, and E W Hall delivered eloquent addresses, amid loud and enthusiastic cheers.

We learn that a highly respectable Whig gentleman of Brunswick, and a candidate for the Legislature in that county, stated publicly, at Court this week, that he could not support Scott if nominated, and he congratulated the country upon the sound national and reliable candidates, brought forward by the Democratic National Convention.—*Wilmington Journal* June 11th.

It is said that the vote of Virginia was cast for Pierce through the exertions of Mr Eustace Conway of the Virginia delegation. Before the slightest hope had been entertained for Pierce, we observed the Hon. Jacob Thompson, of Mississippi, privately appealing earnestly and eloquently to some of the New England delegations to sustain Pierce, promising that the South would join in and nominate him. Soon after this Mr Dobbin, of North Carolina, rose, and in casting the vote of the old North State, made a thrillingly eloquent and effective speech of two minutes, thus doing the work for Pierce. Every State wheeled in, and soon the tried statesman and patriot of the Granite State was proclaimed the Democratic Standard Bearer for the contest of 1852.—*Portsmouth Daily Transcript*.

GEN. PIERCE'S GENEROSITY.

—In addition to the facts about Gen. Pierce, which have been given to the public since the adjournment of the Convention, we are informed by a personal friend of ours, a physician of this city, who was the surgeon of one of the ten regiments, that after the battles of Contreras and Churubusco, Gen. Pierce, in visiting the hospitals crowded with wounded soldiers, expressed his feeling by distributing a large sum of money among the unhappy sufferers; and when he returned, on receiving a balance of pay of \$240, he added \$60 to it, and expended among his men. He also, by his influence or purse, procured them free passages by the railroad. He sent money to many old soldiers.—*Baltimore Argus*.

THE STEAMER DOUGLASS.

We have heretofore neglected to notice the above steamer, which arrived here on Sunday last. The Douglass is to take her place on the Brothers line to Fayetteville, and is owned by our enterprising fellow-citizen, John Banks, who is her commander. The "Douglass" is nearly new, draws about 20 inches water, when light, works with stern wheel, including which she is 116 feet long, 20 feet beam, has an engine of 80 horse power, and measures 97 31/32 tons—has 5 1/2 feet hold.
We understand that two other steamers will shortly be placed upon the Cape Fear River.—*Wilmington Journal*.

The New York Tribune addresses the following touching admonition to those indiscreet gentlemen in the Whig party, who propose to procure the Whig National Convention, an endorsement of the Fugitive Slave law. There is some force in the objection raised by the Tribune:
"Men who are trying to force a Pro-Slavery resolve through the Whig National Convention next week! What do you propose to do with those Whigs who do not concur in it? What course do you expect them to take? What course does your meditated action indicate to them? Suppose you alienate and expel them from the party, what States do you expect to carry without them? 'If you kill all the Ravens,' [Christian subjects,] said a thoughtful Grand Vizier to a sloop-dash Sultan, 'how will you supply the place of the Captivity Tax?'—and this consideration arrested the meditated slaughter. Can it be possible that less forecast will be evinced next week at Baltimore?"

Ratification of the Nomination by the Democratic Members of the Virginia Legislature.

A meeting of all the democratic members of the legislature, now in Richmond, was held in the senate on the evening of the 9th inst. Several excellent speeches were made, and the finest spirit pervaded the assembly.
The Bank of the State of North Carolina has declared a dividend of five and a quarter per cent for the last 6 months.

HINTS ON POPPING THE QUESTION.

For the North Carolinian.
Mr Editor: We send you the following "hints," which we take from the "Editor's Drawer of Harper's New Monthly Magazine," and which may, with much propriety, be commended to the bashful, hesitating and ignorant, as well as to the "instruction" of the lady readers of the Carolinian:
"If you call on the 'loved one,' and observe that she blushes as you approach, give her hand a gentle squeeze, and if she returns it, you are safe. Do not be out of the room, sit down on the sofa, be the 'most adorable of her sex,' and talk of the joys of wedded life. If she appears pleased, rise, seem excited, and at once ask her to say the important, the life-or-death-deciding, the suicide-or-happiness-settling question. If she pulls out her comb, be sure you are accepted. Call her 'My darling Fanny,' and 'My own dear creature,' and this completes the scene." Ask her to name the blessed day, and fancy yourself already in Paradise.
A good plan is to call on the object of your affections in the forenoon; propose a walk, mamma consents, in the hope you will declare your intentions. Wander through the green fields; talk of "love in a cottage," "requited attachment," and "rural felicity." If a child happens to pass, of course intimate your fondness for the "dear little creature"—this will be a splendid hit. If the coast is clear, down you must fall upon your knee, right or left, for there is no rule as to this, and swear never to rise till she agrees to take you "for better or for worse." If, however, the grass is wet, and you have white pantaloons on, or if your trousers are tightly made, of course you must pursue another plan. Vow most solemnly, and even swear, you will blow your brains out, or swallow arsenic, or drown yourself, if she won't say "Yes."
If you are at a ball, and your charmer is there, captivating all around her, and occasionally casting a sly glance to see how you take it, get her into a corner and pop the question. Some delay until after supper, but delays are dangerous.
A young lady's tears, when accepting you, mean only 'I am too happy to speak.' The dumb-show of staring into each other's faces, squeezing fingers and sighing, originated, we have reason to believe, with the ancient Romans. It is practised nowadays as saving breath and being much more lover-like."
N. B.—If you once commence popping the question, and the 'dear one' looks like she is about to 'come it,' never desist (matters not what happens or who comes in) until she surrenders. If, however, she seems not to be much 'scared,' speaks without faltering, and begins to tell you how much she esteems you as a friend, and all that, change the subject immediately or commence whistling. The fact is, whenever you hear the word 'friendship' pronounced upon an occasion so critical, you had just as well 'save your woad to cool your soup.'
BEN BOLT.
Owlton, June 10.

ART OF SWIMMING.

Men are drowned by raising their arms above water, the unbowed weight of which depresses the head. Other animals have neither notion nor ability to act in a similar manner, and therefore swim naturally. When a man falls into deep water, he will rise to the surface, and will continue there, if he does not elevate his hands. If he moves his hands under the water any way he pleases, his head will rise so high as to allow him free liberty to breathe; and if he will use his legs as in the act of walking, (or rather walking up stairs,) his shoulders will rise above the water, so that he may use the less exertion with his hands or apply them to other purposes. These plain directions are recommended to the recollection of those who have not learned to swim in their youth as they may be found highly advantageous in preserving life.—*Exchange*.

THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER.

We had yesterday, the accidental pleasure of meeting the escaped Irish patriot, the young and eloquent Meagher. The personal description we published of him from our contemporaries, a day or two since was not a correct one. He is much younger looking than we had supposed. His appearance would indicate a man about 25 years of age, not corpulent as has been stated, but of medium height, strong, compact frame, a large, well formed head, finely set, a sparkling, mild eye, and a countenance alternating in colors between the rosy and sun-browned. In short, a man with strong Hibernian characteristics, though his features and voice are far less marked that way. His voice is soft and full, rather of the tone called "affected," though there is no affectation in Mr Meagher's speech or manner. He speaks with deliberation, but clearly, fluently and to the point.
Mr M. is no egotist—vanity and conceit have no part with him. He has escaped from bondage and is proud to stand upon our free soil, under the folds of our starry flag, and the protection of our laws. He has come among us from his captivity not a beggar, but to dwell in our tents, to practice his profession, the law, in our midst,

and to share our independence and hospitality. His father is a man of large wealth. Mr Meagher married in Van Dieman's Land, and his wife will, no doubt soon rejoin him here. He speaks highly of the soil and climate he has just left, and expresses deep sympathy with the free English colonists there, who, he says, are full of the spirit of liberty, preparing in due time to take their place "among the nations."
A meeting is to be held at the Astor, preparatory to a public reception of the young patriot. That he will grace his country we have full faith from what we have seen of him. He does not occupy his position. When assured, yesterday, that honors would be paid to him and his compatriots he replied, "would to God we had done something worthy of it!" He feels that idle show and acclamation are not the true business of patriots.
In reference to Kossuth and others, he expressed himself in sympathy with all who struggle for liberty—that he deprecated dissension among men battling in the same great and sacred cause. Speaking of patriotic associations among the Colonists he had left so abruptly, he exclaimed, "they, too, are athirst for freedom, and thus, from both poles rises the song of liberty—the music of humanity." Mr Meagher has won his fame chiefly as an orator—as the Emmett of the last Irish struggle. We subjoin a portion of one of his speeches delivered at Belfast, in 1847, which, while it is one of the strongest rebukes ever given to Irishmen, is a noble specimen of the orator's sentiments and power:
"A noble philosophy has taught us, that God has divided this world into those beautiful systems called nations, each of which, fulfilling its separate mission, becomes an essential benefit to the rest. To this divine arrangement will you alone refuse to conform, surrendering the position, renouncing the responsibility, which you have been assigned? Other nations, with abilities far less eminent than those which you possess, having greater difficulties to encounter, have obeyed, with heroism, the commandment from which you have swerved, maintaining that noble order of existence through which even the poorest State becomes an instructive chapter in the great history of the world. Shame upon you! Switzerland, without a colony, without a helping hand from any court in Europe, has held, for centuries, her footing on the Alps; spite of the avalanche, has bid her little territory sustain, in peace and plenty, the children to whom she has given birth—has trained them up in the arts that contribute to the security, the joy, the dignity of life—has taught them to depend upon themselves, and for their fortune to be thankful to no officious stranger; and, though a blood-red cloud is breaking, even whilst I speak, over one of her brightest lakes, whatever plague may issue from it, be assured of this, the cap of foreign despotism will never gleam again in the market place of Altorf. Shame upon you!
"Norway, with her scanty population, scarce a million strong—has kept her flag upon the Catagat; has reared a race of gallant sailors to guard her frozen soil; year after year has nursed upon that soil a harvest to which the Swede can lay no claim; has saved her ancient laws, and to the spirit of her frank and hardy sons commits the freedom which she rescued from the allied swords when they hacked her crown at Fredericksstadt. Shame upon you—Greece, whom the Goth, nor Turk, nor time hath spared not—has flung the crescent from the Acropolis; has crowned a king in Athens, whom she calls her own; has taught you that a nation should never die; that not for an idle pageant has the blood of heroes flown; that not to vex a school-boy's brain, and smoulder in a heap of dust, has the fire of heaven issued from the tribune's tongue! Shame upon you! Holland—whom the ocean as her foe—from the swamp, in which you would have sunk your graves, has bid the palace, rear their ponderous shapes above the waves that battle at their base—has out bid the merchants of the Bialto; has swept the channel with her Broom; has threatened England in the Thames; and, though, for a day, she reeled before the bayonets of Dumouriez, she sprang to her feet again, and, with the cry, 'Up with the House of Orange,' struck the tri-color from her Jakes.
"And you, who are eight millions strong; you who boast, at every meeting, that this island is the finest that the sun looks down upon; you, who have no threatening sea to stem, no avalanche to dread; you, who say that you could shield along your coast a thousand sail, and be the princes of mighty commerce; you; who by the magic of an honest hand, beneath each summer sky, might call a plenteous harvest from your soil, and with your sickle strike away the scythe of death; you, who can trace field to field, the evidences of a civilization older than the conquest, the relics of religion more ancient than the gospel; you, who have been blessed, thus been gifted, thus been prompted to what is wise, and generous and great; you will make no effort, you will whine and beg and skulk, in sordid rags, upon this favored land; you will congregate in drowsy councils, and when the very earth is loosening beneath your feet respectfully suggest new clauses and amendments to some plundering poor bill."

THE FLOWERS COLLECTION
Jas. H. Harrington
Samuel H. Harrington
John Harrington, Jr., Jr.
John Harrington, Jr., Jr.
Harrington