

LETTERS FROM HON. ROBERT STRANGE AND WARREN WINSLOW, ESQ. To the Tammany Society, New York.

Fayetteville N. C. June 30, 1852. Gentlemen: It is very doubtful whether I shall be able to avail myself of your most welcome invitation to participate in the festival of the ensuing anniversary of our national birthday, at Tammany Hall, on Monday, the 5th proximo.

I am greatly rejoiced to hear of the renewed union of the great republican party of New York, whose divisions have so seriously threatened with ruin the whole republican party of the United States. Believing, as I do, that the destinies of this great nation depend on the maintenance or downfall of republican principles...

Nothing could afford me greater satisfaction and delight than to meet in Tammany Hall on such an occasion and for such a purpose. The anniversary of American independence! What occasion more proper to devote to the welfare of one's country—the triumph of democratic principles?—What cause better suited to such occasion?

Very respectfully, Your obedient servant, WARREN WINSLOW. PLANTERS' CONVENTION.—We have been requested by several Planters, from the different Southern States, to call a convention of the cotton, sugar, and rice Planters...

SCOTT'S CHANCES FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

We commend to such of our whig friends as are over-sanguine of Gen. Scott's election, the following very candid admissions contained in a recent editorial in the New York Mirror, a leading whig paper. The facts exhibited speak for themselves, and the reader can judge of the justice of the conclusions which are drawn from them.

"We have been at some pains to examine the figures and see what the chances of the two great parties, Whig and Democratic, in view of their present position, are. We must confess that the hopes of a Whig triumph in November, are opposed by a stern array of facts. Except in this State, Vermont, Tennessee and Wisconsin, the Whigs have not a Governor; nor a Legislature, save in Kentucky, which offsets the Democratic Legislature of Wisconsin.

Thus far, the account stands 4 Whig Governors and Legislatures against 27 Democratic, leaving a Democratic balance of 23 States; 1 joint Whig vote in Congress 111 against 174 Democratic, 8 Free Soil, and 2 vacancies, leaving a Democratic balance, without Free Soilers, of 63, a pretty fair working majority. We have found it impossible to give in tabular form a final item, to wit—the latest popular vote of the states, which the Whigs have to overcome. A portion of the States elect their Governors by Legislature, hence the popular vote of 1851 is divided between gubernatorial, Congressional, and other Elections. We have, however, by going back to the Presidential election in 1848, in three or four States, got an average of the strength of the two parties according to the latest test.

What reason, then, has the Whig party for exulting too loudly over its chances. Can it expect to carry a stronger vote than General Taylor polled—and that vote, with the Democratic party united, will be of no avail.

GRANVILLE.—The Democratic ticket in this County is as follows: For the Senate, N. E. Canada; Commons, T. B. Venable, W. H. Lyon, and J. M. Bullock.

HOW THE NOMINATION OF GEN. SCOTT IS RECEIVED IN ALABAMA.

That Gen. Scott will carry a single Southern State we have no sort of expectation. The southern people are rather too wide awake to their own interests to aid in placing in the Presidential chair a man whose councils are likely to be guided by politicians of the Seward school.

"Of Gen. Scott, the candidate for the Presidency, it is useless for us to speak at length. He has been long before the country as the leader of its armies in the field of battle, and he has acquired a world wide reputation as the great captain of the age. No one can for a moment doubt his courage and military ability who knows anything of his history. But a military genius does not necessarily imply a talent for administering a government.

Col. McLemore brought the afflicting intelligence to this town, from West Point, yesterday, of the nomination of Gen. Winfield Scott, for President, and Graham, of No. C., for Vice President. Of course no expectation is entertained of getting the Southern vote with this ticket. Not one half the party in the South will vote for Scott, and in our opinion it is a great pity that any Southern Whig should.

NEGRO TROUBLES IN CANADA.—The St. Catharines (Canada) Constitutional gives an account of a riot which recently took place in its vicinity. It was training day, and an officer having awarded some praise to the blacks for the manner in which they went through the military exercise, some of the whites took offence at it, and treated the blacks with derision.

THE WHIG PRESS, in summing up the sins of our nominee, among other things states that Gen. Pierce's father was a poor man of Irish descent, and without a brilliant education! Horrible! Outrageous! [Pennysonian.]

N. C. RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of this Company met in Raleigh on 6th inst. The Report of the President shows that operations on the Road are in a state of rapid progress. The expenditures for work thus far done amount to the sum of \$291,561 04.

Cheroh and Darlington Rail Road.—We have been favored, says the Darlington Flag of the 8th inst., with the perusal of a letter from Mr. L. J. Fleming to J. Gregg, Esq., from which we make the following extract in reference to the route of the above mentioned line.

Wilmington, N. C., June 28, 1852. I shall leave the early part of next week for Sumterville, and intend to stop on the way, and start Mr Cooper with surveying. I will send him a young man who has been on the Central Rail Road.

GREAT FIRE IN BOSTON. Boston, July 10—6, p. m.—The largest fire that has occurred in this city for the last twenty years is now raging. Upwards of fifty buildings on Purchase and Broad streets, mostly occupied by poor Irish families, have already been destroyed, and the fire is still spreading.

Masachusetts Free-soil Convention.—The free-soil convention assembled on the 6th was attended by about 5,000 of the leading free-soilers of the State. Hon. John P. Hale was present, and was greeted with much enthusiasm. Stephen Phillips presided, assisted by a large number of vice presidents. A long series of resolutions was adopted, approving of the National Convention to be held at Pittsburg; declaring Mr Hale the first and Senator Chase the second, choice for the presidency; adopting Kossovitz's intervention doctrine; in favor of internal improvements by Congress, the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and an immediate repeal of the fugitive-slave law; denouncing slavery, and the democratic and whig parties; declaring the free-soil party as the party of the Union, constitutional law, of freedom and progress, and opposed to sectionalism, secession or disunion.

LETTERS were read from Hon. E. L. Keys, Hon. Horace Mann, Hon. Charles Sumner, and Hon. Salmon P. Chase, denouncing the democratic and whig platforms, and recommending a third ticket. During the progress of the meeting in the City Hall, the crowd became so great outside that it was addressed by Hon. John G. Palfrey, Amasa Walker, secretary of State of Massachusetts, Rev. Edwin Thompson, and Dr. J. W. Stone.

GEN. SCOTT.—The Catholics.—A letter addressed to the New York Herald, which the editor refuses to publish, because, in other points it alludes to the private affairs of Gen. Scott, says that letters have been addressed by certain Whigs, to all the Catholic Bishops in the United States, appealing for their influence over their flocks in behalf of the election of Gen. Scott, on the ground of his family connection with the Catholic Church, and that several favorable answers have already been received.

FOR SALE, An excellent SULKEY, almost as good as new, together with a good set of harness. Apply at the Carolina Office.

AMERICAN UNION PARTY.

In our Telegraphic columns will be found a synopsis of the proceedings of the American Union Party Convention, held at Trenton, yesterday, and attended by delegates from ten States. The proceedings of this convention will be read with interest, as proceeding from a body of unsectional, intelligent, patriotic, and influential men—men evidently resolved on the course they have marked out. New Jersey, New York, Massachusetts, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Georgia, Maryland, Virginia and Delaware were the States represented, and the convention, after an animated discussion of principles, appointed a nominating committee, composed of B. T. C. Morgan, of Pa; E. Davis of Ill; C. Carroll, of Md; Joseph Ames, of N. J; Wm. Beals, of Mass; W. H. West, of Ohio; J. F. Tompson, of Ga; J. L. Labon, of Va; and J. W. Bryce, of New York—who reported the names of Daniel Webster, of Mass., for President, and George C. Washington, of Virginia, for Vice President; the former received 27 of 31. These nominations were, therefore, unanimously agreed to by the convention, after appointing a National Committee of eight, adjoined.

With regard to the route, I can only say before the completion of the survey, that the cheapest route will cross Black Creek one and a half miles below the C. H., and any deflection towards the C. H., or to a crossing near Pine Log Church, should only be made upon increased subscription, sufficient to justify it, but the company should not hesitate in making such deflections, if the increased subscription be tendered.

Fall Trade, 1852. PETITTS, HARRIS & DANIELL, No. 23 NASSAU STREET, Near the Post Office, New York.

SILK & FANCY DRY GOODS, Now in Store, and arriving by every steamer, consisting, in part, of DRESS GOODS in every variety; TAFFETA & SATIN RIBBONS; Fancy, Bonnet and Cap RIBBONS, an elegant assortment; black, and fancy SILKS; WHITE GOODS, every description; LACES and EMBROIDERIES, GLOVES, MITTS, HOSIERY, CRAVATS, &c. &c.

WILMINGTON MARKET. Corrected weekly by the Wilmington Commercial.

Table listing market prices for various goods such as BACON, BEESWAX, COFFEE, COTTON, COTTON BAGGING, COTTON YARNS, CANDLES, DOMESTIC GOODS, FEATHERS, FLOUR, GRAIN, HIDES, IRON, LARD, LEAD, MOLASSES, SALT, FLAXSEED, SUGAR, etc.

A PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency, DAVID S. REID, Governor of the State of North Carolina.

Whereas, three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House of the State Assembly did at the last session pass the following AN ACT to amend the Constitution of North Carolina.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House concurring, that the second clause of the third section of the first article of the amended Constitution ratified by the people of North Carolina on the second Monday of November, A. D. 1835, be amended by striking out the words 'and possessed of a freehold within the same district of fifty acres of land for six months next before said day of election', so that the said clause of said section shall read as follows: All free white men of the age of twenty-one years (except as is hereinafter declared) who have been inhabitants of any one district within the State twelve months immediately preceding the day of any election and shall have paid public taxes, shall be entitled to vote for a member of the Senate.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, That the Governor of the State be, and he is hereby directed, to issue his Proclamation to the people of North Carolina, at least six months before the next election for members of the General Assembly, setting forth the purport of this Act and the amendment to the Constitution herein provided, which Proclamation shall be accompanied by a true and perfect copy of the Act, authenticated by the certificate of the Secretary of State, and both the Proclamation and the copy of this Act, the Governor of the State shall cause to be published in all the newspapers of this State, and posted in the Court Houses of the respective Counties in this State, at least six months before the election of members to the next General Assembly.

Done at the City of Raleigh, on the thirty-first day of December, in the thirty-fourth year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, and in the 70th year of our Independence.

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