WILLIAM J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

VOLUME XV-NO. 817.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION TO THE CAROLINIAN. For a single copy, if paid in advance, per annum, \$2 00 at the end of 3 months, 2 50 " at the end of 6 months, 3 00 " at the end of the year, 3 50

No subscription will be received for a shorter period than one year unless paid in advance. With the view of extending the circulation and enhancing the usefulness of the paper, the proprietor of-

fers the following remarkably low CLUB RATES, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE: 5 copies of the Carolinian, 1 year, \$8 00

10 " " " 15 00 Letters on business must be addressed to the under signed, and must be post paid.

Rates of Advertising : Sixty cents per square of 16 lines for the first and thirty cents for each subsequent insertion, unless the advertisement is published for more than two months, when it will be charged For three months, - - - - \$4 00

For six months, - - - - 6 00 For twelve months, - - - - 10 00 All advertisements must be handed in by Friday 10 o'clock, a. m., to ensure their insertion in the next day's paper, and should have the desired number of insertions marked on them, orthorwise they will be in serted till forbid and charged accordingly. WM. J. YATES.

## MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

FAYETTEVILLE POST OFFICE. RALFIGH MAIL, (2 horse coach.) Due Daily at 62 a. re. Closes daily at 34 p. m. WARSAW MAIL (4 horse coach.) Due daily, except Sunday, at 6 o'clock, a. m. Closes daily, except Saturday, at 3 p. m.

CHERAW MAIL, (Sulkey.) Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 15 a. m. Closes Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at 124 p. m. Wilmington (via Elizabethtown) Sulkey.

Due Sunday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 1 a. m. Closes Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at 9 p. m. SALEM MAIL, on Plank Road, 2 horse back. Due Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, at 3 p. m. lav. Wednesday and Friday, at 34 p. m Marion C. H. (via Lumberton) Sulkey. Due Tuesday and Saturday, at 10 p. m.

Closes Wednesday and Saturday, at 9 p. m. SWIFT ISLAND MAIL (via Trov). Due Tuesday at 6 p. in. Closes Tuesday at 9 p. m. MAIL TO STRICKLAND'S DEPOT. Due Tuesday at 2 p. m. Closes Tuesday at 2 p. m. MAIL TO ELIZABETHTOWN (via Terebinth.)

Due Wednesday at 7 p. m. Closes Monday at 9 p. m J. E. BRYAN, P. M.

MARBLE FACTORY, BY GEO. LAUDER. Nearly opposite to E. W. Willkings' Auction Store. Layetteville, N. C.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS Opposite the Cape Fear Bank.

JONES & LETT Have now in Store a large and handsome Stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS, Selected during the past month, by one of the firm in the New York Market, comprising a large Stock of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS,

Boots. Shoes and Umbrellas, Together with a large assortment of fine FAMIL' GROCERIES, Confectioneries, &c., all of which the are prepared to offer to their customers, and all thos wishing to purchase select goods, at the lowest marke prices. 76- Produce taken in exchange for goods. [J. W. LETT. REUBEN JONES.]

A. M. Campbell, AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT, East side of Gillespie street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! The undersigned has now in Store his Fall and Win ter stock of GOODS, consisting of a general assort

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots and Shoes, Sa'tinets, Cassimeres, Linseys, Flannels, Muslin-de-Lains, Alpaceas, Showls, Cravats, &c. Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Tobac eo. &c. &c. Also, a general and well selected stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of Coats. Vests, Pants, Shirts and Under-shirts. Adamantine, sperm and pearl Candles; pepper, spice salaratus, starch, fine chewing tobacco, &c.

North side of Person St., next door to F. D. Breece N. B .- All persons indebted to me by note or ac count are respectfully requested to call and settle im mediately, as longer indulgence will not be given.

Produce taken in exchange for Goods at marke

PEARCE & FERGUSON,

Wholesale dealers in Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS. Hats, Caps, Boots, Shees, Umbrellas, and READY-MADE CLOTHING. North side Hay street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. 38 Strict attention paid to orders. B. F. PEARCE.

WILLIAM BOW, Dealer in

July 15, 1854

J. B. FERGUSON.

C. W. ANDREWS.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES. FAMILY PROVISIONS, &c. Foot of Haymount, Fayetteville, N. C. October 7, 1854 DAVID MCDUFFEE,

BRICK MASON AND PLASTERER, Fayetteville, N. C. Persons wanting work done in his line will be J. R. Whitaker & Co., Fayetteville, N. C. promptly attended to by addressing him at the Fayette- by the author of the wide, wide world; Redeliff by the Dress and frock Coats, sack and business Coats, Fayetteville, Jan'y 28, 1854

MISS M. BINGHAM. The next session of her school will commence on Monday the 9th of Oct. at her own house on Old She will teach the various English Branches usually taught in High Schools. Also, drawing and painting. Sept. 30, 1854.

STOVES. I have a good assortment of Cooking, Parlor, Box, and a few Coal Stoves. I will sell very low-call and examine at south-east corner Market Square.

October 21st. 16-8t Application will be made to the approaching session of the Legislature for the manumission of slaves Handy, Polly and Louisa. 2t-pd

FALL STOCK, 1854. STARR & WILLIAMS Have now in Store a LARGE STOCK OF DRY GOODS.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER .... Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News,

J. M. WILLIAMS.

Hats, Ca s. Boots, Shoes, Silk and Straw Bonnets, Umbrellas, and Ready-made Clothing. Which will be sold to WHOLESALE BUYERS,

exclusively. The attention of Merchants is particularly invited to this Stock. Orders solicited and satisfaction guar-J. B. STARR.

807-tf Aug. 16, 1854.

1854. FALL AND WINTER GOODS. Our Fall and Winter Stock of

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, Bonnets, and

READY-MADE CLOTHING, Is now in Store and ready for inspection, embracing by far the largest and most extensive assortment we have ever offered to the trade, and is well worthy the examination of every Merchant visiting this place. Particular attention paid to orders.
HALL & SACKETT. August 19, 1854

FALL, 1854. NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS. PEARCE & FERGUSON

Are now receiving their Fall and Winter Stock of DRY GOODS. Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Umbrellas, Parasols, Boots, and Shoes, &c. &c. With an extensive assortment of Ready-made Clothing. All of which they offer to purchasers at low prices and upon accommodating terms.

From long experience, and by strict attention to business, they hope to merit a share of public patronage. B. F. PEARCE. J. B. FERGUSON. Fayetteville, Aug. 17, 1854. 807-tf

SHEMWELL & McDONALD, (Successors to P. Shemwell.) DEALERS IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS. ECOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,

Also a general assortment of Straw & Silk BONNETS In addition to our stock now on hand, which is very good, we will in a few days receive a new supply of SEASONABLE GOODS, Which we will sell low for cash or on reasonable time o punctual customers.

A. N. McDONALD. East side Green Street. Favetteville, Sept 23, 1854.

JAMES KYLE In now receiving his Fall Supply of DRY GOODS. Boots and Shees, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c Among which are,

French and English Merinos, very cheap, Muslin deLains and Alpaceas. Brocade, plaid and plain Silks, Muslin and Bobinet, Sleeves and Collars, Merino and other Shawls, long and square, Calleo and Ginghams. Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs. Best made Bolting Cloths, A large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, With many other Goods, all of which being purchased y the package at the late reduced prices, will be

effered wholesale or retail at very low prices. September 15, 1854. NOTICE. Having opened a Store on East side of Gillespie treet, opposite P. P. Johnson, and one door South of W. Draughon, I would beg leave to announce to the itizens of Favetteville and surrounding country, that

I have just received my stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, Consisting of Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Sugar and Coffee, &c.,

Which I will sell on accommodating terms, SAM'L CAIN, Jr. 13-2m MRS. WALTON

very large stock of MILLINERY FANCY GOODS, And the latest style of DRESS TRIMMINGS and PATTERNS; Cloth and Velvet Mantillas, Talmas, and loaks; Collars, Under-Sleeves, and inside Capes, paid. Also a very handsome assortment of HEAD-DRESSES

her patrons and friends will call before purchasing Fayetteville, Sept. 30, 1854 GOLD MINE IN ROBESON COUNTY The subscriber wishes to sell his valuable Plantation in the county of Robeson, 7 miles south from Lumber-

She returns thanks for former patronage, and hopes

ton on the Georgetown road, containing Twelve hundred and fifty Acres of Land, 350 of which are under cultivation. It is well adapted to the growth of corn cotton, wheat, &c. It also offers | River, known as the McKay and Toomer Lands, (purses a good and comfortable Dwelling House, together as is to be found in the County of Cumberland. session can be given in a short time.

A. H. FULMORE. Lumberton, Oct. 2, 1854

BOOKS! BOOKS!! Still they comes-More New Books & Stationery. the Town House, at 12 o'clock, M. Just received at the Fayetteville Book Store, one door below the Fayetteville Mutual Insurance Company's Office, opposite the new College Building, Hay Street, a new supply of School Books, all classes, from a small primer up. Schools or Merchants would find it to their advantage to call or send their orders to Just received, The Wide, Wide World; also Queechy

Two Guardians; Henrietta's Wish; Na Mota by Ed. T. Perkins, M. D.; Sequel to the Neighbor's Children by and Aims; Thoughts and Things of home and abroad; ever seen in this market or any other. Chart; Life's Lessons; Mechanic's Text Book by Kent; Fashion and Famine; Isabell Carrollton; History of England by Dickins; Baxter's Call; the Witch Doctor; Peterson's Ladies Magazine; Little's Living Age; the Broken Promise; Prairie Flower; How to be Happy; Convert of St. Paul; Ticonderoga; the Mob Cap by Mrs Lee Hentz; and all of Mrs Lee Hentz's writings. Also, Guitar, Violin, Accordeon, Flute and Piano Instruction Books; writing desks, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Call and see Gleason's Pictorial, Daily Herald. Living Age, and Peterson's Ladies' Magazine. J. R. WHITAKER & CO. 13-tf.

S. S. AREY, Dealer in

FANCY DRY GOODS, HATS. CAPS: Boots, Shocs, and Sugar and Coffee. The public are invited to give a call at the Old Stand occupied by S. J. Hinsdale, south-west corner Thomas Bragg, Esq., Governor elect, to Edenof Market Square. Oct. 28, 1854.

LAND FOR SALE.

The subscribers will offer their tract of Land for sale to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 28th day of November next, at their residence in the lower end of Moore County, on Lower Little River, 12 miles from Carthage, and 28 miles from Fayetteville, containing 300 Acres. 40 of which is cleared, the remainder is heavily timbered with pine, unsurpassed for turpen-tine, tun-timber, and the lumber business, as none

Cattle. Let any person desirous of purchasing call at the premises, and we shall be pleased to show the land, and give further information. Terms made

known on day of sale. ARCHIBALD C. CURRIE. DUNCAN J. CURRIE. Oct. 28, 1854. 17-4t-pd

BUTTER.150 Firkins prime Mountain Butter. 8 bushels Cranberries. Oct. 28, 1854. 17-4t GEO. MeNEILL.

1000 Acres of Land for Sale. The subscriber offers 1000 acres of good Turpentine Road, a part of which is well adapted to cultivation.

Apply to JAMES JENKINS. Apply to Oct. 28, 1854. 17-4t

NEW GOODS. We are receiving large additions to our Stock of gret it .- Salisbury Banner.

DRY GOODS. HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, CLOTHING, &c., All of which were selected with care and will be offered at low prices to wholesale purchasers. H. & E. J. LILLY. Oct. 28, 1854. 17-4t

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

J. & T. WADDILL, HAY STREET. Are now receiving their Fall and Winter GOODS. consisting of a large and well selected stock of GROCERIES HATS and CAPS, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Cutlery. Saddlery and Leather,

Heavy articles in the Blacksmith & Turpentine Tools. Drug line, Ready-made Clothing Agricultural Impleand steple Dry Goods. ments. This Stock we are prepared to job or retail.

Hats and Shoes.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK.

COOK & JOHNSON Invite attention to their NEW STOCK now arriving.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, Crockery, Glassware, GROCERIES

RANGER'S NOTICE.

Taken up by Hugh McPherson, on the 15th instant, and entered as a stray on the 23d, a Grey Horse of common size, supposed to be eleven or twelve years old, shod on the fore feet, and has gear marks. Said Horse was viewed and appraised to the value of eighty dollars. The taker up resides 13 miles west of Favetteville on the Favetieville and Centre Plank Road. DANIEL S. McCOLEMAN, Ranger, Cumberland county, Oct 23d.

NOTICE.

On the 12th of June last I mailed a letter at Prospect Hall P. O., Bladen county, directed to Mr Joshua Carman, Fayetteville, N. C., containing two one hundred dollar notes on the Commercial Bank of Wilmington, one numbered 1262 the other 1895. The letter and Bartram Robeson, and endorsed by Thos. J. Robe-Will return from the North the first of October with a son, for the purpose of renewing a note held by the Bank of Cape Fear at Fayetteville. The letter has not JOHN S. WILLIS. Oct. 28, 1854. 2m

COMMON SCHOOLS.

Common Schools of Cumberland County. EDW'D LEE WINSLOW. J. T. WARDEN. W. A. HUSKE.

Favetteville, Oct. 23, 1854.

That valuable Plantation, on East side of Cape Fear

inducements to those who are or wish to engage in the chased at the recent sale of my deceased father's ded that we should die. Those who have been of the country, has added nothing to the naturpent ne or lumber business. There is on the premisestate,) containing 5:30 acres of as good farming land long tormented by a bodily pain are generally tional wealth .- It has only received any subwith a cotton gin and screw, and other buildings re- one in want of a good farm, convenient to the best quisite on a plantation. Any person wishing to pur- market in the Southern country, could not do better chase would do well to call soon and see me, as I am than to purchase this, as a bargain may be had. I will tracted to an extreme old age, beyond the composed of three articles, cotton, tobacco, and determined to sell. and a bargain may be had. Pos- be pleased to show it to any one who may give me a usual period of mortality, even when they labor rice, exclusively the products of slave labor. Sept. 30, 1854, 13-tf

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS. large and splendid stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Consisting in part of Cloaks and Overcoats of all descriptions and the Bubbleton Parish by an American Minister; Life largest and best selected stock of PANTS and VESTS

FUR.VISHING GOODS for Gentlemen.

Which we offer for sale at wholesale or retail on reasonable terms. Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call & examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Person street, next door to the Cape Fear Bank. GREENTREE, HEXTER & CO.

2m

October 28, 1854 W P. ELLIOTT,

General Commission and Forwarding Merchant, WILMINGTON, N. C. June 17, 1854

## NORTH CAROLINIAN. FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Ve understand that upon a recent visit of tor, the event was signalized by the firing of thety guns and other demonstrations of admiration and respect. Mr B, is held, and deservedly held, in the very highest esteem, wherever he is known .- Elizabeth City Pioneer, Oct. 24.

THE FAIRS .- The Petersburg and Norfolk papers give glowing accounts of the Agricultural Fas held last week in those cities. The Hon. A.W. Venable delivered the address before has been taken off.

The above land is within a half mile of the River.
and two distilleries very convenient; the range is very good for stock. It has also a good Mill site with a dam already made.

the one held in Petersburg, and the Hon. Kenne held in Norfolk.

no h Rayner before the one held in Norfolk.

number of articles in all branches on exact bition at both fairs, was very large, and some the one held in Petersburg, and the Hon. Kenbition at both fairs, was very large, and some Territories of Nebraska and Kansas." You, They will also sell on the same day, their stock of of them are represented to be of a very fine kind.

> last week for Senator, Rowan and Davie, re- faithful public service. sulted in the return of Chas. F. Fisher, Esq. by a majority of 158. Rowan 141; Davie, 17 This was not a political contest, and although a regular Whig candidate was nominated in

not to be set down as a palitical victory. It was certainly made in spite of the strongest opposition of some violent partizans, the' not many, and also notwithstanding the solemn LAND for sale, situated on Nicholson's creek, 19 miles appeals and warnings of our neighbor, who by the Federal compact. A retrospect of our West from Fayetteville in Cumberland County, lying called most lustily for a "Whig rally;" but the conduct as members of a common confederacy, things, and self-willed.

of any kind asked or offered, and we hope the protection of any interest pertaining to their people of the District will have no cause to re-

death .- Salisbury Watchman, Oct. 28th.

Williamson Page, Esq., of this County, raised you may or may not carry into the Territory, during the contest of 1850 a proposition was the last season on one acre of land one hun- she might just as well contend for the power to made in Congress to re-enact, to revivify this dred and one-half bushels of corn, and on exclude you altogether, your exclusion by the compact by extending the line of 36 deg. 30 another acre eighty-one and one-half bushels of one mode or by the other, would be a practical min. in the assal form to the Pacific ocean, the corn. The corn was ploughed but once, and establishment of two "castes" in American North was a unit, if I mistake not, in voting no manure was applied to the ground. Under sovereignty, States of superior and inferior rank. against it. This recent apotheosis of the Misvield .- Standard.

purpose of examining those who wish to teach in the some other instances which I might adduce, are her resources but Southern capital? exceptions to the general rule-which is, that From a compilation of facts furnished me by both mental and bodily suffering terminate long a friend in the Treasury Department, I find before the scene is finally closed. Then, as to that the exports of the domestic products from the actual fear of death, it seems to me that the United States from 1821 to 1853, amounted other serious objections which it would be out the Author of our existence, for the most part, in round numbers to \$3,000,000,000. This has of place for me to enumerate here. Will it be gives it to us when it is intended that we should been our trading capital. What we have conlive, and takes it away from us when it is inten- sumed, whether produced in this or that section Any as auxious to die as they ever were to live .- stantial addition from our exports, and out of So it often is with those whose life has been pro- the large amount given above, two-thirds were J. W. STRANGE. under no actual disease .- Psychological Inquiries. The other third, composed of breadstuffs, spirits, 

If not sold at private sale before Tuesday of LET THE PRINTER LIVE IF THE WORLD IS COMING the North as well as at the South, but I have November Court, it will be offered for sale at To AN END .- A Second Adventist in Middlesex no means of ascertaining the proportion. It is county, who has his ascension robes all ready, not extravagant to claim at least one-third of and sleeps on the roof of the house every night, the latter for the South, which would give has addressed the following letter to a paper in seven-ninths of the exports of the country to Lowell, called the "World's Crisis." We think the slaveholding section. A contemplation of The subscribers have just received and opened a he is in a very fair way of going up heavenward these facts should inspire us with the conviction last thoughts are directed towards paying the Federal compact in promoting the general wel- or veiled as their wit or ingenuity may suggest,

Perkins, M. D.; Sequel to the Neighbor's Children by Mrs Myers; Legends of the White Mountains; Poems and Eallads by Massey; History of Cuba; Records of Largest and best selected stock of PANTS and VESTS. Harrietta Dell; Book and its Story by Rev. T. Philips;
Current Subjects by Wm. Elder; Lady Russett's Letters; Mason's Farrier; Eminent Statesmen; Templer's Chart; Life's Lessons; Mechanic's Text Book by Kent;
Chart; Life's Lessons; Mechanic's Text Book by Kent;
Chart; Life's Lessons; Mechanic's Text Book by Kent;
Chart C light, bless his name! I have proved that the crucifixion was A. D. 41, and every period is perfectly fulfilled but the last, and that is here. Oh, what manner of persons ought we to be in all and every period liberality. Yet how deaf are they to any call of gratitude. The State of Maine has lately proudly, energetically, re-echo the patriotic indicated by her election, that she is ready and continued? As far as North Carolina is concerned, I feel proud in believing that she, from the mountains to the seacoast, will faithfully, proudly, energetically, re-echo the patriotic indicated by her election that she is ready and we to be, in all manner of conversation and godliness!" Praise God that we live in this day. I send you two dollars, that the paper may be sustained two or three weeks longer, of which if the more depaired it would be got the state of Maine has lately indicated by her election, that she is ready and ripe for a crusade against Southern interests. She has abolitionized her whole Congressional delegation. Yet she still enjoys this monopoly, till we arrived it would be got to be succession to grant the south should be a unit."—And with your permission I propose the following sentiment:

LETTER FROM HOY. W. S. ASHE. The following letter from our worthy Repre-

Literature, Agriculture, and General Information ---- TWO DOLLARS IN ADVANCE.

TEACHEY'S DEPOT, Duplin Co., Sept. 25. GENTLEMEN: Your letter of the 4th instant, honoring me with an invitation to a public dinner to be given to your representative in Congress, the Hon. John Kerr, on the 28th just., at Yanceyville, is before me. I-regret exceedingly my inability to comply with your request. My long absence from home will require that all my time time and attention should be given to my private business.

I am truly pleased at this manifestation of approval given to your distinguished representative for his course on "the bill to organize the in my opinion, do no more than justice in adding to the confidence already reposed, by this THE RESULT.—The special election held here renewed acknowledgment of gratitude for his

I agree with you in the importance that your people attach to the momentous issues likely o grow out of the present agitation at the North opposition by a few persons duly "convened will indulge me with a few reflections which the and organized," the election of Mr Fisher is time suggests. The first question is: Why on the "question of slavery, and I trust you this agitation at the North, and what has been done so to excite the public mind in that section, as to make them threaten hostile legislation against an interest which we claim is protected people are sometimes obstinate about these is suggestive of the following inquiries: Have we ever invaded any of the Constitutional rights Mr Fisher has been elected without pledges of the North? Have we ever withheld the persons or property? Have we ever manifested the least disposition to resist them in their liber- never so considered by the North, and violated The Canadian True Witness says that it ties, or to frustrate their prosperity? Have we by them when ever an opportunity presented The Canadian True witness says that it thanked God "in reading Captain Luce's narrative—thanked God "in reading Captain Luce's narrative—thanked God the Arctic was not a British vessel—nor her lubberly crew British provide for the common defence, or to promote the general welfare? Or finally, I might mote the general welfare? seamen?" Not so fast; since it is put upon the seamen?" Not so fast; since it is put upon the footing of nationality, we hesitate not to affirm formation of the Federal Government, that we formation of the Federal Government, that we in Congress voting against its observance, and have shown an unwillingness to obtain? Can no subsequent occasion has ever been allowed find them chiefly born subjects of the English tion of any Constitutional duty? No, gentle- striven for its destruction. find them chiefly born subjects of the English Queen. The people who remained with the women were chiefly Americans.—New York of duty towards our Northern friends, and this of duty towards our Northern friends, and this same time; the latter lying north of this prestorm is now raised over our heads in all its fury, tended compromise line, the former south of it; MELANCHOLY DEATH.—We regret to learn for no other reason under Heaven, than that they each possessed the usual requisites for adthat Col. Richard Lowry, of this vicinity, was we will not allow the North to use the common mission, but how differently were their applicakilled on vesterday, on his way to Concord to agent, the General Government, to exclude us tions treated. Michigan was admitted without attend the meeting of the Presbyterian Synod. from the occupancy of common property. You the least struggle. Not so Arkansas. Heavy We are not in possession of the particulars, further than that his horse became frightened at revolves itself into the simple fact, that the through before the portals of the confederacy Fayetteville, Oct. 24, 1854.

Ther than that his noise became frightened at the train on the Railroad, and in attempting to the train on the Railroad, and in attempting to perty—the Territories—which belong as much hold him, was thrown and struck in the temple perty—the Territories—which belong as much first growl of this fiend, Abolitionism, and from hoes.

hold him, was thrown and struck in the temple to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after. Col. L. was a most excertant curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after the college to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after the curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after the curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after the curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after the curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after the curbent to one section as another the curbent to one section as another; and they seek to do hours after the curbent to one section as another the curbent to one section as another the curbent to one section as anothe member of the Presbyterian Church. He has atrocity of this attempt, let us suppose Massa-gan and against Arkansas, certainly proves left a wife and numerous friends to mourn his chusetts, or any other Northern State, should that then, little of that "high reverence" was send an armed force to the Territory of Kansas, felt for the Missouri compromise, the assumed with instructions that it should not permit violation of which is now made to lash the The scientific men of France are at present slaveholders to enter and occupy any portion public mind into fury. The compromise is speculating on a recent instance of a young of that country. Would not this be rebellion nothing more nor less than a compact, and

the circumstances, this was an extraordinary This distinction would necessarily entail upon souri compromise, is used by the Abolitionists us civil, moral, and social degradation. Does of the North as a humbug to impose upon those the part we have ever been called upon to per- among them who may yet retain some love for Is IT PAINFUL TO DIE? - According to my form in our political drama justify any such the Union; while it is now used by their coadobservation, the mere act of dying is seldom, in degradation? Whether in peace or in war also contained a blank note signed by John S. Willis any sense of the word a very painful process. have we not been as peers with our Northern It is true that some persons die in a state of friends? What battles have ever been fought bodily torture, as in cases of tetanus; that the for the protection of our honor or defence of reached its destination. All persons are hereby cau- drunkard dying of delirima tremens, is exhaust- our country, but that our blood has flowed tioned against using the note, and if the letter and its ed by terrific vision, and that the victim of that equally with theirs? What of the civil or policontents are returned to me a liberal reward will be most horrible of all diseases, hydrophobia, in tical renown our country has obtained but that addition to those peculiar bodily sufferings from the South contributed her full proportion? Our which the disease has derived its name, may be country has risen in an incredible short time ing a State government, should be invested with in a state of terror from the supposed presence from a state of insignificant imbecility to a full control of their domestic institutions, without The Committee will meet at the office of the Chair- of frightful objects which are presented to him rank among the first nations on earth. What man, on the 27th, 28th and 29th of November for the as realities, even to the last. But these and has caused such an astonishing development of

> manufactured articles, &c., were produced at some time or other, from the fact that his that we have fully done our duty under the "Westford, Oct. 4, 1854. fare, and also with a manly resolution to resist yet it must be apparent to all who give the subject the least examination, that it is against "Dear Brother Merriam : You will here find these exports, let us see who has reaped the the compromise of 1850. It is against that King on the tenth day after the first appearance mostly at the North, and while we have no and it only remains in doubt upon another and till we arrive where there will be no more of which, if she were deprived, it would beggar ueeded. "Yours, with the sincerest esteem, then can she molest us? Is it because we allow Mesers A Guns, E Graves, & others, committee.

her to live as it were upon the fruits of our labor? Yes, gentlemen, not only do we furnish sentative in Congress, Hon Wm. S. Ashe, was the exports and give the North the exclusive addressed in reply to an invitation to attend the right to transport them, but when these exports dinner given to Hon. John Kerr at Yancevville. return to this country in the shape of goods, wares, and merchandise, we adjust our tariff of duties in such a manner as to protect those branches of industry which are in a measure peculiar to the North. The South has, indeed, clamored against the injustice of these tariff duties, but she has never asked from the government any legislative protection to any interest peculiar to her own section, I mention these facts, which are familiar to all, to show that in the first place, it has never been our policy to sectionalize the legislation of Congress; and in the second place, to show with what fidelity the Southern people have always acted in maintaining the national sentiment which pervades the Federal Constitution. If the North possesses no Constitutional authority to exclude us from the Territories with our slave property, and we have acted in such a manner as to give them no excuse for their present hostile attitude, I agree with you, that if we intend to defend ourselves against agressions which they threaten, and for which they seem to be uniting, the South should also be a unit.

You have been pleased to speak in terms of commendation of my course "as steadfast and consistent in support of Southern rights." Next to the approval of my own conscience, I desire no higher gratification than the approbation of my fellow citizens. Upon the passage of the particular bill organizing the two new territories the South was almost a unit, and in repelling agressions when ever attempted, I trust there will not be a dissenting voice. I have no sympathy for that dastardly sentiment which apologizes for Northern action under the hypocritical guise of having disturbed "a compromise of long standing." It was no compromise, and

man being brought to life after being frozen against the Constitutional authority of the con-And all the Goods usually offered in this market by eleven months on the Alps. The blood of a federacy? Where is the difference if she should one party, it fails to have an obligatory force living man was infused into the veins of the do the same thing through her representatives upon the other, and for that reason, (if a reafrozen youth, and he moved and spoke. The in Congress? The mode of doing it, whether son was wanted) the South would be released experiment was afterwards tried on a hare by force or law, may cause more or less irrita- from its observance. But in truth, the North frozen for the purpose, with complete success. tion, but does not effect the question of authority. If she claims the right as a member of the upon, or in their chaste phraseology, spit upon, LARGE YIELD OF CORN.—We learn that confederacy to say what species of property this "their now sacred compromise," that when jutors of the South to frighten "the timid from their propriety." It is all gammon. The compromise measures of 1850 were intended by its friends, in the language of Mr Fillmore, "to be a final adjustment of the slavery question." In what let me ask, did this adjustment consist, if it was not in the recognition of the principle that a people inhabiting a territory when formany responsibility to the Federal government.

It was this principle that popularized both of the territorial bills of that session. The vote in favor of the Utah bill was almost unanimous. The bill for New Mexico would have been equally favored if it had been free from pretended that this great principle of popular sovereignty, that this truly American principle, was recognized only for the convenience of the moment? Certainly not. Common sense repudiates the idea of a "final adjustment of a momentous question on any such restricted basis.-This principle is an existing, a living principle, and acknowledges no permanent authority but the Constitution of the United States; and the real question is, should not the bill organizing the territories of Kansas and Nebraska have been made to conform to this principle, or in the language of the bill itself, 'should not the law of the Missouri compromise be so far repealed as it was found to be inconsistent with the compromise measures of 1850.

This is the gist of the agitation at the North, and let the design of the agitation be covered

Yours, very respectfully, WM. S. ASHE