

NORTH-CAROLINIAN. FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. Saturday, November 18, 1854.

Superior Court. The Fall Term of the Superior Court of Cumberland county was held during the present week—his honor, Judge Manly, presiding.

We understand several cases were tried and a large number continued.

On Thursday, Jonathan Baker, who killed Edwards some time ago near Rockfish village, was sentenced to be hung on Friday the 1st day of December next—two weeks from yesterday. The time is short—but the Judge, we suppose, took into consideration the length of time the unfortunate man has been awaiting his final sentence, he having been tried and convicted some six months ago.

A white man by the name of Wester was convicted of larceny, but we understand he appealed to the Supreme Court.

WHAT'S THE MATTER?—We regret to learn that the people between Barclaysville and Summerville are now without a mail. Papers and letters for Neill's Creek, Kinzie's Creek, and Summerville, we suppose lie over at Barclaysville. Sometime ago a contract was made for supplying this section, but the contractor found that he bid too low, and we believe he now declines performing the duty. Will not the Department attend to this matter immediately? The mail that formerly supplied the above offices we think was carried mostly at private expense.

SEIZURE OF AMERICAN VESSELS.—A letter from Havana, received in New York, reports the seizure of two American schooners at Baracoa loaded with arms. It is stated that one of the passengers was shot and the crews imprisoned.

EMANCIPATION.—As our readers are aware, by several notices published, there will be a large number of applications to the Legislature of this State to emancipate colored persons. Probably a dozen from this section alone. We believe the two last sessions of the General Assembly refused to manumit any one, and it will be for that body to decide whether or not it will be sound policy at this time to give such applications a favorable consideration. By emancipating some will it not have a tendency to make others dissatisfied with their condition.

THANKSGIVING DAYS.—In Maryland, Wisconsin, New Jersey, Florida, and Pennsylvania, Thursday the 23d inst. is to be observed as a day of thanksgiving; and in North Carolina, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and Maine, Thursday the 30th is the day appointed.

CONVICTION.—Some time ago we stated, on the authority of a letter received in this place, that Hugh McQueen, Esq., formerly Attorney General of North Carolina, had been elected Judge of the 1st Judicial circuit of Texas. By the official returns in the Austin Gazette, we learn that Mr. McQueen was defeated by 139 votes. N. M. Munger being the successful candidate.

THE POTATOES.—Our Wilmington contemporaries have been talking pretty largely about big sweet potatoes. The Journal says that it has been presented with one weighing 6 lbs. 1 ounce; but the Herald beats that all hollow, for it has received one which weighed seven and a quarter pounds. Can anybody in these "digging" show a larger "tater than either of the above? If they can, why let them do it.

RIOT.—On the night of the 9th there was a riot in Williamsburg, N. Y., occasioned by a procession of know-nothings parading the streets firing pistols and guns and shouting. A few Irishmen, who offered no resistance, were terribly beaten, but no one killed. The rioters threatened to burn a Catholic church, but on the appearance of the military they dispersed.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. The steamer Atlantic arrived at New York on the 12th, with four days later news than that brought by the steamer America. Cotton was steady but not changed in price. Breadstuffs had declined—flour 18. 6d. to 2s.; corn 1s. to 2s. per quarter.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR. Private accounts are later. They say that two of the outer forts of the harbor—probably the "White Tower," and an earth work at the quarantine fort—were destroyed by the fire of the English and French fleets on the 17th. The allies lost 100 killed and the Russians lost 500, including Admiral Ramilleff.

The siege of Sebastopol was progressing slowly. A small breach has been made in one of the forts and the outworks silenced, but the Russians in a sortie spiked sixteen French guns. The Russian official report of the 23d says, that the garrison had made a successful sortie, and destroyed the French battery, spiked sixteen French guns, and took (English) Lord Dunkinlin prisoner.

MR SOULE AND THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.—The London Times justifies the French government's refusal to allow Mr Soule to pass through that country on his return to Spain. The Times also says that Mr Buchanan and Mr Mason regard the insult to Mr Soule as a national matter.

It is rumored that Mr Mason has demanded an apology, which the Times says will not be conceded. The affair has given rise to much newspaper discussion, and the belief is generally entertained that it will cause a serious difficulty between the American and French governments.

FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamer Northern Light arrived at New York on Tuesday last, with one week's later news than that brought by the Star of the West. She brings \$565,000 in specie. A severe shock of an earthquake was felt at San Francisco on the 21st ult. The news from the mines is favorable. Walker, the fillbuster, has been tried and acquitted.

Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad. The annual meeting of this company was held in Wilmington on the 9th inst. The past year the receipts of the road were \$482,880 62; expenditures (including \$63,697 12 of interest and exchange) \$354,917 85; showing a net profit of \$127,962 77. In a portion only of our last week's issue we published the officers elected for the ensuing year, we therefore re-publish them, with the vote cast for President: President—Hon. Wm. S. Ashe.

Directors—E. B. Dudley, J. DeRosset, Jr., P. K. Dickson, Gilbert Potter, E. P. Hall, Alex. McKee, J. D. Bellamy. Directors appointed by the State—W. A. Wright, Wm. K. Lane and L. H. B. Whitaker. The following is the vote for President: Wm. S. Ashe, individual stockholders, 1,079 votes. W. & M. Rail Road, 2,650 " State, 2,841 " 5,970

Wm. A. Wright, individual stockholders, 2,949 John C. McKee, 675 Scattering, 350

Owen R. Kenan, Esq., of Duplin, represented the State in the meeting. As might have been expected, the whig papers are horrified at the election of a democrat, Mr Ashe, to the Presidency of the road, and some of them seize the opportunity to use a little "small" language about Gov. Reid, State prolixity, &c.

Next week we intend to publish a couple of articles from the Wilmington Journal, by which the other side of the question will be seen.

Loss of the ship "New Era." More loss of Life.

The emigrant ship New Era, with 360 passengers, from Bremen for New York, was wrecked on the night of the 12th inst., by going ashore at a point on the Jersey shore 16 miles from Sandy Hook. It is reported that only 150 persons were saved.

Later accounts state that the passengers were Dutch and German, and that out of 400 souls aboard, 248 perished. There were a great many who lashed themselves in the rigging of the vessel, and in this position they died.

"Our neighbor, the North Carolinian (replying to this paper under the general term "whig papers," insists upon it that the northern men who supported the Nebraska bill because they believed it would damage the South, are as much entitled to the admiration of southern men as our own members who supported it because they believed it asserted a right of the South."—Observer.

The Observer is mistaken—the above is not our position. We did not insist that the northern men who supported the Nebraska bill because they believed it would damage the south, were as much entitled to the admiration of southern men as our own members who supported it because they believed it asserted a right of the south.

"If we thought there was a northern man who gave that bill his support on the ground that it damaged the south, he certainly should not have our admiration. But we insist that such men as Franklin Pierce, Judge Douglas, and Gen. Cass, are entitled to our admiration because they supported the Nebraska bill as a measure of justice to the south—principle governed them in the matter. They did not support it because it damaged the south or benefited the north, but gave the bill their emphatic approbation in consequence of the great principle it contained, that of non-intervention; and for this reason, we said, southern men ought not to withhold their admiration from them. Neither of those gentlemen have ever said they supported the Nebraska act because it damaged the south, nor have they done anything that would justify subject them to the charge so often made by the Observer and other whig papers. On the contrary, we think their whole course justifies us in saying that pure motives actuated them in battling for our rights.

It is unnecessary for us to refer our neighbor, the Observer, to the result of the recent elections in the northern States, to prove that the people there think that the present Administration favors the south too much—that they consider the Nebraska bill a pro-slavery measure, and the men who supported it as true friends of the south and her institutions. That paper knows all this to be so.

Dr. Graham, who killed Col. Loring in New York some time since, and was tried and convicted of murder in the second degree, was sentenced last week to 7 years hard labor in the Penitentiary, the longest period allowed by the law. We consider this an unjust sentence.

The Charleston Courier says that the Directors of the South Carolina Railroad have resolved to carry the mail on their road until January next, by which time it is hoped that the difficulty will be settled.

The Hon. Francis Granger has addressed a letter to the national whigs (?) of New York, calling a convention for the purpose of renovating the party. The letter says: "It is proposed to issue an address to the whigs throughout the State, in which the principles of the National Whig party will be plainly declared, expressing a decided opposition to the Nebraska bill as a violation of the Missouri compromise, and adhering to the Whig principles established by the National Convention at Baltimore in 1852, pledging ourselves to oppose all propositions for the fusion of the Whig party with any other for the purpose of forming a sectional party, based upon the agitation of the day."

The Fayetteville Observer, in speaking of this letter, says: "It is high time that the National Whigs, the Fillmore party, of New York, should make some movement to save the Union. It may be even now too late; or they may prove to be less powerful than they ought to be; but we rejoice at any rate to see the effort made, and will heartily pray for its complete success."

Are we to understand the Observer as heartily praying for the success of a party whose prominent feature is to be a "decided opposition to the Nebraska bill," a measure of justice to the South, for which Mr Badger and Mr Kerr, two good North Carolina whigs, labored so hard to obtain? Come neighbor, let us understand you on this point. We be unto us if the Union is not saved until New York whigs save it.

Mr Kerr sticks to the point. The Greensboro Patriot gives an outline of the Hon. John Kerr's speech at that place a few weeks ago. Our excuse for alluding to Mr Kerr so often is, to show the public how far his opinions differ from those entertained by the Observer and North Carolina whig editors generally, concerning northern democrats who stood up for the rights of the south in the last session of Congress. While Mr Kerr thinks that they acted "ably and nobly," and therefore deserve our "admiration," whig papers pretend to say that they are traitors, and merit the odium of southern people.

At Greensboro, Mr Kerr said he had been accused of deserting his party on this question, but let us see how the matter stands; there are 30 northern members of Congress, 21 voted for the bill and 9 were opposed to it. Now (said he) "who deserted party, I, who voted with a majority of my southern whig brethren, or those who did not?" He found on entering Congress that the northern whigs (with few exceptions) were free-soilers—all, but four, voted to give leave to a northern free-soil whig to introduce a bill to repeal the fugitive slave law. The Nebraska bill (said he) "had been called Douglas's bill. If to have defended it with an eloquence and ability, which if equalled, has never been surpassed in the Senate of the U. States, can give Judge Douglas the right to this distinction, then does he richly deserve it." In concluding, the Patriot says: "He paid a glowing tribute to the northern men, who periled their political existence for the Constitution and the rights of the South, and concluded with an earnest appeal in favor of the Union as established by our fathers on the basis of equality."

Below we give the result of the elections recently held in the north and north-west. The news from Illinois shows a triumph for Douglas and the democracy:

ILLINOIS.—A telegraphic despatch dated Chicago, Nov. 11th, states that four Nebraska democrats have been elected to Congress, viz: Richardson, Harris, Allen, and Marshall. The election of Mr Marshall in the 6th district is a democratic gain, as that district is at present represented by Yates, a whig free-soiler.

The State senate is democratic—house doubtful. It is thought Gen. Shields, dem., will be re-elected to the U. S. Senate.

MASSACHUSETTS.—The election took place on last Monday. There were four candidates for Governor—Bishop, Nebraska and fugitive slave law democrat; Washburn, whig free-soiler; Wilson, regular free-soiler; and Gardner, know-nothing & anti-slavery man. Gardner is elected. Bishop only received about 13,000 votes in the whole State.

The Legislature stands—house 341 know nothings, 6 whigs, and 1 democrat—senate 36 know nothings and 1 doubtful. The congressional delegation is know-nothing entire.

NEW JERSEY.—The fusionists have elected a majority to the Legislature. The congressional delegation stands 3 fusionists, 1 democrat, and 1 silver-gray whig.

NEW YORK.—Horatio Seymour, gov. or administration democrat, is elected Governor by about 3,000 majority; Henry J. Raymond, fusion whig, is elected Lieutenant Governor. The Assembly stands 82 fusionists, 38 democrats, and 3 temperance men. The congressional delegation stands 27 fusionists and 7 democrats.

NEW YORK NOV. 14.—Up to the present time we have received the official returns of sixteen counties. Taking as a basis the table of the Times, of this morning, which showed 279 majority for Clark, we now, by the changes in the official returns figure out a majority for Seymour of 467. Nearly every official return differs more or less from the first received. The majority, therefore, will doubtless fluctuate from one side to the other until every official return shall have been received.

The opponents of the Administration assert that Horatio Seymour, the democratic Governor-elect of New York, is no better than Clark the whig fusion candidate. Of course no one who has watched the contest in New York believes this assertion. The New York Journal of Commerce, a neutral paper, and whose statements are not apt to be influenced by party feeling, speaks of Mr Seymour in the following manner: "Seymour adopted without hesitation the Baltimore platform which recognized those measures, [the compromise measures of 1850,] and although not in favor of the bill establishing Nebraska as a territory, nevertheless opposes the repeal of any part of that measure as unwise and inexpedient. The country may well rejoice that this great State has elected a Governor who is against any sectional agitation on the subject of domestic slavery."

A CANDID CONFESSION.—The following extract is from a long article in the Albany Register, a whig paper, reviewing the condition of the whig party at the North. Read it: "The Whig party of the North proposes no interference with slavery in the States where it exists, but, in the language of Mr Webster, in his speech upon the compromise, it is and always has been, 'UNALTERABLY OPPOSED TO THE EXTENSION OF SLAVERY INTO TERRITORY NOW FREE.' It was opposed to the annexation of Texas, it was opposed to the war of conquest with Mexico for the purpose of extending slavery, and opposed to the repeal of the Missouri compromise for the same object. Every Whig member of Congress from the North was against it. For the purpose of opposing the extension of slavery therefore, there is no occasion for disbanding the Whig party or for the organization of a new one."

No, indeed, there is no necessity for disbanding the whig party of the north for the purpose of forming an organization more opposed to slavery, for that party is now "unalterably" opposed to it—even opposed to allowing southern men to take their property and inhabit territory acquired by the blood and treasure of all sections. Therefore, as this northern whig paper states, not a single whig member of Congress from the north voted for the Nebraska bill.

Free Navigation of the Amazon River. The free navigation of the Amazon river has occupied public attention for some time past. The subject engaged the attention of the southern Convention which met at Memphis in June, 1853, and we presume that body, which is soon to re-assemble in Charleston, will again take the subject into consideration. It is known that the Brazilian government interposes obstacles to the free navigation of the Amazon river which shuts out a large trade that might be of immense benefit to this country and its inhabitants. Lieut. Maury memorialized the last Congress in regard to this matter, and in that memorial he states that "the Amazon is the largest river in the world; and the great hydrographic basin which includes it in its tributaries is unsurpassed for fertility; nor is there anywhere on the surface of the earth a region of country, of like extent, which can compete with this in capacity of production, or vie with it as to the variety, extent or wealth of its mineral resources. It teems with animated life; its soil is most prolific; and the display of riches in the vegetable kingdom is truly magnificent. The Amazon and its navigable tributaries wash the shores of five republics and one empire—the empire owning below and at the mouth on both banks; the republics owning in part the main stream and most of its tributaries. Peru has offered lands, seeds, and the implements of husbandry, with a free passage across the mountains, to any emigrant who will go and settle in that country." But no one accepts the offer, because the ordinances of Brazil will not allow any one to descend that mighty river with produce. In the valley of the Amazon four crops of corn are produced in a year, and the harvest of many other fruits is perpetual. It is computed that the territory which the policy of Brazil shuts up against man's use and civilization, is capable of sustaining, even with one round of harvests, a population nearly as large as that which now inhabits the whole earth.

Methodist Protestant Conference. The Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church for the District of North Carolina met at Bradford's Church, Halifax county, on Wednesday, 8th inst., and adjourned on Tuesday the 14th. Rev. Alison Gray was elected President for the ensuing year. Rev. R. R. Michaux was appointed to Fayetteville Station for the next year.

The next Conference is to be held in Fayetteville on the Wednesday before the second Sunday in November, 1855.

Gov. Morehead has succeeded in buying iron enough to complete the North Carolina Railroad at \$42 50 per ton, payable in North Carolina money, which will be a considerable saving to the company. A short time ago railroad iron was worth from \$65 to \$72 per ton, but recently it took a fall, as everything will have to do, unless money gets more plenty.

The New York Evening Post says that Mr Soule, our minister to Spain, expects to visit the United States within the next two months; and that on his return to Madrid an official apology for the Black Warrior outrage will be demanded of the Spanish government. In the event of a refusal (says report) he will demand his passports at once.

Cumberland County Fair. At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society, held on the 14th inst., the following Committees were appointed to act as Judges and to award Premiums at the approaching County Fair, viz: Field Crops.—Henry Elliott, Wm B Wright, James M Smith, Dr. Wm P Mallett, Daniel McDiarmid. Hives.—Thos J Curtis, John Elliot, H T Wilson. Cattle.—John A Williams, John Evans, Wm Cade. Hogs and Sheep.—Wm L Hall, Hugh McLean, Joel Williams, Jonathan Evans. Jacks, Jennets and Mules.—Nathan King, W A Wilson, Randall McDaniel. Poultry.—J W Pearce, John C Haigh, Robt B Smith. Home Department.—FIRST CLASS.—CT Haigh, S W Tillinghast, Mrs Thos J Robinson, Mrs John Winslow, Mrs John Evans. SECOND CLASS.—John D Williams, Mrs H Elliot, Mrs A A McKetham, Mrs E J Hale, Mrs Wm T Smith, E J Lilly. Domestic Manufactures.—FIRST CLASS.—C B Mallett, Mrs W B Wright, Mrs Daniel McDiarmid, Mrs Joel Williams, Mrs Neill McDugald, Mrs Annanda McDaniel. SECOND CLASS.—Jno A Pemberton, Mrs Jno C Smith, Mrs James M Smith, O P Stark, Miss Fanny Starr, Miss Susan Smith. Manufactures not Domestic.—Thos Waddill, A Alden, A E Hall, Wm McLaurin, Alex Johnson. Green House and Fruits.—C Lutterloh, Mrs S W Tillinghast, Mrs H L Myrover, Mrs B Rose, Miss Marion Winslow, Miss Fanny Gilchrist. MECHANICS.—FIRST CLASS.—David Murphy, Alex Elliot, Robt Williams. SECOND CLASS.—Thos C Fuller, J M J Jessup, A Ray. THIRD CLASS.—D. A. Ray, A. J. O'Hanlon, John McKellar. FOURTH CLASS.—J. W. Strange, C. W. Andrews, A. W. Brannin, David Gee, Wm Overby, C. E. Leete, W. F. Moore. Miscellaneous.—E. J. Hale, A. W. Steel, S. J. Hinsdale, Henry Lilly, S. T. Hawley. PLOUGHING MATCH.—Alex. Murchison, A. S. McNeill, John P. Leonard. TRIAL OF HORSES.—Joshua McDaniel, Thos S. Lutterloh, A. W. Evans. Committee of Reception.—E. W. Barge, Hector McNeill, John Waddill Jr., N. McDugald. The Fair Grounds will be opened at 12 o'clock on Wednesday; and no articles will be received after 10 o'clock, Wednesday.

The address by the Hon. A. W. VENABLE, will be delivered 12 o'clock, Thursday. (Signed) E. L. WINSLOW, Cl'n. JONAS P. McLEAN, Sec.

It is said there are about three thousand negroes entitled to vote in New York city under the provision of the State constitution which requires a colored man to have been three years a citizen, and possessed of freehold estates of the value of \$250 over and above all debts and incumbrances charged thereon, and upon which a tax shall have been paid.

North Carolina Methodist Conference. A friend has furnished us with the following notice of the transactions of this body, together with a list of the appointments:

The Conference met in Pittsboro' on the 1st inst., and adjourned on Tuesday morning last, after a session of 14 days. There was a great deal of important business transacted, and the session was one of unusual interest. Measures were taken for the establishment of a N. C. Christian Advocate, which will be published as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made. A charge was preferred against Rev. C. P. Deems, D. D., by Rev. Wm. A. Smith of Va., and after a patient investigation of four days, Dr. Deems was acquitted by a unanimous vote of the Conference. He declined the Presidency of Centenary College, which had been offered him; and also resigned the Presidency of Greensboro Female College; and has taken an appointment in the regular pastoral work. No man stands higher in the affections and confidence of the Conference. Rev. Geo. P. Pierce, D. D., presided over the body with great ability, and his efforts in the pulpit were received with universal admiration. The missionary collections amounted to \$2,346 dollars, (of this amount Fayetteville station contributed \$146) and the finances of the Conference were in a very prosperous condition. The membership increased the past year fifteen hundred.

APPOINTMENTS. RALEIGH DISTRICT.—R. O. Burton, P. E. Raleigh Station, N. F. Reid. " Circuit, J. W. Thain. " City Mission, Henry Gray. " colored churches, James Reid. Roanoke, L. S. Birkhead and N. A. Goddin. Warren, L. L. Hendren. Warren colored mission, T. B. Reeks. Granite, A. Norman and J. W. Floyd, sup. Person, John W. Lewis. Henderson and Clarksville, J. P. Moore. Chapel Hill, Peter Poup. Hillsboro station, H. T. Hudson. " circuit, T. V. Moore. GREENSBORO DISTRICT.—Wm. Barringer, P. E. Greensboro station, Wm. H. Bobbitt. Guilford circuit, S. H. Helsabeck. Alamance, B. M. Williams; Deep River, S. D. Adams; Montgomery, Z. R. Nash and J. F. Keweenaw; Rockingham, L. Sheld; Franklinville, W. B. Richardson; Randolph, N. A. Hooker; Wentworth, J. Bethel and Anderson, sup.; Haw River, P. W. Archer and B. F. Long. Wm. Cross appointed Agent for Greensboro School.

SALISBURY DISTRICT.—N. H. Wilson, P. E. Salisbury station, J. L. Fisher. Mockingbird circuit, J. L. Fisher. Rowan, T. W. Postell; Iredell and Taylorsville, D. W. Dool; South Iredell, C. M. Pepper; Wilkes, Wm. A. Brant; Jonesville, Lefford Shelton; Surry, J. M. Gantt; Winston and Forsyth, W. W. Albert; Davidson, R. P. Bibb; Yadkin, Wm. Harris; Blue Ridge Mission to be supplied. DANVILLE DISTRICT.—John W. Tillet, P. E. Danville station, J. M. Westbrooks; Pittsylvania, Wm. Carter; Loudoun, P. B. Joiner; Yanceyville, T. S. Campbell; Halifax, J. P. Simpson and J. S. Davis; Halifax colored charge, Jos. Goodman; Stanton, J. E. Mann; Franklin, S. J. Spotts and J. H. Jefferson; Patrick, C. H. Phillips; Henry, T. H. Adams; Guilford, S. S. Hancock; Jas. A. Dean, President of Danville Female College.

WASHINGTON DISTRICT.—R. T. Hoffa, P. E. Washington station, Joseph H. Wheeler. Tar River, Jas. Jamieson; Nash, J. Johnson; Plymouth, A. Weaver; Williamson, J. D. Holstead; Tarboro, R. J. Carson; Columbia, J. A. Vent; Path Mission, S. B. Deary; New, H. H. Gibbons. NEWBERY DISTRICT.—Ira T. Wyehe, P. E. Newbery station, Jos. W. Tucker. " Andrew chapel, W. S. Chappin. " Circuit, John W. Pearson. GOLDSBOROUGH, C. F. Deems. Trenton, Wm. C. Church, Wm. Alex. Gattie; Snow Hill, William M. Jordan; Smithfield, Dan J. Carraway; Duplin, M. L. Douglas; Onslow, D. C. Johnson; Beaufort, T. W. Guthrie; Kingston, J. J. Hines. Greensboro Female College, J. H. Brent, President.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT.—D. B. Nichol, P. E. Wilmington, Front street church, S. M. Wood. " Fifth street, " T. P. Ricard. Fayetteville station, William E. Pell. " circuit, D. Culbreth. Topical, L. W. Martin; Sampson, W. M. Walsh; South River, M. N. Taylor; Bladen, C. P. Jones and S. DePeeler; Cape Fear colored mission, G. W. Farrabee; Smithville, J. M. Andrews; Whiteville, J. B. Martin; Rocky Point mission, A. E. Harris; Wm J Langston to scanion of Wilmington.

ATLANTIC DISTRICT.—John Jones, P. E. Portsmouth, Thomas McKee; Straits, Isham H Hill; Cape Lookout mission, Z. F. Meekins; Cape Hatteras to be supplied. A. S. Andrews and J. F. Cotton were transferred to the Alabama Conference. The next session of the Conference is to be held in Wilmington.

The South Carolina Annual Conference met in Columbia on Wednesday last the 15th instant—Bishop Capers presiding.

MINNESOTA.—The Legislature will be democratic. At no time since the organization of the territory has there been so many democrats elected.

One of the early ministers of Malden, New York, having several children to baptize, pronounced the name of the first John. When the second was brought forward, he said, "This child, whose name is John also, I baptize," &c. The individual was ever afterwards known by the name of "John also."

MARRIED. In Wilmington, on the 14th inst., Robert Strange, Esq. and Miss Carrie, daughter of Dr. Thos. H. Wright of that place. At the residence of Patrick Murphy, Esq., in Sampson County, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. A. Gilchrist, Erasmus H. Evans, Esq. of this county, to Miss Susan, daughter of Patrick Murphy, Esq. In Robeson County, on the 9th inst., Mr. Paisley Alford to Miss Martha J. McRae, daughter of John McRae, deceased. In Anson county, on the 5th inst., Mr. J. T. Low to Miss W. A. Williams. In Wilmington, on the 9th inst., Mr. Wm. B. Carr of Duplin county, to Miss Mary C. Hansley, of Wilmington.

DIED. Near Blocker's, in this county, on the 1st instant, Mr. Joel Horn, Sen., aged about 80 years. He was a faithful member of the Baptist Church for the last fifty years, and died in the hope of blessed immortality. He left a widow, four children, and many relatives and friends to mourn their loss. In Sampson county, on the 4th inst., Mr. Julius H. Clifton, son of Robert Clifton, aged 18 years. In Raleigh, on the 9th inst., Mr. M. C. Thompson, aged 24 years. In Bladen county, on the 15th of Oct., Mrs. Julia Ann McKee, aged 33 years, 8 months—leaving a devoted husband, eight children, and numerous friends to deplore their loss. Near Mocksville, on the 5th inst., Dr. P. S. Smith, in Washington, on the 8th inst., after an illness of eleven days, Norleed D. Boggan, Esq., Clerk of the County Court, aged 49.

State of North Carolina—Montgomery County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—July Term, 1854. Attachment—Lewison Boyd. Attachment—Lewison Boyd. It appears to the satisfaction of the Court that Lewison Boyd is a non-resident of this State and it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in this State, for six weeks, for said Boyd to town and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held in and for the county of Montgomery, answer or demur, or the same will be held pro confesso. Witness, John McLennan, clerk of our said court at office this 13th day of November, A. D. 1854. 20-61 JOHN McLENNAN, Clerk.

DISSOLUTION. The firm of G. W. I. GOLDSTON & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. G. W. I. GOLDSTON. R. W. GOLDSTON. Nov. 17th, 1854.

THE SUBSCRIBER having purchased the interest of R. W. Goldston in the late firm of G. W. I. Goldston & Co., will still continue to carry on the Grocery and Hardware Business at the old stand. He invites all his friends to call on him when they come to market, and he will try to make himself useful. G. W. I. GOLDSTON. 20-4f Nov. 17th, 1854.

2500 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE. The subscribers being desirous of moving West, now offer their Land for sale. The Land is situated between Egypt and the Gulf on the south side of Deep River, for two miles up and down the said River. There are 1200 acres of the Land, with some 400 or 500 acres under a good state of cultivation; the balance Timber land. The Land lies a quarter of a mile south of the Coal out-crop (dipping under the said land) and the coal has been shown on two sides of the said land not more than 1/2 mile from it. Geologists say it is all underlain with coal, but the subscribers not thinking of selling until very recently have never had a search made for the Coal, but have no doubt that a search was made the coal would be found. The Land has on it a new and good Grist and Saw Mill, a good Dwelling House, a number of sets of Stables, large enough for 25 head of Mules, all under one lock, and other out buildings suitable to farm. A person wishing to enter into the Coal speculation would do well to give the subscribers a call as they are determined on going West. Address Oakland P. O., Chatham County N. C. F. M. & J. G. FOOSHEE. 20-6f Nov. 18, 1854. Observer copy cl.

LAND FOR SALE. The undersigned will sell at public auction on the 24 day of December, at Allen McCaskey's Bridge, on Big Rockfish, ROBESON COUNTY, 250 ACRES OF LAND, lying on Big Rockfish. The land is well timbered and well adapted to the turpentine business. Terms made known on the day of sale. NEILL J. SHAW. 20-6f Nov. 17, 1854.

SASH, BLINDS AND DOORS. G. S. BLUE & CO. Are now putting up in this place Machinery of the most improved kind for the manufacture of SASH, BLINDS and DOORS, which will enable us to furnish a good article and at low price than they have ever been sold in this market. —ALSO—Ornamental Moldings of all kind, length and size. Machinery expected in a few days for planing, tonguing and grooving Flooring. All orders addressed to G. S. Blue & Co. will receive prompt attention. G. S. BLUE & CO. Fayetteville, Nov. 18, 1854. 20-6m

State of North Carolina—Montgomery County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—October Term, 1854. L. Simmons vs. Lewison Boyd. Attachment—Lewison Boyd.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Lewison Boyd is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the North Carolinian, for said Boyd to be and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Montgomery at the Court House in Troy, to plead answer or demur, or the same will be held pro confesso. Witness, John McLennan, clerk of our said court at office the 13th day of November, A. D. 1854. 20-61 JOHN McLENNAN, CLK.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET. Corrected weekly for the North Carolinian.

Table with market prices for various goods including Bacon, Beef, Butter, Flour, etc. Columns include item name, price per unit, and quantity.

REMARKS.—Our market has been well supplied with produce the past week. Wooten but few changes in prices. The quotations of Bacon are barely sustained—market better supplied with all kinds. Cotton is something lower—sales mostly at 81 for best grades. Corn is scarce, but no change in price. The supply of Flour is good, and the demand not so brisk—sales have been made a little above quotations. 41 to 45 cts. per gallon. Raw do. in better demand, without change in prices. The market is well supplied with Beef at 4 and 4 1/2 on the hoof. WILMINGTON MARKET, Nov. 16. TERPENTINE.—No sales for two days past that we hear of, the last sales were \$3 70 per bid, for Yellow and \$2 45 per bid, for Virgin and \$2 for Hard. SPIRITS TERPENTINE.—48 cts. per gallon is offered but no sales that we are apprised of, holders asking higher rates. ROBIN.—300 bids, No. 3 Robin, in large bids, sold at \$1 50 per bid. TALK.—130 bids, were sold at \$3 50 per bid, and 100 bids, at \$3 10 per bid. TIMBER.—One raft was sold at \$6 50 per M feet. FLOUR.—Some small parcels of Fayetteville Super sold at \$9 50 per bid. HAY.—104 bales Eastern Hay were sold at \$1 per 100 lbs.