

NORTH-CAROLINIAN. FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. Saturday, November 25, 1854.

GR COUNTY FAIR.

On Wednesday morning last the first Agricultural Fair for Cumberland County commenced. At an early hour the ground was crowded with visitors, exhibitors, and articles intended for exhibition.

On Wednesday afternoon a racing match took place; Dr. B. C. Williams, J. B. Askew and John Armstrong being competitors. Askew's gray horse took the premium.

On Thursday, the Hon. A. W. Venable delivered an address of one hour's length. It was able, appropriate to the occasion, and everybody appeared highly gratified with it.

We never saw as many people from the country in Fayetteville at one time as were in attendance during the Fair. Our streets have been lined with vehicles of all descriptions, and all the public houses crowded with visitors.

The Fair closed Thursday evening at 5 o'clock. The Executive Committee deserve great credit for the manner in which they discharged their arduous duties.

List of Premiums.

The following list of premiums awarded by the different judges, we have made up in considerable hurry, from a mass of reports. No doubt there are some defects in it, but it is the best we can do under the circumstances:

Stallions and Horses. James McLain 1 stallion, 1st premium \$5; W. H. Gentry 1 stallion 2d premium \$5; J. T. Winslow brood mare, premium \$5; A. B. Ryan 3 year old filly, pre; Jno Harrington 2 year filly, pre; Mr Massonore saddle horse, pre; W. B. Bolton carriage horse, pre; J. L. Bryan, Moore co. draft horse, pre; Henry Elliott single harness horse, pre; Dr. Beulow second premium; Jas Kyle, Jr. draft horse, pre.

Cattle. W. L. Hall best bull 3 years old, 1st premium \$5; H. Elliott 3 year old bull, 2d premium \$3; Jno A Williams bull 1 to 2 years old, pre; Jno A Williams bull calf 6 months old, pre; \$5; John Evans best milk cow \$5; H. Elliott best heifer 2 to 3 years old, \$3; Jno A Williams best heifer 1 to 2 years old, \$3.

Jack, Jennets and Mules. Premiums to John Waddill for best 2 year old native mule, to Nathan King for best pair 3 year old mules; to Thomas Mick for best jack; to W. A. Evans for best Jennet and Jack colt.

Hogs and Sheep. Joel Williams 2 pigs, native, premium \$3; John Waddill best sow, cross breed 3 years old, \$5; do, best sow 1 to 2 yrs old, pre; \$3; Neill McDougall best boar, pre; \$5; do, 2d best boar, pre; \$2; do, best hore 3 years old, pre; \$5; H. Elliott best Cotswold ewe, pre; \$5; do, best Cotswold ram pre; \$3; do, 3d south down lambs, pre; \$3; Hugh McLean best lot of lambs, pre \$3.

Poultry. J. W. Strange wild goose, diploma; W. L. Hall Poland geese, dip; Mrs Jno C Smith do, premium; F Spears native geese, dip; Mrs H. Elliott Muscovy ducks, pre; Dr T C Hall muscovy ducks, dip; J. W. Pipkin acaus ducks, pre; A. Alden for Brahama pootra, Shanghai, cochin & China fowls, pre; P. Shewell Shanghai fowls, dip; John Harman mongrel fowls, dip; Mrs C F Hollingsworth turkey cock, dip; Mrs R B Smith turkey, pre; Mrs Mary McLaughl turkeys, dip; Hugh McLean turkeys, dip; do, wild turkey, pre; Wm Hooke turkey, dip; Hugh McLean black Shanghai fowls, dip; Dr T C Hall cochin China cock, dip; A. J. Woodward 3 native fowls, dip; Mrs Jona Evans frozeland chickens, dip; John Waddill game chickens, pre; Mrs J. W. Sandford Shanghai chickens, dip; Mrs H. Elliott for various fowls, pre and dip.

Field Crops. Wm McMillan for largest yield of corn on 1 acre, (being 45 2/3 bushels) sandy land, 1st premium \$25; Joel Williams for best crop hay raised on 1 acre swamp land (being 3804 lbs.) premium. The judges state that larger crops of corn than Mr McMillan's were raised on 1 acre in the county, but failing to produce certificates they could not be considered.

Geo W Pezann 1 superior bale Cotton, diploma; Silas Douglas 1 bbl family Flour, diploma, put up in superior style. These articles reflect great credit on the gentlemen producing them.

Dairy. Mrs John Evans 5 lbs butter, 1st pre; Mrs Jno A Williams largest lb butter at one churning, pre; and diplomas to Mrs Wm T Smith, Mrs Wm Huske, Mrs Joel Williams, Mrs Jas F Marsh, and John P McLean for butter.

Domestic Manufactures. First Class—Mrs John Elliott for best carpeting 1st premium and dip; Miss Edly McFayden and Mary McPherson for carpeting, dip; Mrs Farquid Smith for domestic blankets, premium; Mrs S J Hinsdale silk patch-work quilt, dip; Mrs M M Starr 2d best silk patch-work quilt, dip; diplomas to Mrs Jas Kyle, Mrs E M Johnson, Mrs C P DePlessants, Miss Eliza Gillis, Miss Mary A Butler, Mrs C F Hollingsworth, Miss Charity Williams, Mrs Catherine Little, Mrs Wm McMillan, Mrs John McLaughl, and Mrs A W Steel, for quilts.

Second Class—Mrs J A Williams for best woollen counterpane, pre; Miss Mary McPherson and Mrs E McGary, Mrs Jos McKeithan, Mrs Sallie Smith, Mrs E. Starr, Mrs C M Walker, Mrs W T Smith, and Mrs McKeithan for counterpanes, pre; Mrs Farquid Smith blanket jeans, pre.

Manufactures and domestic. Premiums of \$2 each to Beaver Creek Co. for manufactured goods, Union Mill for Yarn, Jacob Ottarburg for mattress, A M Campbell for tallow candles, D & W McLaughl for sperm candles, Charles Banks do of candy, R P Smith for plum jeans, David Geo for hats, David Murphy for 1 run printing paper.

Mechanics. First Class—The C Fuller best horse wagon 1st premium \$5; Hugh McLean steel hoe cultivator and extending cutlery, pre \$1; Hector S McNeill best subsoil plough, pre; \$1; Robt Williams cotter plough, pre; \$1.

Second Class—Duncan McNeill for bedstead, 1st premium; premiums were awarded for grain cradle, thrasher, and grain fan, but the committee in their report did not state to whom.

Third Class—S D Pipkin best pine turpentine barrel, pre; G W Lawrence for brass hoops, pre; Wm Coleman for spirit barrel, pre; G W Lawrence 2d prem for spirit barrel; premium to A A McKeithan for 1 close Carriage and top buggy; premium to Pier & Drannin

for open buggy; Houston & Overly double harness, bridle and martingales, premium; J H & J Martine tin ware, pre.

FOURTH CLASS.—John McKellar best No 1 rosin; Sampson Boon best hecker; Eccles' Joe brick mould and brick horse; H S McNeill best scraper; David McDuffie centred piece, dip; F M James two wreaths and matted ornaments, dip.

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.—Miss Mary P Newby 1st pre, for miniature painting; Mrs Wright Huske 2nd pre, for landscape; Miss I B Evans painting, dip; Miss Anna Jane McLean painting, dip; J S Wear Daguerotypes, dip; R Roberts oak graining door dip; H W Black marble and walnut painting dip; Wm J Yates for fancy painting, diploma; W N Tillingham book-binding, dip; A S McNeill farmers gate and latch, pre; do, patent churn and turp cutter, dip; David McDuffie stay bar for two story chimneys (his own invention) pre; F Sheanon garden engine, pump and shower bath, dip; Archibald Black pleasure boat, dip; D C Currie lumber, dip; Mrs Hinsdale hair bracelet, dip; Miss Kate Williams pine burr bracelet, dip; Mrs J A Pemberton bead basket, dip; Miss Caroline Nutt pine burr basket, dip.

Fruits, Green-house Plants, Bequests, &c. Dr R Robinson oranges, cherries & butternuts; Mrs M Hooper best lemon; Mrs Baxton best pear; Mrs A Leete best pomegranate, C Lutterloh best and largest lot of green-house plants; P M Hale orange tree with fruit on it; Mrs B Ross lemon and orange trees; Mrs J Martine cactus truncatus; Mrs W B Wright handsome basket; Mrs E J Hale a handsome bouquet; Mrs H L Myrover pyramidal design of cut flowers; Miss Fanny Gehrlist, Mrs Hinsdale, and others, exhibited beautiful bouquets.

We have not time previous to going to press to extend the list further. Next week we will publish the premiums awarded for Grecian Embroidery, English and French Embroidery, Fancy Articles, Cakes, Bread, Wines, Cordials, &c.

THE LEGISLATURE.

We copy the following account of the first day's proceedings from the Standard:

The General Assembly of North Carolina convened in the State House in Raleigh on Monday last, 20th inst. The Senate was organized by the election of Warren Winslow, Esq., of Cumberland County, as Speaker. The Whigs voted for Mr Cherry, of Hertford. The vote stood—

For Winslow, Democrat, 25. For Cherry, Whig, 13.

On taking the Chair Mr Winslow delivered the following neat and appropriate address:

Senators: I feel grateful for this signal mark of your confidence, and to partial consideration. Indeed, I should be less than man were I insensible to the high honor of occupying this distinguished position; an honor, I may be permitted to say altogether unexpected, and wholly unmerited by me; an honor, the value of which is immeasurably enhanced by the flattering circumstances under which it has been conferred.

And, Senators, if this were any other body than the Senate of North Carolina—were I not now addressing many of her distinguished, enlightened and patriotic sons—were not this the capitol of North Carolina, whose very atmosphere is replete with the influence and defence of right rule, and just authority, a decent and becoming distrust of my abilities might have led me to decline presiding over your deliberations.

I owe it also to myself to declare that while I bring to this place no experience whatever of parliamentary usage, I bring to it a heart swelling with love to North Carolina, and with devotion to her interests. I approach this chair not as a mere political partizan, but with the hope of being indeed the Speaker of the Senate of North Carolina, and of the whole State; and I shall rely with perfect assurance upon your kind support, and I invoke your generous forbearance for the many errors I foresee I shall commit.

With these declarations, and with renewed expressions of my grateful feelings, and with fervent wishes that your legislation may be directed to the welfare of our beloved country, I accept, with unaffected diffidence, the high and honorable trust confided to me, and enter now upon the administration of its duties.

Mr Hill was unanimously re-elected Principal Clerk; and Quentin Busbee, Esq., of Raleigh, was unanimously elected Assistant Clerk.

James Page, of Randolph, the old and faithful Doorkeeper, was unanimously re-elected to that office, and John M. Vogler, of Rowan, was elected Assistant, over Mr Couch, by a vote of 28 to 14.

The House of Commons was called to order by Mr Pool, the late Clerk; after which the oaths of office were administered to the members.

On motion the House proceeded to the election of a Speaker, Mr Dortch, of Wayne, nominated Samuel P. Hill, of Caswell; and Mr Turner, of Orange, nominated J. S. Amis, Esq., of the County of Granville. The House then voted as follows:

For Mr Hill—Messrs Dortch, Gentry, White, of Blount, Moore, Simpson, Shiloh, Caldwell, McNeill, Badburn, Ozley, Long, D. Hendon, Cotton, Jarvis, Wright, N. B. Whitefield, Barnes, David Williams, Waugh, Flynt, Martin, Bullock, Lyon, White of Gaston, Seby, Love, Sutton, Caswell, Myers, Black, Tomlinson, A. Barnes, Watts, Yancey, Bryant, T. H. Williams, McMillan, Bynum, of Northampton, Humphrey, Jordan, Singletary, Blow, Rose, Green, Regan, Norman, Steele, J. W. Neal, Shaw, Daughtry, Hill, of Stokes, Dunn, Leach, Whitaker, S. A. Williams, Jenkins, L. Whitefield, Garland, C. W. Williams, Lancaster, Hill, and Bryson—63.

For Mr Amis—Messrs Barringer, Dargan, Wilkins, Meade, Vance, Boze, W. B. Smith, Gibbs, Green, Chadwick, Jones, Harrison, Rolan, J. H. Hendon, Patterson, Walser, Leach, March, P. C. Caldwell, Johnson, B. F. Williams, Eare, R. H. Smith, Perkins, Daniel, Parks, Phillips, Turner, Mann, Craven, Thornburgh, Steele, Shipp, Bynum, of Rutherford, Furr, Mordecai, Horton, Carmichael and Cook—45.

Mr Hill voted for Mr Shepherd. Mr Hill having received a majority of the votes, was declared duly elected, and was conducted to the Chair, whence he made his acknowledgments for the honor conferred in a brief but impressive and appropriate address. It is as follows:

Gentlemen of the House of Commons: I thank you for the honor conferred upon me; and whilst I feel the responsibilities devolving upon me yet I will undertake them, being fully assured that in all things appertaining to the honor and the dignity of this body I will have your undivided aid. We have not assembled, as you well know, to pass through solemn forms and unmeaning ceremonies, but the happiness and the interests of a great State have been confided to our care and our wisdom. That we may realize the expectations of all, order and labor should mark our course. If an impartial discharge of my duties will preserve order, then I need give you no assurance that confusion and delay will be unknown among us. The labors before us are not of minor importance; all sections of the State are stretching forth their hands and asking us to relieve them from hardships and sweep away the barriers that divide them from comforts and a prosperous commerce. In giving this aid as we should do, let us know no east, no west, but guided by prudence and patriotism let us give aid wherever the interests and honor of North Carolina may require; let us by a wise and liberal policy elevate her to a position among her sister States

to which she has always been entitled, and from which she has ever been kept.

James T. Marriott, Esq., of Wake, was then elected Principal Clerk of the Senate by the following vote: Marriott 65, S. D. Pool, Esq., 46.

On motion of Mr Barringer, George Howard, Jr Esq., of Edgecombe, was appointed Assistant Clerk of the Commons; and then Mr W. S. Webster, of Chatham, was appointed Principal Doorkeeper, and Mr W. R. Lovell, of Surry, Assistant Doorkeeper of the Commons.

The House then adjourned until Tuesday morning ten o'clock.

Correspondence of the Carolinian. RALEIGH, Nov. 22, 1854.

DEAR SIR:—The Legislature organized on Monday, by the appointment of Warren Winslow, of your county, as Speaker of the Senate, and Samuel P. Hill, of Caswell, Speaker of the House of Commons. Considering that this was Mr Winslow's first session in the Legislature, the compliment to him and to his constituents is very great, and must be gratifying to his friends at home, as it has been to his numerous friends here of all parties.

William Hill was to-day re-elected Secretary of State, and Robert Strange of New Hanover, was elected Solicitor of the 5th Judicial circuit—the whigs generally voting for Ralph P. Baxton of your town.

The Legislature is a very strong one, and there appears to be a very general and earnest desire to make this a working session.

Mr Steele to-day introduced in the House a resolution to raise the salaries of the Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, and Comptroller. It appears to meet with favor.

It is said the Democratic members meet to-night, to consult in regard to the Senatorial elections. I will keep you advised of everything of interest as it occurs.

The Message of Gov Reid was sent in on Wednesday. We will publish it next week.

Postscript.

Just before going to press we learn that Hon. Asa Biggs and Gov. David S. Reid have been nominated in caucus by the democratic party for U. S. Senators. Good selections.

Mr Soule and the French Government. After all the excitement caused by the French Emperor refusing to allow our Minister to Spain, Mr Soule, to pass through France on his way to Madrid, it appears that the difficulty has been satisfactorily adjusted by Louis Napoleon's revoking the objectionable order. The papers generally throughout this country viewed the affair as an insult to the U. States, and Mr Buchanan and Mr Mason, our ministers to England and France, viewed it in the same light. A correspondent of the N. York Herald, writing from London under date of Nov. 2d, says:

Don Platt, Secretary of the United States Legation at Paris, has just come over with despatches for Mr Buchanan in relation to the discourtesy of the French Government to the American Minister to Spain. Louis Napoleon, on last Sunday invited Mr Mason to a private interview at the Palace. In the course of discussion, Mr Mason took occasion, with great firmness, to let his Majesty understand to the full the disastrous consequences of a war with America, and that he had no doubt on his mind as to the course which the American Minister to Paris should pursue in the premises. That he should at once, without proper explanations being given by the French court, assume the whole responsibility of the consequences, and ask for his passports. Louis Napoleon seemed as if just awakened to the bearing of American men and things upon European matters. His note to Mr Mason, withdraws all objection to Mr Soule's free passage through France. Louis Napoleon moreover invites Mr Soule to proceed through the Empire on his way to Madrid.

It is said that Louis Napoleon has been so fully convinced by the turn this affair has taken, of the impolicy of attempting to put a bridge on a wild Yankee nation, that he has resigned himself to a perpetually amicable behavior, at least until Sebastopol is really en prise.

Big Potatoes.—Mr Duncan Malloy, residing near Lumber Bridge, has sent us a sweet potato weighing five and a half pounds. That was "some potato," but not quite equal to the eight pounder received by the Wilmington Journal last week.

STOPPING THE RUN ON BANKS.—The latest and most improved method used to endeavor to stop a run on Banks for specie was adopted the other day by the Board of Directors of the Central Ohio Railroad Company. They resolved that the present unusual stringency of the money market, accompanied as it was with much distress to all the industrial interests of the community, is largely attributable to the continual drafts by brokers upon the banks for gold; and whereas it is alleged that Adams & Co's Express Agency is the instrumentality used by the brokers for the accomplishment of their purposes in their warfare upon the public, therefore be it resolved, that the Superintendent be instructed to make no contract with Adams & Co., as an Express Co., for the transportation of express packages in the passenger trains of the Central Ohio Railroad, except upon the condition that said company shall obligate themselves to refuse to act as the Agents of the brokers in their drafts upon the banks in the territory traversed by the road.

The Wilmington Herald thinks that some such regulation as this would be of service in this State.

An Illinois paper, the Chicago Democrat, (whose principles probably do not correspond with its name) says that all the whigs have to do to defeat the democratic party in that State is "to get Judge Douglas to go around and give the South Carolina construction to the Democratic policy." So Mr Douglas has been talking to the people of Illinois in South Carolina style has he. Well that's a very good style, and shows that he has placed himself in opposition to abolitionism in earnest.

GRAND PARADE.—The Don Quixote Invincibles made a ludicrous showing on Thursday. The riders were all masked, and the poorest horses to be found were used—one of the company rode a small ox. They passed through the Fair Grounds, and greatly added to the amusement of the occasion.

South Carolina N. E. Conference. This body adjourned the first of the week. We copy a few of the appointments:

Charleston, St. James' church, Wm E Boon; Cypress, A. McCorvode; Georgetown, C. H. Pritchard; Black River, Wm W Jones; Marion, B. English; Barnwell, S. Jones; Orangeburg, D. J. Simmons; Wadesboro, O. A. Darby; Camden, Jas Stacey; Cokesbury, H. H. Durant. Next Conference to be held at Marion, S. C.

"How the Carolinian can pretend that Pierce and Douglas "supported the bill as a measure of justice to the South," in the face of their own declarations of adverse reasons, we cannot understand. Where does it 6-1 any such reason assigned by either of them? On the other hand it must know what Pierce said to Clemens, and what Douglas said in his late speech in Illinois, all of which were utterly hostile to the South. These declarations of Pierce and Douglas have been often stated in this and other papers, and never denied. Does the Carolinian deny their correctness? and if so, upon what authority?"—Observer.

We do deny that President Pierce ever said anything to Mr Clemens, or anybody else, that showed hostility to the South, and our authority for the denial is Mr Clemens himself.

It will be remembered that the Hon. Jerec Clemens, of Alabama, wrote a very indelicate letter to a paper published in Alabama, in which he misrepresented Gen. Pierce by stating that he (Pierce) held the Nebraska bill as a northern measure, and expressed surprise at the opposition it met with at the North, and the favor it received at the South. Now Mr Clemens soon found out that he had done the President injustice, for he addressed him an apologetic letter, which we republish for the benefit of the Observer, and all others who have committed the error of charging Franklin Pierce with entertaining inimical feelings towards the South:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 24, 1854. DEAR SIR: You have called my attention to a late letter of mine to N. Davis, Jr., Esq., and particularly to the following sentence:

"He expressed great surprise at the opposition it met from the North, and equal surprise that the South should be willing to take it."

At the time the conversation to which that sentence alludes took place, I was walking backwards and forwards across the room, and should not have noticed it if you had not remarked that you had no conceals upon the subject, and that you were glad I was present to hear it.

In my letter to Mr Davis I did not pretend to give your language, except where quotation marks are used; and, from subsequent conversation with you, I think it very probable that I misunderstood the purport of your remarks upon this particular point. Your surprise may have been expressed that the true men of the North should hesitate to vote for Douglas's bill when the South was willing to take it; if I had paid attention to the whole conversation I should not have been so much surprised. I thought not such would have been the impression left on my mind.

I have never sought a conversation with you upon the subject of the Nebraska bill; but every time I have heard you mention the subject you have uniformly expressed yourself warmly in favor of the principles of the bill, viz: the principle of the right of the people of the Territories to regulate the question of slavery for themselves—a doctrine from which I dissented; and as I knew we were not at all likely to agree, I sought no discussion of the question.

You have assured me always that you thought it best for the whole country, and insisted that patriotic men in both sections ought to take it. I thought the South must be the loser. I think so now. I understood you to place it upon the ground that the principle is right in itself, and, if it works for or against a particular section, no one has a right to complain; that you were for the rights of both sections, and willing to take any consequences that might follow the practical carrying out of those rights as you understood them.

Very truly, yours, JERE CLEMENS. Gen. FRANK PIERCE, President U. S.

Mr Clemens says that the President placed it (the Nebraska bill) "upon the ground that the principle is right in itself;" that he was "for the rights of both sections." The Observer can't sustain its charge by any conversation the President had with Mr Clemens.

The Observer says it did not pray for the success of the party alluded to in our last, in whose platform the main plank is to be opposition to the Nebraska bill, but that it wished the "effort to save the Union" success. We are very willing to give that paper the benefit of its denial, but think the language used in speaking of the "effort" susceptible of the meaning we put upon it. The Observer says:

"But why should we not pray for the success of the party spoken of? It is hostile to the Nebraska bill as a violation of the Missouri compromise, it is true; but so are nineteen twentieths, if not ninety-nine hundredths, of all the Northern people, of all parties. It does not propose, however, to attempt a repeal of that bill. What it does propose, and which should entitle it to the hearty prayers of all Southern men, is "to oppose all propositions for the fusion of the whig party with any other for the purpose of forming a sectional party, based upon the agitation of the day."

The reason why the Observer should not pray for the success of the party spoken of is this: If that party is ever organized upon the principle of decided opposition to the Nebraska bill as a violation of the Missouri compromise, instead of allying agitation it will certainly be the means of increasing it. What is the cause of the present agitation at the North? Is it not opposition to the Nebraska bill? Will the members of this new party be any better than those northern fanatics who are now threatening a dissolution of the Union, if they both act from the same principle, "opposition to the Nebraska bill?" We think not; and we submit it to the Observer, would it not be better, if they wish "to save the Union," for them to leave off any expression of opposition to southern measures? If, as the Observer says, the new party does not propose to repeal the Nebraska bill, we would like to know the use of expressing opposition to it.

INCREASING THEIR PRICES.—We notice that in consequence of the high rates of paper the newspapers in various sections of the country are increasing the prices of subscription and advertising.

MICHIGAN.—Bingham, fusion candidate, is elected Governor. In the Legislature the fusionists have a large majority.

POSTSCRIPT.

By Telegraph to the Petersburg Express. HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE. Sebastopol a Mass of Ruins.—Great and Unprecedented Success of the French Chasseurs. Advance in Broadstuffs.

PORTLAND, ME., Nov. 22.—A Canadian screw-propeller steamer arrived here this morning with Liverpool dates to the 7th, being three days later than the Asia's news, which was to the 14th.

She reports wheat as having advanced two shillings per quarter. The Russian ships have been drawn up close to the quays of Sebastopol under shelter of the batteries; but the allies were preparing to pour red hot shot into them, with the hope that they would be either dislodged or burned.

Lord Dunkellen had been made prisoner by the Russians. English accounts say that the Russians have been repulsed at Balkalava, with a loss of one thousand killed, and that the attack on Sebastopol from sea had not been renewed, but the bombardment from the Heights was vigorously prosecuted.

Fort Constantine, the Quarantine, and the Southern part of the town had been demolished. The town was on fire in several different places. A private despatch says Sebastopol has positively been captured; that an assault was made on the 2d of November.

Other despatches say Sebastopol was a mass of ruins! IMPORTANT FROM HAVANA.—New Orleans, Nov. 20.—The Delta publishes a statement received by the Black Warrior, from its Havana correspondent, to the effect that the greatest excitement exists in Cuba, and that a rising is certainly expected in a few days.

MR ASHE.—Hon. Wm. S. Ashe having been elected President of the Railroad, it has been surmised that he would resign his seat in Congress. The Wilmington Journal says "he has not resigned but will attend the coming session, which will close his term. There are some matters still to be consummated in regard to the interests of the district, which he desires to see brought to a close. It will be time enough yet for some months to talk about the next term. The election does not come on until August. Mr Ashe's election as President of the Road does not vacate his seat in Congress. It is not an office under government."

NEW YORK.—After all it appears that Clarke, the whig fusion candidate, is elected Governor—having a majority over Seymour of about 400.

IN FLORIDA the democratic majority on joint ballot in the Legislature is nine, thus securing the election of a democrat to the U. S. Senate in place of Morton, whig. Maxwell, dem., has a majority for Congress of about 1000, being a democratic gain of near 900. Florida has indeed endorsed the Administration.

We publish the following item, but don't think there is any truth in it: RECONSTRUCTION OF THE CABINET.—A despatch from Washington to the N. Y. Herald, says the Cabinet is to be reconstructed in January.

Mr Campbell of the Post Office, and Secretary Guthrie of the Treasury, will go out. Mr Breckenridge of Kentucky, is to be Attorney General, and Caleb Cushing, Esq., Secretary of State. Mr Dobbin is to go into the Treasury Department, and Mason, (James M. it is supposed) into the Navy.

There will also be an entire change in the appointments of foreign ministers—Mr Marcy going to England.

Rev. Turner M Jones has been elected President of Greensboro Female College in place of Rev. C. F. Deams, resigned.

Rev. S. Milton Frost, who was recently elected a Professor in Normal College, has declined the place.

MARRIED. In this county, on the 9th inst., by the Rev. Daniel Johnson, Mr N. H. McLean to Miss Margaret McDougald, daughter of the late Dugald McDougald, all of this county.

In this County, on Thursday the 16th inst., by Jas. S. Harrington, Mr Neil McLeod, Jr., to Miss Margaret, daughter of John McLeod, dec'd. (Spirit of the Age please copy.)

In Carthage, on the 22d inst., by Saml. C. Bruce, Esq., Mr John Taylor to Miss Sarah McLamban—all of Pittsboro.

In Wilmington, on the 17th inst, Mr Jona. Earpe to Mrs. Almira E. Frigden.

In Stanley county, on the 19th inst, Mr Jas A Earhardt to Miss Catherine Howell. Also, Mr Henry Ware of Montgomery, to Mrs Mary Vick.

DIED. In this county, near McFayden's springs, on the 6th inst, Mrs Margaret Ritter.

In this town, on the morning of the 20th inst, after an illness of only 26 hours, Mr Hugh McPherson, in the 31st year of his age.

In Wilmington, on the 18th, Miss Susan A Price, aged 53 years.

DWELLING FOR RENT. That convenient Residence belonging to Miss E. Hybart situated on Main and Stafford streets, is now offered for Rent. For terms apply to WM. BOW, 2147

SCUPPERNON WINE. 5 bbls. superior Scuppernon Wine for sale by S. H. STEEL, 2131

AUCTION. Will be sold at the Market House, at 12 o'clock on Tuesday the 28th inst. FOUR LOTS situated on Cross Creek, known as the Anderson paper mill site. Nov 24. H. C. E. LEETE, Auc.

REAL ESTATE SALE. By virtue of a Decree of the Court of Equity of Cumberland county, I will proceed to sell, on Tuesday the 9th day of January next, at Nathan K. McNeill's store in said county, at public auction, the following tracts of land belonging to the estate of the late Levi West, dec'd, to-wit:

200 Acres lying on both sides of the Horse post Branch.

220 Acres joining the lands of Margaret Smith and others.

75 Acres on the west side of Black Mingo near the county line.

145 Acres on Black Mingo in Sampson county, near the line. The above lands are valuable for timber and turpentine, and will be sold on a credit of six months, purchasers giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the date of sale. W. A. HUSKE, Clerk & Master. Nov. 25, 1854. 21-61

PLANTS, TREES, &c. The season has now arrived for setting out all kinds of hardy Plants and Trees, my stock of which is very large and select. The EVERGREENS include the new introductions from Japan, China, South America, &c.; my ORNAMENTAL TREES, FLOWERING SHRUBS, ROSES, STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, GRAPE VINES, &c., are the VERY BEST that can be procured. I have also, a choice and well grown lot of GREEN HOUSE PLANTS. In the way of Fruit Trees my DWARF PEARS will give entire satisfaction both as to quality and early bearing—frequently fruiting the second year after being planted; other kinds of Fruit Trees will be ready soon. Catalogues supplied to applicants. Address C. LUTTERLOH, Nurseryman, Fayetteville. A few bushels of Blue Grass Seed just received. Nov. 25, 1854. 11

STEAM MILLS FOR SALE.

The Fayetteville and Western Plank Road Company will dispose of, on favorable terms, two Steam Mills as they now stand, between Salem and Bethania. Persons wishing to purchase will please call on Mr Francis Eries, Salem, George Mackpeace, Randolph county, or at the Office of the Company in Fayetteville.

JNO. M. ROSE, For F. & W. P. R. Co. Nov 25, 1854 21-61

A CARD.

JOHN WOLD respectfully informs the inhabitants of Fayetteville that his DANCING SCHOOL is made up, and that he will commence his Lessons for Young Ladies, Misses and Masters, on Tuesday, 28th November, at the Fayetteville Hall at 3 o'clock, p. m. He will also commence his Lessons for Gentlemen on the evening of the same day, at 7 o'clock.

November 25, 1854. 11

EQUITY LAND SALE.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Equity for the county of Cumberland, upon the petition of Duncan R. Shaw and others, experts, I will expose to sale at the Court House in Fayetteville, on Friday the 5th day of January, 1855, the following tracts of Land, the property of the late Charles C. Shaw:

1 tract, about 800 acres, lying on the waters of Big Rockfish and Nicholson's creek, known as the McCaskey land, and adjoining the lands of Neill Campbell and others.

Also, about 600 acres, lying on the waters of Big Rockfish, in three different tracts, adjoining the lands of L. Bethune, Angus Ray and others, known as the McRaney and McLean lands.

Land sold in quantities to suit purchasers, and lies within two or three miles of the Centre Plank Road, and is valuable for timber and turpentine. Terms—Nine months credit. W. A. HUSKE, Clerk & Master. Nov. 25, 185