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THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER----Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic Literature, Agriculture, and General Information----TWO DOLLARS IN ADVANCE.

WILLIAM J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor. | FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., S[illegible]Y, DECEMBER 9, 1854. | VOLUME XV—NO. 823.

TERMS

OF SUBSCRIPTION TO THE CAROLINIAN.

For a single copy, if paid in advance, per annum, $2 00
" " " at the end of 3 months, 2 50
" " " at the end of 6 months, 3 00
" " " at the end of the year, 3 50

No subscription will be received for a shorter period than one year unless paid in advance.

With the view of extending the circulation and enhancing the usefulness of the paper, the proprietor offers the following remarkably low

CLUB RATES, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE:

5 copies of the Carolinian, 1 year, $8 00
10 " " " " 15 00

Letters on business must be addressed to the undersigned, and *must be post paid.*

Rates of Advertising:

Sixty cents per square of 16 lines for the first and thirty cents for each subsequent insertion, unless the advertisement is published for more than two months, when it will be charged

For three months, - - - - - $4 00
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☞ All advertisements must be handed in by Friday 10 o'clock, a. m., to ensure their insertion in the next day's paper, and should have the desired number of insertions marked on them, otherwise they will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

WM. J. YATES.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

FAYETTEVILLE POST OFFICE.

RALEIGH MAIL, (2 horse coach.)
Due Daily at 6½ a. m. Closes daily at 3½ p. m.

WARSAW MAIL (4 horse coach.)
Due daily, except Sunday, at 6 o'clock, a. m.
Closes daily, except Saturday, at 3 p. m.

CHERAW MAIL, (Sulkey.)
Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 1½ a. m.
Closes Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at 12½ p. m.

WILMINGTON (via Elizabethtown) Sulkey.
Due Sunday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 1 a. m.
Closes Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at 9 p. m.

SALEM MAIL, on Plank Road, 2 horse hack.
Due Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, at 3 p. m.
Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 3½ p. m.

MARION C. H. (via Lumberton) Sulkey.
Due Tuesday and Saturday, at 10 p. m.
Closes Wednesday and Saturday, at 9 p. m.

SWIFT ISLAND MAIL (via Troy).
Due Tuesday at 6 p. m. Closes Tuesday at 9 p. m.

MAIL TO STRICKLAND'S DEPOT.
Due Tuesday at 2 p. m. Closes Tuesday at 2 p. m.

MAIL TO ELIZABETHTOWN (via Terebinth.)
Due Wednesday at 7 p. m. Closes Monday at 9 p. m.

J. E. BRYAN, P. M.

MARBLE FACTORY,
BY GEO. LAUDER.
Nearly opposite to E. W. Willkings' Auction Store,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct. 1, 1853. y

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Opposite the Cape Fear Bank.
JONES & LETT
Have now in Store a large and handsome Stock of
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
Selected during the past month, by one of the firm, in the New York Market, comprising a large Stock of Staple and Fancy *DRY GOODS,*
Boots, Shoes and Umbrellas,
Together with a large assortment of fine FAMILY GROCERIES, Confectioneries, &c., all of which they are prepared to offer to their customers, and all those wishing to purchase select goods, at the lowest market prices. ☞ Produce taken in exchange for goods.
REUBEN JONES.] [J. W. LETT.
Sept. 16, 1854. y-pd

A. M. Campbell,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
East side of Gillespie street,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
October 1, 1854.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
The undersigned has now in Store his Fall and Winter stock of GOODS, consisting of a general assortment of
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots and Shoes, Sattinets, Cassimeres, Linseys, Flannels, Muslin-de-Lains, Alpaccas, Shawls, Cravats, &c. Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, &c. &c. Also, a general and well selected stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of Coats, Vests, Pants, Shirts and Under-shirts.
Adamantine, sperm and pearl Candles; pepper, spice, salaratus, starch, fine chewing tobacco, &c.
Produce taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.
R. D. DAVIS.
North side of Person St., next door to F. D. Breece.
N. B.—All persons indebted to me by note or account are respectfully requested to call and settle immediately, as longer indulgence will not be given.
Oct. 1, 1854 y R. D. D.

WILLIAM BOW,
Dealer in
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
FAMILY PROVISIONS, &c.
Foot of Haymount, Fayetteville, N. C.
October 7, 1854 tf

DAVID McDUFFEE,
BRICK MASON AND PLASTERER,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Persons wanting work done in his line will be promptly attended to by addressing him at the Fayetteville Post Office.
Fayetteville, Jan'y 28, 1854 1y-pd

PEARCE & FERGUSON,
Wholesale dealers in Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Umbrellas, and
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
North side Hay street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
☞ Strict attention paid to orders.
B. F. PEARCE.
July 15, 1854 J. B. FERGUSON.

PLANTS, TREES, &c.
The season has now arrived for setting out all kinds of hardy Plants and Trees, my stock of which is very large and select. The EVERGREENS include the new introductions from Japan, China, South America, &c.; my ORNAMENTAL TREES, FLOWERING SHRUBS, ROSES, STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, GRAPE VINES, &c., are the VERY BEST that can be procured. I have also, a choice and well grown lot of GREEN HOUSE Plants.
In the way of Fruit Trees my DWARF PEARS will give entire satisfaction both as to quality and early bearing,—frequently fruiting the second year after being planted; other kinds of Fruit Trees will be ready soon.
Catalogues supplied to applicants.
Address C. LUTTERLOH, Nurseryman,
Fayetteville.
☞ A few bushels of Blue Grass Seed just received.
Nov. 23, 1854.

FALL STOCK, 1854.
STARR & WILLIAMS
Have now in Store a LARGE STOCK OF
DRY GOODS,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Silk and Straw Bonnets, Umbrellas, and Ready-made Clothing,
Which will be sold to WHOLESALE BUYERS, exclusively.
The attention of Merchants is particularly invited to this Stock. Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.
J. B. STARR.
J. M. WILLIAMS.
Aug. 16, 1854. 807-tf

1854.
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
Our Fall and Winter Stock of
DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, Bonnets, and
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Is now in Store and ready for inspection, embracing by far the largest and most extensive assortment we have ever offered to the trade, and is well worthy the examination of every Merchant visiting this place.
Particular attention paid to orders.
HALL & SACKETT.
August 19, 1854

FALL, 1854.
NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.
PEARCE & FERGUSON
Are now receiving their Fall and Winter Stock of
DRY GOODS,
Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Umbrellas, Parasols, Boots, and Shoes, &c. &c.
With an extensive assortment of Ready-made Clothing.
All of which they offer to purchasers at low prices and upon accommodating terms.
From long experience, and by strict attention to business, they hope to merit a share of public patronage.
B. F. PEARCE.
J. B. FERGUSON.
Fayetteville, Aug. 17, 1854. 807-tf

SHEMWELL & McDONALD,
(Successors to P. Shemwell.)
DEALERS IN STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,
Also a general assortment of Straw & Silk BONNETS.
In addition to our stock now on hand, which is very good, we will in a few days receive a new supply of
SEASONABLE GOODS,
Which we will sell low for cash or on reasonable time to punctual customers.
W. B. SHEMWELL.
A. N. McDONALD.
East side Green Street.
Fayetteville, Sept 23, 1854. y

JAMES KYLE
Is now receiving his Fall Supply of
DRY GOODS,
Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.
Among which are,
French and English Merinos, very cheap,
Muslin deLains and Alpaccas,
Brocade, plaid and plain Silks,
Muslin and Bobinet, Sleeves and Collars,
Merino and other Shawls, long and square,
Calico and Ginghams,
Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs,
Best made Bolting Cloths,
A large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING.
With many other Goods, all of which being purchased by the package at the late reduced prices, will be offered wholesale or retail at very low prices.
September 15, 1854.

NOTICE.
Having opened a Store on East side of Gillespie street, opposite P. P. Johnson, and one door South of W. Draughon, I would beg leave to announce to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country, that I have just received my stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Consisting of
Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Sugar and Coffee, &c.,
Which I will sell on accommodating terms.
SAM'L CAIN, Jr.
Sept. 30, 1854. 13-2m

MRS. WALTON
Will return from the North the first of October with a very large stock of
MILLINERY FANCY GOODS,
And the latest style of DRESS TRIMMINGS and PATTERNS; Cloth and Velvet Mantillas, Talmas, and Cloaks; Collars, Under-Sleeves, and inside Capes. Also a very handsome assortment of HEAD-DRESSES and CAPS.
She returns thanks for former patronage, and hopes her patrons and friends will call before purchasing elsewhere.
Fayetteville, Sept. 30, 1854 13-tf

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
J. & T. WADDILL,
HAY STREET.
Are now receiving their Fall and Winter GOODS, consisting of a large and well selected Stock of

GROCERIES	HATS and CAPS,
Hardware,	Boots and Shoes,
Cutlery,	Saddlery and Leather,
Blacksmith & Turpentine Tools.	Heavy articles in the Drug line,
Agricultural Implements,	Ready-made Clothing, and staple Dry Goods.

This Stock we are prepared to job or retail.
Fayetteville, Oct. 24, 1854.
☞ We ask the Planters and Turpentine men to examine our Kerseys, Negro Blankets, Hats and Shoes.

NOTICE.
On the 12th of June last I mailed a letter at Prospect Hall P. O., Bladen county, directed to Mr Joshua Carman, Fayetteville, N. C., containing two one hundred dollar notes on the Commercial Bank of Wilmington, one numbered 1262 the other 1895. The letter also contained a blank note signed by John S. Willis and Bartram Robeson, and endorsed by Thos. J. Robeson, for the purpose of renewing a note held by the Bank of Cape Fear at Fayetteville. The letter has not reached its destination. All persons are hereby cautioned against using the note, and if the letter and its contents are returned to me a liberal reward will be paid.
JOHN S. WILLIS.
Oct. 28, 1854. 2m

STOVES.
I have a good assortment of
Cooking, Parlor, Box, and a few Coal Stoves.
I will sell very low—call and examine at south-east corner Market Square.
C. W. ANDREWS.
October 21st. 16-8t

TEAS! TEAS!!
Hyson, Imperial and Oolong, all of first quality, for sale by
J. N. SMITH.
Nov. 9. 19-tf

FAYETTEVILLE BOOK STORE
BY A. E. TAYLOR.
Having purchased Mr Whitaker's interest in the Fayetteville Book Store, I will continue the business in my own name.
I have just received a large assortment of Books of all kinds. To those favoring me with their patronage I will endeavor to give satisfaction. All the publications of the day—Magazines, Periodicals, works of fiction, &c.—can be seen upon my table, and the arrangements by which any book, not already in stock, can be supplied at the shortest notice. All shall have a chance to prove my promptness.
Among my stock may be found large Family Bibles, from $1 25 to $15; Presbyterian, Methodist and Episcopal Hymn Books; Episcopal Prayer Books; and other religious books.
A good supply of SCHOOL BOOKS always on hand, such as Greek and Latin Readers; English and Latin Grammars; Webster's unabridged Dictionary; various kinds of Geographys, by different authors; all the different kinds of Arithmetics, Spelling Books, Readers &c. &c.; Histories of United States, England, France, &c. In fact all kinds of school books usually called for.
A large assortment of MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS kept constantly on hand.
STATIONERY.—White, blue, ruled and unruled Foolscap Paper; Letter Paper, all sizes and colors; Note Paper, fancy and plain; Envelopes, large and small size, self-sealing; BLANK BOOKS of every size, quality and price; Pass and Time Books; copy books; ink stands; Pens and Pencils; slates and slate pencils; sealing wax, tissue paper, &c. &c.
I will sell low by the wholesale, and make a liberal discount to schools or merchants.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock. Any Book not on hand can be procured in a short time.
A large lot of Music for Piano and Guitar constantly on hand. A large supply of Melodians, Guitars, Violins, Claronets, Flageolets, Flutes, Tamborines, and Instruction Books.
My stock shall be increased with the demand. Country merchants would find it to their advantage to give me a call, as I think I can give satisfaction.
A. E. TAYLOR,
Opposite new College building.
Fayetteville, Nov 25, 1854. tf
P. S.—I have an excellent lot choice SEGARS and fine chewing Tobacco, for sale cheap.

MONEY.
We dislike to allude to unpleasant subjects during these hard times, but if our customers whose notes and accounts have been lying over for one and two years, would call and pay us, we would be thankful. If not convenient to call in person, remittances will do. We would almost consent to pay postage for the sake of the cash.
J. & T. WADDILL, Hay street.
December 2d, tf

WANTED.
A man with a small family to take charge of my Plantation near Fayetteville, on the first of January next, as an Overseer. Evidence of sober and industrious habits will be required.
Dec 2d. tf JNO. WADDILL, Jr.

DWELLING FOR RENT.
That convenient Residence belonging to Miss E Hybart, situated on Mason and Halford streets, is now offered for Rent. For terms apply to
WM. BOW.
Nov. 24, 1854. 21 tf

BUTTER, a new supply.
100 Firkins (Valley Virginia) Butter.
50 " Ashe County Butter.
Nov 24. 21-tf GEO. McNEILL.

EQUITY LAND SALE.
By virtue of a Decree of the Court of Equity of Cumberland county, I will proceed to sell, on Tuesday the 9th day of January next, at Nathan K. McDuffie's store in said county, at public auction, the following tracts of land belonging to the estate of the late Levi West, dec'd, to-wit:
200 Acres lying on both sides of the Horse-pen Branch.
226 Acres joining the lands of Margaret Smith and others.
75 Acres on the west side of Black Mingo near the county line.
145 Acres on Black Mingo in Sampson county, near the line.
The above lands are valuable for timber and turpentine, and will be sold on a credit of six months, purchasers giving bonds with approved security, bearing interest from the date of sale.
W. A. HUSKE,
Nov. 25, 1854. 21-6t Clerk & Master.

EQUITY LAND SALE.
Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Equity for the county of Cumberland, upon the petition of Duncan R. Shaw and others, exparte, I will expose to sale at the Court House in Fayetteville, on Friday the 5th day of January, 1855, the following tracts of Land, the property of the late Charles C. Shaw:
1 tract, about 800 acres, lying on the waters of Big Rockfish and Nicholson's creek, known as the McCaskill land, and adjoining the lands of Neill Campbell and others.
Also, about 600 acres, lying on the waters of Big Rockfish, in three different tracts, adjoining the lands of L. Bethune, Angus Ray and others, known as the McRainey and McLean lands.
Land sold in quantities to suit purchasers, and lies within two or three miles of the Centre Plank Road, and is valuable for timber and turpentine.
Terms—Nine months credit.
W. A. HUSKE, Clerk & Master.
Nov. 25, 1854 21-6t

DISSOLUTION.
The firm of G. W. I. GOLDSTON & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
G. W. I. GOLDSTON.
R. W. GOLDSTON.
Nov. 17th. 1854.
THE SUBSCRIBER having purchased the interest of R. W. Goldston in the late firm of G. W. I. Goldston & Co., will still continue to carry on the
Grocery and Hardware Business
at the old stand. He invites all his friends to call on him when they come to market, and he will try to make himself useful.
G. W. I. GOLDSTON.
Nov. 17th. 1854. 20-tf

SUGAR,
Porto Rico, N. Orleans and Havana, Brown, Clarified, Crushed and Pulverised, for sale at the People's Store, by WEBB & BROTHER.
Nov. 11.

Pure Cider Vinegar,
By the gallon or barrel, for sale at the People's Store, by WEBB & BROTHER.
Nov. 11.

☞ Mackerel, No. 1 and 2, for sale at the People's Store, by WEBB & BROTHER.
Nov. 11.

☞ Prime Rio and Old Government Java COFFEE, for sale at the "People's Store" by
Nov. 11. WEBB & BROTHER.

ONIONS,
A few barrels Wethersfield Onions for sale at the People's Store, by WEBB & BROTHER.
Nov. 11.

☞ The New York Ink Company's celebrated writing Fluid and black Ink, wholesale and retail at the People's Store, by the agents,
Nov. 11. WEBB & BROTHER.

☞ Johnson, Rollins & Co's. Wethersfield Garden Seeds, for sale at the People's Store, by their agents,
WEBB & BROTHER.
Nov. 11.

FOR SALE,
300 sacks SALT, on consignment, by
October 9th. AUG. W. STEEL.

NORTH CAROLINIAN.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

For the Carolinian.

Quarterly Report of Colportage.

BY WM. J. W. CROWDER.

[illegible] months of the past quarter on [illegible] going to and fro with my books and [illegible] to those who were able and willing [illegible] and giving to others; also receiving [illegible] from many for the furtherance of the work. At every place I was kindly received generally on leaving was invited to call as soon as I could and spend longer time. In visiting families it is cheering to see a [illegible] increased concern with parents, to [illegible] educate their children. In many of the most log-cabins in the [illegible] I frequently hear it earnestly said, "I am determined to educate my children if I never give them a cent besides." As I approached the house of a widow, her granddaughter E. 15 years old, ran to me exclaiming "O Mr C., I am so glad to see you again that I may tell you how I feel and thank you for your talk to me about my soul and the good tracts you gave me when you were here before. Then I was a wicked child and should have been lost forever if I had died but now I feel Jesus precious to my soul and would not be afraid to die if it was God's will. I want you and Grandma to help me praise the Lord."

On Sabbath morning I visited as unday school in a section where iniquity abounded a few years since. I went in time to witness their entire exercises; and a more interesting scene I have seldom if ever beheld in my life. The Government of the Supt. and the attention and instruction of the teachers, was of the most pleasant and effectual character. The children were all quiet deeply interested in reciting their good lessons, and in hearing the explanations given. I here found 50 of "The Pictorial Tract Primmers" in use, and the Supt. said "This book is just the right thing for interesting and instructing children. All are delighted with it." And a mother here remarked, "So simple, tender and touching are the answers in the catechism of the Tract Primmer that my son John, though not quite 6 years old is so delighted with and impressed by them that frequently he is affected to tears while I am teaching him the lesson, and he will then say, "Ma, I must be a good boy, for the Lord is great and good." This School has increased from 43 to 87 scholars since its celebration on the 4th of July last. One of the Supt's plans for increasing his school is, to give to him or her who brings in a new scholars a nice picture tract and one to the new scholar. This gets the whole school interested and at work.

I gave a tract called "The Fool's Pence" to a moderate drinker 13 months ago and he at once gave up the use of ardent spirits and loaned the tract to his neighbor, who read and loaned it again; and in this way it has passed through 18 families, and by it 13 persons have been induced to give up the use of alcoholic liquors as a beverage.

I have been forcibly struck and greatly encouraged by hearing professors of religion speak of the happy effects produced on their minds and hearts from reading the Tract Volumes. Some have been thoroughly awakened to their christian duties, and in the performance of duty they testify that they have enlarged views of God, new love for Him, and increasing concern for the spread of the gospel and the conversion of sinners. Many of them have requested me to give them an opportunity to contribute annually to the Tract Society, assuring me that their prayers should ascend daily for God's blessing to attend all its efforts and instrumentalities. A travelling minister recently said. "I have been through neighborhoods where you have scattered books and your books are doing vast good. They are getting people to read who read not before; and they are getting many to think and talk in a way they seldom did before; and they are getting light where there was gross darkness before."

Recently a gentleman came to me in the street and said, "My heart is filled with joy to an over-flowing this morning, and I wish to speak with you about it. Since I having been trying to serve God my dear wife has strongly opposed me. But for the last six months she has received and read a Tract monthly, from, the "Female Tract Society" which seemed to make her serious and occasionly she has gone to church. On last sunday she went to church twice and at night she was much distressed and unwilling to retire I asked her to make known her mind and feelings to me. She seemed to hesitate a moment, and then said with streaming eyes, 'Oh I am such an awful sinner! What shall I do? I have opposed your praying in our family and I have never heard you pray. I do not want to lie down to-night without hearing you pray, and pray for me.' I at once got my family together and for the first time tried to pray in public. And in the discharge of this duty my soul has been abundantly blessed and my wife is yet anxiously inquiring for salvation." This lady has since been hopefully converted to God.

Most of the last month, November, I was on a visit to West Tenn. where Colportage has and is yet doing great good. I was greatly strengthened and encouraged by spending a few days with Bro. T. J. Terry Colp. of Henry Co. May the Lord long spare his useful life. I also met with other Colporteurs by the way who succeeded well in getting travellers to take good books and tracts to read instead of novels. A fine looking gentleman came to me on the cars and purchased some tracts. He seemed unusually glad to get them and after he had distributed some, he took a seat with me and stated that whenever he saw tracts his gratitude to God was newly stirred, for it was a tract given him by a Colporteur between Philadelphia and New York that was instrumental in awaking him and bringing him to Christ, the sinner's friend. May we all take fresh courage in working for God who ever works for us.

Yours truly,
W. J. W. Crowder Colp. of the Amer. Tract Society, for Wake and Cumberland co's N. C.
Raleigh, Dec. 1st, 1854.

The number of persons of foreign birth now in the United States is 2,210,839: the number of natives, whites, 17,737,578, and of persons whose nativity is "unknown," 39,154 Mr Wise, of Virginia, asks, what are the knownothings going to do with these 39,154 *unknown?*

Joan of Arc.

The interest attaching to the history of this extraordinary female, to whom France was so largely indebted for the preservation of her honor, and perhaps her nationality, but who finally received at the hands of her ungrateful countrymen, as a consummation of her glory, a martyr's crown, prompts us to copy this characteristic passage, descriptive of her young life:

"The pensive and retiring beauty of Joan, while it attracted the attention of men, repelled familiarity. Several, nevertheless, pleased with her grace and modesty, solicited her hand from her parents. She persevered in remaining single and free, possibly through some obscure presentiment which warned her that she would one day have to give birth, not to a family, but a [illegible], and that [illegible] had the boldness to claim her love as of right, swearing before a court of justice that she was betrothed to him. The poor girl, abashed but indignant, appeared before the judges at Toul, and contradicted by oath this calumny of passion. The judges saw through the plot, and sent her home free.

While her beauty thus charmed the eye, the composure of her face, the thoughtfulness of her features, the solitude and silence of her life, astonished her father, her mother, and her brothers. The possessed only the grace and attraction of her sex—she had none of its weakness Her face exhibited neither her feelings nor the emotions of her heart. Its expression, concentrated in her eyes, seemed rather that of meditation than of feeling, yet she was compassionate and tender; but her pity and tenderness extended to something greater and more distant than her immediate horizon. She prayed unceasingly, spoke little, and avoided the company of her equals in age. She generally retired alone, and plied her needle in a secluded nook, under a hedge behind the house, from which she could only see the blue sky, the tower of the church, and the distant crest of the mountains. She seemed to hear voices within her which the noise of the world would have stilled.

She was scarcely eight years of age when these signs of inspiration began to appear in her. In this she resembled the Sybils of old, marked from their infancy with the fatal seal of sadness, beauty, and solitude, among the daughters of men—instruments of inspiration reserved for oracles, and to whom every other employment of mind was prohibited. She loved everything that suffered; particularly animals—those intelligent beings gifted with love for us, but deprived of words to convey their feelings. Her companions say that she was mild and merciful to birds. She considered them as creatures condemned by God to live near men, in a state of transition between soul and matter, and having in their nature nothing as yet complete but the painful faculties of suffering and love. All that was melancholy and indefinite in the sounds of nature attracted and absorbed her. 'She was so fond of the sound of bells,' says the old Chronicler, 'that she promised the ringer hanks of wool for the autumn gathering if he would sound the Angelus longer in the mornings.'

But her pity was most strongly excited for the kingdom of France, and for the young dauphin—motherless, without a country, and without a throne. The tales she daily heard from monks, soldiers, pilgrims, and beggars—the cottage newsmen of the time—filled her heart with compassion for the young prince. His image was associated in her mind with the calamities of her fatherland. It was in him that she saw it perish; it was through him that she prayed to God for its deliverance. Her spirit was ceaselessly occupied with this anxiety and sadness."—*Lamartine.*

THE IRON MOUNTAIN.—Who has not heard of the "Iron Mountain of Missouri?" In the county of St. Francois, and in the midst of a fertile and flourishing agricultural region, some eighty miles from St. Louis, and some twenty-eight from the Mississippi, rises this famous eminence of iron. It is thus described by a correspondent of the St Louis Republican:

"The mountain and the mound consist of masses of iron ore of the richest quality, arranged by the hand of Nature in 'ready-made' lumps, from the size of a pigeon's egg upwards, mixed with a small portion of reddish-yellow clay, which itself contains quite a per-centage of iron. Thus far the workings—there is no mining necessary—have been confined to a small portion of the westerly slope of the mound, the mountain being held in reserve, I presume, for the grander operations of future generations. A few hands, with little labor or cost, pick out enough ore to supply the furnaces. The entire mound, so far as it has been excavated and tested, is composed of these lumps of ore, almost as pure as pig metal, easily separated from the clay which fills the interstices. In many places scarcely anything but lumps of pure ore, with hardly any admixture, appear. In some parts of the workings the ore taken out requires no roasting to prepare it for the furnaces; but, generally, it is roasted in immense heaps, which at this time form a large store for future use. When this mound, or that portion of it above the level of the furnaces, is all changed from its crude state to iron, the company may proceed to excavate below the level, or continue eastward a few hundred feet, and attack the mountain itself, which, so far as is known, is but a vastly-enlarged edition of the same volume. But at what period will the mound, even, be exhausted? I have seen no calculations and heard of no estimate of the quantity of ore; but, for my own satisfaction, assuming the following data as entirely within reasonable bounds, these results are obtained:

"Twenty acres, an average depth of fifty feet, yielding (say) four tons of ore to the cubic yard, would produce seventy per cent, as the net yield of metal, four and a half millions of tons of iron. If this were taken out at the rate of one hundred thousand tons per annum, it would occupy forty-five years. Unless, therefore, a much larger quantity be yearly disposed of, the present generation of workers will not witness the disappearance of the mound even to the level of the furnaces. Respecting the quantity in the mountain, it is enough to say that it is practically inexhaustible. The line of the St Louis and Iron Mountain railroad passes immediately west of the works, affording easy and most convenient railroad access to the mound, the furnaces, and the base of the mountain."

Fall and Winter Fashions.

Our lady reader will not be displeased to see some account of the prevailing fashions for the season. We take the following from that weekly so noted for its accuracy and taste in this matter, the Home Journal.

The new silk dresses manufactured for the present and coming seasons, include some of bright colors; for instance, Isly green and pink, upon which are printed, in black relief, patterns consisting of an imitation of guipure flounces. The patterns are disposed in horizontal rows, one above the other in the manner of flounces, and they generally diminish in depth as they ascend upwards. These dresses are intended for evening costume. One, a dress of pale green silk, has the skirt ornamented with five rows broche in a pattern of black [illegible] resembling in appearance to lace; each row is headed by a ruche of gauze ribbon, green striped with black. The corsage has a berthe composed of black lace, which opens en coeur in front and behind, and is headed by a ruche of ribbon; at the shoulders the berthe is gathered up in fulness by a bow and long ends formed of a barbe of black lace, and in the centre of each bow is fixed an agraffe of aqua marina. In the middle of the corsage, between the two sides of the berthe, three bows of black lace are placed one above the other. They are graduated in size, the smallest being the lowest; and in the centre of each is an attache of aqua marina. The coiure which accompanies this consists of two bouquets, each of foliage in tinted velvet, surmounted by a small water lily. The bouquets are placed on each side of the head, and are united one with the other by a cordon of aqua marinas, which passes across the bandeaux of hair. A dress of Isly green silk, made high to the throat has the front of the corsage trimmed with three rows of rosettes, formed of velvet, sarsnet and gauze ribbon of different tones of green. The velvet ribbon is the deepest in color, and occupies the undermost part of the rosette. The sarsnet ribbon is a shade paler, and is placed next to the velvet, the centre of the rosette being formed of gauze ribbon of a brighter green than the sarsnet ribbon. The rosettes are united one to the other by a narrow bouillon of the silk composing the dress, edged on each side by a row of feather fringe about a half an inch, in width. Rosettes of pink gauze ribbon have just been employed to trim a dress of white worked muslin, made in the peignoir style. Each rosette consists of ribbon of five different tones of pink. A single row of these rosettes ornaments the front of the dress which is embroidered in a spriggled pattern with flowers surrounded by foliage open work. A small pelerine of worked muslin is edged by a deep row of Mechlin lace, which descends to the waist. The sleeves are trimmed with two rows of lace gathered up in the inside of the arm by two rosettes of ribbon. With this dress is now worn a small cap formed of three bouillons of tulle over pink ribbon. Between each buillon a row of lace, set on in slight fulness, droops towards the back. The rows of lace meet at the ears, and are there intermingled with loops of ribbon in various shades of pink. The strings, which are of broad pink ribbon, edged with lace, flow loosely over the back of the neck.

ALAMANCE SUPERIOR COURT.—We learn that the trial of the negro Wesley, belonging to Mr Daniel Waggoner, of Alamance, charged with the murder of Mrs Elizabeth Strader a short time since, took place last week before Judge Bailey at Alamance superior court. Solicitor Ruffin appeared for the State, and J. W. Norwood, Esq., for the prisoner. The trial occupied but about two hours. The proof was direct and conclusive, and the negro was found guilty of the murder. He was sentenced to be hanged on the 15th of December.—*Hillsboro' Recorder.*

It seems that the Erie troubles are not ended. The Plain Dealer of the 17th says; "It seems that our neighbors of the 'Sleepy Boro'" are preparing for war. The common council of that city have passed resolutions authorizing the mayor to direct the high constable to 'remove the railroad track occupying the street, after one week's notice to the railroad company.'"

A REMARKABLE COUPLE.—A correspondent of the Maine Farmer, tells of a couple in that State, who are remarkable people in their way. The husband is 63 years old and his wife 68. These old people by their own labor raised this year 71 bushels of wheat, 40 bushels of corn, three or four loads of pumpkins, besides potatoes and other articles. The old lady worked in the field with the husband six or eight hours each day, and prepared all the meals besides.

The wife is the mother of *twenty-three* children, eighteen of whom are now living,

An informal summary of the annual commerce and navigation reports, has been prepared for the use of the Secretary of the Treasury, from which it appears that the imports of foreign merchandise during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1854, were a fraction over $300,000,000. The exports of domestic produce were between $250,000,000 and $260,000,000. The exports of breadstuffs and provisions were somewhat in excess of $50,000,000. The difference between the imports and exports was made up in California gold, stocks, and mercantile obligations. The revenue from customs, as before stated, was about $65,000,000, and from all other sources $8,000,000.

Speak not Harshly.

Speak not harshly—much of care
Every human heart must bear;
Enough of shadows darkly lie
Veiled within the sunniest eye.
By thy childhood's gushing tears,
By thy griefs of after years;
By the anguish thou dost know,
Add not to another's woe.

Speak not so harshly, much of sin
Dwelleth every heart within;
In its closely covered cells
Many a wayward passion dwells.
By the many hours misspent,
By the gifts to errors lent,
By the wrong thou didst not shun,
By the good thou has not done,
With a lenient spirit scan,
The weakness of thy fellow man.