NORTH-CAROLINIAN.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Saturday, August 25, 1855.

☞ Mr G. S. Rollins, at Terebinth, will please accept our thanks for procuring a list of ten subscribers to the Carolinian, payment for which has been received.

☞ Mr D. G. Smith has our thanks for five new subscribers, payment for which is hereby acknowledged.

☞ We learn that Hon. L. Bethune and P. M. Powell, Esq., have been appointed by Gov. Bragg as Directors on the part of the State in the Fayetteville and Albermarle Plank Road Company.

Col. David Gillis and Hon. L. Bethune will hold the State's proxy in the annual meeting which takes place on the 30th inst.

☞ We are glad to see such prompt action on the part of our Town authorities to prevent disease. We notice lime spread about the streets, and a general cleaning up commenced.

☞ The Professorship in Davidson College tendered Rev. Adam Gilchrist of this place, has been declined by that gentleman.

CARRIAGES.—The other day we spent a few minutes in A. A. McKethan's extensive Carriage Repository and saw some of his excellent riding vehicles. Here a man can be accommodated with any style and at prices ranging from one hundred dollars to seven hundred and fifty dollars—all finished in a superior manner. Those who want something really nice to ride in ought to examine Mr McKethan's large assortment and we are sure they can be suited, both in price and quality. These carriages are finer and more durable than those made North, and we venture the assertion that they cannot be *surpassed* anywhere in the United States. If anybody doubts this, we ask them to go and examine the work. Southern people ought to encourage Southern manufacturers, especially when they can be so well suited.

☞ The Washington Union of the 19th announces that Mr Dobbin, Secretary of the Navy, has returned to his post improved in health by his visit to the springs.

THE FAYETTEVILLE INDEPENDENT COMPANY celebrated its 62d Anniversary on Thursday last by target firing and dinner. We could not make it convenient to attend, but learn that everything passed off in a pleasent manner, as usual.

The prize competed for was an elegant silver goblet, which was won by Capt. Jas. M. Vann, who made the best average shot, being 4 6-16 inches. Private Kyle was second best, who also made the best single shot. The goblet was presented to the winner by Dr. T. D. Haigh in an elegant and chaste speech.

The *Officers* elected for the ensuing year are as follows:

Walker Draughon, Major; Wm Huske 1st Captain, Jas McGilvary 2d do., A McPherson 3d do., J M Vann 4th do.; Wm W Frizell 1st Serg't, T J Robinson 2d do., J B Ferguson 3d do., D J McLeod 4th do., Wright Huske 5th do.; Alex Ray 1st Corp'l, Geo Haigh 2d do., E. A. Yates 3d do., H Erambert 4th do.

"NIL DESPERANDUM."—The piece of poetry in another column, bearing this caption, does honor to the pen and head of the author. W. F. Wightman, Esq., of Americus, Ga., is the author, and we would be happy to receive other pieces from his pen with which to embellish our columns.

N. C. STATE BONDS.—The Public Treasurer advertises the sale of $186,000 worth of State Bonds, $63,000 to bear date Jan. 1, 1855, the balance July 1, 1855, and to run ten, twenty and thirty years. Bids will be received until the 21st September.

☞ President Pierce and lady are now on a visit to the Virginia Springs. At Staunton on the 16th, the hospitalities of the town were extended them by the Mayor & Council. A splendid dinner was prepared at the Virginia Hotel, of which the visitors and a number of citizens partook. After dinner the President and Hon. James M. Mason made speeches. Subsequently, they visited the Insane Asylum and the Deaf and Bamb Institution, expressing much pleasure at all they saw.

HON. ABBOTT LAWRENCE died in Boston on the 18th inst. He represented this country at the court of St. James during Mr Fillmore's administration. He was very wealthy, his estate being worth $3,000,000.

MR. SOULE.—The name of Hon. Pierre Soule having been spoken of in connection with the nomination for Congress in the first District of Lonisiana, he publishes a short letter in the N. O. Delta, declining the honor, and states that he wishes to rest, for a while at least, from the anxieties and agitations of public life.

☞ Some idea of the distress and panic in Portsmouth, caused by the yellow fever, may be inferred from the following:

"The accounts from Portsmouth are truly of a melancholy nature. The deaths number some twelve per day, and the new cases yesterday were between twenty-five and thirty, notwithstanding at least four-fifths of the population have left the city.

A correspondent writes as follows:

Our town presents a gloomy and sombre aspect. There is not a magistrate or constable here; the Council is without a quorum; and nearly all the town officers are gone. Two of the police officers are dead, and a third is now sick. The stores and banks are closed—the market is deserted—the private dwellings are tenantless and all the hotels and boarding houses are shut up. All our citizens (except those who remain from a sense of duty,) who could raise means to get off have left.—There were twelve deaths yesterday, and from 20 to 30 new cases of Fever."

For the last week we have had an abundance of rain in this region.

South Carolina Know Nothing State Council.

CHARLESTON, Aug 16.—The Know Nothing State Council met here on Monday night, and abolished the Catholic test, allowing any native born citizen, who would renounce all allegiance, both civil and ecclesiastical to the Church, to become members. It opposes any infringement upon the existing rights of naturalized citizens.

Those who have joined the Know-nothings through fear of the Catholics, will now begin to see that the leaders of the secret party have not so much at heart the curtailment of the influence of the Romish Church, as they have a desire to gain power and office for themselves. It will be seen by the above that the Know-Nothing State council of South Carolina *opposes any infringement upon the existing rights of naturalized citizens.* Now as it is an existing right for a naturalized citizen to hold office (provided the people choose to elevate him) the know-nothing cry about Americans ruling America, is the worst kind of humbuggery, and was raised for the purpose of catching votes. Will those well meaning persons who joined the order because they apprehended danger from foreign influence and the Catholic Church remain in it now? We think many will leave it, as they ought to do.

In Louisiana, the Know-nothing candidate for Governor is a member of the Catholic Church.

In Kentucky, the ritual of the Know-nothing order has been changed so as not to disqualify a man from becoming a member who has a Catholic wife.

A NEW QUESTION.—A writer in the Wilmington Herald raises a rather novel question with regard to the eligibility of Mr Winslow to a seat in Congress. The following is the article:

"IS HE ELIGIBLE?—Is Warren Winslow eligible to a seat in the House of Representatives of the United States?

The Constitution of North Carolina (Art. 4, Sec. 4, amended Constitution,) reads thus: No person who shall hold any office or PLACE of trust or profit under the United States, or *any* department thereof, or under this State, or any other State or Government, shall HOLD or exercise any other office or place of trust or profit, under the authority of this State, or be eligible to a seat in either house of the General Assembly.

Now it is certain, that a Representative in the Congress of the United States from North Carolina holds a "place" both of trust and profit, either under the United States, or under this State, therefore cannot at the same time be a member of the General Assembly.

Mr Winslow is a member of the General Assembly, which post he can, I suppose, resign into the hands of the Governor, but he is moreover, *Speaker of the Senate*, a position he cannot, I take it, resign, except to the Senate itself, and that body not being in session, nor likely to be before Congress meets, he must of necessity remain a member of the General Assembly.

Is it right that he should, if he could, vacate the office of Speaker of the Senate? Suppose the office of Governor becomes vacant, how could a successor be found in the Speaker of the Senate; and suppose further, that the Speaker of the Commons should die, be unable to act, or absent from the State, who is to "exercise the powers of Government" as provided for in the 19th section of the original Constitution, even to the extent of calling the Legislature together. There is no provision, that I am aware of, and in such contingency I do not see in what manner the State Government could be carried on.

If Gov. Reid could not occupy a seat in the Senate of the United States, and be the Governor of North Carolina at the same time, how can Mr Winslow Governor contingent, be a Representative in Congress, and Speaker of the Senate of North Carolina, at the same time." "HANOVER."

We apprehend no difficulty in the matter whatever, and think that the suppositions of "Hanover" are entirely too far-fetched. He admits that Mr Winslow, as a *member* of the General Assembly, could resign to the Governor, but thinks that he cannot resign the Speakership in the same way. True, he cannot resign the office of Speaker into the hands of the Governor, but if he resigns as a member of the Senate we imagine he would not hold the office of Speaker. He cannot be Speaker of the Senate without being a member of that body. So the whole difficulty (if there is any) can or could be settled by merely resigning as a member of the General Assembly.

"CRUMBS OF COMFORT."—The editor of the Argus in his last issue is "astonished" that the democrats should have the heart to jubilate over their victory in this District, yet we find the sapient gentleman himself drawing comfort from the "deliberate dictum" to be found in another part of his paper, that after "such another victory locofocoism will be flat of its back in all this region of the State." Verily the editor betrays that he is not altogethar unfamiliar with the logic used by "Sir Hudibras" upon a certain occasion when, after he had received a mauling which left him considerably more than *half* dead, he reasoned thus:

If he who in the field is *slain*
Is in the *bed* of honor lain,
Then he who's *beaten* may be said
To lie in honor's *truckle bed.*

"AMERICAN ORGAN."—The Washington Star publishes the following as the names of those who own the leading Know-nothing paper in this country called the "American Organ":

The Joint Stock Company.—As it is, doubtless, a matter of some interest to our fellow citizens of Washington to know who are the owners of the *Organ*, we have been at some pains to obtain a correct list of those gentlemen. The stock is divided into thirty shares, which are owned at this moment, or were owned a few days since, as follows:

Ulysses Ward, 2 shares; Vespasin Ellis, 4; S. C. Busey, 2; Wm. M. Burwell, 2; Hon. Bayard Clark, (Know-nothing member elect to Congress from New York,) 8; Wm Tucker (of Lane & Tucker,) 1; Selby Parker, (ex-secretary of the Washington anti-Slavery Society,) 1; Ephraim Wheeler, 1; S Fowler, 1; M. G. Emery, 1; J. M. McCalla, 1; William Blanchard (publisher of the National Era,) 1; Robert Beal (ex-Sergeant-at-Arms of the U. S. Senate,) 1; Maj. J. H. Hollman, 2; W. J. Busey, 1; T. D. Sandy, 1.

YELLOW FEVER.—There appears to be a abatement of this terrible disease in Norfolk and Portsmouth. Much distress is said to prevail among the inhabitants, and we notice contributions are being forwarded for the relief of the poor. The Norfolk Argus, speaking of the flight of persons from that city, says:

"Of the four or five members of the clergy who have hurried off, it may not become us to speak now. They know their duty. Perhaps this is not the time to indulge in vituperation; for although the disease is not as bad as represented, God's chastening hand is upon us. Our stores are nearly all closed; our streets are deserted; the dead and the dying are around us; excepting the rattle of the physician's coach, hearses and hospital wagons, the silence in our streets is often absolutely oppressive. The frantic wail of the widow falls dolefully on the ear; the piteous cry of the orphan rings out shrilly and dies away upon the night wind; friends are parting, perchance until the judgment; and the lamentation of the mother is heard, "like Rachael, weeping for her children, and refusing to be comforted because they are not."

It is indeed a sad and gloomy time in our loved and devoted city; and how much the calamitous visitation is increased in its intensity by the inconsiderate flight and absence of religious friends and the deprivation of their consolatory instructions and prayers in the room where death claims and seizes his victims, we leave to the imagination of the panic-stricken Christian professors who have sought a more salubrious climate and a less dangerous location.

We heard one of our ministers say, who has not proved recreant to the high duties of his office, and who goes willingly to the abodes of woe and death, that he found a woman whose husband had just died of the fever. She too was attacked, and no one was there to nurse and comfort her. He looked out, and the neighbors had all gone—their doors and windows were closed. "Here" said she, "I must lie and die alone." And there was a boy with the black vomit, and no one but a young sister to attend him during the slow and sad hours of a long night of pain and sorrow.

But some noble souls and great hearts are left, and their recompense will be great. They breathe still the deadly breath of the pestilence; they pray for the sick and the dying, and whisper sweet words of faith and consolation in the ears of the sufferers, whose thanks and prayers and blessings will be remembered in time and eternity; and if the faithful soldier of the cross falls while doing his duty when most needed, he falls gloriously, and his reward will be unspeakable and eternal."

GENEROUS.—Two eminent physicians of New Orleans, Drs. Stone and Peniston, have gone to Norfolk and offered their services to the Board of Health of that city. They have had considerable experience with the yellow fever.

☞ Jeremiah Clemens, of Ala., whose letter extolling know-nothingism has been praised so much by the opposition papers, has been defeated for a seat in the Legislature. Down he goes.

PUBLIC MEETING IN CHARLESTON.—A large meeting of the citizens of Charleston, S. C., in favor of State Rights, Southern Rights, and opposed to the know-nothing party, was held on the 15th inst. W. D. Porter presided, assisted by 28 vice Presidents and 4 Secretaries. Hon. J. W. Hayne submitted an address and resolutions, which were adopted. A committee of one hundred was appointed to organize a Southern Rights Party in opposition to the know-nothings. The following are two of the resolutions passed by the meeting:

"Resolved, That we protest against the proposition put forth by the Grand Council of the Order in Philadelphia, that "the maintenance of the Union of these States, is the *paramount* political good"—a doctrine which assumes that Government is above the objects for which it was instituted—strikes at the very foundation of the Sovereignty of the States, and under every violation of the Constitution, however flagrant, and under every degree of oppression and injury, however destructive, demands of the States eternal and unresisting subjection to the central power; and we disapprove, as heretical in principle and eminently dangerous to the South, the idolatrious devotion to the Union of these States, so prominently and constantly inculcated by the Constitution and Ritual of the Order, when contrasted with their silence as to the necessity of preserving unimpaired the rights of the States respectively.

"Resolved, That in addition to these stringent objections, we are opposed to the know-nothing Order,

Because by its secrecy and mystery, its oaths and ritual, it is calculated to promote insincerity and duplicity, and to stifle the bold, open, manly conduct and conversation which characterize the man of honor and the freeman.

Because its tendency is to organize a band of spies in every community, to watch the conduct and catch the words of the unsuspecting, to be reported to their secret councils, and made the foundation of political proscription and persecution.

And because its practices strike at social confidence, and all that is dear and valuable in the social relation."

☞ The editor of the Argus complains that he has been reviled by certain persons in this community and his name coupled "with the vilest epithets that malice and detraction could invent," and very properly says "we care for none of these things." If the editor of the Argus has been reviled and abused in this community more than the editor of the Carolinian, we pity him. Not only so, but threats of personal violence, we understand, have been indulged in towards us by more than one individual. The slander and abuse we have treated with silent contempt, and the threats that were made never disturbed our equanimity in the least. Of course we held ourselves in readiness to resent and chastise an unlawful attack—duty and the law of self-preservation required us to do this—but we never apprehended great cause for fear, although frequently warned. Words were spoken in the heat of political excitement that were never intended, probably, to have much meaning. Be this as it may, certainly there are many individuals in the world whom we do not expect to praise us, and as we have an inward consciousness of having done right, and treated political opponents respectfully, we care very little about what a few may think or say of us. There is room enough in the world for all to live, and as all the members of a community are nearly equally dependent upon each other for support, we never intend to change our politics, or court the favor or humble ourselves to any man or set of men for the sake of patronage. It is greatly to be regretted that the last canvass engendered more bad feeling than any previous one within our recollection, but we presume (as all good citizens ought to hope) that reason has again resumed her sway and all ill feeling banished from our midst.

For the North Carolinian.

NIL DESPERANDUM.

BY W. F. W.

Nil desperandum, young man, though the cloud
And the storms of adversity gather around thee;
Tho' the sneers of the rich and the scorn of the proud,
And the frowns of the high and the haughty surround thee;
Run thy flag to the mast-head, and, nailing it there,
Shout boldly life's battle-cry—*Never Despair!*

Nil desperandum, resolve to be great,
As scholar or statesman, as hero or bard;
Throw down the gauntlet to fortune and fate,
And take for thy Polar star virtue's reward!
The love of the good and the smiles of the fair
And the voice of thy duty say—*Never Despair!*

Nil desperandum, why yield up thy claim
To the banner of triumph, and shrink from the fight?
Why yield up thy birthright to honor and fame,
Perhaps but to fall in the cowardly flight?
Nay! sound the bold note of thy clarion clear,
And speed to the battle and *Never Despair!*

Nil desperandum, march onward—and oft
As thy spirit may falter, whate'er may betide,
The sweet little cherub that sits up aloft,"
Unfolding his pinions will speed to thy side,
And softly will whisper the words in thine ear
Take courage young soldier, and *Never Despair!*

Nil desperandum, the world is before thee;
Its honors, its pleasures all lie at thy feet;
Heed not the frowns of the haughty ones o'er thee:
Themselves thou shalt conquer and shame with defeat.
And a monument high and enduring shalt rear,
Inscribed with the motto of *Never Despair!*

Nil desperandum, though hours of gloom
Cast over thy spirit their shadows of sadness,
And clouds of misfortune and sorrow may loom
Dark o'er the once sunny sky of thy gladness;
Halt not, but, as often as troubles draw near,
Look up to Hope's beacon and *Never Despair!*

Nil desperandum, while vigor and youth
Are thine own ask of Fortune no favors at all;
But, girt in the armor of honor and truth,
March valiantly forth to the field at the call
Of thy duty, and write on thy helmet and spear
"I fight but to conquer!" and *Never Despair!*

Nil desperandum, the ship of thy fate
Young sailor, tho' tossed on a boisterous tide,
With truth for her pilot and hope as her mate,
At length into port shall triumphantly ride.
And the sentinel's cry from the land thou shalt hear—
"All's well with the mariner!" *Never Despair!*

Nil desperandum, ne'er give up the helm,
Tho' the waters are surging in breakers ahead,
And the loud raging waves threaten soon to o'erwhelm
And bury thee deep in the sea's coral bed;
Stand firm to thy post at the tiller and steer,
While the flag streams above thee, and *Never Despair.*

And when thou hast weathered the storm and the gale,
And smoothly thy vessel glides over the wave;
When the billows are calm and the breeze fills thy sail.
And the storm-god's returned to his deep ocean cave,
Then lift up thy heart in a thanksgiving prayer
To the God of thy Fathers, and *Never Despair.*

RICHMOND, Aug. 21st.

You recollect that a statement appeared some weeks ago of the arrest of a man in Wilmington, N. C., who gave his name as Henry Abbott, and the additional fact that he had in his possession sundry gold watches and other articles stolen from residents of this city. Officer Tyler went down to Wilmington two or three days ago, and the man was delivered to him to be brought here for trial. Handcuffs and other formidable incumbrances were put upon the individual, and our policeman started with him for Richmond. The train reached Stony Creek, Sussex County, about day break this morning, and the redoubtable thief, seeing Mr. Tyler had fallen asleep, arose from his seat, went to the door and took a leap for liberty, notwithstanding the cars were going at full speed; and the first thing Tyler knew was that his charge had escaped. The result of the jump we have not learned; for the officer came directly to this city, bringing with him the burglar's plunder, consisting of gold watches, jewelry, porte monnaies, etc. etc. Tyler offers from his own pocket $50 for the capture of Abbott, who is described as a man of about five feet six inches in height, with full cheeks, unshaven beard, a scar under the left ear, dressed in a black frock coat, fancy pants, and snuff colored felt hat.—*Correspondence of the Petersburg Express.*

SAM'S FOOTHOLD IN THE SOUTH.—At the last presidential election Virginia gave a majority of 15,281 for General Pierce. Notwithstanding fusion and confusion, the alliance of whigs and know-nothings, and an increased vote of 27,123, Wise's majority was 10,180.

North Carolina gave Pierce a majority of 686. She now gives about 8,000 democratic majority.

Tennessee gave a majority of 1,880 for Scott. She now gives about 2,000 majority for that unwavering democrat, Andrew Johnson.

Alabama gave a majority of 11,843 for Pierce. She now gives upwards of 12,000 majority for Winston.

We have not been advised of the precise majority of Gov. Pease in Texas, but we have no doubt that know-nothingism has been repudiated in Texas as decidedly as it has been repudiated in any of her sister States of the South.

NATIONAL DEBTS OF THE WORLD.—A new edition (says the New York Courier) of "Fenn on the English and Foreign Funds," very recently issued, gives a statement of the existing national debts of the principal comtries of the world. This is interesting at this time, when the contraction of additional debt is very likely to be forced upon all the leading nations, of Europe at least. The aggregate amount of European debt is stated to be £1,644,841,000, of which the debt of England is £773,923,000; France £233,000,000; Holland £102,451,000; Prussia £3,500,000; Russia £68,000,000; Spain £70,000,000; Belgium £26,000,000; Austria £211,000,000. The various countries of Central and South America, Mexico and Cuba have an aggregate debt of £59,788,280. The debt of the United States is put down at £10,000,000, and that of British India at £48,000,000—making the total public or national debt of the world to be £1,762,629,480.

NO SECTS IN HEAVEN.—The celebrated Whitfield, when preaching on one occasion from the balcony of the Courthouse, Philadelphia, cried out, lifting his eyes to heaven: "Father Abraham, who have you got in your bosom? Any Episcopalians?" "No!" "Any Presbyterians?" "No!" Baptists?" "No' Have you any Methodist there?" "No!" Have you any Independents or Seceders?" "No! no!" "Why, who have you then!" "We don't have these names here. All here are Christians, belivers in Christ." Oh is that the case? Then God help us all to forget party names, and to become Christians in deed and in truth!"

There are at the present time 43 licensed pawnbrokers transacting business in N. York, and it would appear that there are but two out of the number who do not seek to extend their business by dishonest practices.

ELECTIONS TO TAKE PLACE.—The following is a schedule of the elections which are to take place during the present year for State officers and representatives to Congress.

California—Tuesday, September 4, State officers.

Vermont—Tuesday, September 4, State officers.

Maine—Monday, September 10, State officers.

Georgia—Monday, October 1, State officers and eight representatives.

Pennsylvania—Tuesday, October 9, State officers.

Indiana—Tuesday, October 9, State officers.

Ohio—Tuesday, October, 9, State officers.

Louisiana—Monday, November 5, State officers and four representatives.

Mississippi—Monday, November 5, State officers and five representatives.

New York—Tuesday, November 6, State officers.

Wisconsin—Tuesday, November 6, State officers.

Maryland—Wednesday, November 7, six representatives.

Massachusetts—Monday, November 12, State officers

In Tennessee, Alabama, California, Indiana, Wisconsin, and Pennsylvania, the legislature in each State elect one United States senator.

GETTING UP STREAM.—Captain John Banks of steamer Brothers, informs us that he has made several trips as high as Buckhorn Falls, and brought from eight to ten thousand barrels naval stores to market.

We are further informed that all the important work below Buckhorn has been let to responsible contractors for sums within the estimates of the principal Engineer, to be finished during the year—barring freshets and other unavoidable accidents.—*Wil. Herald.*

BAPTISTS IN THE UNITED STATES.—The Baptists Almanac for 1856 contains a table of statistics, by which it appears that there are in the United States, connected with the Baptist denomination, 523 associations, 10,488 churches, 6,887 ordained ministers, 592 licentiates, and 842,660 members. The number of baptisms in 1854 was 53,627. Adding the "irregular" Baptists, such as anti-Mission Baptists, Free-will Baptists, Seventh-day Baptists &c. to the above, the number of members is increased to 1,251,059.

The Paris Academy of Science has lately been investigating the flying machine invented by Don Diego de Salamanca. The machine consists in a case two feet long and one foot wide, adapted to a band of leather round the waist, buckled behind. The two iron rods, fastened to the case, support a small piece of wood on which the feet repose. The case contains a simple and ingenous mechanism, similar to that employed to set an automaton in motion. The mechanism is worked by means of a handle, which sets at work two large wings, ten feet long, made up of very thin caoutchouc, covered with feathers, and the wings may be so worked as to produce vertical, perpendicular, or horizontal flying. The number of turns given to the handle determines the height to which it may go. The handle has to be turned every quarter of a league to regulate the distance, and the operation of turning lasts one minute. Horizontal flying is the most difficult; the wings beat the air like the feet of a swan when it swims.

New Orleans Yellow Fever.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug 20.—The Yellow Fever is rapidly increasing. The deaths during the week have comprised 517, including 394 from fever.

MARRIED.

On the 16th inst., near Lumber Bridge, Robeson county, by Rev. Daniel Johnson, Mr Wm. J. Smith of Cumberland, to Miss Barbara E Malloy of Robeson.

In Lumberton, on the 16th inst., by Thos. A. Norment, Esq. Col. Alexander H. McLeod of Moore county, to Miss Emily S. Blount, daughter of Major James Blount.

DIED.

In this town on the 24th inst., Mary Catharine, infant daughter of James R. and Mary McDuffie, aged 3 mo. 17 days.

In Wilmington, on the 19th inst., after a painful illness, Christopher D. Guthrie, aged about 30 years, a native of that town, and a printer by profession.

In Randolph county, Mr Godfrey Luther, aged 77 years and 5 months.

In Bladen county, on the 13th inst., of congestive fever, Mrs Aley Bryan, wife of James Bryan, Esq., in the 47th year of her age. In the death of this estimable lady the community has suffered. Though filling a comparatively humble sphere in life she filled it well, —drawing around her many sincere friends, and showing by her mild benevolent disposition that she merited their fullest esteem. The writer being frequently in the family of Mr B. knew her well; and can in truth say that she possessed and indicated in all her actions towards others, the most excellent goodness of heart and gentleness of disposition. Mrs. B. had long been a consistent member of the Baptist church.—Com.

At the residence of James Bryan, Bladen county, on the 6th inst., Marion Wilkerson, aged 27 year.

FALL 1855.

We are now opening our
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
embracing one of the
LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENTS
we have ever offered.

We are disposed to sell low for Cash or prompt notes. Call and look.

H. & E. J. LILLY.

Aug. 25. 1855. 60-6t

P. S. Our delinquent customers will please *pay up.* Observer copy.

NOTICE.

The Magistrates of Cumberland County are notified to attend at the Court House in Fayetteville on Tuesday of September Term of our County Court at 12 o'clock, M., for the transaction of public business.

BENJ. ROBINSON, Ch'n

Aug. 25th. 2t

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED AT FAYETTEVILLE.

Aug. 15, 16 and 18—Strs Fanny, Magnolia & Rowan (Lutterloh's line) with goods for H & E J Lilly, E J Hale & Son, J O Bean & Co. C Harmson, J & F Garrett, P L Howard, Beaver Creek Co. S J Hinsdale, G McNeill, Houston & Overby, Worth & Utley J W Powers & Co. P P Johnson, Troy & Marsh, Wm Booth, H L Myrover & Co. M Brown, J W Lett, R Mitchell, C T Haigh & Sons, Womack & Johnson, Drake, Parker & Co, W P Elliott, W H Lutterloh, R Strange, Wm Taylor.

Aug. 20—Str Sun, (Orrell's Line) with goods for E W Willkings, L F Buggy, H Starbee, J G Cook, C W Andrews, W H Willis, J W Dick, T J Wright.

Aug 22—Str Fanny, (Lutterloh & Co's Line) with passengers, and goods for H & E J Lilly, J C Thompson, S T Hawley & Son, R Mitchell, G McNeill.

Aug 23—Str Magnolia, (Lutterloh's Line) with passengers, and goods for P P Johnson, Ray & Pearce, W H Lutterloh, Hall & Sacket, B Rose, J W Powers & Co.

Aug 23—Str Brothers with two flats (Banks' Line) from Fish Creek, Harnett County. Str Jas R Grist, with two flats from Wilmington, with goods for sundry persons.

Aug. 24—Str Sun, with boat D. McLaurin in tow, (Orrell's Line) with goods for J. G. Cook, Webb & Bro. Pearce & Ferguson, Starr & Williams, Miss L F Buggy, T S Lutterloh, W H Marsh, S Perry, R M Orrell, Worth & Utley, J W Dick.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

Arrived, Aug. 20th. Brig Nebraska and Schr Humming Bird from New York. 21st. Schrs Marine, Wake, W B Scranton, A J DeRossett, and Helene, from New York—Schr C C Stratten from Philadelphia.

NOTICE.

LOST on Saturday the 18th instant, in the town of Fayetteville, supposed to be between the MarketHouse, Liberty Point and Eccles' Bridge, a red Morocco POCKET BOOK, common size, containing the following Notes, viz: Two unfinished Notes drawn by the subscriber in favor of Neill McDougald, for ninety-five Dollars each, signed by James McKethan as security, (no other signature,) dated sometime in June last. Also, one other Note, signed as the above, in favor of Alexander Williams, date not recollected, amount fifty two or three Dollars. Also, one Note in favor of the subscriber, signed by Nathan King, dated the last of January or first of February, amount about four hundred and eleven Dollars, with some credits on the back. The Book contained a $1 note on the Bank of Fayetteville—also some other papers not recollected.

The finder of the above named Pocket Book will be liberally rewarded by returning it with its contents to the subscriber, or to A. A. McKethan or H. Gilmore.

All persons are forewarned against trading for the above described Notes or any of them.

ALEX. WALKER.

August 24, 1855. 60-3t

TO TRAVELERS.

The Subscribers convey the Mail between Fayetteville and Barclaysville in a Buggy, and can accommodate one or two passengers. The route is by way of Kingsbury, Bunn's Level, Summerville and Neill's Creek. The days for leaving Fayetteville are Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 6 o'clock, a. m.—Returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. Fare from Fayetteville to Summerville $2.

J. R. HARRIS,
A. PARKER.

Aug. 25, 1855.

PROPOSALS

For building a Court House for Harnett county will be received by the Building Committee at this place until the 31st inst. Plan and specifications may be seen by calling on H. Vernon, Fayetteville, or on the Committee at Summerville.

A. S. McNEILL,
N. McKAY,
C. H. COFIELD,
J. T. REARDON,
GEO. W. PEGRAM,
SILAS DOUGLAS,
ARCH'D CAMERON,
W. T. RHODES,
Committee.

Summerville, Aug. 22d.

CROCKERY,
CHINA, GLASS-WARE, &c.

I am now opening my Fall Supplies, comprising a very *General Assortment* of every thing suitable for the Country and Town Trade.

My Stock has been carefully selected, in person, from the best manufacturers and in the best markets in the Country.

Country Merchants may rely upon buying from me at prices which will save them all the trouble and delay of ordering from the North.

W. N. TILLINGHAST.
Dealer in Crockery, China and Glass-Ware.

Aug. 22, 1855. 60-tf

VALUABLE NEGROES FOR SALE.

Will be sold at the Court House door, on Tuesday of September Court, at 12 o'clock,

SIX VALUABLE NEGRO SLAVES,
to wit:—
2 Women, 25 and 37 years of age,
2 Girls, 5 and 14 "
2 Boys, 2 and 16 "

TERMS: Cash. Sale positive.

A. M. CAMPBELL, Auct'r.

Aug. 25. 60-2t.

TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

We shall sell at the Market House, for cash, on Saturday the 1st September 1855, the house and lot at present occupied by Mr James Brannin, on Mumford street.

J. & T. WADDILL.

Aug 25, 1855.

☞ The Magistrates of Cumberland County are notified to attend at the Court House, in the Town of Fayetteville, on Tuesday of our next County Court at 12 o'clock, M., for the transaction of public business.

BENJ'N ROBINSON, Chairman.

Aug. 23. 29-2t

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

Corrected weekly for the North Carolinian.

August 25, 1855.

BACON, per lb.	12 @	13
BEESWAX, per lb	23 @	24
COFFEE, per lb—		
Rio,	12½ @	13
Laguira,	13½ @	00
St. Domingo,	00 @	00
COTTON, per lb.	11 @	11½
COTTON BAGGING, per yard—		
Ganny,	18 @	00
Dundee,	14 @	00
Burlaps,	10 @	12
COTTON YARN, per lb, Nos 5 to 10,	18 @	00
CANDLES, per lb—		
Sperm,	40 @	50
Fayetteville mould,	20 @	00
Adamantine,	30 @	35
DOMESTIC GOODS, per yard—		
Brown Sheetings,	7½ @	8
Osnaburgs,	9½ @	10
FLOUR, per barrel—		
Family,	8 75 @	9 00
Superfine,	8 50 @	0 00
Fine,	8 25 @	0 00
Cross,	8 00 @	0 00
FEATHERS, per lb	42 @	45
FLAXSEED, per bushel,	1 25 @	0 00
GRAIN, per bushel—		
Corn,	85 @	90
Wheat,	0 00 @	0 00
Oats,	40 @	00
Peas,	75 @	00
Rye,	1 00 @	00
HIDES, per lb—		
Dry,	9 @	10
Green,	3 @	4
LARD, per lb.	11½ @	12½
LEAD, per lb,	8½ @	10
LEATHER, sole, per lb.	25 @	30
TOBACCO, manufactured, per lb.	15 @	50
SALT—		
Liverpool, per sack,	1 75 @	0 00
Alum, per bushel,	60 @	00
MOLASSES, per gallon—		
Cuba,	30 @	00
New Orleans,	37 @	00
SUGAR, per lb.—		
Loaf and crushed,	10 @	12
StCroix, PortoRico, & NOrleans,	7 @	9
NAILS, cut, per keg,	5 25 @	0 00
SPIRITS, per gallon—		
Peach Brandy,	1 25 @	0 00
Apple do.	65 @	70
N. C. Whiskey,	55 @	60
Rye do.	75 @	00
IRON, per lb.—		
English,	4½ @	00
Swedes, common bar,	5½ @	00
Do. wide,	6½ @	00
FODDER, per hundred,	1 00 @	0 00
HAY, N. C.	75 @	0 00
WOOL, per lb.	12 @	13
TALLOW, per lb.	11 @	12
BEEF, on the hoof, per lb	5 @	5½
BEEF, by the quarter or side, per lb.	5 @	6
PORK, per lb.	6½ @	7
MUTTON, per lb.	6 @	7
CHICKENS, each,	12 @	15
EGGS, per dozen,	15 @	17
BUTTER, per lb.	20 @	25
POTATOES, Sweet, per bushel,	1 00 @	0 00
Do. Irish, per bbl.	5 50 @	0 00

REMARKS.—Bacon, we quote at 12 to 13 cts per lb. with good supply on the market. Corn—sales at 90 cts., supply light. Cotton—wanted by importers at 11 to 11¼ for best grades. Flour—receipts light and prices continue up, we quote Family $9, Super $8 75, Fine $8 50, Cross $8.

Spirits Turpentine—34 to 35 cts. per. gallon. Raw do. $1 25 to $2 25.

WILMINGTON MARKET, Aug. 23.

TURPENTINE.—705 bbls. Yellow Dip Turpentine were sold at $2.75 per bbl.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—1,250 barrels changed hands at 39 cents per gal.

ROSIN.—5,000 bbls. No. 3 Rosin (bbls. various sizes,) sold at $1.35 per bbl., and 1,000 bbls. at $1.30 per bbl.

TAR.—49 bbls. Tar sold at $2.25 per bbl.

CORN.—1,900 bushels Corn sold at 80 cents per 56 lbs., 30 days.—*Com.*

NEW YORK.—Aug. 23, 1855.—Market for Spirits Turpentine heavy—there are sellers at 41½ cents, but no buyers to much extent. Accounts from Europe unfavorable.—*Wil. Journal.*