

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.

THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

TERMS, \$2 00 PER ANNUM.

"THE NOBLEST MOTIVE IS THE PUBLIC GOOD."

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

VOLUME XX.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1858.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1858.

NO. 1,023.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Single copy, in advance, per annum \$2.00
At the end of the year 3.00
No subscription will be received for less than six months.

Rates of Advertising.
Sixty cents per square of 16 lines, or less, for the first, and 30 cents for each subsequent insertion, for any period under three months.
For three months, \$4.00
For six months, 6.00
For twelve months, 10.00
Other advertisements by the year on favorable terms. Advertisers are particularly requested to state the number of insertions desired, otherwise they will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.
JOB WORK of all kinds executed neatly and promptly.
MARTIN & PEARCE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

WRIGHT AND FULLER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Fayetteville, N. C.
C. FULLER has associated himself together for the practice of their profession. Prompt attention given to all business committed to their charge. They will practice in the counties of Cumberland, Harriet, Sampson, Robeson and Bladen.
Nov. 13, 1858. 1f

TROY & FULLER,
Attorneys and Counsellors
AT LAW.
LUMBERTON N. C.
ROBERT E. TROY & JOHN P. FULLER, have formed an association for the practice of their profession in Robeson Co., only—R. E. Troy will also attend the Courts of Bladen and Columbus, and J. P. Fuller those of Cumberland.
Their Office in Lumberton will be kept open at all times.
January 9, 1858. 83-4f

J. A. SPEARS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ATTENDS THE COURTS OF CUMBERLAND, HARRIET, A. YAKE AND JOHNSTON.
Address, Toomer, Harriet Co., N. C.
Feb. 16, 1856. 85-y

W. C. ELAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Can be found at the Office formerly occupied by Dr. Gilliam, on Bow Street,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 26, 1858. 1f

LAW NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBERS having associated themselves together in the practice of Law, under the name and style of CAMERON & SHAW, will attend the County and Superior Courts of Moore, Montgomery, Anson, Richmond and Robeson. All business entrusted to them will receive their prompt attention. Address, Cameron and Shaw, Attorneys at Law, Rockingham, Richmond county, N. C.
J. W. CAMERON, J. D. SHAW,
May 1, 1858. 1y

A. M. Campbell,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
East Side of Gillespie Street,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Nov. 13, 1858

W. H. TURLINGTON,
General Commission Merchant,
NORTH WATER STREET,
Wilmington, N. C.,
WILL give personal attention to the sale or shipment of all consignments of Naval Stores or country produce, and any other business entrusted to his care, will be promptly attended to.
April 18, 1857. 1y

DENTISTRY.
DR. JAMES DAVIS, having decided on permanently locating in the Town of Fayetteville, respectfully offers his services to the citizens of this place and surrounding country. In all the various branches of his Profession, including the manufacture of Mineral Teeth, he is satisfied, after an extensive experience, to which is added a thorough dental education, that he can give entire satisfaction as far as it is in the power of Dentistry. All irregularities of the Teeth treated in a proper and careful manner, as well as diseases of the mouth. None but the proper metals are made use of in the various operations. Charges will be moderate, that the benefits of the Profession may be placed within the reach of all who may feel an interest in the preservation of the Teeth.
Office over Houston's Jewelry Store, where he will be found at all times.
May 15, 1858. 1f

Marble Factory,

No. 1 BROGANS, are respectfully solicited to call and examine his stock. Having just returned from the North, and examined my Goods carefully before purchasing, I flatter myself that I am now prepared to sell them upon as good terms as they can be bought in this market.
LEATHER of all descriptions, and for all purposes, constantly on hand.
The above articles will be sold cheap for CASH.
Oct. 23. 1f M. FAULK.

BY GEO. LAUDER,
Two Doors above C. T. Haigh & Son's Store,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct. 1, 1856.—1y.

10,000 LBS. TALLOW WANTED. FOR WHICH the highest cash price will be paid.
A. M. CAMPBELL.
Oct. 1, 1856. 1f

White Lead and Linseed Oil, for sale by
Aug. 15. S. J. HINSDALE. 65-1f

SILVER PLATED CASTORS
(18 patterns.) Cake Baskets, Candlesticks, Cups, Tea Sets, Goblets, Spoon Holders, Butter Dishes, Butter Knives, Molasses Cups, Napkin Rings, Tea Bells, Pie Knives, Sugar Tongs, and Spoons.

FRENCH AND SPoons,
FORKs.
of all sizes. For sale Low at the "Crockery Store."
Oct. 2. -3m] W. N. TILLINGHAST.

JUST RECEIVED,
BY ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY,
AT THE ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE,
A SECOND SUPPLY OF
READY-MADE CLOTHING
CONSISTING OF
A LARGE supply of Pants, with side stripes and without. Also, a lot of plain front Pants, suitable for old gentlemen. Business Coats, Over Coats, Frocks and Dress Coats, all wool Flannel Shirts, and Drawers, Yoke-neck Shirts, warranted to be extra. Mansellets, Bosom Shirts.
Stocks, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, Gentlemen's Buggy Blankets, Valises and Trunks. All these goods will be sold reasonable for cash, or to persons who pay their bills when presented.
A. J. WOODWARD,
Two doors below S. J. Hindsale's Drug Store,
Nov. 27. -3f

JUST RECEIVED,
A GOOD assortment of
Kerseys, Black and Blue, Tweeds,
Jeans, Satinets, Cassimeres,
Prints, Shoes, &c.
—ALSO—
18 Doz. Hoop Skirts,
50 " Linen and Marsellets Shirts.
STARR & WILLIAMS,
Nov. 27. -4f

Christmas! Christmas!!
A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED LOT OF
Toys, and Fancy Articles,
SUITABLE for the Christmas Holidays, just received and for sale by
MRS. M. BANKS.
Dec. 4. 2f

NEW DRY GOODS.
W. MACINTYRE.
HAS RECEIVED
Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Twedes, Kent's Kerseys, Kerseys, Linseys, Flannels, Blankets, Merino's Bombazines, Alpaccas, Muslin DeLanes, Calicoes, Ginghams, Brilliantes, Marsellets, Silk Velvets, Silk Robes, Silk Dress Goods, Jacquets, Nain-sook, Swiss, Tarlton, Book Muslins, Silk Illusion, Lace Veils, Silk fringes, Laces, Edgings, Braids, Tapes, Bonnet Ribbons, Table Damasks, Napkins, Towels, Diapers, Irish Linen Shirting, Sheetings, Bedticks, Shawls, Cloaks, Mantillas, Challoes, Elastic, Enamelled, and Ribbon Belts, Bonnets, Col'd Flats, Ruches, Artificials, Extension skirts, skirt cord, Brass, spring, ratan, Whalebone. Cotton serise twine, nett twine, Cotton cord. Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes and Gaiters.
Oct. 23. 1f

USEFUL ARTICLES.
F. LUDWIG, of the
Britannia and Brass Candlesticks;
Superior Steel Stuffers;
Britannia Castors, Tea Pots and Coffee Pots;
Britannia SPOON and LADLES;
Britannia Communion Sets, Golds and Cups;
Tinned Iron Spoons and Ladles;
Planned Tin Coffee Urns and Pots, Tea Pots;
Oyster and Beef Steak Dishes, and Dish covers;
WAITERS, of all sizes and shapes.
Fisk Scissors; large for cutting, small for embroidery;
Razors and Pocket Knives;
for all purposes;
COFFEE MILLS,
Iron and Stone Mortars;
Stone Crockery, Tin Ware;
Cedar Tubs, Pails, Churns and Bowls;
Counter Scales, to weigh 5 to 50 lbs;
Family Scales, to weigh every ounce to 4 lb;
Cocoa Pipes; Hair and Wire Seives;
Table Mats; Feather Dusters;
Hand and Tea Bells;
Music Portfolios; Ladies' Writing Boxes; Rosewood Toilet Boxes;
Ladies' Leather Bags, (large)
White Satin Beads and White Cut Beads, for Ladies' work;
Porte Monnaies, entirely of leather, a superior article;
Electric Polishing Powder; Boy's Saws; Corkscrews.
A great variety of other useful articles, too tedious to mention. Come and see for yourselves at the "Crockery Store."
W. N. TILLINGHAST.
Oct. 2. -3m

THE SUBSCRIBER
IS now receiving one of the largest and most carefully selected stocks ever offered by him in this market, comprising every style and quantity of
LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' AND BOYS' BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &c.
AND, IN FACT, EVERYTHING USUALLY SOLD IN HIS LINE.
Planters and all others who desire to purchase a superior article of
No. 1 BROGANS,
are respectfully solicited to call and examine his stock. Having just returned from the North, and examined my Goods carefully before purchasing, I flatter myself that I am now prepared to sell them upon as good terms as they can be bought in this market.
LEATHER of all descriptions, and for all purposes, constantly on hand.
The above articles will be sold cheap for CASH.
Oct. 23. 1f M. FAULK.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!
H. GRAHAM is now receiving, a fine Stock of
READY-MADE CLOTHING, to suit the
FALL & WINTER
OF THE LATEST STYLES.
He would solicit his customers and friends to give him a call, as he offers his Clothing low for CASH or on reasonable terms to prompt paying customers.
GARMENTS CUT IN THE LATEST FASHION.
He may be found cash on Market Square.
Oct. 9. -3m

WANTED,
FOR the year 1859, four young men and two women, smart, active and clearly, for Table and Chamber Servants, one good Cook, (a man preferred), strong and healthy, and also one sober, honest and industrious fellow for Ostrler. For such servants, (slaves would be preferred.) liberal prices will be given, and wages paid quarterly.
T. W. DILL, Fayetteville Hotel.
Fayetteville, N. C., Dec. 4. 5f

HEDLEY'S PATENT CHEMICAL GREASE
FOR AXLES, MILL GEARING, &c.
THIS Grease for Stages, Wagons, Carriages, Mill Gearing, Heavy Bearings, &c., is found to be the best in use. It is warranted to stand any temperature. It combines the body and fluidity of Tallow, Beeswax and Tar, keeps the Axles always cool and does not run off, and is unsurpassed in durability.
Manufactured by J. Hedley, New York.
A consignment on hand, and for sale at the office of the "Carolinian," Market square. In 2lb. boxes, price 25 cents per box.
Nov. 20, 1858. 1f

NEW GOODS
FRESH SUPPLIES OF
FANCY GOODS
OF GREAT VARIETY.
NUTS, FRUITS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
AND ALL KINDS OF YANKEE NOTIONS.
FIRE WOKKS of every sort,
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, of great variety,
AND KNOCKNACKS of all kinds.
Fine article of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCO and SEGARS.
TOYS of all kinds for Children,
A great variety of Fine and Fancy CANDLES.
Call and examine, and you will doubtless be pleased.
JAMES R. LEE, Hotel Building,
Dec. 11, 1858.—6m H. Erambert's old store

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.
THE subscribers have formed Copartnership under the name of
GOLDSTON & FULLER.
And offer for sale a large and well selected stock of
GROCERIES, HARDWARE, HOLLOWWARE, SADDLERY, BOOTS, SHOES, COTTON YARN, SHEETINGS, &c.
To which they call the attention of their friends and customers generally. Store one door East of H. & E. J. Lilly.
G. W. I. GOLDSTON. A. W. FULLER.
Nov. 20. -1m Town papers 1 m.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
A large and well selected stock of
SADDLERY, &c.
JAMES MARTINE is now receiving a large and general assortment of everything in the above line.
—ALSO—
A prime article of Rio, Lacuira and Java COFFEE; Crushed and Brown Sugar; Sugar House Syrup and Molasses.
All of which is offered on as good terms as can be had in this market.
Nov. 27. 1f

Paints, Oils, &c.
S. WHITEHEAD, of the
WHITE LEAD; Burning Fluid; Putty; Window Glass and Sash of all sizes.
—ALSO—
A fresh supply of Pond's Pain Destroyer.
For sale by
Nov. 27. 1f JAS. MARTINE.

Stoves, Sheet-Iron, TIN-WARE, &c.
O. H. has a large assortment of Box and cooking Stoves; Tin-ware; Sheet-Iron; Lead Pipe. Also the "old Dominion Coffee Pot." For sale by
Nov. 27. 1f JAMES MARTINE.

LUTTERLOH'S LINE.
STEAMER "FANNY" leaves Fayetteville every Monday and Thursday morning, at 15 minutes after Sun-rise; and Wilmington, Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock—carrying passengers and freight. The Steamer "SOUTHERNER," with a full complement of Flats, makes one or more trips per week, as circumstances may require.
The accident to the Steamer "ROWAN" will be repaired in a few days. She will then take her place in the line.
T. S. LUTTERLOH.
Oct. 9. -4f

NOTICE TO SOLDIER'S WIDOWS.
THE WIDOWS OF MEXICAN Soldiers, and the Widows of Soldiers who died IN SERVICE in the year of 1812, can have their pensions continued by calling on the undersigned, Congress having made additional provision for them.
Give me the management of your claims, and the money shall come at once, or no charge.
JNO. M. ROSE.
Fayetteville, June 19, 1856. 1f

Dr. Frank William's Rye Whiskey.
R. MITCHELL has made arrangements with Dr. Frank Williams, to be constantly supplied with his celebrated RYE WHISKEY, which can be had at his Store at all times, by wholesale or retail.
Oct. 16, 1858. 1f

SCOTTISH AMERICAN JOURNAL.

Second Volume,
6th November, 1858.
IN announcing a new volume of the SCOTTISH AMERICAN JOURNAL, the Proprietor begs to call attention to those features of the paper which have already secured for it a large share of support, and which ought to commend it to the patronage of a still more numerous class of readers.
The special feature of the paper is that it is a Scottish journal, containing notices of every event occurring in Scotland that can be regarded as of the least interest to natives of the country now residing on this continent. The news of the whole country is carefully collected and condensed, so that no event which concerns Scotchmen to know is ever omitted from the columns of the paper. Articles relating to Scottish subjects, original and selected, are also published from time to time and the more special character of the Journal is sustained by literary features of national interest in the form of tales, historical and miscellaneous sketches, anecdotes and poetry.
While this national in its character so far, these special features occupy comparatively limited space in the eight large pages of which the paper consists—three-fourths of which are devoted to news and other general matter calculated to be of interest to all classes of readers, and not to Scotchmen alone. A carefully compiled epitome of intelligence from England, Ireland, the continent of Europe, and all parts of the world is given in every number, with extracts from the leading articles of the British Journals on the most interesting public topics of the day.
With a view to increase the popular interest of the Journal, the Proprietor has determined to add to its value as a family paper, arrangements have been made for a series of attractive tales, founded chiefly on subjects connected with Scottish life. The first of these stories, entitled "Clara Howard," a tale of the Crimean War," commences with the first number of the new volume. A considerable instalment of the story will be given in every number till it is completed, and it will form interesting reading for the winter evenings alike for old and young. It will be followed by a succession of other tales of equally popular character.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. \$2 50.
Subscriptions (invariably in advance) received at the "Carolinian" Office, where specimen copies can be obtained on application. Agents for North Carolina, Dec. 4. MARTIN & PEARCE.

FANCY GOODS, TOYS, Fruits, Confectionaries, &c.
THE subscriber is now receiving a LARGE SUPPLY of Goods in his line, consisting of Foreign and Domestic Fruits, such as Raisins, Dried Figs, Prunes, Currants, Oranges, Nuts, and Preserves, together with a large and well selected assortment of Toys, Spices, Sarsaparilla, &c. all of which the subscriber is determined to sell cheap for CASH.
A good supply of GROCERIES, kept constantly on hand. A genuine article of CASTLE SOAP.
Dec. 4. 1m R. E. HEIDE.

C. STEDMAN AND J. W. HORNE,
UNDER THE NAME AND STYLE OF
STEDMAN & HORNE, JR.
We associated ourselves together in a general business, and are now receiving a well selected Stock of Goods in their line, which they are willing to exchange for money or produce.
Their stock consists in part of the following articles:
Brown, Crushed, and Leaf Sugar; Rio, Laguna and Java Coffee; Butter, Cheese, and Crackers; Lard, Pork, and Western Bacon; No. 1, Mackerel, in Bbls, Hfs. and Kits; Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars; Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liqueurs.
Next door to D. & W. McLaurin, } Nov. 20. -3m
Hay street, Fayetteville, N. C.

CARRIAGE FACTORY.
A. A. MKETHAN
KEEPS constantly on hand a large assortment of Vehicles of every description, which are well and faithfully made and finished in the lightest and most durable manner. The facilities for doing carriage work are GREATER than any ESTABLISHMENT SOUTH, which enables him to sell his work on the most favorable terms.
Nov. 13, 1858. 1f

SPECIAL COURT.
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. }
Superior Court of Law, Fall Term, 1858.
His Honor Romulus M. Saunders, Judge Presiding.
IT is ordered by the Court, that a special Term of this Court, to be held on the second Monday in February, A. D. 1859.
Jurors, Witnesses, and suitors in Civil Cases are hereby notified to attend.
Witness, John McLeannan, Clerk of our said Court at Office, on the seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in September, A. D. 1858.
Nov. 27. to JOHN W. BAKER, Clerk.

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
MONTGOMERY COUNTY. }
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Oct. Term, 1858.
M. B. McRae, vs. Martin A. Malloch.
ORIGINAL attachment levied on the defendant's undivided interest in 92 acres of land.
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant M. A. Malloch is not an inhabitant of this State; on motion, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in the Town of Fayetteville, for six successive weeks, notifying the said M. A. Malloch to be and appear at our said Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County aforesaid, at the Court House in the Town of Troy, on the first Monday in January next, then and there to be and appear to plead, reply, or final judgment will be entered against him to satisfy Plaintiff's debt, interest and cost.
Witness, John McLeannan, clerk of our said court at office in Troy, on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1858, this 9th Oct. 1858.
Nov. 30. 6t JOHN McLENNAN, C. C. C.**

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
MONTGOMERY COUNTY. }
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Oct. Term, 1858.
T. Bostick, vs. James B. Malloch.
ORIGINAL attachment levied on the defendant's undivided interest in 92 acres of land.
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, J. B. Malloch, is not an inhabitant of this State; on motion, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian, a Newspaper published in the Town of Fayetteville, for six successive weeks, notifying the said J. B. Malloch to be and appear at our said Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County aforesaid, at the Court House in the Town of Troy, on the first Monday in January next, then and there to be and appear to plead, reply, or final judgment will be entered against him to satisfy Plaintiff's debt, interest and cost.
Witness, John McLeannan, clerk of our said Court at office in Troy, on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1858, this 9th Oct. 1858.
Nov. 20. JOHN McLENNAN, C. C. C.**

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
MONTGOMERY COUNTY. }
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Oct. Term, 1858.
T. Bostick, vs. Martin A. Malloch.
ORIGINAL attachment levied on the defendant's undivided interest in 92 acres of land.
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, M. A. Malloch, is not an inhabitant of this State; on motion, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian, a Newspaper published in the Town of Fayetteville, for six successive weeks, notifying him to be and appear at our said Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County aforesaid, at the Court House in the Town of Troy, on the first Monday in January next, then and there to be and appear to plead, reply, or final judgment will be entered against him to satisfy Plaintiff's debt, interest and cost.
Witness, John McLeannan, clerk of our said Court at office in Troy, on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1858, this 9th Oct. 1858.
Nov. 20. JOHN McLENNAN, C. C. C.**

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
MONTGOMERY COUNTY. }
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Oct. Term, 1858.
T. Bostick, vs. Martin A. Malloch.
ORIGINAL attachment levied on the defendant's undivided interest in 92 acres of land.
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, M. A. Malloch, is not an inhabitant of this State; on motion, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian, a Newspaper published in the Town of Fayetteville, for six successive weeks, notifying him to be and appear at our said Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County aforesaid, at the Court House in the Town of Troy, on the first Monday in January next, then and there to be and appear to plead, reply, or final judgment will be entered against him to satisfy Plaintiff's debt, interest and cost.
Witness, John McLeannan, clerk of our said Court at office in Troy, on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1858, this 9th Oct. 1858.
Nov. 20. JOHN McLENNAN, C. C. C.**

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
MONTGOMERY COUNTY. }
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Oct. Term, 1858.
William Ringstaff and wife, Williamam Chappell and wife Patience, vs. Murdoch B. McRae, Rowland Chappell, Executors of Joseph Blake.
Petition for account and Settlement.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court that William Ringstaff and wife, Williamam Chappell and wife Patience, are not inhabitants of this State; it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in the Town of Fayetteville, for six successive weeks that they be and appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the County aforesaid, at the Court House in the Town of Troy, on the first Monday in January next, then and there to plead answer to this petition, or the same will be held pro confession as to their debts.
Witness, John McLeannan, Clerk of our said Court at office in Troy, on the first Monday in October, A. D. 1858.
Nov. 20. 6t JOHN McLENNAN, Clerk.**

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
MONTGOMERY COUNTY. }
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Oct. Term, 1858.
William Ringstaff and wife, Williamam Chappell and wife Patience, vs. Murdoch B. McRae, Rowland Chappell, Executors of Joseph Blake.
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Witness, John McLeannan, Clerk of our said Court at office in Troy, on the first Monday in October, A. D. 1858.
Nov. 20. 6t JOHN McLENNAN, Clerk.**

BOGUS.—The word "bogus" owns a singular origin. In 1834 a gang of counterfeiters, on a very extensive scale, was broken up in one of our western cities. The parties manufactured United States coin, and the leading spirit was named Bogus. When arrested, he turned State's evidence, and through his instrumentality all the rest of the counterfeiters were convicted. False coin has ever since been termed "bogus," and the word has been gradually adopted as one significant of any thing false or simulative.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, 1858.
The 18th Presidential Term of four years, since the establishment of the Government of the United States under the Constitution, began on the 4th of March, 1857, and will expire on the 4th of March, 1861.

SALARY.
James Buchanan, of Pa., President, \$25,000
J. C. Breckinridge, of Ky., Vice-President, 8,000
THE CABINET.
Lewis Cass, of Mich., Secretary of State, 8,000
Howell Cobb, of Ga., Secretary of Treasury, 8,000
J. B. Floyd, of Va., Secretary of War, 8,000
Isaac Toucey, of Ct., Secretary of Navy, 8,000
Jacob Thompson, of Miss., Sec'y of Interior, 8,000
A. V. Brown, of Tenn., Post-Master General, 8,000
J. S. Black, of Pa., Attorney General, 8,000

The Congress of the United States consists of a Senate and House of Representatives, and must assemble at least, once every year, on the first Monday in December, and also at the call of the President by proclamation.
The Senate is composed of two members from each State, which are chosen by the Legislatures of the several States, for the term of six years, one third of them being elected biennially.
The Vice-President of the United States is the President of the Senate, in which body he has only a casting vote, which is given in case of an equal division of the votes of the Senators. In his absence, the President pro tempore is chosen by the Senate.
The House of Representatives is composed of members from the several States, elected by the people, for two years. The Representatives are appointed among the different States according to the population. The present ratio, according to the new appointment, is one member for every 70,680 souls, in each State—making the whole number of members 233. The compensation of each member of the Senate and House of Representatives is \$3,000 per session, or \$6,000 for each Congress, and \$8 for every twenty miles of travel in the usual road, in going to and returning from the seat of Government.

The number of Electors of President and Vice President, under the new appointment, will be 296, of whom 149 is necessary for a choice.
The Government of the United States is represented by Ministers Plenipotentiary, at the Courts of Great Britain, France, Russia, Austria, Spain, Brazil, and Mexico; and by Charges d'Affairs at the Courts of most of the other foreign countries, with which this country is much connected by commercial intercourse. The pay of Ministers Plenipotentiary is \$9,000 per annum, as a salary, besides \$9,000 for outfit. The pay of Charges d'Affairs is \$4,500 per annum; of secretaries of Legation, \$2,000; of Ministers Resident, \$5,000.

Marriages at the North.
More than four-sevenths of the marriages in Massachusetts are among the foreign born. Why is it? For the most simple reasons—the foreign born can afford to get married, and the native born cannot; and this must be so long as our extravagant modes of life continue. In social life there never was a people tending to deeper and more destructive social corruption—and that is most evident from the records of all the courts and the columns of all the newspapers—than Americans. Our fathers used to tell of the profligacy of Paris—their children tell of the mysteries of New York—a city not far behind any in Europe. And making proper allowances for size, how far is New York ahead of other cities and towns? Once was a time when a wife was a "help meet"; now, in thousand cases, you can find the "meet" to "eat," and make it read more truthfully.

We boast of our system of education; we have female high schools, female colleges, female medical schools, and female heavens. Our girls are refined, learned and wise; they can sing, dance, play pianos, paint, talk French and Italian, and all the soft languages, write poetry and love like Venuses. They are ready to be courted at ten years, and can be taken from school and married at fifteen, and divorced at twenty. They make splendid shows on bridal tours, can coquette and flirt at the watering places, and shine like angels at winter parties. But Heaven be kind to the poor wretch that marries in the fashionable circles! What are they at—washing floors? Oh, we forgot! nobody has bare floors now; how vulgar that would be! What are they at—making bread and boiling beef? Why, how thoughtless we are! To be sure they will board, or have servants.
What are they at, mending old clothes? But there we are again; in the fashions change so often, that nobody has old clothes but the ragmen and the paper-makers now! What are they at—washing babies' faces, and pinning up their trousers? And here our intolerable stupidity once more; having children is left to the Irish. What lady thinks of having children about her now? or, if she is so unfortunate, don't she put them to a wet-nurse to be nursed and boarding-schools afterwards?
We repeat, we have come to a point where young men hesitate and grow old before they can decide whether they can marry, and afterwards keep clear of bankruptcy and crime. What is the consequence? There are more persons living a single life—Are there more living a virtuous life? It is time for mothers to know that the extravagance they encourage is destructive to the virtue of their children; that all the foolish expenditures making to rush their daughters into matrimony, are, instead of answering that end, tending to destroy the institution of marriage altogether.—Ex. Paper.

SHAKING HANDS.—The mere offer of the hand is the readiest sign of voluntary courtesy or forgiveness, and its non-compliance the most civil yet meaning of repulse. Shaking hands is a mode of greeting, the origin of which is lost in obscurity. Individuals display character in their mode of so doing. Who cannot feel at once the antagonism between the touch of a rude and the cordial grasp of a friend? Who knows not the sailor's grip of candid heartiness from the conventional "giving of hands"? How perfectly does the graduated of lingering pressure cause the mercury in love's barometer to rise or fall by the scale of hope! What sympathies and antipathies are demonstrated by the various degrees of kindly, irresolute, vivacious, careless, fond, or earnest manner of shaking hands! It is this relation between temperament, feeling, consideration, and the instinctive action of the hand, which has given rise to those theories which profess to read the predominant impulses of character in the traits of one's handwriting.

SLANDER.—The expansive nature of scandal is told by the poet thus:
The flying rumors gathered as they rolled;
Scarcely any tale was sooner heard than told,
And all who heard it made enlargement, too;
On every ear it spread; on every tongue it flew.

VALUE OF OLD NEWSPAPERS.—How few persons realize the value of files of old newspapers. They are often worth three or four times the original price of subscription, and sometimes even a hundred dollars would be gladly paid for a certain volume if it could be obtained. Isaiah Thomas, in collecting the materials for his "History of Printing in America," paid upwards of a thousand dollars for old newspapers. So says "The Printer."

DR. KANE relates that when one day, worn out with fatigue, he turned into an Esquimaux hut to get a little sleep, the good-natured hostess of the wigwam covered him up with some of her own habiliments, and gave him her baby for a pillow!

Facts for the Curious.
The first English literary production penned in America, which has any rank in the general history of literature, is the translation of Ovid's Metamorphoses, by George Sandys, printed in London, 1626.

The first secretary of the Virginia colony was William Strackey. He was one of a party of officers shipwrecked on the Bermudas in 1609. His published description of the storm was said to be the foundation of Shakespeare's Tempest.
The first printing press in the New England colony was set up in Harvard, in the house of the president, Rev. Henry Dunster, 1639. The first publication was the Freeman's Oath, then an Almanac, followed by the Bay Psalm Book.

The first degree of Doctor of Divinity conferred at Harvard was conferred upon Rev. Increase Mather, in 1692, then president of the university.
The first pastor of the church at Boston was Rev. John Wilson.
The Bay Psalm Book was the first book of any consequence printed in this country. The translators say in the preface: "If therefore the verses are not always so smooth and elegant as some may desire or expect, let them consider that God's altar needs not our polishing. Neither let any think that for meter sake we have taken liberty or poetical license to depart from the true and proper sense of David's words in the Hebrew verse, Noe." In the second edition were added a few spiritual songs. Here is a specimen, from the song of Deborah and Barak:

Joel the Kenite, Heber's wife,
"bove woman blest shall be;
Above the woman in the tent,
A blessed one is she.
He water asked, she gave him milk;
In lordly dish she fed him;
Him butter forth; unto the nail
she forth her left hand stretched,
Her right hand to the workman's maul,
and Sicea hammered;
She pierced and struck his temples through,
and then cut off his head.
He at her feet bowed down,
He fell; whereas he bowed down
he fell destroyed there.

The first American edition of Sternhold & Hopkins's version was published at Cambridge in 1693.
Dr. Watt's Hymns were first published in England in 1707, and his psalms in 1719. He sent specimens of them to Cotton Mather. These hymns were first published in America by Dr. Franklin in 1741, and the psalms were published the same year in Boston. They did not come into general use until after the Revolution.

Tate & Brady's version, published in England at the close of the seventeenth century, reprinted in America in 1741, furnished the material for the collection now in use in the Protestant Episcopal Church.—N. Y. Observer.

AN ELOQUENT EXTRACT.—"Generation after generation," says a fine writer, "have felt as we now feel, and their lives were as active as our own. They passed like a vapor, while nature wore the same aspect of beauty as when her Creator commanded her to be. The heavens shall be as bright over our graves as they are now around our paths. The world will have the same attraction for our offspring yet unborn that she had once for our childhood. Yet a little while and all will have happened. The throbbing heart will be stilled, and we shall be at rest. Our funeral will wind its way, and the prayers will be said, and then we shall be left behind in silence and darkness for the worm. And it may be for a short time we shall be spoken of, but the things of life will creep on, and our names will soon be forgotten. Days will continue to move on, and laughter and song will be heard in the room in which we died; the eye that mourned for us will be dried and glistened again with joy; and even our own children will cease to think of us, and will not remember or miss our names."

SHAKING HANDS.—The mere offer of the hand is the readiest sign of voluntary courtesy or forgiveness, and its non-compliance the most civil yet meaning of repulse. Shaking hands is a mode of greeting, the origin of which is lost in obscurity. Individuals display character in their mode of so doing. Who cannot feel at once the antagonism between the touch of a rude and the cordial grasp of a friend? Who knows not the sailor's grip of candid heartiness from the conventional "giving of hands"? How perfectly does the graduated of lingering pressure cause the mercury in love's barometer to rise or fall by the scale of hope! What sympathies and antipathies are demonstrated by the various degrees of kindly, irresolute, vivacious, careless,