

# Goldsboro Weekly News.

Miller's Pharmacy  
If your lungs are weak, your appetite and strength gone, get a bottle of Miller's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

MORGAN'S Tasteless CHILL TONIC contains no quinine or arsenic. 50 c a bottle, at Miller's Pharmacy.

This ARGUS o'er the people's rights,  
Doth an eternal vigil keep.

No soothing strains of Mala's sun,  
Can lull his hundred eyes to sleep.

VOL. XVI.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., THURSDAY DECEMBER 6, 1894.

NO. 55

## THE GOLD RESERVE JUMPING UP.

### The Hundred Million Mark About Reached Again—Eager Demand for the Bonds.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The demand for the bonds held by the Stewart syndicate continues unabated. The first \$5,000,000 offered has been taken. The price advanced to 119 1/2, and before the close of business to-day the bulk of the second \$5,000,000 had been sold. The price will probably be advanced next Friday to 120.

It was stated at the sub-treasury at noon to-day that the total receipts of gold on account of the bond sale, up to the hour named, had reached a total of \$40,600,000. Yesterday's receipts at the sub-treasury footed up to the enormous sum of \$22,117,897. At this rate the government gold reserve ought to cross the hundred million mark to-day. Officials at the local sub-treasury do not expect that to-day's receipts will reach yesterday's large total but nevertheless the total will be very heavy.

LATER.—At 3 o'clock the amount of gold which the bond syndicate has paid into the Treasury was officially stated to be \$43,912,458.

There were \$2,406,027.45 gold deposited to-day an accurate count of the gold deposited up to last night disclosing that over \$30,000,000 had been deposited instead of \$18,000,000, as was roughly estimated.

When all of these deposits are fully figured in the Treasury statement it will be found that the \$100,000,000 mark has again been reached. Meantime the members of the bond syndicate are themselves astonished at the ease with which the bonds are being sold. At the close of the business the agents of the syndicate had sold nearly \$10,000,000 bonds.

According to announcement after the first \$5,000,000 had been sold, the price was to be advanced 1/2 to 119 1/2. But the different agents had made so many contracts at the same time that orders had been taken for about \$7,000,000 at 119 1/2 before it was discovered that the \$5,000,000 mark had been passed. The price was advanced to 119 1/2 about noon to-day, and a further advance of 1/2 to 120 will be made next Friday.

Quite a large amount of the bonds have been sold to Massachusetts investors. There was also some buying by local capitalists who desire to avoid city taxes at the end of the year. It is estimated that all but \$2,230,000 of the bonds will be paid for in New York.

## TALK OF SOME CONGRESSMEN.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Today's Star has some interesting interviews. Amos Cummings does not think there was either necessity or law for the bond issue. He does not think there will be much done in Congress beyond passing the appropriation bills. Per contra, Baldwin, of Minnesota, says there will have to be financial legislation this session, and that the issue of bonds at this time was necessary. Sweet, of Idaho, says that the government's supply of gold has reached the utmost limit of its credit. He spairs of free silver for the present. Curtis, of New York, Republican, favors a more general use of silver, but not immediate free coinage. The financial question cannot displace the tariff question, he avers.

The Bluefields incident revives the clamor for the Nicaragua Canal. Our government must stand up to Nicaragua anyhow. The matter is not in a sensational stage yet awhile, but may become so if Great Britain undertakes to insist on keeping Nicaragua off the Mosquito territory.

Arrived: W. L. Brown and wife, Winston; F. W. Foster, H. A. Whiting, Wilmington; W. H. Scott, of Columbia.

Secretary W. R. Cox, of the Senate, is at his post.

Harry H. Parwell, of Henderson, was to-day appointed to a nine-hundred-dollar copyist's place in the Pension Office. Mrs. Bessie W. Seabrook, of South Carolina, was promoted in the Patent Office from \$1,000 to \$1,200.

Representative Brookshier, whose father was a North Carolinian went down the other day in the general wreck, but Indiana will yet delight to honor him. He has made one of her best Representatives for two or three terms. He thinks Harrison very strong in Indiana.

The slowly arriving members discuss finance, but do not seem to know what can be done. To tell the literal truth they are at sea. To most of them State banking appears the most feasible scheme of relief, but they are dubious of their ability to pass a bill at this session.

## SECRETARY MORTON'S REPORT.

### He Discusses the Government's Financial Policy and other Matters of Interest.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28. In many respects the annual report of Hon. J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, Secretary of Agriculture, differs widely from that of his predecessors. The Secretary discusses the financial policy of the government, the silver question, and many other matters of broad and general interest not usually treated in an agricultural report, and demands "Prime" currency in return for "Prime" beef or pork.

The Secretary denies the frequent allegations on the part of European governments regarding disease in American hog and beef products, and suggests that if certain European nations continue to insist on Microscopical inspection of American pork and veterinary inspection of beef, with governmental certification to each, the government of the United States might well insist upon inspection and certification by such foreign governments of all importations therefrom, whether edibles or beverages, intended for human consumption.

The Secretary deals somewhat at length with the subject of the farmers foreign trade, indicating where, in his opinion, the farmer can best find a market for his different products. The work of the bureau of animal industries, the various branches of other scientific work, and the weather bureau are highly commended. Regarding the latter, the Secretary concludes that the investment is a paying one and the service may properly come within the function of the government.

The report indicates that the recent decision in several of the larger cities resulting in a lessening of the cost of bread and the weather bureau are highly commended. Regarding the latter, the Secretary concludes that the investment is a paying one and the service may properly come within the function of the government.

The Russian thistle is made the text for a suggestion that seeds of new grass and other plants from abroad must hereafter be very carefully inspected. Lately the Secretary thinks it might be well to demand a guaranty as to freedom from weed seeds and the absolute purity and fertility of seeds imported into this country. The exports of American seeds might be vastly increased by exacting the standard of purity and germinating fertility and giving to other people the guaranty we ask of them.

Secretary Morton devotes several pages covered with tables, in showing what the expense of the department has been each year since 1875. He again reiterates the correction that promises free distribution of department publications should be abolished.

The comparison between our statistical work and that of foreign governments is unfavorable to us. The Secretary points out the exactness of the agricultural statistics of Great Britain, stating that such exactness is reached through the revenue system of that country, and suggests that it might possibly be obtainable in the United States through similar agencies.

The Secretary is opposed to the whole business of giving away seeds, and says: "Educationally this enormous sum could be made of great advantage to farmers if expended in the publication of practical bulletins, 'new ideas being of more value than old seeds.' In lieu of \$10,000, the present appropriation for seeds, he proposes \$55,000 to be devoted to the issue of such bulletins. If seed is to be given away gratuitously at all, it should be done under the direction of the several experiment stations, the appropriation of each being increased \$500 for the purpose."

### W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST  
NO SEWING  
\$5. CORDOVAN  
FRENCH ENAMELLED CALF  
\$4.50 FINE CALF & BROWN  
\$3.50 POLICE SHOES  
\$2.50 WORKINGMEN'S  
EXTRA FINE  
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SEWED CATALOGUE  
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You can save money by purchasing W. L. Because we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profit. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold every where at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitutes. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by

HOOD & BERTT, Goldsboro, N. C.

### SPINAL

Weakness easily cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plaster

## THE PLOT THICKENS.

### The Republicans Still Here But Butler Has Departed.

The Dukes are all here; the Iron Duke, of Ireland, the Dark Duke, of Rutherford, and the Duke of Richmond. The "Wizzard" of Wayne, is also here, but just how to get at him and basque for even a moment in the shadow of his highness is what is troubling the short term aspirants.

The Iron Duke and the Dark Duke have spoken as they passed by Eaves and Mott said "Howdy." It was the first spoke from either to the other in 10 these years. It was a short speak, a mere "Howdy," but it melted the icicles that hung around the black locks of each, and the grave is being dug for the hatchet. What is Mott doing here? is a question with Eaves, and what is Eaves doing here? is what is troubling Mott. Indeed every one seems to be wondering what the others are here for except Butler and Pritchard, who are doubtless smiling in their sleeves.

What care they for the hubbub of the clans or the caucuses? They wist not what they say. For has it not been fixed? And by right of original arrangement are they not slated for the big plums? The Iron Duke and the King Bee of the Pee Dee were one time forced in the party councils but "times am changed." It is Butler now and with Pritchard. To the others—he old stagers—"not this year" some other year—"be of good cheer. Linger about here, you are very dear, and your positions clear but away last year you were not near. It may seem queer, "but not this year, some other year."

Jno. M. Brover has arrived with his Senatorial skates on, but the ice looks thin twist him and where Butler is gliding about carving on the Senatorial Ice Pond, the names of the two next Senators, Holton's skates are getting loose, and may drop off, but away last year you were not near. It may seem queer, "but not this year, some other year."

Mott's an old skater, he's not afraid of ice, but when he glides away casting behind him a sort of a "See-you-later" look. Dockery is a little dubious, but the Dockery boys are fixing on his skates and insisting that he shall try his hand on carving G. H. D. on the Senatorial ice pond.

Eaves is a bold, fearless skater and he, too, may be found trying the ice, just a little. One thing is certain, he is bent on being present at the Skating Carnival in January.

Buck Kitchin is a little awkward yet awhile, but he was here sitting on the bank and watching Butler and murmuring, "Oh! wouldn't I like to venture out and trip you up," and if the ice gets much thicker he may attempt it.

Judge C. C. Pool comes from down in the salt water country, which don't freeze, but he is watching the skaters and has doubtless made up his mind that with a little practice he could carve "Pool" on the ice.

J. C. Logan Harris knows he can't skate and will probably not try to learn. Ewart has a pair of nickel-plated skates and will not be disposed to lend them to Pritchard at the carnival, Pearson to the contrary notwithstanding.

John Nichols has a three-days, three-dollar-a-day job as one of the clerks of the canvassing board. This is the first plum thrown to the Co-operationists. He hasn't any skates, but Col. Thomas R. Purnell and Nichols may get a pair between them and each try his luck at the carnival.—*Raleigh News and Observer*

## POPULISM IS ANARCHY.

In Butler's *Caucus* of this week is a long and wandering editorial on 1896, full of airy platitudes, and "trite truisms jostling one another" without connection or significance or application—and all intended for buncombe and to impress the deluded followers of Populism that "great is Butler of the Populists." But the people, even those who voted with the unholy and unprincipled fusion in this State in large numbers—are fast realizing that the rule of Populism means anarchy. The evidence is uniform and conclusive and uncontroversial on this point.

Wherever Populism has had a trial of its rule anarchy and communism have prevailed. Wherever Populism has had anything like a formidable following up to the ballot box and there experienced defeat by the

votes of a free people it has forthwith appealed to anarchy and attempts to secure power by bull-dozing and usurpation.

In the issue of the *Caucasian* above referred to, for instance, Butler publishes, or purports to publish, a list of the State Senators-elect and of the members-elect of the House, and in the list of Senators appear the names of H. L. Grant, of this county, and Paddison, of Pender, both fusionists, instead of B. F. Aycock and LaFayette Smith, the Democratic candidates-elect, who hold the legal certificates of election and will take the seats in that body on its assembling. It is true their seats will be contested; but why does Butler *usurp* the prerogative of the Senate (which alone has the power to pass upon this question) and publish the names of Grant and Paddison instead of Aycock and Smith?

As we have said, wherever Populism has had a regime anarchy and communism have prevailed. What is the record? A Populist Governor and Legislature in Kansas inaugurated an era of anarchy that has cost the State millions of dollars in public credit, and inspired universal disrespect for her laws and government. Governor Penney, of Oregon, repeatedly aired himself in the most anarchistic utterances, and there is universal rejoicing among all parties that he was defeated in his aspirations to reach the United States Senate. Governor Waite, of Colorado, kept his State in constant revolution from the time he was inaugurated until the present, and it is creditable to the women of the State that of the 70,000 who voted at the recent election for the first time, two-thirds voted to defeat him for re-election.

We have the same illustration of the anarchical tendency of Populism in Alabama. Mr. Kolb was beaten for Governor two years ago by some 12,000 majority, and he was again defeated for the same office at the late election by more than double the majority of 1892. He has just issued a proclamation to the people of his State announcing his purpose to inaugurate his "Governor" and to establish a revolutionary government in Alabama. In short, he appeals from the people to anarchy, and thus proclaims that anarchy is the aim of the Populist party.

He will fail, of course, but he gives notice to the world that the citizens who cast his lot with the Populists must list in the ranks of Anarchy. If they can obtain victory by a vote of the people it is well for them, and they proceed to illustrate their anarchical tendencies in the exercise of public trust, but when they are defeated by the people they attempt to appeal to anarchy and attempt to gain power by revolution. In short, Populism is anarchy, and the time has come when every good citizen of every political faith should oppose it as the most dangerous of the political heresies of modern times.

## LIST OF LETTERS.

- Remaining in Post Office at Goldsboro Wayne county, N. C., Dec. 1st 1894.
- A—Mrs. Estelle Andrews.
  - B—Mrs. Martha Basin, Mrs. Lea Bunting.
  - C—Albert Cotton, Miss Sallie Cobb, Chas. Cobb, Mrs. W. A. Crone, Miss Anna Cullison.
  - D—Miss Estar Dange.
  - F—Mr. Thomas Fossett, Mr. G. C. Flowers.
  - G—Mr. T. C. Grey, Mr. Hugust Grimes, Mr. Maurice Griffin.
  - H—Miss Fannie Herring.
  - L—Miss Myrtle Lyon.
  - M—Mr. C. H. Martin.
  - N—Rev. Dan' Newborn, Hugh Nuse.
  - P—Mr. C. H. Parker.
  - T—Calvin Thompson, V. L. Turreant.
  - P—Annie Poole.
  - S—Lillie Smith.
  - W—Bessie C. Waters, Jos. Whit.
- Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised and give date of same. The regulations require that one cent shall be paid on all advertised letters.
- J. BRYAN, P. M.

Maj. Winder Resigns.

RALEIGH, Nov. 30.—Great surprise and regret are expressed here at the news of the resignation of Maj. John C. Winder as vice president of the Seaboard Air Line. His resignation has been accepted, and Mr. Edward St. John, late of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway, succeeds him.

Oysters on the half-shell at ALHAMBRA.

## JOHN BAXTER EAVES.

### The Dark Duke Who Went Down Under Fusion. Bobs up Sincerely.

Mr. John B. Eaves, arrived in the city yesterday morning, wrote his name on the Register at the Yarrowburgh and was assigned to room No. 12. The ex-Chairman was swinging about the Hotel lobby yesterday and seemed to be as lively and cheerful as though he had not tacked fusion and gone down under the weight of the recent fusion victory.

A *News and Observer* reporter sent a card to room No. 12 last night and was invited in. Dockery, Holton and others were about vacating when the reporter entered. He was greeted pleasantly by the ex-Chairman, who seemed as serene and cheerful as though he was wearing the honors of a big victory.

I suppose in view of the Fusion victory, you feel like a defeated warrior?" said the Reporter.

"No, sir," responded the dark Duke. "I have been contending for principle. Principles never die and therefore a man who battles for them is never defeated."

"What brings you to Raleigh at this time, Mr. Eaves?"

"Well, sir, this is my first visit since last summer. I came down just to see what was going on."

"Has your visit any political significance?"

"Well, no sir; I suppose not."

"Are you interested in the Senatorial fight?"

"Well now I can't say I am not interested in a matter of such importance."

"Who are your preferences for these positions?"

"I have no particular preferences, I would like to see two Republicans elected to the Senate from North Carolina."

"That's impossible is it not?"

"Nothing is impossible is it?"

Has not the Republican party got the balance of power in the legislature? and haven't they got the opportunity? I think they have, and I think they should avail themselves of that opportunity, and insist on the election of two Republican Senators. My reasons are obvious."

"I regard the election of a Republican President in '96 as a certainty; and I also regard the House of Representatives as safely Republican; but the Senate is close, and every effort should be made to secure a Senate in accord with a Republican Executive."

"By the election of two Republicans in North Carolina we would likely save the Senate to the party, and thus achieve the grandest and most far reaching victory yet won by Republicans in the South."

With such an opportunity in reach of North Carolina Republicans, it approximates especially not to appropriate it, despite the long term, which would be a sure strength to an incoming administration.

The Republican members of the legislature should think seriously before committing themselves to a concession of the long term, when it means so much to the National Republican party, and to the whole country."

And the ex-Chairman folded his hands back of his head and stretched himself out on the bed.—*Raleigh News and Observer*.

## LETTER WRITING.

Everybody has to write letters. Some one of the hundreds of letters which the most ordinary individual will write in the course of his life-time, may make or mar his whole career. Every letter of the hundreds will have its own influence for or against his advancement or happiness. Every one, therefore, should know how to write letters.

If the composition classes and literary courses in our schools, the post-graduate literary societies, reading circles, etc., of after years, accomplished nothing but to fit the man and woman of average intelligence to perform well this necessary and frequent duty, they would nevertheless have more than justified their existence.

It seems a simple thing to write a letter. Granting that one knows how to write and spell and construct a sentence, there should be, it would seem, no further difficulty. Yet out of a multitude of clever, fairly educated people, it is astonishing how few adepts in the fine art of letter-writing will be found.

Why is it so? Do our teachers in giving the rules for acquiring the power of expression in writing forget to emphasize their most ordinary and neces-

sary application? The topics set for a school girl especially are often too formal, or too remote from her every day interests and sympathies. Why set her to writing "A Parallel Between the Characters of Napoleon and Washington," or an essay on "The Manners and Customs of the Ancient Egyptians"—we are drawing from real life—when she might far better be set at framing an invitation to luncheon or dinner and the answer thereto; an application for a position, or the response to an employer's advertisement for assistants; or, for the development of descriptive powers and a slight indulgence in sentiment and fancy, a letter to a friend, describing the most eventful week in the writer's summer vacation.

So much of the character and breeding of men and women is so inevitably revealed in their letters, that too great pains cannot be taken to guard against the revelation being discreditable and damaging.

Most of the counsels that apply to the spoken word of virtuously and well-bred people, apply with even greater force to the written word. For the spoken word may be half-heard, or forgotten; but the written word remains; and may come back in the most unexpected time or manner, either to the praise or the confusion of the writer.

Brazil has done well in deciding to erect a statue to President James Monroe, the far-seeing American statesman whose famous "Doctrine," promulgated by a comparatively weak nation seventy years ago, has saved Brazil and all South America from any serious foreign aggressions ever since. The foundation for Monroe's statue was laid at Rio Janeiro on Nov. 15; and the brief despatch announcing the fact says, naively enough, "None of the foreign diplomats were present at the ceremonies." Yet it was their especial funeral, whether they were present or not.

## "Thar or Tharabouts."

The mail yesterday brought us the following communication: HENDERSONVILLE, N. C., Nov. 27, '94. Editor Goldsboro Argus.

In your issue of THE ALBION of the 20th inst., you are pleased to say, "that it is indeed ridiculous that Mr. Ewart should claim to be the father of fusion." I was not aware that I had made any such claim. I frankly confess that I do not know the father of this child, but in the language of the lamented Judge Cloud, at its accouchement, "I was thar or tharabouts."

Respect yours,  
H. G. EWART.

In the same issue of the 20th, of this paper, we published, from the Asheville Citizen, an interview which that paper had with Mr. Ewart in which he was reported as saying that he was a candidate for the U. S. Senatorship, and in which, also, the following language was attributed to him—and we have seen no denial from him as to its accuracy: Said Mr. Ewart:

"I originated and presided over the caucus which was held the night preceding the Republican State convention and which Eaves and other prominent anti-fusionists did not hesitate to say broke the backbone of the anti-fusionists. Had the fusion policy been thrown on the convention without that caucus having been held, it would have been routed, horse, foot and dragoon. Eaves does not know to-day how nearly he controlled that convention. Had he defeated the caucus plan, which I repeat I originated and organized, fusion would never have materialized."

THE ARGUS "insists," therefore, that Mr. Ewart has entered his denial in the wrong quarter. He should file it with the Asheville Citizen.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists

## THOUGHTS FOR THANKSGIVING.

How dark and unattractive would the universe be without the recognition of an all-pervading, controlling and vivifying intelligence! In the midst of its most magnificent forms and richest colors, the human spirit would languish, and droop, and die. As our physical being demands corresponding objects in order to its true well-being and proper rest, so our mental and moral being requires an infinite, substantial, intelligent, personal entity, in union with which it may realize the fulfillment of its most enlarged desires, brightest hopes, and blissful activity. It is the God of Revelation that constitutes this glorious entity—that God who is surrounded with light inaccessible and full of glory. We all have evidence of the existence of this Being in the lofty aspirations of our own spirits. What mean our unlimited, illimitable desires? Let us go to what we may, gain never brings content; riches do not satisfy; fame, power and pleasure promise to fill our souls, but they always deceive and disappoint us. Yet we still believe in something beyond us, that can replenish the depths of our nature with its own exuberance. We pass on from our measure of acquisitions, and still cry "give!" and still cry "have faith in a Giver."

To enable us to comprehend this God aright and to excite within us right thoughts and feelings with respect to Him is the province of Revelation and the Divine, illuminating, transforming agent which unfolds, to be brought into proper intellectual and moral relationship to God is to possess the germ of everlasting life. As the profound Pascal has truly said, "God is the centre of all and to Him everything points, and he who knows Him not, knows nothing of the economy of this world or of himself. In Him is treasured up all that happens, our virtue, our every life, and light and hope; and out of Him there is nothing for us, but sin, misery, darkness and despair."

William Law, who has written profoundly concerning spiritual matters, says very beautifully, "A root set in the finest soil and the best climate, and blessed with all that sun, air and rain can do for it, is not in so sure a way of its growth to perfection as every man may be who aspires after that which God is ready and infinitely desirous to give him. For the sun meets not the springing bud that stretches towards it with half that certainty with which God, the source of all good, communicates himself to the soul that longs to partake of Him." How blind, then, to his true and permanent interests must be, who, wrapt up in gross sensuality, cuts off all sympathy, and breaks up all communication and fellowship with this first, infinite sublime, eternal Object of thought and love!

How nearly allied to inspiration are the sentiments of the Russian poet:

"Oh thou eternal one! whose presence bright  
All space doth occupy—all motion guide  
Unchanged through time's all devastating flight.  
Thou only God! There is no God beside  
Being above all beings! Mighty one;  
Whom none can comprehend, and none explore,  
Who fill'st existence with Thyself alone,  
Embracing all—supporting—ruling—  
or—  
Being whom we call God, and know no more!  
What am I, then?  
Naught! but the influence of Thy light divine,  
Pervading worlds; hath reached my bosom too!  
Yes, in my spirit doth Thy spirit shine,  
As shines the sunbeam in a drop of dew.  
Naught! but I live, and on hope's pinnions fly,  
Eager towards Thy presence; for in Thee I live and breathe, and dwell; in Thee I high;  
Even to the throne of Thy divinity,  
I am, O God, and surely Thou must be!"

CASTORIA is truly a marvelous thing for children, Doctors prescribe it, medical journals recommend it, and more than a million mothers are using it in place of paracoric, Bateman's Drops, so-called soothing syrups and other narcotic and stupefying remedies. Castoria is the quickest thing to regulate the stomach and bowels and give healthy sleep the world has ever seen. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, quiets pain, cures diarrhoea and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the chaperon—the mother's friend.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

## ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Largest U. S. Government Food Report.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

### "Oh, these Advertisements Tire me."

Some advertisements do have that tendency. So do some people, and some books. Nevertheless bright people understand that the advertising columns now-a-days carry valuable information about things new and good. Such is

## Cottolene

The New Vegetable Shortening

Common sense teaches that a pure vegetable product must be more wholesome than hog's grease.

## Cottolene

is part cotton seed oil and part beef suet, refined and purified by the most effective process known. It is more economical than lard for every use, and imparts a delicate, palatable flavor to food. Ask your grocer for the

Genuine COTTO lene.  
Made only by  
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,  
CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.



### Right Arm Paralyzed!

Saved from St. Vitus Dance.

"Our daughter, Blanche, now fifteen years of age, had been terribly afflicted with nervousness, and had lost the entire use of her right arm. We feared St. Vitus dance, and tried the best physicians, with no benefit. She has taken three bottles of Dr. Miles' Nerve and has gained 31 pounds. Her nervousness and symptoms of St. Vitus dance are entirely gone, she attends school regularly, and has recovered complete use of her arm, her appetite is splendid."—MRS. B. BULLOCK, Brighton, N. Y.

### Dr. Miles' Nerve Cures!

"Dr. Miles' Nerve is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at 25c a bottle for 50c or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind."

### WINTER is UNKIND TO FAIR FACES.

Most women have a natural dread of winter—the cold winds and dampness roughens and chaps their faces. Many have gained knowledge by experience and now apply a little

## POZZONI'S POWDER

Before going out, it protects, softens and beautifies the complexion, and there it is invisible. It is richly used!

HAVE YOU EVER TRIED IT? ALL DRUGGISTS and FANCY GOODS STORES SELL IT.

### The Perfume of Violins

The purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of the hibiscus combine in Pozzoni's wonderful Perfume.

Quail on toast at the ALHAMBRA