

Goldsboro Weekly Argus.

This ARGUS o'er the people's rights,
Doth an eternal vigil keep.

No soothing strains of Maia's sun,
Can lull its hundred eyes to sleep.

VOL. XVI.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., THURSDAY FEBRUARY 7, 1895.

NO. 64

SHOULDER BRACES
for ladies and gentlemen
of all qualities, all prices. If
you need one, it will pay
you to call at
MILLER'S DRUG STORE.

DO YOU NEED A TRUSS?
If you guarantee a fit,
or change you nothing
No charge for fitting, per-
fectly reasonable. The very best
Trusses made at
MILLER'S DRUG STORE.

MUNROE WINS.

A Unanimous Report of the Committee in His Favor.

A special telegram to THE ARGUS Thursday night conveys the pleasing intelligence that in the contest which J. E. Person, a so-called and at present posing Populist of this county, has been waging for the seat of Hon. W. C. Munroe, the Democratic representative of this county in the lower house of the General Assembly, the committee yesterday evening filed a unanimous report in favor of Mr. Munroe's retaining his seat.

This is as it should be, and THE ARGUS, in company with the Democracy of Wayne, rejoices that Mr. Munroe has triumphed. But the facts were all in his favor.

The following are the witnesses who appeared for Person—Mr. Munroe introduced none, which is the more to the credit of the fair election and the Democratic triumph in Wayne, glorious old Wayne County.—Sidney Deans, Green Everett, (col.), W. G. Hollowell, J. F. Dobson, Jno. W. Smith, Joe. W. Gardner, N. G. Holloman, W. R. Moore, and Z. P. Davis.

Butler's Estimate of His Following.

But there is one other reason why this law (establishing the Railroad Commission) should not be interfered with at this time.

If the law were to be repealed, it is certain that the corporations interested would use every resource within their power to prevent its re-enactment by this or by any other legislature. And whoever imagines that the resources, within the power of these corporations, to delay, or to finally hinder, the re-enactment of a good Commission law, are either small or ineffective, simply knows nothing about the matter.—The *Constitution*, Jan. 24th.

We should not have been surprised to see this in some "plurocratic paper" engaged in misrepresentation of the purpose of the "Reformers." Such papers are expected to impute bad motives to the Reformers. But to see Senator Marion Butler's paper state that the legislators are corrupt that "corporations" could control the "truly good," and "delay" or "finally hinder" the re-enactment of the Railroad Commission law, is in the nature of a surprise.

We have not too high an opinion of some members of this Legislature, but we had not supposed they were so completely under the domination of "corporations" as Butler represents them to be. We had supposed that they proposed to abolish the Railroad Commission merely to get rid of Wilson and Beddingfield. We had then expected the law to be re-enacted and the two such "Patriots" and "Reformers" as S. Otho Wilson and J. C. Logan Harris elected in their stead. Such we understood to be Ewart's purpose. But Butler says they cannot be trusted. He puts a stigma upon the men who voted for him for the U. S. Senate.

The charge of corruption may be true, but it will become a man who has been elevated to high position to expose the venality of men who have been his supporters. It is a dirty bird that defouls his own nest.—*Raleigh News & Observer*.

THE "VISITING STATESMEN."

Every member of the present General Assembly, who is not a docile puppet, feels a deeply ingrained and assumed air of guardianship of the five "visiting statesmen," who are kindly looking after the legislation that is to be enacted. The number of independent men is so few, however, that the mandate of the Big Five is received as an oracle by most of their followers. But yesterday, when Mr. Ewart introduced the following resolution, in regard to the proposed county of Scotland, it was apparent that he was not the only man who resented the airs of superiority and coddling affected by the Overseers:

"Resolved, That the entire matter be referred to the committee of visiting statesmen now in this city engaged in formulating county government, and election bills."

The "visiting statesmen" referred to by Mr. Ewart are: Daniel Russell, William Guthrie, Harry Skinner, Marion Butler.

They have undertaken to oversee the work of the General Assembly and to prepare the bills that the members may vote for. Their kindness has not been exceeded since certain "visiting statesmen" went to South Carolina, Louisiana and Florida in '87 and stole the electoral votes of those States. Ever since that time, "visiting statesmen" have been in dispute until the assembling of this Legislature.

Why not permit the members to go home and quit the farce of having them pretend to legislate? Why not pass a simple resolution, declaring that the above five men shall be dictators of the State for the next two years, and have done with the present farce?

Mr. Ewart and a few others may kick, but the men who have hold of the "machine" are determined to run it in order to secure permanent partisan advantage. They are afraid that some of the plain representatives, if left to themselves, might be foolish enough to want to keep the promises made to the people. This would not suit the overseer and his henchmen, and hence they are going to prepare all the important bills, and give Mr. Ewart, and the other members, who vainly supposed they were elected to make laws, the privilege of casting a vote to carry out the decrees of the dictators.—*Raleigh News & Observer*.

DEMOCRACY UNDEFILED.

A big ocean steamer, carrying 150 cabin and about 1,000 steerage passengers, was sighted a few years ago off a harbor some fifty miles away from that to which she was bound. The captain had made a mistake in his reckoning, and but for the timely lifting of a fog, which disclosed his whereabouts, would probably have thrown his ship away on a dangerous ledge. Speaking of the narrow escape, some days afterward, one of the ladies in the cabin said: "And the worst of it was that there were only boats enough for the cabin passengers. Every one of those poor souls in the steerage would have been drowned!"

It never entered her mind that perhaps in the struggle for life the steerage passengers might have had something to say about those boats. A strict and not unfair line of demarcation had separated the two classes on board ship, each receiving the accommodation for which he paid; but when it came to discrimination between the cabin and the steerage, on a matter of life and death, it is quite likely that the majority would think that their tickets were as good as those of the minority for a seat in the lifeboats.

The staunch ship United States, registered A I, and with the best record for speed and seaworthiness, is not likely to be cast away in the near or distant future. It has weathered storms, has fought with pirates and mutineers, and has always come safely into port; but there is dirty weather ahead, and some of the people on board, instead of standing by to help in case of need, are anxiously inquiring: "Are there life-boats enough for the cabin passengers?"

Dropping metaphor and coming down to State politics and to old facts—the day of the "trimmer" and "time-server" in the Democratic party in North Carolina is ended and the "unflinched" are coming together—with no go-between—and a glorious victory awaits us in 1896.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

DOINGS AT FUSION HEADQUARTERS IN RALEIGH.

WEDNESDAY.

SENATE.

In the Senate the principal new bills introduced were:

To let the public printing go to the lowest bidder.

To amend section 2218 of the code in regard to the encouragement of agriculture.

To reduce the fees for the probate of wills.

To prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Bills passed as follows: To abolish the inferior court of Swain county.

To repeal the stock law in Pitt, Pender and Pamlico counties.

For the relief of ex-Sheriff Sutton, of Bladen.

The bill to define butter and regulate its sale was discussed and passed. It compels all dealers in butterine, also margarine, etc., to put labels upon their packages; these labels to show the chemical constituents of each package. It was argued in support of this measure that it would greatly promote the dairy interests of this State. The vote was almost unanimous in favor of the bill.

HOUSE.

To amend the charter of Kinston.

To amend the charter of Albemarle.

To make a special appropriation of \$8,000 for the white institution for the blind, and \$14,000 for the colored institution for deaf mutes and blind, for the purpose of erecting new buildings.

To incorporate the Cargdon Broadus Tram-way company.

To return certain old records to Craven county.

To so amend the law that the taxes will not be doubled for failure to list, but only be increased 25 per cent.

To allow widows relief, so those whose husbands died at any time from injuries received in the war can receive pensions.

Bills passed amending the charter of the Farmers Stock Mutual fire insurance company of Greensboro, so it can have branches in each county.

A bill to give the policy holder of an insurance company a lien upon all its property real and personal, in the State in case of loss, where he has obtained a judgment, was passed.

The debate of the day was on the bill to create out of four townships in Richmond county, the county of Scotland, with 10,905 population. There was no politics in the fight on this bill. An amendment was adopted leaving to the vote of the people in the territory out of which it is proposed to create the new county the question whether it shall be created or not. The debate occupied three hours. The bill passed second reading, 52 to 38. Interest in it was great.

THURSDAY.

SENATE.

The most important new bills introduced were:

To amend the charter of Salisbury.

To let the printing of county exhibits to the lowest bidder.

To require all railroads to redeem unused tickets.

To curtail useless expenses in securing charters by increasing the power of Superior Court Clerks.

To amend the charter of Southern Pines.

The bill to reduce the charges for the sale of leaf tobacco in warehouses was taken up and discussed at considerable length, with wide differences of views. It was stated by one side that the farmers wanted the bill passed and on the other that they did not. The warehousemen oppose it. Several amendments were offered. The bill passed 35 to 5, without amendment.

HOUSE.

To provide for additional buildings at the Agricultural and Mechanical college, \$15,000 for each of the years 1895-96.

To allow persons who sell horses or mules to take liens to secure payment.

To extend the time for the registration of physicians until 1896.

To fund the debt of Wilmington by issuing \$50,000 in bonds.

To exempt Craven county from the provisions of the game law.

To cure defects in the registration of deeds by deputy clerks.

To prescribe the manner in which searches shall be made for lost or stolen property.

Young, of Wake, presented a petition from citizens of Wake, asking the repeal of the merchant's purchase tax.

A bill passed after much debate extending for 30 days the time allowed the sheriffs of Cherokee, Rutherford, Clay, Jackson,

THEY COUNT ON BUTLER.

CHANDLER SAYS HE HAS DIRECT ASSURANCE ON THIS POINT.

Fritchard Talks on Several Subjects: Alexander Stalls a March on "Objector" Enthusiasm: The "Whiskies" Will Come out of the Basements: Other Items of Interest.

ARGUS BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.

Strange to say the administration currency bill will have the support, contrary to what was thought yesterday, of seven or eight moderate silver Representatives from the South and a few from the West. Among them are Bynum, of Indiana; Catchings and Kyle, of Mississippi; Cabanis and Tate, of Georgia; Clark, of Alabama; and perhaps two or three others. The chances are now that the bill will pass the House, but it cannot by any possibility get through the Senate even if the rules were changed. Senator Gallinger, opposing the gold bond feature, Senator Fritchard, thinks only those Republicans usually led by Sherman favor the measure. He himself objects to the gold bond provision and the certainty of contraction if the bill were to pass in its present shape. Representative Alexander rather likes the feature which requires customs to be paid in gold, but will not vote for such a bill as this. Representative Henderson says it will bring no currency to North Carolina, and would contract the currency of the whole country.

It is now evident that the Republicans mean to organize the Senate after March 4. Chandler has received such assurances from Marion Butler as to make him claim the latter's vote, which has been freely conceded by the Democrats. The Republicans frankly say they want the good committee rooms held by the Democrats and that they are tired of annexes and basements. At ten minutes past 12 to-day Representative Alexander, finding Objector English was absent from the floor, asked unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the Charlotte mint park bill, which was granted, and the bill passed without a dissenting voice. The measure now goes to the President and with Secretary Carlisle's approval, obtained before the bill passed, the President's signature is not doubtful.

Representative Alexander's Cape Fear light house and range light bill will be reported by the House commerce committee tomorrow, he is assured.

The postmaster at Antioch, Robeson county, resigns, and Alexander is to be appointed by W. H. Phillips as his successor.

At the moment of adjournment yesterday Representative Crawford secured the passage of his bill to muster in James Berry Duckett. Mr. Crawford will endeavor Friday night to secure the passage of his bill to pension Mrs. Col. Pagg, of Buncombe.

Representative Grady hears that the people of Newbern desire a clerk to be appointed to the public building superintendent and therefore renews his nomination of Mr. J. B. Lane.

Mr. Thomas H. Sprinkle proposes to leave here and practice law in Charlotte, resigning at Zeb Harris goes to Raleigh tonight to spend thirty or forty days, his health being bad.

Senator Pritchard speaks highly of young C. J. Duncan, of Beaufort, his clerk, who was sworn in yesterday.

Dr. and Mrs. W. W. McKenzie, of Salisbury, are here for a day or two, returning from the North.

Roxboro Courier: Mr. James Ellis, quite an aged man, who lived near Mt. Tirzah, dropped dead at the store of Mr. Bowen at that place last Wednesday evening at about 2 o'clock. He was an old Confederate soldier and drew a pension from the State.

Charlotte Observer: Tryon Street Methodist church is to have the organ of the city. It has arranged to purchase a \$3,000 instrument. The builder will arrive in a few days, and will be placing the organ as soon as it arrives. While the work is being on services will be held in the church.

Graham Gleaner: Last Wednesday 22nd inst., about 7.30 p. m. the news flew over town that Mr. T. J. Turner had died at his home. Mr. Turner had not been well for several days. He was at work all day Monday, previous to his death, at his lumber yard. He had a cold which grew rapidly worse Tuesday and Wednesday with decided symptoms of pneumonia. The cause of his death was heart failure. Deceased was a member of New Providence Christian church where the remains were buried Friday morning.

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RANSOM ON VANCE.

What Dr. Kingsbury, Editor of the Wilmington Messenger, and the Most Competent Literary Critic and best Judge of Biography in the State, Thinks of the Senator's Legacy.

We have watched with some interest to see what Dr. T. B. Kingsbury, of the Wilmington Messenger, thought of the superb eulogy of Senator Ransom on his late colleague, Hon. Z. B. Vance, and in yesterday's Messenger, Dr. Kingsbury wrote of it gracefully as follows:

We have taken time to read the address of Senator Ransom, in the U. S. Senate on January 19th, upon the late Senator Zebulon B. Vance, of blessed memory. Of its kind it is a masterpiece. We do not remember to have ever read one of so many addresses in the United States Congress during the last fifty years upon departed members that impressed us more, that was more complete, in better style, that surpassed its portrayal of character. Of course it was warmly sympathetic, rich in expressions of admiration, but it was a really singularly accurate, thorough and most felicitous analysis of the character and splendid and manifold gifts of the illustrious Senator and statesman. It is one of those addresses that deserve to become classical, and to be pigeon-holed along with those memorable efforts in oratory that illustrate a century and give fame to a people. We do not exaggerate, we think in the least in saying this. We do not desire to be extreme, but to state with candor what our serious impressions are. We have delayed two or three days since reading it before writing of it. We doubt much if a finer, completer, more artistic and elaborately wrought oratorical address has ever been pronounced in the Senate. We read those on Clay, Webster, Calhoun, Sumner and many others, but none seemed to us more admirable, more charmingly rhetorical, more exquisitely happy in personal limning and character analysis, more choice in phraseology or more critically accurate in style. Senator Blackburn declared of it, in his own brief address, that he "listened to the address delivered by his surviving colleague, and it went far to remove the prejudice that I hold against these ceremonies, for never in all my life did I hear the virtues, the merits, the worth of a man more eloquently portrayed, more fairly and truthfully put."

We have not as yet read Senator Jarvis's (but hope to do so) but there is no comparison between the beauty and grace and eloquence and thoroughness of Senator Ransom's address and those of the other Senators who spoke.

CUMULATIVE VOTING WINS.

THE POPS HELD OUT AND THE RADS GAVE IN.

But the Rads will Doubtless Pull the Public Printing Plumb: Raleigh's Death Rate Large: The bad Weather is Every Where. Other Items of General Interest.

ARGUS BUREAU, RALEIGH, Feb. 2, 1895.

The Populists have carried the day about the county government squabble and peace reigns again in the fusion camp. It was a bitter pill for the Republicans to swallow but they took it. The "cumulative" system will be embodied in the county government bill. That the Republicans did not give up, however, without getting something in return is evident. This will be seen when the public printer is elected on the 21st. Ten to one he will be a Republican. The populists displayed a grand display of firmness in their demand for "cumulation" and said that if anybody came over it would be the Republicans. The Republicans came.

To-day the monthly health report of the city of Raleigh is being made out. I send you a summary. The total number of deaths in January was 24. Of these 13 were white and 11 colored people. There were three still births. There were 11 deaths reported of children under 5 years of age. The causes of death reported are interesting and varied and range from accident to consumption. Five deaths resulted from pneumonia, brought on by "grip." The proportion of deaths to the population is one person in every 915. The white proportion is one in 615 and the colored one in 636. The report is not as good as usual, but this is explained by the very bad weather that prevailed and the prevalence of la grippe.

Governor Carr has received an invitation to attend the ceremonies of the battle of Chicamauga, to be held at Chatanooga on the 19th and 20th of next September. The Governors of every State in the Union have been invited to attend.

This morning a young boyish lad, only 17 years old, was brought here from the country and put in jail on the charge of retailing whiskey without a license. He is said to be an old offender and a hardened criminal. His name is Jack Sykes.

The cause of the delay of the Seaboard Air Line train yesterday was caused by the breaking down of a locomotive. He is wreck as rumor had it yesterday.

The day is a horribly damp and dark one. Snow has been falling at different times to-day, but the ground is too wet for it to stick. People who came in on the trains report that it is snowing hard at different points on the line. At Danville there was snow to a depth of 3 inches and it was still snowing.

Up to this morning there had been 260 bills introduced in the House. The House met this morning to get an early start.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the funeral services over the remains of Mrs. S. D. Wait were held from Edenton street church Rev. J. N. Cole conducting the services. The church was crowded with friends and relatives of the dead lady.

Among the prominent visitors to the legislative halls to-day was Rev. John C. Kilgo, lately of South Carolina but now president of Trinity college. He is considered to be one of the finest pulpit orators in the South and is always greeted by large congregations.

The tobacco business, so long neglected here, bids fair to soon become large during the whole season and even the bad weather has not affected the business to any extent.

Anna Bell Maness, a white woman who has been confined in the penitentiary for a year for concealing stolen goods, was released to-day, her sentence having expired. She lived in Moore county and was returned there this afternoon. She was radiantly happy.

One poor, lone farmer braved the elements to-day and drove here, through mud and slush to the axle, with a bale of cotton for which he obtained 4 1/2 cents per pound.

To-day the University law school sent down several applicants for license to practise law. They are Messrs. Pruden, Jackson, White, Johnson, Long, Bryson and Bennett. As I informed you, they stand their examinations on Monday. The Trinity boys come down next. The University boys came early to be on the ground and hold "quizes."

Much fear is expressed by physicians that the "grip" may become epidemic here. It is in most cases of a mild form, but some are very malignant, developing into pneumonia.

It is understood that the committee on printing in Congress

THE OUTLOOK AT WASHINGTON.

The outlook at Washington is not promising, solely because Caesar has a party, Antony has a party, but Rome has none.

Our present financial troubles come from three causes, which may be briefly summed up as follows:

First—We have very bad financial laws, passed by Republican authority, which must be executed by the President and Secretary of the Treasury. They may have been wise when enacted, but they are now not only unwise but fearfully perilous to the public credit and private business, and new conditions compel their repeal or modification.

Second—The Democrats have a majority in the House and are presumably responsible for legislation. Their leadership has been so imbecile that it doesn't know what to do as a responsible party to meet the emergency, and if it did know, probably wouldn't do it.

Third—The Republicans have 127 members of the House, and they oppose everything and propose nothing. They prefer business and industrial distress to wise legislation while the Democrats are in power.

These are the causes which have prevented sound financial legislation in Washington. There are enough honest money Democrats in the House, who, if supported by the honest money Republicans, could pass a bill any day that would stop the drain of gold and restore public confidence in every business and industrial circle, but thus far not a Republican movement has been made excepting to oppose everything that has been presented by the majority.

The Republicans could move to amend; could move to substitute; could do anything to perfect any financial measure before the House, but they find the Democrats divided by Populists and Agrarians within their ranks, and the Republicans will be what ever they shall be called to responsible action, and they refuse all aid to legislation solely to make the majority party appear responsible before the country.

The man who is more responsible than all others in the House to-day for the failure to legislate on the financial question is Thomas B. Reed of Maine. He controls the action of the Republican party, and has thus far refused to permit it to give any aid whatever to remedial legislation. Such is the situation at Washington.—*Philadelphia Times*.

Greenville Reflector: Mr. W. J. Jackson, of this county, has received a check for \$100 as a premium for selling the best 200 pounds of tobacco raised last year from Roy-sters Orinoco guano. Mr. Jackson sold 229 pounds at the Eastern Warehouse for \$318.54. Pitt county has won this premium for three years. Mr. Jackson also had some fine tobacco on exhibition at the last State fair and won three premiums on it.

Chatham Record: The eyesight of Mr. Eli Webster, of Ore Hill, has been restored by a surgical operation performed by Dr. Robert L. Cayneson, of Coleridge, N. C. The disease was cateracts, and he had been blind for three years. Mr. Webster is now 75 years old, but says since the operation and restoration of sight he feels young and spry and can rejoice with Mr. James Beck, of Cheeks, N. C., who recently had the same kind of an operation performed by Dr. Cayneson, with restoration of sight after having been blind seven years.

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Absolutely Pure!

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest U. S. Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
106 Wall St., N. Y.

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