$2. SEE OUR $2.00 Shoes for Ladies Special price. Late style. Pointed toe. Call and examine at
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Goldsboro Weekly Argus.

LATEST STYES E. & W. and Anchor Brand Collars and Cuffs. Full line Percale and white Shirts, at
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This ARGUS o'er the people's rights,
Doth an eternal vigil keep

No soothing strains of Maia's sun,
Can lull its hundred eyes to sleep"

VOL. XVII. GOLDSBORO, N. C., THURSDAY FEBRUARY 6, 1896. NO 41

LOCAL BRIEFS.

Maybe it has no bearing on what jingoism does, but in the old armor days, the knight often used to talk through his helmet.

MRS. W. T. Gardner, who has been visiting her daughters in Durham for several weeks, has returned to her home in this city.

THE schedule of the Smithfield train has been changed. It now leaves about 6 o'clock in the afternoon and returns shortly after 9 o'clock in the evening.

If Chicago, after winning the convention, shall despoil the visitors it will be remembered that Jacksonian Democracy first taught that to the victors belong the spoils.

Justice Pryor, of the New York Supreme Court, has decided that police have no right to throttle and force a man under arrest to have his picture taken for the Rogues' Gallery.

General Weyler's reputation for severity may do the Spanish Government more harm than good. It seems to have had an effect in this direction already on the Congress of this country.

Taking the earth's population at the beginning of the next century may answer the frequent inquiry. What is the world coming to? by affording the reply that it is coming to its census.

HIS many friends here are glad the greet the safe return home of Mr. Leslie Weil, who has been touring in Europe since June, and has devoted his time to special study as well as sight-seeing.

MISS Lennie Flowers, of Bethel, N. C., who has been spending a few pleasant weeks in this city, the guest of Miss Alice Holland, left Saturday for Smithfield, on a short visit to her aunt Mrs. S. Renfrow, of that place.

If Drury College, Missouri, is too pious to accept a gift of $1,000 because it is offered by a brewer, we can refer Mr. Busch, of St. Louis, to several other educational institutions which will accept his gift and "thankee, too."

THE A. & N. C. R. R. will run special trains at cheap excursion rates from this city to Newbern every day and return during the week of Newbern's great mid-winter fair, which begins February 24th and concludes February 29th. It is always the finest fair in the State.

MRS. J. H. Hollowell, of Denver, Col., formerly Miss Viola Perkins of this county, who has been visiting her many friends and relatives in this section, left for Greensboro Friday, where she will spend a short time visiting relatives and friends, and then with her three little children will start for the far West again.

THE death of Mrs Joseph Mason, a most exemplary Christian woman and a devoted wife and mother, occurred Friday, of pneumonia; at their humble home, on the farm of Maj. H. L. Grant, near this city, where Mr. Mason is an overseer. She was a devout and zealous member of the Goldsboro Baptist church, as is also her husband, who with several small children survives her.

"THE finest in the State" is the general verdict of the travelling public as regards the Hotel Kennon, of this city. Its accommodations are unexcelled and its cuisine is superb. Its chief cook is the well-known William Griswold, colored, who the Rev. Sam Jones says is the finest he has ever encountered in all his travels; and the Reverend Mr. Jones is a capital judge of a well-cooked meal, as well as of human nature—that he hits so hard in its perverseness.

WITHIN a very short time two different and bold attempts have been made to burglarize the residence of Mr. J. J. Street, on William street. The second attempt was made one night last week, about 11 o'clock, after the family had retired, Mr. Street being absent, at his mills at Dover. The would-be burglar climbed a tree near the roof of the back part of the house, and passing over the roof he came to one of the back windows of the second story of the main residence. He succeeded in opening the blinds and removed two panes of glass, unlocked the window and attempted to raise it, when a stick used as an additional safety precaution fell to the floor, startling Mrs. Street in the room below, who went at once to investigate and the burglar ran across the roof and climbed down the tree. Our police cannot be too vigilant at this season of the year, or too exacting of any culprits they may find prowling the city by day or night.

REMALKABLE SOUTHWARD TREND OF POPULATION.

The predictions which from time to time have been made in the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record as to the southward trend of population are being verified in a way that is amazing to those who thought they would never be realized. Within the last few months the movement of people from the North and Northwest to the South has become one of the most noticeable features of the business interests of the day. This is resulting in large purchases of land for colonization purposes, and the starting of enterprises which must have a wide-reaching effect upon the whole country. When it was announced in the Manufacturers' Record last fall that a colonization enterprise under the auspices of some Grand Army people of the West had been undertaken, with a view to settling 40,000 or 50,000 people on a 100,000-acre tract of Georgia land, the project was regarded with a great deal of skepticism. The public scarcely believed that it could succeed, and dire predictions of failure were heard. A dispatch from Fitzgerald, Ga., shows, however, what has already been done, and indicates something of this remarkable enterprise, now commanding the attention of the entire country. Since last September some 5,000 or 6,000 Western people, many of them well-to-do financially, have settled on this property, and 100 or more are daily arriving. The movement is now assuming national importance. It is estimated by Mr. Fitzgerald, the organizer of this colony, that 35,000 or 40,000 people will be settled in that district within the next twelve months. The influence of such a great immigration as this, drawing population from every State in the Union and from Canada also, must necessarily be of a far-reaching character. It means many changes, many improvements, the commingling of the people of all sections and the union of energy and capital in the upbuilding of this section. What is being done at this point in Georgia is, however, being repeated, but on a smaller scale, at many other places throughout the South. As announced in the last issue of the Manufaaturers' Record, a sale of 17,000 acres of land near Southern Pines, N. C., was closed last week to New York people, who expect to settle 1500 families on the property within twelve months. Another sale of nearly 18,000 acres in Mississippi has just been made to Western people, who expect to colonize it with Iowa farmers. There is scarcely a State in the entire South in which a number of enterprises of this kind are not being undertaken, and the aggregate value of land sold and the aggregate of population already coming this way already far surpasses the highest expectations of those who for the last few years have been predicting a great wave of immigration sweeping from the North and Northwest Southward.

It is difficult to fully measure or state the influence of such a change as this. With the incoming of these thousands, giving assurance that within the next few years the South will be receiving from 300,000 to 500,000 new people a year, there will come an upbuilding of agricultural interests, an advancement of manufacturing, a creation of wealth greater than was seen in the days when the mighty Westward movement of population opened up that region and brought into existence such thriving cities as Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Denver and other places.

Added to what the South itself is doing, the wonderful effect which this movement of population will have, we can see before this section a period of activity promising greater results than have ever been achieved in any part of this country.

Wednesday, in Washington, Alexander Frederick Jenkins was married to Miss Adelaide Johnson. Usually the woman is married to the man, in fact, and, as a matter of sentential construction; but in this instance the reverse was the case. The groom took the bride's name, and the couple will be known as Mr. and Mrs. Johnson. The marriage was a theosophical affair, and the ceremony was performed by Cora L. V. Richmond. The bride is a sculptress, and that the groom is a fit subject for plastic art would appear from his willingness to lose his identity in the marriage-tie.

THE BONNER MURDERERS.

Convicted of Murder in the Second Degree—The Sentence.

Washington, N. C., Jan. 31—The Bonner murder trial, which stands at the head of all murder trials in the history of North Carolina, has ended. The murder of John B. Bonner was the end of a second Jesse James band and it is well for Beaufort county that it had such a speedy termination, and, while perhaps justice might have been nearer met, yet, all things considered, it is well.

At 2 o'clock to-day the court house bell was rung and from all quarters the streets were lined with people making their way in haste to hear the verdict. The judge entered and took his seat and the clerk asked the jury if they had agreed and the response came: "We have," And he asked, "What say you, are the prisoners at the bar guilty or not guilty?" And they answered: "Guilty of murder in the second degree."

The jury was polled at the request of the counsel for defendants Bell.

A motion for a new trial was lodged for all the defendants and overruled and the judge said in passing sentence:

"To my mind there has been an act of great mercy done this day in the county of Beaufort. What has led the jury to this conclusion, I do not know. It may be that it was on account of the youth of the defendants. Possibly they thought the killing was not designed or intended by the parties at the outset, but the fatal shot was fired by Sherrill Bell, the youngest of the defendants, after the others had fled, and in some frenzy, fright or apprehension of discovery. The jury, I believe, have acted from conscientious motives, and they can have the satisfaction of knowing that if they have erred it has been on the side of mercy; but there has been an atrocious and horrible murder done an innocent and inoffensive man, and none who heard the evidence and heard it impartially but was forced to the conclusion that these defendants were the perpetrators of the deed. They are all guilty, and every one of them. And the jury in rendering this verdict for murder in the second degree have extended them all the mercy they deserve or should receive, and under this verdict the extreme penalty of the law for such an offense must be imposed in the case. It is considered and adjudged by the court that Uriah Bell, Sherrill Bell and W. H. Brantley, Jr., be confined at hard labor in the penitentiary for and during the term of thirty years."

Notice of appeal was given. After which the case of David Credle, one of the accomplices in the affair and who confessed, was called.—He was represented by Messrs. Stephen C. Bragaw of this place and J. S. Mann of Swan Quarter. He entered a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree and Mr. Bragaw made a most touching appeal. He asked for mercy and referred to the fact that he had done the State great service in this case and he is a weak, ignorant fellow who has had no parents to rear and train him.

The Judge sentenced him to fifteen years in the penitentiary.

The first ballot taken by the jury showed that seven were for a verdict of guilty and five for acquittal. They had the case twenty hours before finding a verdict.

The defendent showed no emotion or surprise when the verdict was rendered. Brantley's wife showed some emotion, but his father and mother sat resigned to the circumstances.

A peculiarity about corners in gold is that there's likely to be nothing square about them.

It is Known By Its Cures

It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit.

The thousands of people whom it has raised from disease and despair to happiness and health, are the strongest and best advertisements Hood's Sarsaparilla has. No other preparation in existence has such a record of wonderful cures.

This is why Hood's Sarsaparilla has the largest sale, and requires for its production the largest laboratory in the world.

Now if you need a good medicine, why not try that which has done others so much good. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye. $1; six for $5

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

TWO KINDS OF REBELS.

It would be a very "cheeky" thing for the United States Senate to include in any resolution that it may pass on the Cuban question a request that Spain should agree to exchange prisoners with the so-called "rebels." This is a subject upon which our government would better keep "mum" for it cannot be supposed that the Spaniards are ignorant of the fact that for twelve months or more, and this at the very crisis of affairs, the United States refused to exchange prisoners with the Confederates.

People who live in glass houses should not throw stones. A nation that compassed the death of thousands of prisoners by violating the cartel and refusing to continue exchanges, as it had agreed to do, should not go out of its way to preach to Spain her duties with respect to the amenities of civilized warfare.

Not only did Mr. Lincoln and General Grant compel us to keep their prisoners when we hadn't the food with which to feed them, but they delayed for three months to send for their prisoners after we had informed them that we would release them without demanding man for man. Furthermore, Lincoln and Grant declared that medicines for the sick and wounded Confederates were contraband of war and could not come into our territory.

Considering how harsh was the treatment of us by the Federal Government, we are gratified and amazed at the tenderness exhibited toward the Cuban rebels. It makes the position of the United States Government a very inconsistent one; still we must say that it is in the right now, and we trust that it will do all that it can to obtain for the Cuban rebels those privileges, connected with the exchange of prisoners and care of sick and wounded which it denied to the Confederates.

Furthermore, we wish to see our government acknowledge the belligerency of the Cuban rebels as soon as it may be done with propriety. We believe that the most that stands in the way of this action is the alleged fact that the rebels have not been able to establish a capital and maintain a stable government. Well, as to the government, that of the rebels has been almost as stable as that of the royalists in Cuba, and as for a capital, why the rebels hope soon to take possession of Havana—the rightful capital of the Cuban people.

The Spanish Government is head over heels in debt and has little credit, and cannot continue to hold Cuba at the price it is now paying. The Pearl of the Antillies has come to a possession that costs more than it comes too. Of course Spanish national pride revolts at the idea of parting with Cuba, but national pride will not float new loans to raise new armies to be sacrificed in the swamps of Cuba.

Sooner or later Cuba will be free. And it ought to be free. By arms the Spanish colors were planted upon that island and by arms they will be removed,

We who came into national existence through rebellion cannot but sympathize with the Cuban patriots who are now waging war upon their tyrant rulers. We would have the United States go as far as it may with propriety go to secure for the patriots such terms as will lessen the severities of war; but we warn the Washington authorities not to "lay themselves open" as the resolution reported from the Senate committee would do—to be reminded by Spain that Grant and Lincoln cut short the exchange of prisoners at a time when it meant death to thousands of men.—Richmond Dispatch.

And still we have reason to love Mr. Cleveland for the enemies he has made.

We hear of Reed envelopes being already handed around at certain points in the country, and, with each envelope goes the explanation that the contents are an account of the career of the Main statesman. Simply this, and nothing more (?).

Mr. E. M. McDonald writes to the New York Sun making prominent the fact that, in 1885, Mr. Lincoln, who was then quite a young man, wrote a treatise on infidelity. It was an attack upon the whole ground of Christianity, and, of course, denied the divinity of our Saviour. Mr. Lincoln's employer, Mr. Samuel Hill, though himself a skeptic, got hold of the MS. and put it into the fire. That this story is true, is confirmed by a letter from Mr. Herndon, Lincoln's law-partner, published in the Toledo, (O.) Index, in 1870.

The Indian medicine man cures by charms and incantations. He frightens away the "evil spirit" who causes the sickness. He does all sorts of things that civilized people would call idiotic and barbaric, but the civilized folks are not so very much ahead after all. They do just as foolish things as does the medicine man. They go along carelessly, and allow the little sickness to grow into the big sickness. They allow constipation to grow into indigestion, heartburn, dizziness, headache, insomnia, and a hundred other distressing conditions. They do this frequently because they do not know the cause of their trouble. It is a pretty safe rule to look for the source of 9-10ths of human sickness in this one simple and appallingly prevalent trouble. Another foolish thing that smart people do is to take some alleged remedy for constipation and keep on taking it, day after day, month after month and year after year. Perhaps it is better to take the medicine than not to take it at all, but of course if they stop taking it, their trouble will come back. This last statement is true of every other medicine prepared for this purpose except Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild catharic. They are gentle and efficient in their action, *permanent* in their results. You don't become a slave to their use, as with other pills.

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He Was a Miser and Rich.

Paris, January 30.—A short time ago an unknown American, a man apparently about 77 years old, fell into a fit while walking along the Boulevard des Capucines. The police took charge of the case, as there was no one accompanying him or within sight who knew anything about the man. It was ascertained with some difficulty where the stranger lodged and he was taken there.

Among the papers found on his person was an envelope, which he carried in his inside pocket, bearing the postmark of Boston, and enclosing a check for 29,000 francs. The place where the man lived and to which he was taken unconscious by the police was a cheap lodging, where it was learned he had lived in apparent poverty for years. He expired soon after being taken to this place. A search of his domicile was thereupon made, which revealed a quantity of French bank notes, American securities, etc., placed at various points in the apartment, of the total value of 2,000,000 francs. Efforts are now being made to ascertain the name of the man.

The city of New Orleans is about to spend $8,000,000 to put into effect a new drainage system.

The people of Nashville are organizing with a view of securing the Battle Abbey of the South for that city.

The Tillman pitchfork is sharp, and more than single-pronged. There's no doubt about that. But is the pitchfork an implement suitable to the Senate? There's some question on this point.

It's Brown's Iron Bitters you need.

Women Suffer from household cares; from overwork; from worry; from neglect, or from diseases peculiar to their sex. In fact nearly all women need "building up."

Brown's Iron Bitters that old and reliable strengthening medicine, is made for just this purpose.

It gently stimulates the action of the vital organs and purifies and enriches the blood, beautifies the complexion, sweetens the breath, and turns the weakness and suffering of disease into the joy of perfect health.

Brown's Iron Bitters is pleasant to take, and it will not stain the teeth nor cause constipation. See the *crossed red lines on the wrapper*. Our book, "How to Live a Hundred Years," tells all about it; free for 2c. stamp. 52

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ASK for Plymouth Rock Geletine—Pink or white.

GLEANINGS

Items of Interest Clipped From our State Exchanges.

Raleigh Press-Visitor: This morning 35 shares of Peace Institute stock were sold to Mrs. W. Hutchings and others. The shares brought $61 each.

Greenville Reflector: A charming drama entitled "The Deacon" will be presented here in about two weeks under the management of Miss Sallie Lipscomb. the cast of characters has been made and rehearsals are now in progress.

Concord Standard: Rev. Dr. W. A. Wood, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Statesville, who has been very sick with typhoid fever since last September, has recovered sufficiently to resume his duties and filled his pulpit Sunday morning.

Concord Standard: Out of a total enrolment of pupils at the gaaded school of 440, only about seventy-five are absent. The school is progressing finely, and Prof. Shinn is greatly pleased with the great work he is doing.

Wiston Sentinel: A gentleman remarked this morning that the report was current in the Northern part of the county that our townsman, Mr. C. B. Watson, was going to retire from the practic of law and enter the evangelistic work.

Raleigh Press-Visitor: We learn from an exchang that the Mooresville darkies have been debating some interesting and profound questions recently. Among the most important was. "Which is the most use to the country, buzzards or lawyers?" The buzzards won.

Greensboro Record: C. L. Panky, of Lynchburg, a traveling man, died to-day at Mr. Hagans, where he and his wife have been boarding. He has been critically ill for some time with Bright's disease. He was a Mason and a Knight Templar and his remains will be taken in charge by a delegation from the lodge here and carried to Lynchburg.

Greenville Reflector: There is a movement on foot for a railroad from Greenville to Snow Hill. Petitions looking to this end are being circulated in Greene county. The Reflector hopes the road will be secured. Snow Hill is badly in need of railroad facilities and a road from here to that town would also be considerable benefit to Greenville.

Rocky Mount Argonaut: Mrs. Mary Worsley, of Edgecombe county, died at her home, about four and a half miles from town, last week. Mrs. Worsley was about 56 years of age. She leaves five children, mostly grown, besides a large number of relatives and friends, to mourn her loss. She was an affectionate mother and a good neighbor.

Washington Messenger: Robert Clark, col., who left here some six months ago with his corps of female evangelists to deliver to President Cleveland his prophetic message that the world would come to an end in five years, has arrived in Washington, D. C. We understand that Uncle Robert is attracting considerable attention but he has been unable to gain an audience with the President.

Asheville Citizen: Geo. H. Pugh, who was hurt on the yards of the Southern railway yesterday at noon, died from his injury yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock at his home near the old depot. Mr. Pugh was not an employe of the Asheville cotton mills, as stated yesterday, although he had been up to a month or so ago, when he went into the Southern's employ as coupler with one of the shifting crews. It is not known just how the accident occurred, but he was struck in the breast by the break gear of a car that was being shifted, was knocked down and two wheels passed over his legs. Mr. Pugh was 28 years old and had a wife. He was a member of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, in which order he carried $250 insurance. His remains were sent to his old home at Randleman, N. C.

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Diseases of the Eye and General Surgery.

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT COST!

A LARGE LOT OF

TABLETS,
Writing Paper,
Envelopes.
Pens, Ink,
Blank Books,

Smoking and Chewing Tobacco

LYE,
Soda,
Potash,
Matches,
Baking Powders, Etc

Will be sold AT and BELOW COST, at my old stand, corner Hotel Kennon. The above was selected from my stock before the recent sale. Give me a call. Sale commences To-Morrow, JANUARY 31st.

C. F. GRIFFIN,
Corner Hotel Kennon.

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