

BAILEY AND TILLMAN.

REMARKABLE SCENE ON FLOOR OF THE SENATE.

Denouncement Stories in Two Newspapers as Being Inspired By and Written By Liars.

Washington, May 16.—The recent efforts of the President and the Democratic senatorial leaders to reach an agreement on the railroad rate bill received further notice in the senate today from Senators Bailey and Tillman. The matter was referred to by the Texas senator in the course of a personal explanation called out by a Washington dispatch in the Chicago Tribune charging Mr. Bailey with the failure to find common ground, and by Mr. Tillman in a speech in support of Mr. Bailey and in presenting a further statement from former Senator Chandler.

In his address Mr. Bailey denounced the article in question as "a lie" and the author and inspirer of it as "liars."

The charge in the Chicago paper was to the effect that Mr. Bailey had been responsible for the failure of the agreement between the President and Senator Tillman. Former Senator Chandler was given as authority for the statement that Tillman had been suspicious of Bailey, who, it was also stated, was really opposed to rate legislation and was also in constant conference with Senator Aldrich with the purpose of defeating the rate bill.

After this statement had been read by the clerk, Mr. Bailey took the floor and said deliberately:

"I have taken no part in the question of veracity between the President and Mr. Chandler, and I had not even given any public expression on the question of good faith because I knew nothing about either question. I had never conferred with the President directly or with Mr. Chandler. It was therefore a matter of great surprise to me when a senator called my attention to the extract which I have had read. That correspondence it was understood was sent by a correspondent who is very close to the White House and is presumed to speak with some degree of authority concerning transactions there.

"I do not know as to the truth of that and I do not charge that his statement was made with authority, but I denounce the publication as an unqualified, deliberate and malicious lie. I denounce that correspondent as an unqualified, deliberate and malicious liar. I denounce the man who inspired the statement as an unqualified, deliberate and malicious liar, whoever he may be and whoever high the office he holds."

The statement was made in a deliberate monotone, but it was none the less impressive on that account. It was received with absolute silence, and the silence continued for a few moments until, indeed, Senator Tillman had taken the floor, also on a question of personal privilege, because the article quoted had stated that he had been suspicious of Mr. Bailey. He had read the part of the correspondent's letter which Mr. Bailey had omitted and proceeded with his statement, saying:

"This correspondence is undoubtedly a mask racket. Into whose hands the handle goes or what hand holds it I will not attempt to say." He said he counted eight distinct falsehoods in the article, but he desired to address himself first to a denial that he had ever been suspicious of Senator Bailey. He expressed his great esteem and admiration for the Texas senator, and said that their cordial relations had always existed. Articles of this character were being sent broadcast over the country, said Senator Tillman, at the instance of the Republican machine to "befuddle" the situation.

As to the statement by Attorney-General Moody that he could see no hope for an agreement on any amendment unless it were drawn by the senators themselves, Senator Tillman said that was an audacious effort to give color to the President's retreat behind the Allison amendment.

"I do not care to pursue this subject further," said Senator Tillman, "but that future historians may be able to get at the truth as to who lied, I shall make another contribution." He then had read the letter sent him today by former Senator Chandler in response to Senator Lodge's denial for the President of Senator Chandler's former statement.

When Senator Tillman concluded, Senator Bailey again took the floor and said that his attention had been called to another article, printed in the New York Tribune of today. He said it was of the same character as that printed by the Chicago Tribune and that evidently they had been timed to bring them both to Washington at the same time. Pointing

AFTER SEVENTY DAYS.

THE RATE BILL PASSED BY 71 TO 3.

Senators Morgan and Pettus, of Alabama and Senator Foraker, of Ohio. When the Measure Went Through There Was a General Sigh of Relief.

Washington, May 18.—After seventy days of almost continuous deliberation the Senator at 4:53 p. m. today passed the railroad rate bill by the practically unanimous vote of 71 to 3. The three negative votes were cast by Foraker, Republican, of Ohio, and Senators Morgan and Pettus, Democrats, of Alabama. There was a somewhat larger attendance of Senators than usual, but the attendance in the galleries was by no means abnormal, and there was no manifestation of any kind when the result was announced. There was, however, an almost general sigh of relief among Senators.

The bill has received more attention from the Senate and from the country at large than any measure that has been before Congress since the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, in 1893. It was reported to the Senate on Feb. 26, and was made the unfinished business on March 12. From March 12 to May 4 the bill was under discussion without limitation on the duration of speeches, 58 of which were delivered. The debate has at times been earnest and animated, but for the most part devoid of personality as between Senators, the past few days, however, having called out some caustic criticisms of the President.

The principal purpose of the bill is to permit the Interstate Commerce Commission to fix rates. The provision conferring this authority is found in the 4th section of the bill amending section 15 of the Interstate Commerce law so as to accomplish that result. That section directs the Commission to investigate complaints of unjust and unreasonable charges on the part of common carriers in the transportation of persons or property or of regulations of practices affecting such charges. It also authorizes an inquiry as to whether the rates or practices are "unjustly discriminatory or unduly preferential or prejudicial or otherwise in violation of the act." In case any of these conditions are found to exist the Commission is empowered to determine and prescribe what will be the just and reasonable maximum rate and what regulation or practice is just, reasonable and fair. Further, authority is given the Commission to enforce its orders and they are to go into effect within thirty days and continue in force for two years, unless suspended, modified or set aside by the Commission or by a court of competent jurisdiction. Other powers conferred by this section are:

To apportion joint fares, establish through routes and maximum joint rates and prescribe their division and to determine the compensation to be paid to shippers doing service for carriers. Section 16 of the present law is so changed as to provide for an award of pecuniary damages to complainants found entitled, and in case payment is not promptly made in accordance with this award the beneficiary is authorized to institute suit in a United States circuit court to compel compliance.

S. NATOR BURTON.

SENATE MUST NOW ACT IN THE CASE.

Supreme Court Affirms Sentence of Lower Court, But Grants Motion for Rehearing.

Washington, May 21.—The supreme court of the United States today rendered a decision in the case of United States Senator Joseph R. Burton, of Kansas. The decision was against Burton, affirming the decision of the United States circuit court for the eastern district of Missouri, by which Burton was sentenced to six months imprisonment in the jail of Iron county, Mo., required to pay a fine of \$5,000 and deprived of the right hereafter to hold office under the government.

The opinion was by Justice Harlan. All of the points made in Burton's interest were overruled.

Senator Burton was prosecuted on the charge of violating section 1782 of the revised statutes, which prohibits senators and representatives from receiving compensation for services rendered before any of the government departments in any matter in which the government may be interested. He was specifically charged with accepting a fee of \$500 per month for five months from the Grant and Securities Company, of St. Louis, for services rendered that company in an effort to prevent the issuance of an order by the post-office department prohibiting the use of the mails by the company.

Justice Brewer, White and Peckham united in dissenting opinion delivered by Justice Brewer.

The court granted a motion to give thirty days to Senator Burton in which to prepare a petition for a rehearing. The action will have the effect of taking the case over until the October term of court.

That the Senate will be compelled to take cognizance of the case is indicated by the decision. Justice Harlan held that the sentence could not cover an election to the United States as "they do not add their force under the government of the United States."

The newspaper men who call to see him, Senator Burton said:

"I shall adhere to my original policy of saying nothing until my case is finally determined." He would not say, in reply to a question, that he intended to take further legal steps, but from the fact that he does not regard his case as finally decided, in view of the sixty days granted for a rehearing, it is inferred that he will do so.

If Senator Burton does not resign "at once," as a prominent senator puts it, a resolution will be introduced to declare his seat vacant.

Came Near Dying


Abscess on the Hip—Dreadful Suffering—Hospital Treatment Failed.

Another Great Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Charles L. Hutchins is well known and popular in S. Royalton, Vt., being driver of the stage to and from Chelsea. He says of his boy Arthur, now 15, whose portrait appears below:

"He fell on the mill dam and injured his hip. An abscess developed and dreadful sickness followed. The doctors lanced the abscess and later performed an operation in the Mary Fletcher Hospital in Burlington. Arthur came near dying after the operation, but we got him home and neighbors said he would certainly die. In the spring I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, as usual, and gave Arthur a little each day. After a week or two there was a great change in the boy. He seemed hungry, and one day surprised us by exclaiming: 'How good my food tastes!' We could soon see the color coming into his face, as day after day he got better, seemed more lively and took more interest in things.

"The sore is now entirely healed, there is no pain in hip or limb. Arthur goes to school every day and his health could not be better. To our friends his cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla seems miraculous."



SPECIAL.—To meet the wishes of those who prefer medicine in tablet form, we are now putting up Hood's Sarsaparilla in chocolate-coated tablets as well as in the usual liquid form. By reducing Hood's Sarsaparilla to a solid extract, we have retained in the tablets the curative properties of every medicinal ingredient except the alcohol. Of druggists or mail if your druggist does not have them, 100 doses St. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

STRONG WORDS AGAIN.

The Stigma Refuses to Stick to Bailey.

Washington, May 17.—Senator Bailey again took the floor today in the Senate to make a further explanation of his connection with the efforts to secure an understanding between the President and the Democratic Senators on the railroad rate bill, basing his statement on an article in the Chicago Tribune and the New York Tribune, charging him with bad faith in that connection, and giving ex-Senator Chandler as authority for that statement. He had read a series of letters and memoranda beginning with a request from himself to the former Senator for a copy of any statement that he might have made that justified this statement. This was followed by the reading of the following letter from Mr. Chandler:

"Washington, D. C., May 16, 1906.

"Hon. J. W. Bailey, United States Senator:

"Dear Sir: I have your letter of today and I enclose to you a copy of a memorandum sent by me to the White House on the morning of Wednesday, April 11th. I think the memorandum was not dated, but my retained copy is dated April 11th. I did not therein give the President any assurance as to your attitude relative to the so-called game, because I had not seen you and did not feel authorized by anything Mr. Tillman had then said to give any assurance in your name. At 9:15 p. m. I saw Mr. Tillman and talked with him fully, and he then told me that neither he nor yourself were entering into games with the railroad Senators; and at 9:30 I saw the President and told him what Mr. Tillman had said and that he need have no apprehension on the subject. I enclose to you copies from my diary. April 13, I saw Mr. Moody and again on the 14th, and arranged with him to see Mr. Tillman and yourself on the next day, Sunday, 15th."

Yours truly,
WILLIAM C. CHANDLER.

Then followed the memorandum to Secretary Loebe and that was accompanied by an extract from Mr. Chandler's diary.

HON. GEO. E. HOOD.

A Brilliant Young Man with a Promising Future.

[N. H. MERRITT IN SIMPSON DEMOCRAT.]

"We note that Mr. C. R. Thomas is to have an opponent in the person of Goldsboro's Mayor in the next nominating Convention. For our part we are well satisfied with Mr. Thomas. Mr. Harrell's Store Correspondent of the Simpson Democrat:

We are not a politician and have no desire whatever to enter into a newspaper controversy with your correspondent, and accord him the right that every American citizen is justly entitled to, in expressing his preference for the office of Congressman, or any other office for that matter—but since he has set the pace—that is to say, brought the matter to the attention of the people of your county—I think it incumbent upon me, as a personal friend of Mr. Hood and as a native of old Simpson, to let my people know something of the personal of the man whom they will be asked to support at the next Congressional Convention for this high and important office.

Yes, the name of Hon. George E. Hood will be presented at the next Congressional Convention as a candidate for Congress from this district, and in doing so his friends have no apology to make, for he is in every way worthy of, and competent to occupy the position, and if nominated—which is equivalent to election—he would fill the office with honor to himself and with credit to old North Carolina.

Now, I have no unkind word to say against the present incumbent, Hon. Chas. R. Thomas, or criticism to make of his work; he has made a good Congressman, but he has had the place long enough. There are others to whom honor is due and who are justly entitled to recognition at the hands of the Democratic party, and Hon. Geo. E. Hood, the worthy and efficient young Mayor of the City of Goldsboro, is one of them. We verily believe in rotation in office, which is one of the fundamental principles of Democracy.

We venture the assertion that no man in North Carolina, of equal age, is more widely known or universally esteemed than George E. Hood. He has spoken in almost every county in the State, and the people always honor his presence in their midst.

He is a young man of brilliant intellect, whom to know is to love and admire, and in whose bosom a nobler heart never beat. Sympathetic, kind-hearted, true to his friends, who are numbered to the extent of his wide acquaintance, a man who gives liberally and cheerfully of his means, who is foremost in every good work, in fact an ideal Christian young gentleman.

At his home town, Goldsboro—where he is best known, he is universally respected, and it is our people's delight to honor him when the occasion presents itself, which is

MR. GANNON PLEASED.

A Drive Over the Raleigh and Pamlico Shows Him a Country Surpassing His Expectations.

Raleigh News and Observer.

Mr. Frank S. Gannon, the president of the new Norfolk and Southern railroad system, spent Sunday morning in Raleigh and left for Norfolk that night. He spent the greater part of last week in company with Mr. Chas. U. Harris, driving over the new lines of road between Newbern and Washington and via Wilson to Raleigh. Mr. Gannon was never pleased than ever with the entire situation.

"I thought I had some conception before of the advantages of this splendid country," said Mr. Gannon, "but I find after more extended investigation that my former ideas were mere shadows of the substance itself. The farms and fertile farmlands, the true cypress swamps, the timber forests, the beautiful streams, the granite deposits, the splendid rural homes, the intelligent and industrious people all make up a section of country unlimited in its possibilities and you may just watch it grow and develop."

"Yes, it was a good long drive, but I have enjoyed every mile of it. I have taken notes as we drove along and I have enough from which to preach a dozen great industrial sermons."

Mr. Gannon was manifestly impressed with his week's experiences and observations.

Mr. Gannon is a genius of railroad construction and management, and his judgment is in line with the best thought now manifested in Southern development.

S. S. S. STANDARD TONIC

The ingredients of which S. S. S. is composed, and the method of combining and preparing them so that they gently and pleasantly build up and strengthen every part of the body, make it the ideal tonic for a disordered condition of the system. Every one feels the need of a tonic sometimes. The system seems to get "out of gear," the appetite becomes feeble, the energies are depressed, sleep is not restful or refreshing, and the entire body has a nervous, worn-out feeling. When the system is in this depleted, run-down condition it must be aided by a tonic, and S. S. S. is recognized everywhere as the standard. Being made entirely of roots, herbs and barks selected for their gentle action as well as their invigorating effect on the system, it will not disagreeably affect any of the delicate members or tissues as do most of the so-called tonics on the market which contain potash or some other harmful mineral ingredient. These derange the stomach and digestion, unfavorably affect the bowels or otherwise damage the health. S. S. S. tones up the stomach and digestion, improves the appetite, produces refreshing sleep, rids the body of that tired, run-down feeling, and supplies tone and vigor to the entire system. It re-establishes the healthy circulation of the blood, acts more promptly and gives better and more lasting results than any other tonic, and because of its vegetable purity is an absolutely safe medicine for young or old. S. S. S. acts admirably in cases of dyspepsia, indigestion and other stomach troubles, and after using it that uncomfortable feeling of fullness, dizziness or drowsiness, after eating, are no longer felt. Not only is S. S. S. the greatest of all tonics but possesses purifying and alterative properties, and if there is a taint in the blood it will promptly remove every trace and restore perfect health. In selecting your tonic for this year do not experiment, but get S. S. S., the recognized standard.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Letter to M. J. Best, Goldsboro.

Dear Sir: Two years ago, Mr. Grant Smith, Erie, Pa., painted three frame houses.

The painter estimated \$117.50 for the paint, lead and oil.

He bought Devco \$97.40 and returned \$11.60. Saved \$31.10 on the paint.

Don't know the cost of work. By the rule, the saving of labor would be from \$60 to \$90.

On all, from \$90 to \$120.

This is the tale, as it comes from Messrs W. F. Nick & Son, our agents there for 40 years.

Yours truly,
F. W. Devco & Co.,
New York.

The Yelverton Hardware Co., sell our paint.

English Soften Limbers removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring Bone, Stiles, Spavins, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. War warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by A. E. E. Binzou & Co., druggists, Goldsboro, N. C.

"Windsor Hotel, 1217-29 Elbert St., Phila., Pa. Three minutes from Broad St. Station, two minutes from Reading Terminal. American plan from \$2 to \$3.50 per day, European plan from \$1 to \$2.50 per day.

Frank M. Scheibley, Mgr."

Buy matting and rugs of Andrews & Waddell.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

"Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmner's Swamp-Root, a purifying, blood-cleansing, kidney, liver and bladder remedy."

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century, discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmner, the first and best kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is wonderfully successful in curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid trouble and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmner's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everybody who has kidney, liver or bladder trouble; it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the hospital staffs, in the case of every relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a booklet telling about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this newspaper offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmner & Co., 113 Broadway, New York City. The regular fifty-cent bottle of Swamp-Root, dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmner's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves's signature is on each box. 25c.

APPROPRIATION \$50,000.

Senate Increases the Amount From \$30,000 on Simmons' Motion.

Washington, D. C., May 21.—The appropriation for the exploitation of American goods, especially cotton, in foreign markets, was today increased by the senate from \$30,000 to \$50,000. This item is in the legislation bill now under consideration in the senate.

As the measure was reported it carried an appropriation of \$30,000 for the purpose named. On motion of Senator Simmons the senate today increased the amount to \$50,000.

This money is to be expended by the secretary of commerce in the employment of special agents who will be directed to drum up American trade in foreign markets.

They will be especially charged to look out for the interests of American cotton growers and manufacturers.

Murderer of Entire Family.

Pensacola, Fla., May 15.—The investigation by the coroner's jury into the murder of W. G. Ackerman, his wife and seven children, who were found dead with skulls crushed in and bodies partly cremated in the smoking ruins of their home at Alton, ten miles north of Milton, Santa Rosa county, Fla., early yesterday morning, was continued, at Milton, today, but no verdict was reached. Many witnesses were examined and several more remained to be heard. As far as can be ascertained there has been no evidence thus far to connect anyone with the deed. There is much excitement throughout the county and a subscription of more than \$1,500 has been raised which will be offered as a reward for the apprehension of the assassins. It is believed a verdict in the case will be reached sometime tomorrow.

When the baby talks, it is time to give Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's the greatest baby medicine known to loving mothers. It makes them eat, sleep and grow. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Women's Pains

"I was a total wreck," writes Mrs. Beulah Rowley, of Champoug, Oregon, "from pains I had suffered, for 4 years, every month. Sometimes I would be unconscious for 12 hours at a stretch. I did not know that anything could stop the pain entirely, but Wine of Cardui did. I advise all women suffering with painful periods to use Cardui and be relieved."

It does this by regulating the functions and toning up all the Internal female organs to health. It is a pure, specific, reliable, female remedy, with a record of 70 years of success. It has benefited a million others. Why not you? Try it.

Sold by Every Druggist in \$1.00 Bottles.

FREE ADVICE
Write us a letter describing all your symptoms, and we will send you Free Advice, in plain sealed envelope. Address: Ladies' Relief Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

When the nerves are weak everything goes wrong. You are tired all the time, easily discouraged, nervous, and irritable. Your cheeks are pale and your blood is thin. Your doctor says you are threatened with a nervous breakdown. He orders this grand old family medicine.

Weak Nerves

Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills, just one pill each night.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Having qualified as administrator of Emily Tate, deceased, late of Wayne county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of May, 1907, or this notice will be pleased in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 15th day of May, 1906.
C. Dillard, Administrator.

YOUNG MOONSHINERS

Two Boys Who Are to Be Sent to one of Uncle Sam's Reformatory Schools.

Greensboro, N. C., May 21.—Deputy Marshal J. T. Milliken, accompanied by a guard, Mr. T. W. Milliken, of Randleman, left on the noon train for Washington today, taking Nap Craig, of Clay county, and Charlie Mat, of Cherokee county, to the United States reformatory school.

The boys are both sixteen years of age. Neither can read or write. Both sing well, and are first class banjo players. They are bright, of much natural intelligence, and apparently sunny dispositions. At the last term of Federal court at Asheville, they were convicted of working and assisting in the operation of illicit distilleries, and Judge Boyd sentenced them to eighteen months in the National reformatory.

They are probably each, one in Clay and one in Cherokee, assisting their fathers in running the blockade.

Their trip from home may prove a God-send to them, and a benefit to posterity.

LOST—A black shawl, between Graded school and Erastus Edwards store. It was valued as a keep sake and its return to Mrs. Mollie Franklin, N. William St., will be suitably rewarded.

9 Foot Cotton Stalks in Virginia

Among the many strong evidences of the great value of "Cerealite" we cut the following from the "Graphic" the local paper of Franklin, Va. The only other Fertilizer used under the cotton was "Home Fertilizer."

From the Franklin, Va., "Graphic."

Mr. Albert Sidney Johnson, who is not only a good planter, but an expert farmer, for this factor fact is fully demonstrated by an exhibition of his cotton crop at "The Graphic Office" this week. There were two stalks, one 9 ft high with 60 bolls, and the other 5 feet 10 inches with 126 bolls, many additional blooms on either stalk. Who can beat this? The fertilizer used was 'Cerealite Top-Dressing', one bag, 167 lbs to the acre.

H. Weil & Bros., Agent.

Be Wise and Phone 670

HOBBS & PIKE,

—FOR—

Plumbing, Tinning, Bicycle or General Repair Work, OF ANY KIND. Orders promptly filled.