

# Goldsboro Weekly Argus.

\$1.00 a Year.

"This Argus o'er the people's rights  
Doth an eternal vigil keep;

No soothing strains of Maia's son  
Shall lull its hundred eyes to sleep."

VOL. XXII

GOLDSBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1908.

1908 a Year.

NC. 55

## It Is Wm. J. Bryan.

### Denver Convention Names Him On First Ballot For President.

*His Nomination is in Accordance With  
the Will of the People of the  
Nation Unsolicited and  
Unanimous.*

Denver, July 10. W. J. Bryan was nominated by practically a unanimous vote at 3:42 this morning, after an all night session. Hammond, who named Gov. Johnson, moved to make the nomination unanimous, and was quickly followed by other States, which had cast votes for either Gray or Johnson. Resolutions were carried with a wild whoop, and the convention recessed until 1 o'clock today, when a running mate for Bryan will be named.

The official vote was: Bryan 892 1-2; Gray 59 1-2; Johnson 46.

As the hour approaches for the convention to pick a candidate for second place from a list of forty or fifty available, the feeling general that John W. Kerr, of Indiana, John Mitchell, of Illinois, Ollie James, of Kentucky, and Herman Ridder, of New York, are men having a chance to be nominated, but nothing is definite yet, and another all night session may be required. Bryan would prefer Ollie James, it is believed, but sentiment grows stronger every minute that Mitchell is needed to catch the big labor vote in mining and manufacturing states. Particularly so, now that Gompers anti-injunction plank is in the platform.

If New York and Tammany leader Murphy could get together on a New York man, that man would be named, but Murphy leans toward Archibald McNeill, State's Senator from Connecticut, and seems disinclined at this hour to come out for Herman Ridder. Francis Burton Harrison or Judge William J. Gayner are the strongest men the Empire State has to offer.

An Eastern man, it is safe to assume, will be named in the end.

#### LATE CONVENTION NOTES.

(EASTERN TIME.)

Convention Hall, July 10.—2:56 a. m. Platform adopted unanimously.

2:58 a. m. John E. Lamb presented resolutions recommending the celebration of 100th birthday of Abraham Lincoln. Adopted unanimously.

3:20 a. m. General cheering followed speech of Augustus Thomas. Senator Looney, of Texas, seconded nomination of Bryan.

3:30 a. m. Eliza Williams, of Illinois, seconded the nomination of Mr. Bryan. At 4:09 the convention is in great confusion, the delegates clearly indicating their disinclination to hear any more of the speeches.

4:10 a. m. The indications now are that balloting will begin within half an hour.

4:15 a. m. Murphy said New York presented no candidate.

(5:40 a. m.) W. J. Bryan was nominated for President of the United States by the Democratic National Convention.

The nomination was made at 5:30 o'clock, amid scenes of tumultuous enthusiasm, the vast assemblage breaking en masse into a frenzied demonstration of intensely dramatic tribute to the chosen leader.

2:30 p. m.

2:30 p. m. Hall is filling slowly. Interest is flagging in the Vice President and nomination may not be made before midnight. Its anybody's contest yet, particularly as New York which could complete the ticket, is unable to agree upon a man.

#### BRYAN INTERVIEWED

Fairview, July 10.—In an interview on his farm, Fairview, this morning Mr. Bryan said:

"The Presidency is the highest official position in the world, and no one occupying it can afford to have his views upon public questions subordinated by personal ambition. Recognizing his responsibility to guard, and his obligation to his countrymen, he should enter upon the discharge of his duties with singleness of purpose, believing that one can best do this when he is not planning for a second term. I announce now, as I have on former occasions, that if elected I shall not be a candidate for re-election."

Then Mr. Bryan added, "This nomination is as pure a nomination from the people as was ever made. If elected my obligation will be to the people. I appreciate the honor the more, because it came not from one person or a few persons, but from the rank and file of the Democratic party, acting freely and without compulsion."

### Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys, if the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Subscribe for the ARGUS.

### BOSTON SUFFERS \$1,500,000 FIRE

#### Most Destructive Fire That Has Occurred in That City in Recent Years.

#### Conflagration Does Tremendous Damage to Property Along the Water Front, Many Vessels Narrowly Escaping. Two Persons Missing.

Boston, Mass., July 9.—A fire, believed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion or a spark from a locomotive, and fanned by a brisk northwest wind, swept nearly a quarter of a mile of the harbor front of East Boston late yesterday, causing a property loss estimated at nearly \$1,500,000. Much of the loss falls upon the Boston and Albany railroad.

Two persons were reported missing, and it is thought that both perished in the flames. One of them was Daniel Sullivan, a watchman at the Cunard line pier, and the other was Miss Sadie Arnold, employed by the Cunard Steamship Company.

Yesterday's fire was the biggest and most destructive that has broken out along the harbor front for many years. The flames spread with remarkable rapidity, and by the time the first fire fighting apparatus arrived upon the scene, they were beyond control, and leaping from pier to pier.

Within an hour of the time the fire was discovered, four piers, three warehouses, a grain elevator, containing 30,000 bushels of grain, and many loaded freight cars had already been consumed.

Several vessels and lighters narrowly escaped destruction. The big Leyland line steamer Devonian, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool, was moored at one of the piers which was destroyed. The discipline on the Devonian was so excellent, however, that she was warped out into the stream without even having a square inch of paint blistered.

#### A RETRENCHMENT POLICY.

#### That of the Norfolk and Southern Receivers.

Raleigh News and Observer.

The receivers of the Norfolk and Southern Railway surprised the system in regard to the time of their inspection tour, as their special train was not expected until next week. They left Raleigh yesterday after making a thorough examination of everything affecting the road here, resuming their inspection of their steam lines in North Carolina.

The receivers yesterday morning held a brief conference with Judge Thomas R. Purnell, ancillary receiver. After the conference Judge Purnell stated that the receivers would retrench, and that it appeared that the old management had spent a great deal of money needlessly.

It is remembered that when Receiver Thomas Fitzgerald, who has been selected as general manager for the receivers, was general manager of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway he put in force a policy of retrenchment, and the dropping of President F. S. Gannon, Vice-Presidents King, Roper and Haines and Secretary Gwyn, as officials of the road, is believed to be a strong indication that there will be many more thousands of dollars saved to the road. The general manager has a definite policy which he intends to put in operation, but this will be modified by his inspection of the road. There will be no further sensational changes, and nothing will be done to disturb the confidence of the public in the receivers or to make the receivership unpopular. On the other hand the receivers will not hesitate to make every improvement that is needed and nothing will be done to interfere in the least with the proper operation of the road.

### Bryan Ovation.

#### His Neighbors Call on Him at Home by Thousands.

#### Their Demonstration Is So Spontaneous and Their Joy So Evidently Sincere that both Mr. and Mrs. Bryan are Moved to Tears.

Yesterday was a great gala day at Fair View Farm, the country home of William J. Bryan, where he and Mrs. Bryan reside, near Lincoln, Nebraska.

From an early hour in the morning their near neighbors began to put in an appearance and extend congratulations. Then came more distant friends of the neighborhood; and then the passing street cars brought crowds from further away, and automobiles rolled up and all sorts of vehicles until by 10:30 o'clock the farm lawn was thronged with more than 2,000, including a large delegation headed by a brass band and flag from Lincoln.

A speech was essentially in order, and at the opportune time Mr. Bryan spoke as follows:

"I won't make any political speeches here at home (applause) because I hate to say anything that could cause the least bit of antagonism in this community, but it may be necessary after a while (laughter) to say just a few words that would indicate my political feelings. (Laughter and applause) It is made necessary for me to endorse platform utterances and to discuss principles, and I want to ask the forbearance of Republican friends if I do not always express myself in the language that they would use if they were speaking on the same subject. (Applause and cries of "you can do it all right.") But I want to assure you now before the campaign opens and before I have to make a political speech, I want to assure you now, whatever I may say on the subjects that divide us, whatever arguments I may advance in support of those policies which to me seem best for the country, I want you always to know, and never to forget that I believe that the things that bind us together as citizens are more important and more numerous than our political views. (Applause.) I want you to know that however earnest I may be in the presentation of my pleas I recognize at all times the equal rights of every other citizen to hold opinions, and as I respect you no less for candidly stating your views, I hope you will think none the less of me if I candidly state my views when occasion calls for a statement. (Applause.)

"I like to believe that every American citizen places his love of country above his love of party. I like to believe that every American citizen prefers the triumph of that which is right to the triumph of that which he may believe to be right, if in fact he is mistaken. And, my friends, building on this basis we can be both earnest and charitable, for if we love our country we love our party; we desire the triumph of justice more than the triumph of erroneous opinions, we are prepared for either victory or defeat, for if we win, we know that the victory can only be permanent if it is a deserved victory, and if it results in the advancement of the commonwealth, and we know that if defeat comes it can only be temporary if we are in fact right and those who win are wrong. And thus believing in omnipotence of truth, we are prepared to meet each other upon an honest footing, discuss our differences honestly, bow submissively to the will of the people and pray that which ever party wins, the country's good will be preserved. (Great applause and cheering.)

"My father was a devout man. He did not leave me much in the way of money, and I am not sure but it was better for me that he did not, for I believe that great wealth is more often a curse than a blessing to the young man who inherits it. A prospective fortune large enough to relieve one from the necessity to toil is more apt to paralyze

one's energy than to be a source of inspiration to him. But while my father did not leave me a fortune, he left me something that has been worth more to me than all the money of any millionaire could have been. He taught me to believe that every righteous principle would triumph (applause.) He told me when a boy that I could afford to be in the minority, and that I could not afford to be wrong on any question; that if I was in the minority and right, I would sometime be in the majority (applause and cheers and cries of "you will now") and that if I was in the majority and wrong, I would some time be in the minority. I say to you, my friends, that that advice given to me by my father has been worth more to me than any amount of money could have been, and I believe that it is a principle that we should imbed in the minds and in the hearts of all, confidence of the triumph of every righteous cause. If evils come, let us have confidence in the intelligence and the integrity and patriotism of the people. I am an optimist. I believe the world is growing better, I believe that the great movements for the uplifting of society are going forward with resistless force. We cannot stop the triumph of the truth. We may accelerate it; we may retard it; we cannot stop it.

"But if I were to talk to you long on principles like these I might be tempted to apply them to conditions (laughter and applause) and to the issues, and that is not my purpose this morning. A great honor has fallen to us. The voters of a great party have made me their standard-bearer. I need not tell you that I did not buy this nomination. I need not tell you that I had no way of coercing people. Why, my friends, I have no way of coercing the people who live about me—no way of coercing the people of Nebraska or of Lincoln or of Lancaster or of Nebraska, much less of the United States. It is not for me to say whether they have acted wisely at Denver or not; I am glad that the responsibility is theirs, not mine. (Laughter.)

"This I know. I appreciate it because it has been a free-will offering presented by some six million of my countrymen. We are going to do the best we can to present to the public the issues of this campaign. We are going to meet you as we can, and then we are going to believe that whatever the result is on election day, it is going to be good, and if it is for us, we will feel that we are going to be permitted to put into practice the principles which will be presented; and if it is against us we will know that we can learn by the manner in which our opponents apply their principles whether they were right in advocating them or we right in opposing them.

"You have come out at the beginning of the campaign. Come out just as often as you will. And there is one thing about it, the pleasure of success will be moderated by the fact that it will take us from you, and the sorrow of defeat will be softened by the fact that it will leave us with you (great cheering.)"

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors prescribed a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio, Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Advertise in the ARGUS.

### NEWS FORECAST OF THE COMING WEEK.

(Special to the ARGUS.)

Washington, D. C., July 11.

There promises to be no dearth of big news events the coming week, either in the home or foreign fields. The Olympic games abroad will attract keen attention on this side of the water, while at home there will be a multitude of big conventions and other events to interest public attention.

Tomorrow's Presidential election in the Republic of Panama promises to result in the choice of Senor Obaldia, the candidate of the independent party. A large force of United States marine has been distributed over the little republic to prevent threatened disorders at the polls.

King Edward will formally open the great Olympic stadium in Shepherd's Bush Monday. The games will begin next day, and from then until July 25 the greatest aggregation of athletes the world ever seen will struggle for the mastery.

During the week the fleet officers and men of the American battleship fleet will be entertained on a magnificent scale at Honolulu.

Canada will be interested in the completion of the preparations for the Quebec Tercentenary celebration and the departure from England of the notables who are coming to take part in the programme of festivities.

The week promises to be one of comparative inactivity for the presidential candidates of the two leading parties, though conference will be numerous and the plans for the real work of the campaign will be put in shape.

At Columbus, Ohio, the prohibitionists will meet in national convention Wednesday to adopt a platform and name candidates for President and Vice President. A number of names have been suggested for the head of the ticket and the ultimate election is problematical.

### DOCTOR ADVISED USE OF CUTICURA

After Other Treatment Failed—  
Eczema in Raw Spot on Baby  
Boy's Face Lasted for Months—  
Cried with Pain when Washed.

ECZEMA WAS CURED AND  
HAS NEVER REAPPEARED

"Our baby boy broke out with eczema on his face when one month old. One place on the side of his face the size of a nickel was raw like beefsteak for three months, and he would cry out when I bathed the parts that were sore and broken out. I gave him three months' treatment from a good doctor, but at the end of that time the child was no better. Then my doctor recommended Cuticura. After using a cake of Cuticura Soap, a third of a box of Cuticura Ointment, and half a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent he was well and his face was as smooth as any baby's. He is now two years and a half old and no eczema has reappeared. I am still using the Cuticura Soap; I think it is the finest toilet soap I ever used. I keep my little girl's hair and face cleaned with it too. I am so thankful for what Cuticura has done for us. Mrs. M. L. Harris, R. F. D. 1, Aiton, Kan., May 14 and June 12, '07."

### SANATIVE

Antiseptic Cleansing Is Best  
Accomplished by Cuticura.

Women, especially mothers, find Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills the purest, sweetest, and most effective remedies, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands, for the treatment of inflammatory and ulcerative conditions, as well as for restoring to health, strength, and beauty pale, weak, nervous, prematurely faded, run-down women. Guaranteed absolutely pure under the United States Food and Drugs Act.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap (25c.) to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment (50c.) to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent (50c.) for the form of Chocolate Coated Pills. 25c. per box. For sale everywhere. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Miss Nona Powell,  
Registered Nurse,  
304 George Street, North.  
Phone 846.