

Goldsboro Messenger

J. A. BONITZ, EDITOR.
GOLDSBORO, N. C.,
MONDAY, -- JANUARY 25, 1886.

THE MESSENGER
[ESTABLISHED IN 1867.]

Published every Monday and Thursday, at the Messenger Building. Price \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 for three months. Sent to town subscribers by carrier at \$1.00 for three months, subscription payable in advance.
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The Messenger and Messenger, a 64-column weekly, the cheapest and largest political paper published in North Carolina, is also published from the Messenger press. Subscription, \$2.00 per annum; \$1.00 for six months. The Messenger and Messenger has the largest circulation of the political papers in North Carolina.

CHILI has removed the ruffianly Charge d'Affaires, Del Campo. The Washington police will now have nothing to do but drink lager.

FRANCE having got worsted in several recent ventures toward colonializing, and the national character being unsuitable to such ventures, M. Freycinet, the new Premier, announces that the purposes of the Government are conservative in this respect.

The widow glass infant resolves to resist the lowering of the tariff. This shows that the infant loves to have the bottle held to its lips after it is able to procure food for itself. With such infants it was ever thus. Time it is to bring such infancy to a rude conclusion. Take away the bottle; send the nurse home.

The demands Anti-Polygamy bill is, like New England, too intense to be either American or constitutional. That feature giving the President the power to appoint a board of trustees to manage the affairs of the Mormon Church "won't do," in the homely phrase of Judge Thurman. Let the House see to it that it is stricken out.

The recent decision of the United States Supreme Court in the Michigan case has no effect whatever upon the drummers' license law as applicable to this State. The difference is simply in the fact that North Carolina does not discriminate while Michigan does. North Carolina taxes her own drummers while Michigan taxes only those from other States. Here they both stand on the same footing and pay exactly the same tax, \$100 for ordinary drummers and \$200 for liquor drummers.

No great progress has been made toward framing a new National bankruptcy law. The committee having charge of it have been chiefly engaged in listening to arguments pro and con on the subject. They will probably be resumed to-day. The tenor of the arguments was in favor of the enactment of general bankrupt law, and the bill now before the committee, introduced by Mr. Collins, and commonly known as the Lowell bill, was generally approved. The Chairman, Mr. Tucker, in defining the points on which the committee would like to hear argument, remarked that there were a number of members of Congress who were not anxious for the passage of a bankrupt law, but who would be willing to vote for such a measure if it were fairly drawn, and the machinery provided for carrying it into force were perfect.

We publish elsewhere a portion of an article that has recently appeared in the Raleigh State Chronicle, giving the result of Editor Daniels' observations relative to the management of the State Agricultural Department. While, no great extravagance is charged, such an investigation as the Chronicle has made was much needed, and can only result in good to the people and the department alike. The MESSENGER, as the warm friend of the farmers, is, of course, also a friend of the Agricultural Department, and wishes to see it conducted in such a manner as will realize the most good to that great industry which is the real foundation of our wealth and progress. The Chronicle points out how the management may be made more useful, and its suggestions are to the point and well worthy the consideration of the able Commissioner who has the great work in his keeping.

SOME silly creature recently wrote the New York Sun a communication, in which he spoke of North Carolina as "the meanest State in the Union." Thereupon the engels were taken up in our defense by the Memphis Avalanche, which paper handsomely said that the silly creature aforesaid never knew in all probability, since he must be as ignorant as silly, but what is true, nevertheless, to-wit: "North Carolina was the first in revolt against British wrong under colonial rule. It was first in the American revolution. It was first in not toleration—but religious liberty and equality, and that too in behalf of the Catholics at a time when bigotry was yet free, and at least the Catholic was generally excluded from all title to even toleration, other than merely legal. Its judicial annals have been illustrious. The Tar Heel has made a good record in every war. She gave birth to Tennessee. She chartered the first and second school west of the Alleghanies. She bred and reared old Andrew Jackson. Perhaps she has a few clay-eaters, but have not other States their sand-hillers, tuckahoes, crackers and tacks? We are all poor miserable sinners." We are under obligations to the *Avalanche*,

CONCEALED WEAPONS.

The statute prohibiting any one, except when on his own premises, unless he is an officer or soldier of the U. S. Army, civil officer of the United States in discharge of his official duties, an officer or soldier of the State Guard or militia called into active service, an officer of a county, city or town acting in the discharge of his official duties, from carrying concealed weapons has been in force ever since 1879, and yet such has been the leniency shown to offenders by the courts that the evil, intended to be remedied by the act, is, it is believed, on the increase. And it is safe to affirm that ten persons are now carrying about their persons concealed weapons to one who so carried them before the statute was passed.

As before stated, this is believed to be in a great measure attributable to the leniency of the courts. For the usual disposition made in such cases, suspension of the judgment of the court upon the payment of the costs, only amounts to a punishment according to the ability of the party to pay the costs. To the rich man the payment of a small bill of costs occasionally, for the privilege of going armed with a deadly weapon, is a matter of small importance, while to the poor man, who may feel that he needs the protection which they afford, now they are so generally carried, it is a serious matter.

Now it will be conceded that the law ought to be impartially administered, and in such an effectual manner as to deter all offenders from its future violation. This, it cannot be pretended, will be accomplished by a general suspension of judgment, as is too frequently the case upon the trial of this and other offenses, which are considered of minor importance. What must be a punishment ought to be inflicted in every case, and not what will be a punishment to one man, and no punishment at all to another, in cases of equal guilt.

The carrying of concealed weapons was regarded by our law-makers as a menace to the public peace, which ought to be punished, and the evils likely to result therefrom prevented. Now the offence, instead of becoming less common, is on the increase, as our court dockets will show. The same may be said of other too common offences, for which the payment of the costs is deemed a sufficient punishment. Many of these are on the increase, and will continue to increase until men are deterred from violating the law by the certainty of punishment commensurate with the gravity of the offence.

"REASONS."

The Senate, whatever the original idea of its duties and powers, has become responsible to the public merely for the personal fitness of the appointees to office which are nominated by the President. It is, and was intended by the framers of the Constitution to be, an advisory or executive council in certain matters. One of these was the appointments to office. But it is a very late thing for the Senate to assume that it has the right to determine the politics of the appointee. Nor does the Senate now come out boldly and proclaim this to be its prerogative or joint prerogative with the President. It sneaks into this position by circuitous ways little worthy of its pretended dignity. The Republican majority, and practically the majority in the Senate, call for information. Not that anybody is suspected of being a rascal; it is not character, but political status that is questioned. Was the removed man a Republican and the appointed one a Democrat? This is the gist of the whole enquiry.

Now what does the public think of this? Why, nothing more fair, Republicans and Democrats alike say, than that the Republican Senators are playing a mean little game to convict a Democratic reform President of betraying his pledges in the interest of his party. What are the facts? Simply that Mr. Cleveland is abused by what the Republicans pretend to charge he is doing too much—making partisan appointments. In other words, they wish to convict the President of making removals for political reasons.

Now, in the name of common sense, what other reasons could have governed him? From Washington to Arthur Presidents have removed, first slowly and guardedly, then more rapidly, partisans of the party out of power and replaced them, at least in the administrative offices proper, by partisans of the party in power. No conflict here with true civil service principles. It was the excess—the abuse, the use of these officers in the election machinery which brought about the movement for reform. We speak here of the fact of changes and the reasons for changes in the chief and intermediate offices, not of the smaller places affected by the Civil Service Statute.

The country does not sustain the Senate in its demand for "reasons." It has no right to ask the President why he does anything. It may respectfully request information, if it is in doubt as to what its own action should be. The President even then is not constitutionally under obligation to furnish it.

THE EASTERN SITUATION.

Whatever courts may declare or diplomatists deny, it seems very evident from all the advices received in this country from Europe that a great war is likely to break out in the spring between Austria and Russia. The latter has made up with the Bulgarians. The Austrians have nearly effected an alliance between Serbia, Greece and Austria-Hungary. The little powers are buying arms and making other preparations for war.

It has been intimated that there was probability of an alliance for the partition of Turkey between Austria, Italy, France, Serbia and Greece. Let us see how this would work. France would secure the North African dependencies of the Porte; Italy and Austria slices on the West; Greece, Macedonia; Serbia an extension to the South including Bulgaria, if conquered; and Austria would absorb all the residue of the Turkish European provinces as far as to Salonica at least, if not the whole of Anatolia and Constantinople itself.

Of course events leading toward such conclusions would throw the "sick man" at once into Russia's arms without more ado. It would be that or worse. To save a part it would be necessary to sacrifice ancient antipathies and perhaps some territory. It is said that the Muscovite Ambassador has the entree at the divan at all times, and many Mahometans are serving under the Prince of Bulgaria. Turkey is too wise to face the Austrian combination alone.

It is thought that the first movement will be made by Greece and Serbia, in concert, and that within a few weeks at farthest Austria and Russia will assume the offensive. Russia is said to be making extraordinary preparations both of sea and land.

Gov. Robinson, who is Indian Agent out in Wisconsin, is also here.

Gen. Cox's clerk for the Committee on Civil Service Reform is Mr. T. B. Womack.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

The Blair Bill to Pass the House, Views of the North Carolina Delegation—Important Measures of Messrs. Green and Henderson.

[Staff Correspondence of the Messenger.]
WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The North Carolina delegation is about solid in its determination to support the Blair Educational bill when it comes up in the House. The bill is in committee. It may be reported with certain amendments, which would make it less objectionable. But whether changed for the better or reported back as it stands, and as it passed the Senate last year, the measure is too favorably regarded by Southern members and others to admit of doubt as to its final enactment. Considerable objection exists, but the objectors are in the minority. However, when the bill reaches the House it will stir up a lively debate. The House Committee on Expenditures of the Department of Justice was allowed a clerk to-day on the earnest petition of its chairman.

A new Fitz John Porter bill was reported to the House to-day. It is the old bill, and gives him no back pay to date, but retires him with rank of Colonel. It is said that the great Telephone suit will be brought in this city. The Democratic Senators were to hold a meeting after the Senate adjourned to-day, to consider the subject of nominations. At two o'clock to-day Mr. Teller spoke for silver coinage. He is the first Republican who has addressed the Senate on the silver question. The President to-day approved the Presidential Succession bill. Thomas Lanigan, Arkansas, has been appointed a Chief of Division in the Second Auditor's office, Treasury Department, vice Charles Lovell. John J. Little, a Treasury clerk, fell in the ice near the Department yesterday and broke his leg near the ankle. G. Turner, Chairman, obtained leave yesterday to sit during the sessions of the House, and to have the papers in the various contested cases printed. There are four contests, and the expectation is to have them decided earlier than usual. Two of the contestants, Messrs. Hurd, of Ohio, and Campbell, of Iowa, have arrived. The acting Chaplain of the House, Dr. Cox, made feeling allusion in his prayer yesterday to Mr. Bayard's bereavement. Both official and unofficial society have abstain from all festivities this week. But at Secretary Bayard's own request the Diplomat's dinner on Thursday will not be postponed. The remains of Miss Bayard were taken on a special train yesterday afternoon to Delaware by her father, two younger brothers and Senator Gray. The funeral is to take place this afternoon from the Old Swede Church, Wilmington. Secretaries Whitney and Endicott went on this morning to attend it. Among the bills introduced yesterday was one by Mr. Woolford, of Kentucky, to pension Mrs. Meikleham, the only surviving grand-daughter of Thomas Jefferson. Col. Woolford is made the successor in this matter of "Richeu" Robinson, who is not now in the Congress.

Montana, too, wants to enter the sisterhood of States. She is expected to apply as a balance against Dakota, as she is Democratic. The primary object of the business is that the Territory adopted a Constitution two years ago and has never presented it for the action of the Congress. It is said she will have a committee on hand with it next month. A convention of men interested in the Mississippi and Northwestern improvements met last night at the Ebbit House.

The "Senators" of the so-called State of Dakota have been admitted to the privileges of the floor of the Senate, Mr. Edgerton by virtue of having been

once for a short while Senator from Minnesota, and Mr. Moody by special resolution passed this afternoon.

Senators Harrison and Vest mauded each other again this afternoon. No new features in the Dakota debate in which it occurred. Yesterday the Senate passed the bill fixing the salaries of U. S. District Judges at \$5,000, and prohibiting nepotism in judges.

New clerks of House Committees: J. R. Seaton (Ga.), Elections; Joel Myers (Ohio), War Claims.

Mr. Johnston prepared a speech on the Presidential Succession bill, but the operation of the previous question and the lateness of the hour the day when the measure passed prevented him from making it. He does not like speeches delivered in the Record only. Mr. Johnston is a member of the Committee on the Section of President and Vice President, which reported the bill. He did subscribe to all of its provisions, but judged that no suitable amendment could be made in the House with assurance of its being adopted by the Senate. He, therefore, under the circumstances, gave the measure support.

Col. Green introduced a resolution Monday authorizing the Select Committee on Ventilation and Acoustics to employ a clerk. On Monday Senator Vance introduced the following resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Finance: Resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring, that there be printed at the Government Printing Office 1,000 copies of the compilation of the Internal Revenue laws of the United States, with a history of the legislation in regard thereto from the organization of the Government to the present time, by D. R. Goodloe, of which 200 copies shall be for the use of the Senate, 700 copies for the use of the House, and one hundred copies for the use of the Treasury Department. This is a valuable compend, and should be printed. Collector Yarbrough was here for two days, having left for home this afternoon. He says matters are in good running order in his collection district, and he hopes to be able to keep them so.

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ADDITIONAL NOTES.

The Western Waterways men were before the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors to-day (Wednesday).

The impurity of Potomac drinking water is again attracting attention. Marvellous to say, the city's drinking water is not filtered at all. The Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures decided to-day to bring the silver question to an issue soon as possible. It will take it up at the next meeting.

A few minor changes in the offices have occurred this week.

The National Board of Trade met to-day at Willard's. The octogenarian President, Mr. Frederick Fraley, of Philadelphia, who has served in that capacity since 1868, referred in complimentary terms in his address to President Cleveland. Committees were appointed.

The Postmaster General decides that photographs shall hereafter be classed as printed matter, and go through the mails at one cent for two ounces instead of one cent an ounce.

The Senate gives its silver in debate every day. The House had it (by surprise) Wednesday afternoon. The latter body discussed pensions one hour, which subject lost the right of way by an oversight or blunder of Mr. Matson, of Indiana, in charge of the new pension measure to give widows of soldiers in all wars an increase from \$8 to \$12 a month.

To-day the House Committee on Civil Service Reform reported adversely a bill to repeal the Pendleton law. This was to give notice that the committee meant to sustain the Civil Service act. The discussion indicated that the committee would recommend amendments that would improve the law, but would oppose backward steps. A sub-committee was appointed to consider bills relating to the repeal of the Tenure-of-office act. The Civil Service Commission has been invited to appear before the committee at its next meeting. The new clerk, Mr. T. B. Womack, was formally installed by a vote of the committee. He was appointed by the Senate at the instance of Chairman Cox. I understand that Gen. Cox is devoting considerable attention to the subject of reforming the public service. It is expected that he will make a fine record upon it.

The Democratic Senators held a caucus yesterday on the President's nominations and recess appointments. The general drift was favorable to support of the President. But there were outcroppings of dissatisfaction with the attitude of the President. While most of the Democratic Senators think that the hand-off policy now pursued by the Executive is probably right, there are others who intimate that there should be a plan of action concerted and carried out between the President and his party in the Senate. Another caucus is to be held.

Visitors of the past two days: Hon. R. F. Armfield, Col. Thomas E. Jennings and wife, M. J. Atter, Secretary of the Philadelphia Exposition, "Doc" Manning, of Chicago, formerly of the Weldon News, afterward of the Danville Daily News.

Among those who were present yesterday in Wilmington, Del., at the funeral of Miss Katherine Bayard were Senators Ransom and Hampton, intimate friends of the Secretary. Senator Gray accompanied the funeral party the evening before. Senator Ransom returned last night. Secretary Bayard also returned to his home in this city and bereaved family. On account of the delicate health of Mrs. Bayard her young daughters did not go to the funeral, but remained with their mother here.

leans to compromise all the claims of the late Mrs. Gaines for \$1,200,000. A new postoffice and post route have been established to Royal, Franklin county, with Julius P. Timberlake postmaster. Allen G. Brady is appointed and commissioned postmaster at Little Sugar Loaf; Francis T. Pickens, as acting postmaster at Swananoa. C. W. H.

New Advertisements.

A NEW LOT
of Blank Books just received, at
WHITAKER'S BOOKSTORE.

Money To Loan!
\$5,000 at 8 per cent interest. Will loan on desirable city property, mortgage only.
JOSEPH EDWARDS.
jan25-2w Goldsboro, N. C.

Before You Buy
your Turn P ows examine the DAISY. "Sh's a Darling." Try it. If you don't like it return it and get your money.
jan25-1f W. T. YELVERTON.

FOR SALE.
My corner store house and dwelling, located in the business part of Goldsboro. Will sell this desirable property together or separately.
For terms apply on the premises.
ALEX. H. HEATON.
jan25-4w Goldsboro, N. C.

Attention!
Responsible parties wishing Meat on time till the Fall can get it at 7¢ cents at
JOE EDWARD J.
jan25-1f Goldsboro, N. C.

NOTICE!
Parties who have not settled their last years accounts with us will do so at once. We will not extend further credit to those who have not paid up. We shall not deviate from the above
H. WEIL & BROS.
Goldsboro, N. C., Jan. 25, 1886-1f

OUR NOTES
Taken last Year are all due and we MUST HAVE THE MONEY!
COME AND SEE US!

We have the Largest Stock of Buggies, (all kinds) Columbus, Norfolk, Cincinnati, and Home Made, that is kept by any one establishment in the State; and we can, and will, Sell Cheaper, and all who contemplate buying will Save Money by calling on us.
BORDEN, JONES & CO.
Goldsboro, N. C., Jan. 25, 1886-1f

OPERA HOUSE
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4.
SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT!
Mr. BONITZ announces with pleasure a One Nights Engagement of the Representative American Comedian,
John T. Raymond,
AND HIS COMPANY.

Kate Forsyth, Joseph E. Whiting, Leonora, Bradley, Lewis B. Ker, Belle Pearson, J. B. Everham, Frank Floyd, Sidney Dr. W. Harry Piers, J., Frank E. Lamb, Frank Lane, John Vinton, Jerry Lant, in his Famous Comedy, entitled

OL. M. B. Y. ELLERS!
In Which He Has Been Greeted By Over Flowing Houses in the Principal Cities of the Country.

GENERAL ADMISSION 75 Cents.
GALLERY 50 Cents.
RESERVED SEATS (Tickets for sale at Kirby & Robinson's Drug Store commencing Thursday the 28th). .. \$1.00
The Usual Low Excursion Rates over the Railroads.

Kainit! Kainit!
1000 tons Pure German Kainit for Sale
BY
WORTH & WORTH,
jan25-4f WILMINGTON, N. C.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
Lost or stolen!
On the night of the 2d of January, 1886, one black horse Mule, 8 or 10 years old; tan colored nose; white spot on one thigh, high up; medium size spare built, and a good packer. I will give Ten Dollars to any person or the delivery of said mule, or for information that will lead to his recovery.
HENRY CRECH.
Beulah township, Johnston Co., N. C.
P. O. address, Pine Level, N. C.
jan21-3w25 w4f

ARTHUR SPRUILL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Snow Hill, N. C.
Practices in the Courts of Gro and adjoining Counties. Special attention given to collections.

New Advertisements.

MESSENGER OPERA HOUSE!

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28.
Clara Louise Kellogg
AND HER GRAND
OPERATIC COMPANY!

Major J. B. POND has the honor to announce this world-renowned American PRIMA DONNA, supported by the following eminent Artists:
MISS PAULINE MONTGRIFFO..... Contralto
MR. BOSS DAVID..... Tenor
MR. FRANCIS H. NOYES..... Baritone
MISS OLLIE TORRETT..... Violoncello
MR. CHARLES E. PLATT..... Accompanist

MR. ADOLPH GLOSE,
The Eminent Piano Virtuoso.

To appear in One Grand Operatic Concert as above announced.

PRICES:
GENERAL ADMISSION \$1.00
GALLERY 50 and 75 Cents
RESERVED SEATS (Tickets for sale at Kirby & Robinson's Drug Store, \$1.25

Messenger Opera House!

TUESDAY, JANUARY 26.
Eleventh Annual Tour of the Famous
California Minstrels.

All Star Artists!
Stronger Than Ever!

Brass Band and Orchestra!
Three Hours--All Laugh!

ADMISSION 50 Cents
GALLERY 35 Cents
RESERVED SEATS 75 Cents

Reduced Rates over the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad. jan18-1d

WARNER BROS'
CELEBRATED
CORSETS
FLEXIBLE HIP
NURSING
HEALTH ABDOMINAL-CORALINE.

Five Gold and Two Silver Medals, awarded in 1885 at the Expositions of New Orleans and Louisville, and the International Exposition of London.

The superiority of Coraline over horn or whalebone has now been demonstrated by over five years experience. It is more durable, more pleasurable, more comfortable, and never breaks.

Avoid cheap imitations made of various kinds of cord. None are genuine unless "Dr. WASHINGTON CORALINE" is printed on inside of steel cover.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING MERCHANTS.
WARNER BROTHERS,
353 Broadway, New York City.
NOTICE!

By virtue of the authority contained in a Mortgage Deed executed to me on the 11th day of January, 1884, by A. W. Higgins and Pennington A. Higgin, and duly registered in the Register's office of Wayne county, Book No. 50, Page 538, I shall sell, at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Goldsboro, on the 11th day of February, 1886, a certain tract of land in Pikeville township, Wayne county, adjoining the lands of Enoch Edgerton, Gray Talton and others, containing 50 acres, more or less, and fully described in said Mortgage.

H. DANNENBERG,
January 11, 1886-4w Mortgagee.

NOTICE.
On Monday, the 8th day of February, I will sell at Public auction, at the courthouse door in the city of Goldsboro, the Real Estate and Personal property of Mrs. Penny Smith, Joseph E. Peel, Nedley Kennedy and T. O. Kelley, to satisfy executions in my hands. M. WOODS,
Jan. 2, 1886-1d City Tax Collector.

LAND SALE!
By virtue of a Mortgage deed made to the undersigned on the 5th day of February, 1878, by Spious Butts and wife for purposes therein mentioned, I will sell the land therein mentioned, at the Court House door in the City of Goldsboro, N. C., on Monday, the 15th day of February, 1886, at 12 o'clock, M., being 125 acres, lying on the Snow Hill road and being the land purchased by said Spious Butts of Ezekiel Smith, adjoining the lands of John Smith and others.

Terms of sale--Cash.
JOHN H. POWELL, Mortgagee.
Goldsboro, N. C., Jan. 12, 1886-wtd

NOTICE.
To ANNA ATKINSON--Take Notice: That the plaintiff has commenced the above entitled action against you, suing for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and you are hereby notified to appear and answer or demur to the complaint now on file in the office in the city of Goldsboro, or before the 15th day of January, 1886, otherwise the Court will proceed to judgment.
A. T. GRADY, G. S. C.
F. B. LOFTIN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
dec31-6w

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To ANNA ATKINSON--Take Notice: That the plaintiff has commenced the above entitled action against you, suing for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and you are hereby notified to appear and answer or demur to the complaint now on file in the office in the city of Goldsboro, or before the 15th day of January, 1886, otherwise the Court will proceed to judgment.
A. T. GRADY, G. S. C.
F. B. LOFTIN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
dec31-6w

Educational.

La Grange Collegiate Institute.
Spring Term Begins Monday Feb. 1.

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MR. ZEB V. TAYLOR, Professor of Penmanship and Book Keeping.
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MISS CLYDE RHODES, Music.

For terms and full particulars, address the Principal at La Grange, S. C. Jan 27-1m