



J. A. BONITZ, Editor and Proprietor.

"For us, Principle is Principle—Right is Right—Yesterday, To-day, To-morrow, Forever."

Published Semi-Weekly—\$3.00 a Year

VOL. XXII.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1886.

NO. 47.

THE USURPATION OF THE SENATE.

Passage of the Edmunds Resolution by a Party Vote.

The Majority Succeeded in Showing their Spite, but can do no More.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Chair laid before the Senate to-day the President's message transmitting the report of the Civil Service Commission, and it was referred.

Among the bills introduced was one by Senator Hoar, providing for inquiries under national authority. Senator Hoar said that the bill was suggested by reports of recent occurrences at Carrollton, Miss. The Senate had had no information in regard to those occurrences, but the newspapers of both political parties seemed to agree about them. According to these reports a wanton and unprovoked crime had been committed, resulting in the death of a large number of citizens, in which all the victims were of one race and, he presumed, of one political party, and all the murderers of another. Such occurrences unfortunately had been of frequent occurrence, but when investigated were apt to take a political turn. Persons defending or apologizing for them said they had no political significance. Still the fact remained that it was the opponents of the Democratic party that were killed, and that the adherents of that party were the murderers. This bill was to supply a method of inquiry which would be removed from politics. Referred to the judiciary committee.

The Edmunds resolutions were then placed before the Senate and Senator Ingalls took the floor. Senator Ingalls said that he would take up the question where the opposition left it. He would begin where they closed. He conceded all that the Democratic Senators demanded as to the constitutional power of the Executive as to appointments to office. The judiciary committee's report did not impair or infringe or limit the high prerogatives of the President. Senator Ingalls distinctly and absolutely denied that the Senate had asked for the President's reasons for suspending anybody from office. In his message, voluntarily sent to the Senate, however, the President started out with an unfounded imputation upon the position of the majority in the Senate. He said that Senators and committees had impounded the Executive for his reasons for suspensions. Senator Ingalls denied this, and challenged anybody on behalf of the Administration to point out one word or fact on which the President's statement could be justly founded, unless some Senator should now, in this debate, be going on, say something, in support of that statement, which Senator Ingalls denied, he would assume that his denial could not be met. It had also been said that "private" papers had been asked for. Senator Ingalls denied this also, and would be glad to hear any Senator say when, how or where the Senate had asked for any private papers. The Republicans of Kansas also believed, and Senator Ingalls believed, that no Republican could hold public office under a Democratic Administration without either sacrificing his convictions or forfeiting his self-respect, accordingly. When the new Administration was inaugurated those who held office in that State began with one consent to make excuses for retiring to private life. They did not stand on the order of their going; they trampled on each other in tumultuous and indecent haste to get out of office. [Laughter.] There was no craving there for mercy, no mercenary straggler went for shelter to the bomb-proof of the Tenure-of-Office Act, and no suter crawled behind the fragile buttresses of Civil Service Reform. [Laughter.] He (Ingalls) was not one of those who believed in non-partisanship in politics. Political parties were indispensable to a free government. He had no patience with men who believed it a badge of virtue not to belong to a political organization, or that it reflected glory on a statesman to affect independence of his party.

Senator Ingalls was followed by Senators Harrison, Logan and Edmunds in set speeches, with occasional interruptions by Democratic Senators. The question was then on Senator Van Wyck's amendment providing that "in all such cases of removals the matter of confirmation should be considered in session of the Senate." Senator Butler thought that if there ever was a time in the history of the Senate or the Government when the injunction of secrecy should be removed from its proceedings this was the occasion. The Senate had been talking about the Star Chamber proceedings of the President and attacking him because he had not seen fit to disclose to the Senate the motives which prompted his closing its doors on nominations which he (Butler) would be very glad to have discussed in open session. In order that the country might understand the reasons and grounds assigned by the majority of the Senate for refusing to confirm the nominations, at the suggestion of Senator Harris, Senator Van Wyck modified his amendment by omitting the words "of confirmation." Senator Hoar raised the point that the amendment was not in order, inasmuch as it changed the rules of the Senate and no notice had been given of it.

The President pro tempore sustained the point of order and an appeal taken by Senator Butler was laid upon the table—yeas 31, nays 28—a strict party vote, except that Senators Van Wyck and Riddleberger voted with the Democrats. The vote is not considered a test of the strength of the proposition for open executive sessions, since Republicans who favor the principle voted to table the appeal and Democrats who oppose it voted against tabling it.

REV. DR. MILBURN.

The Blind Chaplain of the House of Representatives.

As has already been briefly referred to in the MESSINGER, the blind chaplain of the House, departing from the simplicity of his earlier prayers, is now in his petitions making what are termed "lecture points" on national vices and character. He appears to seek to plant his words as booby traps to guide the ship of state in its tortuous channel. Among his recent subjects have been strikes and other revolutionary tendencies; gambling of various kinds, in business as well as for pleasure; the besetting vices of the table, the saloon and the places of carnal amusements which allure and degrade the incentives statesman; the lack of patriotism, and devotion, especially in aping foreign manners and vices and the education of American youth abroad; and the evil in a republican land of anything like a privileged class. On Thursday Dr. Milburn besought the Lord to enable the educated and intelligent men and women of the land to comprehend that in this republican country there could be no privileged class, and in this Democratic age no aristocracy could be founded and built on the fabric of blood, Norman, Guelph or Ghibelline, on titles to gold or lands or stocks; on power of public office or private corporation, but that our best society must be the growth of sound brains informed by wide instruction; on good hearts and loving, fervently bending with reverence towards God, and love to man, and with supreme devotion to noble uses, sweet and generous behavior; learned not from the dancing master nor in courts of princes, but in the school of self-reliance, wills braced to heroic endeavor and endurance, capable of sacrifice of self for the common weal, the wants and the woes of others. He prayed that God might forbid the rich and prosperous from attempting to import and reproduce on our new soil the pomp and shows, the folly and fashions, the luxury and pride of other climes, lest the giant anarchy, blind through ignorance and rage, like sightless Samson, goaded to madness by oppression, should put forth his hairy strength and celebrate his self-murder in the ruin of his oppressors, till chaos should come again.

On Saturday of last week the prayer was as follows: "Give ear, O God of Jacob, and awaken us to see the danger which threatens the civilized world, a revolution more tremendous than any of which history tells, in which the scenes of the Reign of Terror may be enacted in every capital of Europe and America. For long the few have mastered the many, because they understood the open secret—the tools to them that can use them, and now the many have learned the secret of organization, drill and dynamite. Rouse the rich of the world to understand that the time has come for grinding, selfish monopoly to cease; that corporations may get souls in them, with justice, honor, conscience and human kindness. Teach the rich men of this country that great fortunes are lent them by Thee for other purposes than to buy and decorate palaces; to found private collections of art, to stock wine cellars, to keep racing studs and yachts, and find better company than hostlers, groomers and jockeys, pool-sellers and book-makers. Teach them, O God, that it is Thee who has given them power to get these fortunes, that it is to prove them, to know what is in their hearts, whether they will keep Thy Commandments or not, and that Thy Commandments are 'Thou shalt love the Lord, thy God, with all thy heart, and thy neighbor as thyself'; that if the rich men of our land keep these Commandments, the poor will follow the example, and we at least will be saved from the days of tribulation that are fast coming on all the world. Help us, O God, and save us."

The general purport of the prayer showed that Dr. Milburn, like the late Bishop Atkinson and other great preachers of all ages, is moved by the signs of the times to look for the second coming of Christ in the early future. These are all excellent topics for petition to Almighty God. Perhaps the reverend and sightless preacher cannot restrain his eloquence because men may happen to consider as heretical at times, or sensationalism. To hear him is to be mightily moved by something of the fervor which characterizes his utterances.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

President Cleveland was one of a party of gentlemen who partook of a duck supper at the shore of the San Domingo Ducking Club, on the Gunpowder River, a mile from Magnolia, Md. President Cleveland and Gen. Farnsworth were invited by Gen. Oloot, of Albany, N. Y., and Mr. Wells, president of the Club. Among the guests were Judge Packham and Charles H. Raymond, of New York. Notwithstanding the unfavorable report of the Senate District committee, the indications are that Mr. Matthews will be confirmed as recorder of deeds for the District. Several Democrats, among them Messrs. "our bees," George and Brown, intend to vote for confirmation, and it is generally believed that the Republicans will vote the same way. Representatives Clements (Ga.) and Seney (Ohio) have submitted their minority report from the civil service committee on the question of the repeal of the law, taking positive grounds in opposition to the law. They say their most serious objection to it is that it tends toward a permanent office-holding community utterly at variance with the American spirit. The House committee on labor has taken up the question of labor arbitration in connection with the great labor troubles now disturbing the country. They had up the Anderson bill for a commission of arbitration, and heard

TO THE POINT.

Mr. George D. Wise "had some things on his mind" Thursday night at the Virginia Democratic Association at Washington, and what is the worst part of the matter, he couldn't keep them there. Maj. Daniel made an eloquent and conservative speech. He was followed by Wise who began very moderately. He said, what occasioned some surprise, that he didn't like to talk unless he had thought a little. The general impression is that Mr. Wise talks without thinking, or talks first and thinks afterward. He cannot say that I am exactly pleased with the way things are going on," he continued. "I am a Democrat, and when I fight and win a victory I want the fruits of it, and I want my party to, have the fruits of it. I do not believe a Democratic administration can be run by Republicans or Mugwumps. I don't think, gentlemen of the Virginia Democratic Association, that we have a good and true Jacksonian Democratic Administration. I am a Democrat, speaker, warmly. "I am a Democrat, I heard my friend here say on one occasion, all the way up and all the way down, all the way through and all the way round, and I don't [emphatically] believe in this sentimental nonsense about civil-service reform." Again: "What did you say in the last Presidential election? 'Turn the rascals out,' murmured one of the audials out." "Yes; and you also said you wanted to spread them out to the public gaze that it might see what was going on and now when you have got in and turn one of the rascals out what a cry is raised. Now, gentlemen, this game has been played long enough. The time has come when the Democratic banner not only should be lifted high but when Democrats should be brought to the front to administer the government."

"When you go to the Department," Mr. Wise went on in an excited tone, forgetting his resolution to be conservative, "to get a bite from the public crib they say the Departments are full. Full of what? Republicans. These are the wrongs, these are the inequalities which exist under this damnable civil-service fraud." [Great commotion and enthusiastic cheering.]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Itch, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Kirby & Robinson, Goldsboro, N. C.

KINSTON ITEMS.

Paragraphs by Our Regular Reporter.

The fire alarm sounded about one o'clock on Thursday, the 25th inst. The Baptist parsonage was on fire but was promptly extinguished without very serious damage.

In the evening the alarm was sounded again. Dr. Harper's barn, stables, meat-house and buggy shelter, all in one building, was on fire, and was quickly consumed. The wind was blowing a stiff gale. Mr. F. C. Looks' out buildings, four or five in number, were all near by, caught fire and were quickly licked up by the flames. His residence was soon on fire, and for a time it seemed impossible to save either his or Dr. Harper's. Several gentlemen remarked that they would not have given ten cents for either of the buildings. But Kinstonians are noted for conquering fire and to their praise be it said, they saved both, but in a badly damaged condition. If either of these buildings had burned, the other one and Mr. J. W. Grainger's must also have gone. Mr. Grainger's was damaged. All three were quickly emptied of all their contents, and the furniture of all had a general smash. Fortunately all three of the residences were insured. Messrs. Harper and Grainger had their furniture insured also, but Mr. Looks did not. None of the out buildings were insured. The origin of the fire is not certainly known, but it is thought to have been set by a five-year old boy striking matches and possibly trying to smoke. If this is true it is a solemn warning to those who furnish such children with cigars, matches &c., against their parents will.

THE OLD WORLD'S NEWS.

A Terrible State of Anarchy in the Kingdom of Belgium.

BRUSSELS, March 28.—Dispatches from Charleroi say there has been further rioting in that town, resulting in killing several persons and wounding many others. The rioters at Junet, upon the approach of the troops sent to disperse them, placed 200 women in the front ranks. The troops opened fire and many women were wounded. The strike is extending to Namur. Additional troops have been called from Brussels to quell the disorders. The authorities have prohibited the sale of the newspaper *Le Peuple* in this city. A circular signed by Governor Hornaunt has been placarded in Charleroi, proclaiming a state of siege throughout the district of the strikes and authorizing troops to cut down and fire upon all rioters that refuse to disperse. Strikes are threatened at Flenu and Pauregnon and troops have been sent to those places. It is asserted that Germans organized the present labor movement.

Later advices from Charleroi report that the town is calmer, and there will probably be no further riotous demonstration by the strikers, as the body of the strikers are destitute and compelled to beg for food. The men are desperate and threaten personal violence if their wants are not supplied. A number of men will go to work to-morrow. They will arm with revolvers with which to defend themselves in case of attack by strikers.

SERIOUS ASPECT OF AFFAIRS AT CHARLEROI.

CHARLEROI, March 28.—The situation is assuming a serious aspect. Appeals for troops have been received from Chatelet, Chatelineau, La Louviere, Gelly and Couillet, where several factories and mines have been wrecked, and many persons killed and wounded in collisions with the troops. Only civic guards remain here, and they are exhausted from incessant vigilance. The burgomaster has been compelled to call for volunteers to defend the streets.

News of disorder comes from all directions. There was a sharp encounter last evening at the Sebastopol trench with a crowd of rioters who were trying to enter Charleroi. Two rioters were killed and several wounded. The others fled. The strikers defy the troops at Chatelet, Couillet and Chatelineau, and serious fighting is expected. Detachments of cavalry are scouring the country to suppress armed beggars who have been terrorizing and extorting money from the villagers.

BISMARCK ON SOCIALISM.

BERLIN, March 28.—Prince Bismarck, in his recent speech to the Reichstag, alluding to the growth of Socialism, said that at the time of the French revolution Socialism proved a powerful spiritual lever of French victories, and that history might be repeated, though he thought it would be Germany's misfortune. The speech has created a great sensation in connection with the great Socialist troubles in Belgium and other countries.

FREE TRADE IN PARIS.

PARIS, March 28.—A free trade party is being formed in the Chamber of Deputies. The leaders of the movement are Passy, Guyot, Lalande, Archard, Faure and Daval. They have issued a manifesto calling for the abolition of protective duties, which, they say, oppress the workingman and hinder the development of trade.

THE AMBITION OF ALEXANDER.

VIENNA, March 28.—It is rumored that Prince Alexander is about to make his army proclaim him King of united Bulgaria.

DESETTING GLADSTONE.

LONDON, March 28.—It is expected that there will be six secessions from Gladstone's party outside of the Cabinet.

PLENARY DECREES OF THE BALTIMORE COUNCIL.

The decrees enacted by the Plenary Council, in Baltimore, in November, 1884, have been printed. A special issue in the charge of a religious order is asked for as a pretext for suspended clergymen, where due penance can be made to regain their lost privileges. The decrees assert that there is no power on earth that can dissolve Christian marriage. Parochial schools are ordered to be established in every parish. The laity are forbidden to join secret societies. Free pews are ordered in all churches. No clergyman shall prosecute a layman for the non-payment of pew rent. Pic-nics and excursions by night, on Sunday or on feast or fast days are prohibited; also, the sale of intoxicating liquors. Fairs will be held only by a Bishop's consent. Suppers and dinners, social parties and balls at night for raising money are prohibited.

I know you will like them.—Our Secreteries, Albatross and Nun. Veilings, all colors, and very pretty patterns. At Sol. Eisenstein & Co's.

EXERCISES OF INSTITUTE SCHOOL.

Editor Messenger: A crowded house, last Friday evening, listened to closing exercises of Institute School. Before entering as people gathered at the door, waiting for the pealing of the bell to announce that all was ready, the last radiant lines of day were lost to view, and all the stars seemed to twinkle with a crystalline delight. Never before did night seem so beautiful nor ladies so fair.

The first on the programme was a song, "My Own Native Land," by the whole school, which seemed to thrill the heart of every listener with warm emotions of love for homeland. Then for two hours the audience was delightfully entertained with rare scenes, dialogues, declamations, and songs. The dialogues and songs were especially enjoyed, some of the former being replete with movement, while the delicate feminine tones and harsher male notes of the latter blended in unison, surely, "charmed the senses."

It would be difficult to make special mention, where all did so well. The whole from beginning to end showed that the utmost confidence existed between the teacher and students.

The principal, Professor G. W. Mewborn, deserves all the honor the grateful people of Institute can bestow. Two years ago, he came to our village from the Davis School, where he had finished with the highest honors, having served as Captain of Company A, and Editor of *The Davis Cadet*. And during the two years which he has been at Institute, he has so zealously devoted himself to the interests of those in his care, that he has gained the highest esteem of his patrons and pupils; and when he announced that he should leave us, and bade his friends and pupils good-by, all expressed the deepest regret that necessity compels him to leave us.

In him Institute will lose a gentleman of the highest character, and a teacher of excellence; the community that next secures his services will be fortunate in getting a teacher of ability and worth.

LA GRANGE ITEMS.

Little Bo-Peep has blossomed forth. J. M. Mewborn of Kinston, in town last week.

Mrs. W. W. Rose, we regret to learn has been quite sick. Erection of several brick stores in our town is the next move. D. W. Sutton, who took 'French leave' of this State some time ago, returned from a Florida trip, we suppose to remain now, at home.

J. Y. Jorty, of Goldsboro, and N. J. Rouse, of Kinston, were in town last week on professional visits. Our maples are blushing scarlet. It's quite a relief to see something bluish in this age of bluish-cheek.

JOHNSTON COUNTY ITEMS.

Gathered from the Smithfield Herald.

A marriage took place in Elevation recently under peculiar circumstances. The bridegroom, under direction of a Justice of the Peace, had to come to time and was united in marriage to the young lady whom he had wooed, won and promised to marry, though he felt disinclined so to do. The young lady did not propose to be trifled with. She made him stand by his pledge.

Mr. J. E. Morgan, who has been quite sick with pneumonia, we are pleased to chronicle, is very much improved. He is now sitting up in his room, but is not allowed to go out doors yet by his physicians for fear of a relapse.

Married, Mr. J. P. Canady to Miss Ida H. Woodall, in Elevation Township, March 17th 1886; at the residence of the bride's mother. Elder R. A. Johnston, officiating.

By the burning of the depot at Salisbury recently, Mr. Ransom Beasley and Mrs. Winney Godwin of this county, each lost in its flames a lot of wool which they had shipped to the Elkin Woolen mills to be spun into yarn. But last week they were surprised to receive from the clever proprietors of the mills, Messrs. Gwyn & Chatham, through their agent at this place as much spun yarn as the wool that was lost in the fire while in transit to the mills.

The revival at the Missionary Baptist church closed last Sunday night. It resulted in the conversion of twelve souls, six of whom have connected themselves with that church; the church has been greatly revived; and taken altogether much good has been accomplished. Rev. Mr. Jordan left for his home in the mountains Monday, carrying with him the good wishes of all who had the pleasure to listen to his instructive and soul invigorating sermons.

Mr. John C. Smith happened to a painful accident Monday morning. The scaffold around a house on which he was standing gave way, precipitating him to the ground, a crowbar striking in one of his ears, which caused an ugly wound, not thought to be serious however.

Picture Frames of all kinds, sold cheap at Puchler & Kern's. Motto Frames 25 cents.

Annected Lamp Chimneys will not break in ordinary use, by heat, draughts, or sudden changes of temperature—can be put on the lamp while wet, and turn on full light, without the risk of breaking.

M. E. CASTEX & Co.

EXERCISES OF INSTITUTE SCHOOL.

Editor Messenger: A crowded house, last Friday evening, listened to closing exercises of Institute School. Before entering as people gathered at the door, waiting for the pealing of the bell to announce that all was ready, the last radiant lines of day were lost to view, and all the stars seemed to twinkle with a crystalline delight. Never before did night seem so beautiful nor ladies so fair.

The first on the programme was a song, "My Own Native Land," by the whole school, which seemed to thrill the heart of every listener with warm emotions of love for homeland. Then for two hours the audience was delightfully entertained with rare scenes, dialogues, declamations, and songs. The dialogues and songs were especially enjoyed, some of the former being replete with movement, while the delicate feminine tones and harsher male notes of the latter blended in unison, surely, "charmed the senses."

It would be difficult to make special mention, where all did so well. The whole from beginning to end showed that the utmost confidence existed between the teacher and students.

The principal, Professor G. W. Mewborn, deserves all the honor the grateful people of Institute can bestow. Two years ago, he came to our village from the Davis School, where he had finished with the highest honors, having served as Captain of Company A, and Editor of *The Davis Cadet*. And during the two years which he has been at Institute, he has so zealously devoted himself to the interests of those in his care, that he has gained the highest esteem of his patrons and pupils; and when he announced that he should leave us, and bade his friends and pupils good-by, all expressed the deepest regret that necessity compels him to leave us.

In him Institute will lose a gentleman of the highest character, and a teacher of excellence; the community that next secures his services will be fortunate in getting a teacher of ability and worth.

LA GRANGE ITEMS.

Little Bo-Peep has blossomed forth. J. M. Mewborn of Kinston, in town last week.

Mrs. W. W. Rose, we regret to learn has been quite sick. Erection of several brick stores in our town is the next move. D. W. Sutton, who took 'French leave' of this State some time ago, returned from a Florida trip, we suppose to remain now, at home.

J. Y. Jorty, of Goldsboro, and N. J. Rouse, of Kinston, were in town last week on professional visits. Our maples are blushing scarlet. It's quite a relief to see something bluish in this age of bluish-cheek.

JOHNSTON COUNTY ITEMS.

Gathered from the Smithfield Herald.

A marriage took place in Elevation recently under peculiar circumstances. The bridegroom, under direction of a Justice of the Peace, had to come to time and was united in marriage to the young lady whom he had wooed, won and promised to marry, though he felt disinclined so to do. The young lady did not propose to be trifled with. She made him stand by his pledge.

Mr. J. E. Morgan, who has been quite sick with pneumonia, we are pleased to chronicle, is very much improved. He is now sitting up in his room, but is not allowed to go out doors yet by his physicians for fear of a relapse.

Married, Mr. J. P. Canady to Miss Ida H. Woodall, in Elevation Township, March 17th 1886; at the residence of the bride's mother. Elder R. A. Johnston, officiating.

By the burning of the depot at Salisbury recently, Mr. Ransom Beasley and Mrs. Winney Godwin of this county, each lost in its flames a lot of wool which they had shipped to the Elkin Woolen mills to be spun into yarn. But last week they were surprised to receive from the clever proprietors of the mills, Messrs. Gwyn & Chatham, through their agent at this place as much spun yarn as the wool that was lost in the fire while in transit to the mills.

The revival at the Missionary Baptist church closed last Sunday night. It resulted in the conversion of twelve souls, six of whom have connected themselves with that church; the church has been greatly revived; and taken altogether much good has been accomplished. Rev. Mr. Jordan left for his home in the mountains Monday, carrying with him the good wishes of all who had the pleasure to listen to his instructive and soul invigorating sermons.

Mr. John C. Smith happened to a painful accident Monday morning. The scaffold around a house on which he was standing gave way, precipitating him to the ground, a crowbar striking in one of his ears, which caused an ugly wound, not thought to be serious however.

Picture Frames of all kinds, sold cheap at Puchler & Kern's. Motto Frames 25 cents.

Annected Lamp Chimneys will not break in ordinary use, by heat, draughts, or sudden changes of temperature—can be put on the lamp while wet, and turn on full light, without the risk of breaking.

M. E. CASTEX & Co.

EXERCISES OF INSTITUTE SCHOOL.

Editor Messenger: A crowded house, last Friday evening, listened to closing exercises of Institute School. Before entering as people gathered at the door, waiting for the pealing of the bell to announce that all was ready, the last radiant lines of day were lost to view, and all the stars seemed to twinkle with a crystalline delight. Never before did night seem so beautiful nor ladies so fair.

The first on the programme was a song, "My Own Native Land," by the whole school, which seemed to thrill the heart of every listener with warm emotions of love for homeland. Then for two hours the audience was delightfully entertained with rare scenes, dialogues, declamations, and songs. The dialogues and songs were especially enjoyed, some of the former being replete with movement, while the delicate feminine tones and harsher male notes of the latter blended in unison, surely, "charmed the senses."

It would be difficult to make special mention, where all did so well. The whole from beginning to end showed that the utmost confidence existed between the teacher and students.

The principal, Professor G. W. Mewborn, deserves all the honor the grateful people of Institute can bestow. Two years ago, he came to our village from the Davis School, where he had finished with the highest honors, having served as Captain of Company A, and Editor of *The Davis Cadet*. And during the two years which he has been at Institute, he has so zealously devoted himself to the interests of those in his care, that he has gained the highest esteem of his patrons and pupils; and when he announced that he should leave us, and bade his friends and pupils good-by, all expressed the deepest regret that necessity compels him to leave us.

In him Institute will lose a gentleman of the highest character, and a teacher of excellence; the community that next secures his services will be fortunate in getting a teacher of ability and worth.

LA GRANGE ITEMS.

Little Bo-Peep has blossomed forth. J. M. Mewborn of Kinston, in town last week.

Mrs. W. W. Rose, we regret to learn has been quite sick. Erection of several brick stores in our town is the next move. D. W. Sutton, who took 'French leave' of this State some time ago, returned from a Florida trip, we suppose to remain now, at home.

J. Y. Jorty, of Goldsboro, and N. J. Rouse, of Kinston, were in town last week on professional visits. Our maples are blushing scarlet. It's quite a relief to see something bluish in this age of bluish-cheek.

JOHNSTON COUNTY ITEMS.

Gathered from the Smithfield Herald.

A marriage took place in Elevation recently under peculiar circumstances. The bridegroom, under direction of a Justice of the Peace, had to come to time and was united in marriage to the young lady whom he had wooed, won and promised to marry, though he felt disinclined so to do. The young lady did not propose to be trifled with. She made him stand by his pledge.

Mr. J. E. Morgan, who has been quite sick with pneumonia, we are pleased to chronicle, is very much improved. He is now sitting up in his room, but is not allowed to go out doors yet by his physicians for fear of a relapse.

Married, Mr. J. P. Canady to Miss Ida H. Woodall, in Elevation Township, March 17th 1886; at the residence of the bride's mother. Elder R. A. Johnston, officiating.

By the burning of the depot at Salisbury recently, Mr. Ransom Beasley and Mrs. Winney Godwin of this county, each lost in its flames a lot of wool which they had shipped to the Elkin Woolen mills to be spun into yarn. But last week they were surprised to receive from the clever proprietors of the mills, Messrs. Gwyn & Chatham, through their agent at this place as much spun yarn as the wool that was lost in the fire while in transit to the mills.

The revival at the Missionary Baptist church closed last Sunday night. It resulted in the conversion of twelve souls, six of whom have connected themselves with that church; the church has been greatly revived; and taken altogether much good has been accomplished. Rev. Mr. Jordan left for his home in the mountains Monday, carrying with him the good wishes of all who had the pleasure to listen to his instructive and soul invigorating sermons.

Mr. John C. Smith happened to a painful accident Monday morning. The scaffold around a house on which he was standing gave way, precipitating him to the ground, a crowbar striking in one of his ears, which caused an ugly wound, not thought to be serious however.

Picture Frames of all kinds, sold cheap at Puchler & Kern's. Motto Frames 25 cents.

Annected Lamp Chimneys will not break in ordinary use, by heat, draughts, or sudden changes of temperature—can be put on the lamp while wet, and turn on full light, without the risk of breaking.

M. E. CASTEX & Co.

EXERCISES OF INSTITUTE SCHOOL.

Editor Messenger: A crowded house, last Friday evening, listened to closing exercises of Institute School. Before entering as people gathered at the door, waiting for the pealing of the bell to announce that all was ready, the last radiant lines of day were lost to view, and all the stars seemed to twinkle with a crystalline delight. Never before did night seem so beautiful nor ladies so fair.

The first on the programme was a song, "My Own Native Land," by the whole school, which seemed to thrill the heart of every listener with warm emotions of love for homeland. Then for two hours the audience was delightfully entertained with rare scenes, dialogues, declamations, and songs. The dialogues and songs were especially enjoyed, some of the former being replete with movement, while the delicate feminine tones and harsher male notes of the latter blended in unison, surely, "charmed the senses."

It would be difficult to make special mention, where all did so well. The whole from beginning to end showed that the utmost confidence existed between the teacher and students.

The principal, Professor G. W. Mewborn, deserves all the honor the grateful people of Institute can bestow. Two years ago, he came to our village from the Davis School, where he had finished with the highest honors, having served as Captain of Company A, and Editor of *The Davis Cadet*. And during the two years which he has been at Institute, he has so zealously devoted himself to the interests of those in his care, that he has gained the highest esteem of his patrons and pupils; and when he announced that he should leave us, and bade his friends and pupils good-by, all expressed the deepest regret that necessity compels him to leave us.

In him Institute will lose a gentleman of the highest character, and a teacher of excellence; the community that next secures his services will be fortunate in getting a teacher of ability and worth.

LA GRANGE ITEMS.

Little Bo-Peep has blossomed forth. J. M. Mewborn of Kinston, in town last week.

Mrs. W. W. Rose, we regret to learn has been quite sick. Erection of several brick stores in our town is the next move. D. W. Sutton, who took 'French leave' of this State some time ago, returned from a Florida trip, we suppose to remain now, at home.

J. Y. Jorty, of Goldsboro, and N. J. Rouse, of Kinston, were in town last week on professional visits. Our maples are blushing scarlet. It's quite a relief to see something bluish in this age of bluish-cheek.

JOHNSTON COUNTY ITEMS.

Gathered from the Smithfield Herald.

A marriage took place in Elevation recently under peculiar circumstances. The bridegroom, under direction of a Justice of the Peace, had to come to time and was united in marriage to the young lady whom he had wooed,