

THE COMMUNE IN CHICAGO  
Riotous Proceedings of the  
Labor Element.

Policemen Shot and Blown Up  
with Bombs.

CHICAGO, May 4.—The rioters arrested yesterday are Bohemians, Poles, Germans and Irishmen, two Irishmen out of a dozen arrests. About one hundred men employed in the Union Steel Company's works at Bridgeport, as laborers, yesterday demanded ten hours' pay for eight hours' work. As it is perfectly impossible for the foundry to work only eight hours the demand was refused, but the manager offered to raise the pay of the men from \$1.25 to \$1.40 for ten hours. This offer was refused, and the men at once walked out of the works.

The North Side rolling mills shut down yesterday for an indefinite period; and about 1,000 men are out of employment. The superintendent said that in all probability the mills would not start up again until the labor troubles were at an end. The company could not give ten hours' pay for eight hours' work, and to shut down was the only course open. The packing-house men have gained the greater part of their demands. Some of the employers pay nine and others ten hours' wages for eight hours' work. There was no effort to dispute their claims.

McCormick's Reaper Works opened as usual this morning, fully one-half of the workmen returning to the factory, despite the intimidation and bloodshed of yesterday afternoon. A special force of police was on duty to protect the men on their way to work, but their services were apparently not required, as the Anarchists and their followers of the day preceding were not to be seen.

Threatening indications appeared in many quarters of the city this morning. A crowd of Bohemians, Poles and Germans began to assemble on the prairie in the southwestern portion of the city this morning, but the police raided and effectually scattered them without making any arrests. These men then proceeded to the southeast, forming a column three or four thousand strong. They directed their march toward a large factory near the crossing of the river at 35th street, with the intention of closing down the works.

A strong force of police collected and arrested nine of the ringleaders and overawed the crowd, which moved off without making an attempt to rescue their fellows. The size of the crowd was such that the chief of police directed a reinforcement of officers on duty in that district. The knowledge that such a large gathering was being kept together, and apparently urged by the leaders to acts of violence, has caused more thorough preparations to be taken to guard against trouble. The commanders of several State regiments have largely reinforced the guards at the armories without specific orders, but simply as a precautionary measure. A crowd of strikers attempted an assault on the Milwaukee and St. Paul shops at Western avenue this forenoon, but were driven from the scene by the police.

The lumber dealers to-day notified their men that by unanimous decision they rejected the men's demands for eight hours' work with ten hours' pay. The dealers' reply is rather long and detailed, and gives specific reasons why the business will not stand the additional tax proposed. The substance of it is that if the demands are submitted to, the wholesale lumber trade will be driven from Chicago. The delegation of workmen deputed to receive the reply listened to its reading and immediately repeated their demand and took their departure with very bad grace. One of the speakers, Schmidt, as he is called, declared that they would go to work on their own terms or burn the yards. A policeman was promptly called and Schmidt is under arrest on the charge of disorderly conduct. The secretary of the Exchange will appear against him in the morning. Ten thousand men are engaged in this strike.

A riot began about 3 o'clock near the corner of Morgan and 22d street. A crowd of striking lumbermen and their adherents made an assault on a body of police in that vicinity. The police charged the crowd repeatedly, and were stoned and fired at by the rioters. In the encounter Detective Michael Granger was seriously, and probably fatally, injured by a flying stone. Officers Stone and Wagoner were hurled to the scene. A number of rioters are reported shot, but the casualties are not yet known.

AN INCENDIARY PUBLICATION.  
CHICAGO, May 4.—The Arbeiter Zeitung, German paper, edited by Speis, a Socialist, who was one of the speakers who incited yesterday's riot at McCormick's, says:

"Workingmen! The hated police yesterday murdered four of your brothers, and wounded twenty-five more at McCormick's Factory. Had your brothers, who had nothing but staves to defend themselves with, been armed with good weapons and a few dynamite bombs none of the murderers would have escaped his well-deserved fate. As it was, only four of them (policemen) were wounded. That is sad. Yesterday's massacre occurred that 40,000 strikers in this city might be filled with fear and terror, and that the dissatisfied and rebellious laborers might be driven back under the yoke of slavery. Will this end be accomplished? Has not a miscalculation been made? The next few days will answer this question. We will not speculate on the course of events."

The paper then goes on to give a detailed report of the trouble, and puts the responsibility on the police. Speis also says that some Bohemians and Poles in the background of the crowd he was addressing raised a cry of "On to McCormick's!" The paper also says that the police used their clubs in dispersing the strikers yesterday, and adds:

"In whose veins does not the blood course faster when he hears of the shameful acts of these beasts? Whoever is a man must show it these days. Men, to the front!"

SIX POLICEMEN KILLED.  
CHICAGO, May 4.—10:37 p. m.—A report has just been received that six policemen have been killed in the Hay Market where the Anarchists are holding a meeting. Telephone reports from the lumber district say that serious rioting is now in progress in the vicinity of 18th street and Centre avenue. No particulars are yet obtainable.

A LATER ACCOUNT.  
CHICAGO, May 4.—Midnight.—A

man who was standing in the crowd received a pistol ball in his thigh and has just been brought to the Central police station. He says that during the progress of a speech by one of the Socialists a squad of officers marched by close to the speaker's stand. Some one shouted, "Kill the speaker!" At most as soon as the words had been uttered three bombs were thrown from near the stand into the midst of the squad of officers. The bombs exploded instantly and five policemen fell. Others were wounded, and several of the Socialists did not escape. An officer, who has just arrived from the scene, says there is hardly any doubt that at least five officers were killed. More coherent accounts are coming in and they point to a much more disastrous affray than at first reported. About two hundred officers had been detailed to attend the meeting and had been in the vicinity since the Socialists had begun to assemble. At the time of the throwing of the bombs the crowd had dwindled to less than one thousand. The utterances of the speaker were still of the most inflammatory character, however, and the hearers who still remained grew riotous in their demeanor. The police concluded to put an end to the disturbance and advancing ordered the crowd to disperse. At first the Socialists fell back slowly, one of the speakers still urging them to stand firm.

Suddenly the bombs were thrown. The police retreated instantly with a volley from their revolvers. The rioters answered with theirs, which the sequel proved, they were provided with. The mob appeared crazed with a fanatical desire for blood, and, holding its ground, poured a volley into the midst of the officers. The latter fought gallantly and at last dispersed the mob and cleared the market place. They are now guarding every approach to the place and no one is allowed there.

Immediately after the first explosion the officers who were left standing drew their revolvers and fired round after round into the mob. Large numbers of these fell, and as they dropped were immediately carried to the rear and into the many dark alleys by their friends. No estimate of the casualties can be given, but the police toward a large street state that fully fifty of them were wounded. Drug stores in the vicinity are crowded with people who were hurt, and doctors have been telephoned to in all directions. Before the firing had ceased the neighboring police stations were turned into temporary hospitals.

At 11 o'clock twenty policemen lay on the floor of the Desplames street stationhouse, all disabled and probably half of that number seriously. Others were reported to be still lying in the open square, either dead or badly wounded.

The members of the 1st regiment, who had been under arms a great portion of the afternoon, were disbanded about 5 p. m. and sent to their homes. They have been called together by Col. Knox on his own responsibility. At the police headquarters a survey of the situation indicated nothing serious enough to warrant keeping the men any longer under arms.

Late this afternoon the police raided a hall in the same building as that occupied by the lumber Exchange and captured there some hundred muskets, which they took to the police station. It seems that the hall had been occupied by a drill room by company of Zouaves, which was chiefly made up of foreigners. It is stated that the few Americans in the organization withdrew yesterday on account of the Socialistic views of the others, and it is supposed that the latter contemplated some movement which came to the knowledge of the police and induced them to make the raid. No information concerning the seizure can be obtained at police headquarters, and nothing is positively known beyond the fact that the arms were seized.

CALLING OUT THE TROOPS IN WISCONSIN.  
MILWAUKEE, May 4.—Upon request of Mayor Wallber Governor Rusk has issued an order to the following companies of the 1st regiment to report at Milwaukee at the earliest moment: Janesville, two, Racine, two, Monroe, Beloit, Delavan, Whitewater, Darington, and Company I, of Madison.

THE RIOTERS QUIETED.  
MILWAUKEE, May 4.—Night.—Gathered in the Polish section of this city early this morning were about three hundred Polish laborers, all armed with sticks, clubs and clubs. Many of their faces are recognizable. They had been in the mob that attempted to raid Allis's work on Monday, and others of the men were among those who forced out the West Milwaukee shops.

It is learned that their programme was to storm Allis's works and force the employees to join their strike, and then move through the Kinnickie works upon all the establishments not enforcing the eight-hour system, concluding with the North Chicago Rolling Company's works in Bay View, where about twelve hundred men are at work.

This programme the mob proceeded to carry out, growing in strength as they proceeded. At the rolling mills they were about to break into the enclosure when three infantry companies appeared and marched into the works. This caused the ardor of the mob to cool, but the company to pass in, the Kosisko Guards, received a shower of stones. The soldiers wheeled and fired over the heads of the mob, which then scattered.

Eleven companies of soldiery from the interior of the State have arrived, and to-night over one thousand armed men of the State militia are on duty here. Two companies are stationed at the Milwaukee and St. Paul's West Milwaukee shops; three at E. P. Allis & Co.'s works, and the remainder are from those in Bay View, are held in reserve at the armory.

While it is not expected that it will be necessary to bring the militia into action, the striking foreigners had become so emboldened by their operations in the past few days that it was readily seen that the only way to quiet them was to bring them face to face with loaded muskets, which appears to be having the desired effect.

Miraculous Escape.  
W. W. Reed, druggist, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "One of my customers, Mrs. Louise Pike, Bartonia, Randolph Co., Ind., was a long sufferer with Consumption, and was given up to die by her physicians. She heard of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and began buying it of me. In six months' time she walked to this city, a distance of six miles, and is now so much improved she has quit using it. She feels she owes her life to it." Free trial bottles at Kirby & Robinson's Drug Store.

THE FIREMEN'S BANQUET.  
1886.

Ring, for the banquet ring,  
Make room for the rushing crowd,  
These are not men with heavy heads,  
Or limbs that by age are bowed;  
But in the prime of manhood—  
They come, a hundred strong,  
God bless our gallant firemen,  
And grant their lives be long.  
For who, but a heart that was filled  
With envy, and with malice,  
But would join in praises of  
The Steamer, Mary Alice?  
And when the wine glows red,  
And a toast is on the lips,  
Let us touch our glasses with  
The toast of the firemen,  
And then, the other Engine—  
It is called the "Soda Fountain,"  
Because it carries water.  
To the top of any mountain;  
And sporting his golden badge,  
Is the Foreman of the Company.  
The gallant leader of the band,  
And Captain Robinson is at the head.  
His men are brave and fair,  
Who, as an honored band,  
Mr. — has the chair:  
Ah! what a splendid supper,  
A feast fit for a Lord,  
Ambrosia crowned with nectar,  
And Bacchus is the god!  
And when the wine glows red,  
And a toast is on the lips,  
Through many a changing year—  
Strangers—who only met to-day—  
In friendship here, and here,  
And I must not fail to mention  
The names of the firemen,  
Their music would charm Italy—  
Or any other land.  
And when professions will be there,  
And Goldsboro's handsomest "dudes,"  
Should I undertake to name them  
I might create some feud,  
And here is a Christmas Turkey,  
Salad, and oyster stew,  
And, with a lemon in his mouth,  
The tempting Barbecue!  
But, the ladies with their presence  
Should have graced this royal board:  
That the gems might use discretion—  
When the ruby wine is poured;  
For Adam—even in Paradise,  
He could not be content—  
Till, to crown his other blessings,  
The lovely Eve was sent.  
So with all the sons of Adam,  
Reaching down to this—our day:  
There is no charm like a woman's voice,  
The hearts of men can sway,  
Now, when the alarm is sounded,  
And the flames are mounting higher,  
We know the Mary Alice  
Can extinguish any fire;  
But, should she need assistance,  
The "Soda Fountain" is near,  
And, with the two united,  
No danger need we fear.  
And may they put out all fires,  
Except the one that glows  
On the altar of their friendship—  
May that resist all day,  
But day by day, send out  
A warmer, steadier light,  
As they journey down life's pathway,  
To guide their steps aright.  
Now, as the night is waning—  
Drink "Health to the gallant Firemen,"  
And may the Mary Alice  
Have many returns of this day,  
God grant we may be together,  
On the 10th of every May,  
And that none of the friends here to-night  
Shall have crossed to the "Golden Shore"  
When we meet at our next year's banquet,  
And "call the roll" once more.  
W. A. WATTS,  
Goldsboro, N. C., May 10, 1886.

A PLEASANT INCIDENT.  
Mr. Davis Toasted by a Northern  
Soldier.

SAVANNAH, May 4.—Considerable of a sensation was created at last night's banquet given by the Chatham artillery, by an interruption during the regular toasts, Captain Saunders, of the Old Guard of New York city, rising and proposing the health of Jefferson Davis, who was present. The toast was accompanied by appropriate remarks. Intense excitement prevailed. "Dixie" and the "Star Spangled Banner" were played. The band and the guests rose to their feet, and cheer after cheer arose. At the subsidence of the applause, Captain Wheaton, commanding the artillery, rose and called on Mr. Davis to respond. Mr. Davis rose and slowly from his chair. Deafening yells greeted him, volunteer soldiers waved their hats and handkerchiefs and rattled bottles, knives and forks on the tables, and a tumult indescribable ensued. When quiet was restored, Mr. Davis in a calm and quiet manner acknowledged the compliment of the gallant soldiers from the great Empire State of New York, and in a few words, he stated the strength and popularity of the great republic, that men waiving the gallant honoring of the past, and clinging to the memories of the heroic struggles for what they deemed a constitutional right, should thus mingle in social intercourse and give free expression to their loyal feelings. It was indisputable evidence that there was in this country no necessity for a standing army, that the strength of the Government in its citizen soldiery was a magnificent demonstration of to-day under the existing governments; showing while the people of the South clung with tenacity to the memories of the past they were faithful and loyal. This grand ovation he regarded only in the light of a personal compliment, and a remembrance of the cause of which he was a type. Those who paid him this tribute, now that he was powerless to reward them, could be animated by no other motive than disinterested regard for one who had striven to do honor in the position to which he had been called, and in which he had always remained steadfast to the principles he had deemed just and right. These remarks elicited a warm applause, which was redoubled as "Hail Columbia" was played by "Dixie." This was a feature unexpected at the banquet and was regarded with great satisfaction.

RALEIGH CATTLE SHOW.

The News Observer says: The cattle show yesterday was a success in every particular. Wake county showed the people of the State such a large number of thoroughbreds and fine grades that everybody who visited the show was astonished. The surprise was agreeable, though, for the exhibition made yesterday means great thing for North Carolina. Nothing will tend more rapidly to improve the farming interests of the State than a fostering of the spirit which leads to introduction of the finer kinds of cattle and the breeding of such stock within the State. Let but the other counties now follow the example of Wake—secure fine cattle and show it periodically for purposes of comparison and competition—and much will have been done to hasten the material advance of the State.

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What we want is for you to come yesterday and be your own judge.  
—OUR—  
DRESS GOODS!  
—Consist of—  
All Wool Homespun, Canvas Cloth, Lace Bunting, Borete Cloth, Nuns' Veiling, Striped and Plaid Grey Cloth, Colored Cashmires, and Crinkled Seersuckers.  
We have the finest line of LADIES' HOSIERY in Silk, Brilliant, Lilse, and other shades, ever before brought to this market.  
A full line of Solid Colors and Figured Patterns. In White Goods we can show you most any Style, Pattern or Grade you want.  
We have a full line of Saller, Lewin & Co.'s Philadelphia, City Made Shoes.  
ALSO DR. WARNER'S HEALTH CORSETS.

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Are real bargains of great value to every one of our customers. The most complete assortment Spring Styles at lower prices than have ever before been made on goods of equal quality. Men's, Youths, Boys or Childrens  
TAILOR--FITTING--CLOTHING!  
and Gent's Furnishing Goods, of Highest Grades, Newest Styles, and Best Qualities, put right down to Hard Pan Prices.  
It will be a mistake to buy before you see the EXTRA INDUCEMENTS offered by  
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Goldsboro, N. C., April 15, 1886--2m

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CONSEQUENCE--A "TUMBLE" IN PRICES!  
Will the Bottom Never Be Reached?

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