

Goldsboro Messenger

JULIUS A. BONITZ, Editor. J. HOWARD BROWN, Manager.

GOLDSBORO, N. C. MONDAY, JUNE 7, 1886.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY AT THE MESSENGER BUILDING. PRICE \$3.00 A YEAR.

ADVERTISING RATES—PER SQUARE (14 INCH SPACE) \$1.00 FOR FIRST, AND 50 CENTS FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION.

THE MESSENGER PUBLISHING CO., Goldsboro, N. C.

WE congratulate the President.

LOOKS like a tariff debate at the session's shank.

WITHOUT flummery, the real people of the United States take pleasure in the President's happiness.

MR. RUTHERFORD B. HAYES takes the trouble to inform the American public that he is not in politics.

THE first President who wedded in the Executive Mansion is the best President who has resided there in twenty years, and one of the best who ever lived there.

THE Sultan solace himself in the midst of his perplexities. He had our funny Sunset Cox to dine with him, and on the same occasion the accomplished violinist, Wilhelm, to make music.

WAR SPECKS float around the globe. The American Consul at Samoa, it is said, has hoisted his flag above the Samoan emblem, at the request of King Malietoa, and proclaimed a United States protectorate over a district now in dispute between that potentate and the rival King Tomasese, who is supported by Germany.

AN ill-natured contemporary prods the peach man's predictions thus: "The customary late frosts having failed to come to time this season, the enterprising peach-grower has been compelled to seek some other means for destroying the crop and raising prices.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

MR. HATCH, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

THE OLEOMARGARINE BILL.

The House on Thursday passed the Oleomargarine bill by a vote of 177 to 101. The discussion was quite spirited and earnest.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, closed the debate in a long speech in support of the measure. He referred to the past consideration of the bill as one of the most remarkable parliamentary contests which had taken place in the House for many years.

temperate and virtuous—not because he could not help himself, but because he knew it was right of itself and best for him to be. These are the men who dominate the world.

The Atlantic Coast Line. The officials of the Atlantic Coast Line publish a card thanking the employees of every department of the line for the manner in which they aided in the accomplishment of the great feat of changing the gauge of the roads.

A MISCONCEPTION. There has been of late much comment in our State exchanges upon the generally admitted fact that the mere ability to read and write, acquired by pupils in the public schools, does not necessarily make the pupils better men and better citizens.

From the frequent reiteration of the statement some of our esteemed contemporaries and some of our readers may have been led to believe that the friends of education believe and advocate that education, and we do not believe there are, in North Carolina, a dozen men who entertain it.

The Drygoods Chronicle does not take a "blue" view of the immediate future. Quite the contrary. In its review of the trade for last week it announces the conclusion, and gives the facts on which it is based, that "unless all signs fail, the volume of trade for autumn, 1886, will be the largest of any period since the great boom of 1879 and 1880."

From the frequent reiteration of the statement some of our esteemed contemporaries and some of our readers may have been led to believe that the friends of education believe and advocate that education, and we do not believe there are, in North Carolina, a dozen men who entertain it.

The position of the friends of the graded schools and other public schools is briefly this: They believe that a pupil trained in the public schools to self-control, self-reliance and self-respect, taught to respect the rights of his schoolmates, to obey his teachers, and to teach the ordinary branches of the common schools, will acquire the self-control, the respect for the rights of his fellow citizens, the habit of obedience to law, and the degree of intelligence which will fit him for exercising the privileges and performing the duties of a good citizen.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

Mr. Daniel made a very eloquent and convincing argument in support of his proposed amendment to the Oleomargarine bill, abolishing the tax upon fruit brandy and upon tobacco.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1. — Neither the House nor the Senate resumed yesterday. Today the House resumed the Bogus Butter bill, and the Senate (in the early hours) the Northern Pacific Land Forfeiture bill.

The House Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads reported favorably a bill to prohibit the mailing of any letter, circular or writing concerning a lottery or gift enterprise, or any paper containing an advertisement of any lottery or information regarding its drawings.

The President sent three nominations to-day to the Senate, one of them that of David L. Hawkins, of Missouri, to be Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

The Senate sub-committee on the District of Columbia had before it to-day both Matthews and the witnesses in his case.

Secretary Manning was able to call on the President to-day for the first time since he was taken ill. He is expected to be at the wedding to-morrow evening.

It is said the Republican caucus to-day tried and failed to coerce the four Senators of their party who voted against the bill as reported on the forfeiture of the Northern Pacific railway land grants.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

The bill introduced by Senator Beck to-day in the Senate to prohibit members of Congress acting as railroad attorneys, makes it unlawful for any member of either House to accept employment as attorney-at-law, or payment for services of any kind from any railroad, or to act as agent or negotiator for any grant of land or other property aid from the United States.

THE ANNUAL RECORD.

Its enormous Total and Wide Distribution. Caprices of Fortune. A partial list of the prizes above One Thousand Dollars, paid by the Louisiana State Lottery Company during the year ending May 1886, together with the names and addresses of those who have requested the Receipts for the amounts are on file at the offices of the Company.

DRAWING OF JUNE 14, 1885. Morgan Brown, Nashville, Tenn. 30,000. Frank W. Woodwards Garden, San Francisco, Cal. 15,000.

DRAWING OF JULY 14, 1885. C. L. Homer, Brookton, Tex. 15,000. J. F. Wales, Bridgeport, Conn. 15,000.

DRAWING OF AUGUST 11, 1885. Gebhardt Tepping, 738 Market St., San Francisco, Cal. 15,000.

DRAWING OF SEPTEMBER 8, 1885. O. S. Leavenworth, Kas. 15,000. Mrs. J. W. W. Wagoner, Kas. 15,000.

DRAWING OF OCTOBER 14, 1885. Antonio Verlogio, 3 Scott St., San Francisco, Cal. 15,000.

DRAWING OF NOVEMBER 10, 1885. M. B. Nelson, 76 Merrimac St., Boston, Mass. 15,000.

DRAWING OF DECEMBER 15, 1885. Wm. McArthur, Livingston, Me. 50,000.

DRAWING OF JANUARY 12, 1886. M. Ditchstein, care M. Gross, 3 Chambers St., New York, N. Y. 30,000.

DRAWING OF FEBRUARY 8, 1886. Annie Smith, 113 Liberty St., New Orleans, La. 15,000.

DRAWING OF MARCH 16, 1886. August Whelan, 1411 South 10th St., Omaha, Neb. 30,000.

DRAWING OF APRIL 13, 1886. Theodore Leutz, 8 Williams Court, Boston, Mass. 15,000.

DRAWING OF MAY 11, 1886. W. Hunt, Vinton, Ala. through City National Bank, Selma, Ala. 15,000.

DRAWING OF MAY 11, 1886. Harry Johnson, collected through C. O. & T. H. Hart, Train Master, C. O. & T. H. Hart, Train Master, C. O. & T. H. Hart, Train Master.

DRAWING OF MAY 11, 1886. Adams Express, Cleveland, Ohio. 5,000. G. A. Kimmel, Baltimore, Md. 5,000.

DRAWING OF MAY 11, 1886. Adams Express, Cleveland, Ohio. 5,000. G. A. Kimmel, Baltimore, Md. 5,000.

DRAWING OF MAY 11, 1886. Adams Express, Cleveland, Ohio. 5,000. G. A. Kimmel, Baltimore, Md. 5,000.

DRAWING OF MAY 11, 1886. Adams Express, Cleveland, Ohio. 5,000. G. A. Kimmel, Baltimore, Md. 5,000.

DRAWING OF MAY 11, 1886. Adams Express, Cleveland, Ohio. 5,000. G. A. Kimmel, Baltimore, Md. 5,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mortgage Sale. Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage executed Nov. 12, 1884, by A. H. Keston and wife M. A., to the Bank of New Hanover, recorded in Liber 53, page 345, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Wayne County, the undersigned will sell for cash, at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the city of Goldsboro, N. C., Saturday, July 3rd, 1886, at 12 o'clock P. M., the real estate in said mortgage described, being lot No. 164 in the plan of said city, situate on West Centre street, in the business part of the city, adjoining the lots of J. C. Spicer, including the brick store and the dwelling on the east side of said lot. E. B. BORDEN, Pres. Bank of New Hanover.

Pr. Oxide of Silicates! The Great Bug Destroyer. For the protection of all Vegetables, Vines, Cotton and Tobacco, from the ravages of insects. For sale by W. H. SMITH, Goldsboro, N. C., May 17th.

WANTED! To work in a country shop, a man who can do common blacksmithing and woodwork—single man preferred. Apply to R. E. JONES, Goldsboro, N. C. may24-2w

The Surles House, Smithfield, N. C. Under New Management. Having purchased the well-known FULLEB HOUSE, and knowing the wants of the trade, we have a department of first-class in making the accommodations first-class in every particular. The best cooks, and trained servants employed. Telephone office in the hotel. W. B. SURLES, Proprietor.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH, RICHMOND, VA. THE GREAT FAMILY WEEKLY! Eight Large Pages, 64 Columns, only \$1 per Year.

THE DISPATCH COMPANY, RICHMOND, VA. 1886. HARPER'S WEEKLY. HARPER'S WEEKLY has now, for twenty years, maintained its position as the leading literary and general magazine in America.

FOR SALE. A Buggy or Farm Horse. Will sell cheap for cash or on time for good paper. J. A. BONITZ, Goldsboro, N. C., June 7, 1886-1w

LIST YOUR CITY TAXES! I will attend at the Court House for the purpose of listing City Taxes from June 7, 1886, to June 29, 1886. T. H. BAIN, City Clerk.

LOST! On the 24th inst., on the streets of Goldsboro, two cotton option notes signed by P. H. Spence; one of \$23.44, payable Nov. 1st, to Patapoco Guano Co., with 187 1/2 pounds cotton; the other \$96.30, payable the same date, to the undersigned, with 663 pounds cotton. I hereby warn all persons against trading for these notes, and any one finding them will please return to me. M. J. BEST, May 26, 1886-2w

Proposals for Coal Invited! Sealed proposals for furnishing Coal to the Eastern N. C. Insane Asylum will be received up to 12 o'clock, M., June 9th, 1886. Bids as follows: 140 Tons Anthracite lump Coal, at 40 Cents per Ash Egg Coal, to be delivered on the Railroad to the Asylum by September 15th, 1886. Payment to be made on delivery. Full weight required. Right reserved to reject any or all bids. Directed bids marked "Coal Bid" to the undersigned. J. D. ROBERTS, Supt. Or J. A. BONITZ, Sec. Board Directors. Goldsboro, N. C., May 31-d

John Deane, Clara and Calliope, etc., 15,000. Loyd G. French, Cotesburg, Ky., 5,000. Charles H. Patterson, N. C., 5,000. John H. Manning, Car Inspector, La., 5,000. Joseph Placet, 714, Cafe St., Davenport, Iowa, 5,000. Miss Annie Burke, Washington, D. C., 5,000. Charles H. Patterson, N. C., 5,000. Miss M. Mueller, 596 E. 1st St., Chicago, Ill., 5,000. J. B. Beattie, 338 Washington St., Brooklyn, N. Y., 5,000. Gustav Wangelin, 1,200. C. H. Loeb, New York, 1,200. Fred Bode, Aronville, Ill., 1,200.

DRAWING OF MAY 11, 1886. W. Hunt, Vinton, Ala. through City National Bank, Selma, Ala. 15,000. Harry Johnson, collected through C. O. & T. H. Hart, Train Master, C. O. & T. H. Hart, Train Master, C. O. & T. H. Hart, Train Master.

DRAWING OF JULY 14, 1885. C. L. Homer, Brookton, Tex. 15,000. J. F. Wales, Bridgeport, Conn. 15,000. S. M. Simpson, 272 1/2 St., Denver, Col. 15,000. J. D. Eckman, 1000 Broadway, N. Y., 15,000. San Francisco, Cal. 15,000. C. A. Peasley, Persia, Iowa, 5,000. J. D. Robertson, Granbury, Tex., 5,000. John Cameron, Wichita Falls, Tex., 5,000. Bowers National Bank, New York, 5,000. Metropolitan Nat'l Bank, Cincinnati, O., 5,000. Mrs. P. J. Denson, Atlanta, Ga., 5,000. Jennings County Bank, North Vernon, Ind., 1,200. J. W. Seabury, Waco, Tex., 1,200. James H. Downey, Louisville, Ky., 1,200. J. C. W. Smith, 1,200. F. Ashton, Philadelphia, Pa., 1,200.

DRAWING OF AUGUST 11, 1885. Gebhardt Tepping, 738 Market St., San Francisco, Cal. 15,000. Frank M. Searies, Bismarck, Dak., 15,000. Frank Noble, London, Ont., Canada, col. through Molson Bank, Boston, Mass. 5,000. Chas. Rode, Humboldtville, Milwaukee, Wis., 5,000. J. B. Bryant, South Whitley, Ind., 5,000. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank, San Francisco, Cal., 5,000. Wm. G. Widmer, Crescent City, Cal., 2,000. Washington, D. C., 2,000. Wm. J. Brown, Madison, New Mexico, 2,000. H. B. Myers, 1006 Baltimore Ave., Kansas City, Mo., 2,000. Fred Attinger, 7 Carlos Place, San Francisco, Cal., 1,200. Henry Dittman, 1015 St. Mark St., San Francisco, Cal., 1,200. Edward Kaiser, New York, 1,200. Louis Rudolph, New York, 1,200.

DRAWING OF SEPTEMBER 8, 1885. O. S. Leavenworth, Kas. 15,000. Mrs. J. W. W. Wagoner, Kas. 15,000. Mrs. J. S. J. Barnhart, Walla Walla, Wash., 5,000. J. G. Sandberg, Paris, Ind., 5,000. J. A. Clercy, 108 Washington Ave., New York City, N. Y., 5,000. Geo. E. Jackson, New York, 5,000. Adrian Feyh, 200 William St., New York City, N. Y., 5,000. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank, San Francisco, Cal., 2,000. Martin Crossland, San Francisco, Cal., 2,000. J. J. Jurgens, 113 Fairway St., Baltimore, Md., 2,000. Jose H. Pratt, Guatemala, Central America, 1,200. A. T. Kinsey, Red Cloud, Neb., 1,200. First National Bank, Los Angeles, Cal., 1,200. Anglo-American Bank, San Francisco, Cal., 1,200. Peter Berger, Globe Village St., Southbridge, Mass., 1,200. J. E. Bernstrom, Greenport, N. Y., collected through Chatham National Bank, New York, 1,200.

DRAWING OF OCTOBER 14, 1885. Antonio Verlogio, 3 Scott St., San Francisco, Cal. 15,000. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank, San Francisco, Cal., 15,000. J. D. Hill, Bay St. Louis, Miss., 15,000. Augustus Keivin, Algiers, La., 15,000. A. O. Guillot, 15,000. M. V. Gundell, Guaymas, Mexico, 10,000. Mrs. H. Kibben, 1011 E. 11th St., San Francisco, Cal., 5,000. Patrick Conner, 320 Golden Gate Ave., San Francisco, Cal., 5,000. Wm. Hart, Havana, Cuba, 2,400. J. H. Martin, Lansing, Kas., 1,200. A. T. Burr, Jr., Danville, Va., 1,200. J. H. Eyring, St. Joseph, Mo., 1,200. J. H. Eyring, St. Joseph, Mo., 1,200. G. B. Haldean, Kansas City, Mo., 1,200.

DRAWING OF NOVEMBER 10, 1885. M. B. Nelson, 76 Merrimac St., Boston, Mass. 15,000. S. H. Betty, Mt. Olivet, 15,000. Pascal Bellegrard, Railroad and 6th St., South San Francisco, Cal., 15,000. Joseph Pohl, Travers City, Mich., 15,000. Arnold Preat, 194 1/2 Esplanade St., St. Orleans, La., 10,000. State National Bank, New York, 6,000. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank, San Francisco, Cal., 5,000. Paul Lemaitre, cor. Larkin St. and Golden Gate Ave., San Francisco, Cal., 5,000. J. G. Madison, Jackson, Miss., 2,000. F. Gross & Co., San Antonio, Texas, 2,000. John Brunton, Galveston, Tex., 2,000. Anglo-American Bank, San Francisco, Cal., 2,000. Joseph Dennis, 1 Boyd St., San Francisco, Cal., 1,200. A. M. Cook, 718 Market St., San Francisco, Cal., 1,200. Benno Basch, 24 Elm St., Chicago, Ill., 1,200.

DRAWING OF DECEMBER 15, 1885. Wm. McArthur, Livingston, Me. 50,000. C. B. Richard & Co., Bankers, 61 Broadway, New York, 15,000. Leon Barthe, 183 Canal St., New Orleans, La., 15,000. Park Place, New York, 15,000. Mrs. Margaret A. Nairn, 15,000. Mrs. Mary W. Neill, 15,000. Columbus Lewis, San Francisco, Cal., 15,000. J. C. Webster, Carrollton, Ky., 15,000. Hugh Barry, 15,000. H. A. 449 W. 7th St., 15,000. Minn., 2,000. A. M. Gendron, Boston, Mass., 2,000. J. F. Fichens, 1