

RALEIGH'S ENTERPRISE. The Convention of Northern Settlers to be Held in the Capital.

RALEIGH, N. C. October 16.—[Special.] Great interest centres here in the coming convention of northern settlers and the state agricultural fair, both beginning October 26 and continuing several days. The prospect of a large attendance increases daily. Ample provision has been made for accommodating the crowd, however great. The settlers' convention was called by northern born citizens of this state to give an impetus to immigration. More than 3,000 such families have settled in North Carolina in the last two years, and more than 70,000 since the war. The state has expositions and endeavors by various ways to increase this immigration. The spontaneous action of these citizens is contributing to the prosperity of the state. The bureau of immigration has in three years received thousands of applications or information. Invitations were sent to all those who sent inquiries as to the convention, and more than five hundred have been accepted. Many northern papers will be represented. Every senatorial district in this state will have a northern settler to testify as to climate, soil and resources, and to answer all inquiries. The displays at the fair will illustrate and corroborate these statements. These will not be confined to farm and orchard products, but will cover many industries and all natural resources, manufacturers, miners, quarry owners and lumbermen will add to the great collection exhibited by the department of agriculture. Of high grade live stock, to which much attention has been paid of late years, there are numerous entries. The programme for the convention cannot be fully completed until after its organization. Judge Seymour, of the United States district court, a native of New York, but long a resident of Newberne, has been invited to preside. It is expected the convention will assemble Tuesday evening, when addresses of welcome will be made by Governor Seales, the mayor of Raleigh, Commissioner of Agriculture Coleman, and the president of the state press association. To these replies will be made by a northern visitor, a northern journalist, and a northern settler. These will be the only formal addresses. The sessions during the next two days will be occupied with presentations of the inducements particular localities hold out to immigrants. Raleigh, Durham and many other towns will tender hospitalities to northern journalists and the principal railroads will do the same. The proposed convention was formally indorsed by the state press association at its annual meeting last June and has been used by all the newspapers as an appeal to their readers to send exhibits to the fair. Throughout the state the native citizens are cordially cooperating with their northern born neighbors to make the occasion a great success.

LIBERTY STATUE. Full Programme of the Inaugural Ceremonies.

The American committee of the statue of liberty, in conjunction with Major-General Scofield, has made known the official programme of the inauguration ceremonies, which will occur October 28th. There will be, as the first feature of the day, a military and civil parade in New York city. The march will terminate at the Battery and at other piers in the lower part of the city, where steamers will be taken for Bedloe's Island. The steamers, preceded by such ships of war as may be present, will move at a given signal to Bedloe's Island and occupy the positions assigned them. As the area and wharfage of the island will permit only the landing of a small portion of those who may wish to participate in the ceremonies, only the leading steamers will touch at the wharf, while the others will be given positions from which a good view may be obtained. The ceremonies at the statue's base will be concluded near sunset. A national salute from all the batteries, afloat and ashore, will mark the conclusion of the ceremonies. While it is being given the spectators on the island will re-embark and then the vessels will return to the city. The illumination of the statue will be the final feature of the programme. Gen. Charles P. Stone has been appointed grand marshal of the parade to take place. The senior officer of the navy who is present at the time will direct the movements of the vessels that take part in the parade. The place of honor in the column and at the exercises on Liberty island will be given to the French visitors, who will be the guests of the American committee. Invitations have been sent to the Governors of all the States, many of whom have expressed their desire to be present with their staffs. To those not familiar with its details the colored statue now looks as if it was completed. The head and face and the entire right arm have been put in place. The support of the huge torch, which is in the grasp of the right hand, is in place, and it remains now to put the fingers and upper part of the torch in position. Several hundred rivets are to be placed in the drapery of the statue before the plates are finally secured. Now, that the statue is so nearly completed, it will be necessary soon to appoint a keeper of the light, for it will be a lighthouse as well as a statue. The French Senate has appointed Admiral Jaures and Gen. Pellissier to represent that body at the dedication of the statue in place of Senator Lafayette and Gen. Grevy who declined. La Fontaine states that M. Anatole de La Forge, who was deputed by the French Chamber of Deputies to represent it at the dedication, declines to accept the mission.

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind. testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of rheumatism of ten years standing." Abraham Hare, Druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my twenty years experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a dollar a bottle at Kirby & Robinson's Drug Store.

A GLASS MOUNTAIN. Half a Mile Long and Varying from 150 to 200 Feet in Height.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—One of the forthcoming reports of the Geological Survey will contain a paper by Prof. Joseph Iddings upon an obsidian cliff in Yellowstone Park. This cliff is an elevation half a mile long by from 150 to 200 feet high, the material of which Prof. Iddings says, "is as good a glass as any artificially manufactured." Its colors and structure not only make it highly interesting to the visitor, but furnish to the scientific investigator phenomena of importance. The cliff presents part of a section of a surface flow of obsidian, which poured down an ancient slope from the plateau lying east. It is impossible to determine what the original thickness of this flow was. The dense glass which now forms its lower portion is from 75 to 100 feet thick, while the porous and pumiceous upper portion has suffered from ages of erosion and glacial action. A remarkable feature of the cliff is the development of prismatic columns, which form its southern extremity. These are of shining black obsidian rising from the talus slope, and are from fifty to sixty feet in height, with diameters varying from two to four feet. The color of the material of this cliff is for the most part jet black, but much of it is mottled and streaked with bright brownish red and various shades of brown, from dark to light yellowish, purplish, and olive green. The brilliant lustre of the rock and the black are very striking. In places the glass in the process of cooling has been broken into small angular pieces and scattered about the cliff. In the later flow, producing many colored and beautiful breccia. In some places the material shows a fine satin lustre, while in others a deep golden sheen is noticeable, which, under the lens, resolves itself into thin beams of red and yellow light. Through the black and red glass are scattered dull bluish gray patches and bands, and round gray and pink masses, the effect of which is to still further vary the appearance and beauty of the rock, and make it the most conspicuous and characteristic variety of volcanic lava known.

GOSSIP BY CABLE. The Tory Press on the Home Rule Rumor.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The discussion on the home rule possibilities in Parliament continues to be pretty lively. The Daily News' flyer concerning the Conservative-Irish councils bill is believed to have been inspired by Mr. Chamberlain, who is an intimate friend of the editor. It is noticeable, in connection with this matter, that the Daily News also had the first intimation that Lord Randolph Churchill would be made the government leader in the House of Commons, when every one else was in doubt about Lord Salisbury's plans. The Conservative journals, however, pretend that the present information of the Daily News is a myth. They argue that the proposal which the ministry have in mind is totally different from Mr. Gladstone's scheme, and that they have no idea of granting the demands of the Irish agitators. They intend to give to the Irish only the necessary powers to deal with purely local matters, and in no way to encourage their hopes of home rule. The coolness between the vatican and the Italian government is developing retaliatory measures on both sides, and bears symptoms of speedy active hostilities between the church and the state. The result of the two recent measures against the government is that the latter replies to them by a stringent enforcing of the laws against monastic institutions. These laws have hitherto been administered with considerable laxity. Several Jesuit priests have been forcibly expelled from a convent at Florence, where they had taken quarters in connection with the law providing that when the inmates of a convent have fallen below six in number, they shall take no recruits, but shall arrange for the final evacuation and secularization of the convent. This law will be applied to seven other convents which are in the same condition, and which are already indicated. From one in which twenty-one young girls were recently received, these will be expelled. The church party is apparently emboldened by the result of a similar struggle in Germany, and seems inclined to defy the government and take the consequences. Their failure is almost a foregone conclusion, because they have no strong ecclesiastical party in Parliament, as they had in Germany. Further than this, the Liberals, who are sympathizing more or less with the churchmen, only desire to effect a compromise on a sufficiently amicable footing to permit them to work with the government.

NO FAMINE THIS YEAR.

The report of October of the department of Agriculture gives local estimates of yield per acre of small grains with condition of corn, potatoes and other late crops. The results corroborate the previous returns of wheat, confirming expectations of slight increase from the first record of threshing, without making any material addition to the crop aggregate. The average yield upon an area of fully thirty-seven million acres appears to be close to 12½ bushels per acre, making the crop an average of a series of years. The area actually harvested is now the principal object of exact determination. The result will vary little from an increase of 100,000,000 bushels over the crop of last year. The average yield per acre of oats is 26.6 bushels, making a crop of over 600,000,000 bushels. The barley crop averages 24.4 bushels per acre, and the product will come nearly up to 60,000,000 bushels. The average yield of the rye crop is 11.8 bushels per acre, and the product over 20,000,000 bushels. The high temperature of September and no frost improved corn crop prospects and made the expectation of 23 bushels per acre, and rendered certain a crop of at least 1,650,000,000 bushels. The general average of October condition of potatoes is 81 against 82 last year. The tobacco average of condition is nearly 87. The promise of buckwheat is for a crop slightly under the average.

LADIES!—Now is your time for cheap Goswami's Children's Ointment.

LADIES!—Now is your time for cheap Goswami's Children's Ointment, worth \$1.25. Ladies \$1.25 worth \$1.75. Call at once on Mrs. E. W. Moore.

Tax Notice!

The Tax Books for the collection of the regular State and County Taxes for 1886 are now ready, and I hereby give notice that I have deputized Col. J. J. BAKER to collect this tax for me. The books are now in his hands, and he alone is authorized to collect the taxes charged by this year. Early payment is expected as no indulgence can be given. Col. Baker will attend the several appointments made for the county canvass and hopes that those who owe taxes will arrange to settle promptly. D. A. GRANTHAM, Sheriff Wayne County, Goldsboro, N. C., Sep. 30, 1886-td.

NEW YORK CITY POLITICS. Abram S. Hewitt Accepts the Nomination for Mayor.

NEW YORK, October 16.—Abram S. Hewitt, the nominee of the United Democracy of this city for mayor, has accepted the nomination. In his letter of acceptance, which is made public this evening, he says in substance, that while his personal preference would be to continue in the sphere of action in which, as a representative in Congress, he has labored for many years to promote the substantial interest of New York, he cannot but accept the nomination so unanimously tendered because of the new issue which has suddenly sprung up in New York city; namely, an attempt to organize the State against all other classes, and to place the government of the city in the hands of men willing to represent the interests of this class to the exclusion of the rights of others. The idea which underlies this movement, he says, is at war with the fundamental principle upon which our government was organized. He then goes into a long review of the injury which would result to the interest of the country and stability of its institutions if the results of the election would show any strength in this movement. With regard to organization of trades unions and other labor organizations, Mr. Hewitt says: "The time has come so that their grievances and demands may be submitted to public judgment and met by appropriate legislative remedies. The organized movement now made," continued Mr. Hewitt, "for the first time against the methods of political action approved by the experience of a century of steady progress, and under which the country has enjoyed a measure of prosperity heretofore unknown to the human race, must be clearly sustained or emphatically condemned by the people of this city, which is as much the metropolis of the United States as Athens was the eye of Greece." In conclusion Mr. Hewitt says: "I feel it my duty to take up the issue of the candidate of the citizens who are in favor of law, order and progress, according to the methods approved by our past experience against the advocates of the policy miscalled progress, which can only lead to universal poverty and general ruin." Mr. Theo. Roosevelt to-day accepted the Republican nomination for mayor of New York city.

COAL CONSPIRATORS.

Gov. Pattison, of Pennsylvania, has taken notice of the combinations of companies incorporated under the laws of that State in what is known as the Anthracite Coal Syndicate and in the trunk line pool. In a letter to Attorney General Cassiday he enumerates the wrong doing of these combinations. The first injuriously and unwarrantably taxes every fireside, imposing upon coal consumers the losses of some of its members who have suffered through speculation; this puts nearly one hundred thousand workers on "three-quarter" pay through its measures to restrict the output, and discriminate against consumers along the line and the city trade by charging the full dollar more for ton of coal than the same coal sold for in territory further from the mines and not covered by the combination. These companies have advanced the prices of transportation in the face of the fact that their annual net earnings amount to more than 10 per cent. on the cost of their road and equipment. They also charge the charge per ton for freight to day is higher than it was twenty-six years ago, whereas the cost per ton is only one-third what it was in that day. These combinations, he declares, have crippled vast interests, forcing iron furnaces out of blast and placing nearly all the interests of eastern Pennsylvania and the territory of the managers of these companies. They are infringing on individual rights, he says, and "their interference with the natural current and condition of trade has been in violation of what is believed to be sound public policy and against the best interests of the State." The Governor calls upon the Attorney General to take action, and draws his attention to the State Constitution which declares that "no incorporated company doing the business of a common carrier shall directly or indirectly prosecute or engage in mining or manufacturing articles for transportation over its works." Good for Gov. Pattison. As the New York World says, let us hope that he will find enough law in his State to stifle this iniquitous combination which robs labor and adds unnecessarily to the burdens of life.

Serious Danger.

Threatens every man, woman or child living in a region of country where fever and ague is prevalent, since the germ of malarial disease are inhaled from the air and are swallowed from the water of such a region. Medicinal safeguard is absolutely necessary to nullify this danger. As a means of fortifying and sustaining the system so as to be able to resist the malarial poison, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is incomparably the best and the most popular. Irregularities of the stomach, liver and bowels encourage malaria; but these are speedily rectified by the Bitters. The functions of digestion and secretion are assisted by its use, and a vigorous as well as regular condition of the system promoted by it. Constitution and physique are thus defended against the inroads of malaria by this matchless preventive, which is also a certain and thorough remedy in the worst cases of intermittent and remittent fevers.

GOSPEL HYMNS.

A Large Lot of Gospel Hymns, with and without Music, at WHITAKER'S BOOKSTORE.

New Advertisements.

Volina Cordial CURES DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, WEAKNESS, CHILLS AND FEVERS, MALARIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, KIDNEY TROUBLES, NEURALGIA AND RHEUMATISM. IT is invigorating and Delectable to take, and of great value as a Medicine for weak and Ailing Women and Children.

Volina Cordial A Book, Volina, by a leading physician, telling how to treat diseases at HOME, mailed, together with a set of handsome cards by new Helio-type process, on receipt of 10 c.

ATTENTION! Merchants and Farmers IN NEED OF SUPPLIES!

- 25,000 LBS. MEAT. 250 BBLs. FLOUR. 300 ROLLS BAGGING. 750 BUNDLES TIES. 25 BOXES CHEESE. 25 CASES BREAD PREPARATION. 50 CASES LYE AND POTASH. 25 BARREL SUGAR. 10 BARRELS MOLASSES. TOBACCO, SOAP, SNUFF, Etc.

M. L. LEE & CO.

Goldsboro, N. C., Sept. 27.—td

HOW TO MAKE A Thankful Customer.

These Seven Rules Will Tell You. Never sell Cheap Flour for good. Sell the best grades for the same money. Never sell Tallow for Lard. Sell the best refined Lard. Never sell Oleomargarine for good Butter. Sell the best Gilt edge Creamery. Never sell a low grade of Canned Meats. Sell Hams and Breakfast Strips you guarantee. Never sell Common Coffee for Best quality. Sell good Coffee at the old prices. Never sell Adulterated Sugars. Sell only the standard grades. Never sell Common Molasses, Vinegar, Canned Goods, &c. Sell the best of everything on the market.

Give me a portion of your trade, and you will soon see that the above rules are the principles that I am working on. I want the Wholesale and Retail trading public to know that I am selling Staple and Fancy Groceries, Crockery, Glass and Tin Ware, &c. I am selling good Goods Cheap. Give me a trial. I Solicit Consignments of Cotton and other Country Produce. Highest Market guaranteed, and charges reasonable. Free delivery in any part of the city.

WILLIS EDMUNDSON, Goldsboro, N. C.

DR. R. A. SMITH, WALNUT STREET, ONE DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE. DEALER IN DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

Patent Medicines, Cigars, Combs, Diamond Dy., Brushes, Perfumery, Flavoring Extracts, Toilet Powders and Toilet Soap, and everything kept in a well appointed drug store. I do not keep a Cheap Drug Store, but having very little expense I can afford to sell goods at reasonable prices. My office is in the rear of my store and all calls, in either city or country, will be promptly attended to. Those indebted to me either by Store Account or for Professional Services are earnestly requested to make immediate payment of same. Very Respectfully, R. A. SMITH, M. D.

BARGAINS

For the next sixty days I will sell the following goods at prices which defy competition: 500 Bells New Arrow Ties. 300 Barrels Flour—all grades. 100 Bags Bolted Meal—freshly ground. 500 Rolls Cotton Bagging—all weights. 75 Boxes Lemon, Ginger, Soda and Mixed Cakes. SOAP, CANDLES, BUCKETS, PAPER, SNUFF, TOBACCO. 50 Bxs Fancy Cream and Factory Cheese. 50 Cases Star Lye and Potash. 25 Cases Church's Arm & Hammer Soda. 25 Boxes Full Weight Oysters. LARD, MOLASSES, BACON, JELLY, PRESERVES, PICKLES, SARDINES, BUTTER, SALT, FISH.

I. S. D. SAULS, Successor to Fonville & Sauls.

TO DEALERS IN GRAIN and Hay, in this and other towns, we would say that we always have on hand a Large Stock of CORN, OATS, HAY, MEAL, BRAN, SACKS, &c., &c. Both Here and in New Berne, N. C. That we make a specialty of SHIPPING, and can fill all orders promptly from New Berne, thereby taking advantage of a through rate of Freight, which enables us to Sell Lower than the Northern or Western Markets. We Guarantee Quality. Write For Quotations.

P. C. HUMPHREY & CO. Successors to Denmark & Humphrey. WHOLESALE GRAIN AND HAY SHIPPERS, GOLDSBORO, N. C.

WANTED--30,000 BUSHELS RICE.

H. W. McKinne & Bro., MOUNT OLIVE, N. C., Take pleasure in announcing that they have now in stock the largest and best selected stock of General Merchandise.

JOSEPH ISAACS, DEALER IN CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES. Of every description, which I offer at ROCK BUTOM HARD-PAN PRICES. I call SPECIAL ATTENTION to my stock of CROCKERY, which is unparalleled.

J. C. EASON, AT GIDDENS' STORE. Having recently returned from the northern markets, now offers an extensive stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Family Groceries & Supplies A SPECIALTY. We are determined not to be undersold and invite all who need anything in our line to give us a call. "Quick Sales and Small Profits" is our motto.

H. W. McKinne & Bro., MOUNT OLIVE, N. C.

Flour, Sugar, Coffee. 250 BARRELS FLOUR. (All Grades.) 30 BARRELS REFINED SUGAR. (All Grades.) 25 SACKS COFFEE. (Rio and LaGuayra.) 15 BARRELS MOLASSES. 250 SACKS SALT. (Liverpool and Fine.) B. M. PRIVETT & CO.

WANTED. To adopt a healthy white female child a few weeks old, of healthy parentage. Address with particulars, N. Y. Z., care of MESSENGER Office. Oct. 14 '86

LADIES, STOP AND READ! OUR REGULAR FALL OPENING!

Black and Colored SILKS, SATINS, PLUSHES and VELVETS, Plain and Brocaded. A Large variety of New Styles in MOURNING DRESS GOODS. Our Magnificent Display of MILLINERY GOODS is the Largest and Finest ever made in this city. In Style, Quality and Elegance they cannot be excelled. Latest Designs in PLAIN and FANCY DRESS GOODS. Our Stock in this Department is the Largest and Most Complete in the city. Ladies, Misses and Childrens HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR and FURNISHING GOODS. The Genuine "CENTEMER" KID GLOVES, every pair warranted. CLOAKS and WRAPS in all the Newest DESIGNS. CARPETS, RUGS and Upholstery Goods. Best Quality and Handsome Patterns. SILVERWARE, Jewelry and Fancy Articles.

Samples Sent and Orders Promptly Attended To. M. E. CASTEX & CO. WEST CENTRE STREET, GOLDSBORO, N. C. Sept. 23, 1886-td

BUY YOUR SASH, BLINDS, DOORS, &c., FROM WHITEHURST & OWEN, 10th and Byrd Streets, Richmond, Va.

PIANO AND ORGAN CLEARING OUT SALE Your Chance To Secure A Good Instrument At A Bargain!

Come up, Buyers, Here's your chance. 100 Pianos! 100 Organs! to be closed out regardless of value. A Genuine Clearance Sale to reduce stock. These Instruments are over and above our regular stock; must get our money out of them. Some are new, not used a day; some have been used a few months; some used six months or a year; some used from two to five years. Some are good Second Hand Instruments taken in exchange and thoroughly repaired, renovated, repolished and made as good as new.

In the 200 there are Square Pianos, Upright Pianos, Grand Pianos, Church Organs, and Parlor Organs, from over twenty different Makers, including Chickering, Knabe, Mason & Hamlin, Hallett & Davis, Mathushek, Vose, Burdett, Arion, Gable, Peloubet, Shoninger, Estey, and Bent.

Descriptive Lists are printed, and a purchase can be made by correspondence as well as by person. Instruments are represented precisely as they are, and if purchasers are not suited we refund their money. Terms Easy—Pianos \$10 per month; Organs \$5 per month. Great inducements to Spot Cash Buyers. Write and we will offer bargains that will open your eyes.

Over Twenty of these Instruments were sold during Centennial week, but there are 200 left, which must go in the next 60 days. From three to five are sold daily. Write quick, if you want to secure one. This advertisement (in 50 good papers) will clear out the lot.

Write for Piano and Organ Clearing Out Circulars, and mention this advertisement. Write at once. Address LUDDEN & BATES SOUTHERN MUSIC HOUSE, SAVANNAH, GA. July 15, 1886-4