

Goldsboro Messenger

JULIUS A. BONITZ, Editor.

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THE MESSENGER PUBLISHING HOUSE, J. A. BONITZ, PROPRIETOR, GOLDSBORO, N. C.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1886

THE MESSAGE.

In our last issue we gave an outline of the message. Not much more remains to be done. The President not only writes well, but he writes especially well in a message to the Congress.

The MESSAGE agrees pretty generally with the positions taken, and is not disposed to be captious in opposing any part of the message to which we find objection.

On the subject of the tariff the President is as squarely with the majority of his party and Democratic traditions as the Chicago platform would admit.

What the President says of suspension of silver coinage is but a repetition of his former well-known views, and requires no special comment.

Now leaving the message, we will say that it is the duty of the Democrats in the House to act upon the evident wish of the people and revise the tariff. What is Morrison, what is Randall, where will the American public be involved? Make a bill that can and ought to pass if the pending bill is not that sort of thing.

It is gratifying to learn that Capt. Eads and his associates have concluded to give up their plea for government aid, conditioned upon government control, and build their ship railway across the isthmus with their own money, in their own way, and under their own exclusive authority.

There is greater activity in railroad circles now than there has been in years. North Carolina is gradually becoming a net work of railroads.

QUEEN VICTORIA has made principle and nice sense of honor conspicuous elements in her character, and we are not therefore surprised to find it stated that she has forbidden the admission into the household of Windsor Castle or within the castle precincts of newspapers containing reports of the Campbell divorce case.

On March 4, the United States Senate will stand 38 Democrats to 38 Republicans. Senator Riddleberger is outraged at his treatment by Senator Mahone and the sergeant-at-arms in the matter of patronage.

The Baltimore Journal of Commerce calls attention to the fact that for the first ten months of 1886 the exports from every leading Southern port, with one exception, from Baltimore to New Orleans, were largely in excess of the same time last year, while at every prominent Northern port, with the single exception of Boston, there was a decrease amounting at New York to but a little less than \$16,000,000.

In speaking of our friend Capt. S. A. Ashe, the other day, as the editor of the News and Observer, we meant no reflection and certainly did not mean to ignore Mr. J. J. McRee, who we know does most of the editorial work on the paper since Capt. Ashe's appointment to the postmaster's office.

SOMEbody has made a sensible suggestion to the capitalists of Chicago, that a bank be established in that city for the advancement of cash loans upon personal goods such as are commonly carried to the pawnshops.

EX-GOVERNOR JARVIS, Minister to Brazil, was in Washington last week, accompanied by Mrs. Jarvis. The North Carolina delegation did them the honor to call in a body.

THE Vienna Vapblatt, whose editor is related to Clemenceau by marriage, describes Von Moltke's speech as half a declaration of war against France, its meaning being, Germany having increased her army and isolated France diplomatically, to summon her by ultimatum to disarm.

It is proposed to hold two centennials in Washington, one in 1889, in honor of the 100th anniversary of the promulgation of the political constitution of the United States, and the other in 1892 in commemoration of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of the new world, accompanied by the inauguration in that city of a Permanent Exposition of the natural and industrial products from all the political sections of our American system.

JUDGE CLARK, who rode this circuit with Capt. Swift Galloway in the Fall of 1885, remarked lately that he had never seen a better Solicitor than Capt. Galloway. Fearless, able and impartial, he had seemed especially intended for a Solicitor, but he had heard his debut on the defendant's side of the docket at Duplin in State vs. Swinson, and was impressed with the fact that whether appearing for the State or for the defendant, on the criminal docket, Swift Galloway is no superior and few equals. It is a pity that the State loses the services of so efficient and able an officer.

Solicitors' Blanks at the MESSENGER office. Orders by mail promptly filled.

INTER-STATE COMMERCE.

The conferees on the Inter-State Commerce bill have finished their labors, and will report their bill as soon as it can be printed. We learn from the Baltimore Sun that on the question of enforcing the act, the commission feature of the Senate bill is accepted by the House conferees, while the Senate conferees accept the system proposed in the Reagan bill, under which a shipper is entitled to sue for damages in United States Courts in his own behalf.

The President has granted to the members of the House, and forty-nine Senators were present. Vance, Randall, Green, Henderson, Skidmore, Johnston and Cowles were all in the city, although I did not see Mr. Henderson in his seat. Judge Bennett is detained at home by the illness of a member of his family. Leave of absence has been granted to him.

The usual preliminaries having been gone through with, the President's message read by the Secretary at 2 o'clock, and the House at three minutes past 2 o'clock. Recesses were taken in both houses while waiting for it. The document was two hours and two minutes in length as read by the House clerk, and about an hour and forty minutes long as chopped up by the Senate reader in his singular style.

The first hour it was heard with close attention, and then, as usual, the interest flagged, and members went out, talked, read papers, &c. When the tariff portion was read, Morrison, Bolivar and others exchanged smiles.

The President was with them in full force. There was a report in the press gallery early in the day that Mr. Randall had impressed his views on Mr. Cleveland that the message would contain a recommendation for the modification and possibly the abolition of the tobacco tax, but the document had not a word on that subject.

To-night the message is claimed on both sides of the question, but it is distinctly against them. The President, however, avoided any specific recommendation. All of his suggestions, although clearly in favor of reduction, not merely for reduction's sake, are general, but the message is stronger on that point than that of the last session, and gives considerably more satisfaction to the lower tariff men.

The credentials of Senator Williams, of California, were presented, and he was sworn in. New Representatives Cox and Bacon, of New York, and Rusk, of Maryland, elected to fill vacancies, were admitted in the House, the genial and veteran Sunset having been welcomed back from Turkey with a round of applause from both sides of the chamber.

A few bills were introduced in the Senate, but nothing was attempted in the House beyond hearing announcements of the death of Member Price, of Wisconsin, who died to day, and adopting certain resolutions, preparatory for eulogies upon Messrs. Beach and Arnot, recently deceased.

Secretary Manning, in his annual report, recommends a number of very important measures. 1. Repeal of the clause in the act of February 28, 1878, making compulsory Treasury purchases of silver, in order to reduce surplus and unnecessary taxation \$24,000,000 a year. 2. Further reduction of surplus taxation close down to the necessities of the government economically administered. 3. Repeal of the act of May 31, 1878, making compulsory post-redemption issues and re-issues of United States legal tender notes. 4. Gradual purchase and payment of \$216,000,000 outstanding promissory notes of the United States with the present and accruing Treasury surplus, issuing silver certificates in their room, and old certificates if need be, without contraction of the present circulating volume of the currency.

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But the common daily clothing of the American people need not be taxed; to free their clothing of taxes will finally reduce, by half, their expense for one of the three great necessities of life.

There are several hundred articles among the 1,182 articles that we tax, which ought to be swept off the tax list into the free list. I shall at an early day prepare and submit to Congress a supplementary report on the collection of duties.

The estimates of receipts and expenditures for 1887 show: Total receipts, \$356,000,000; total expenditures, \$301,213,517.21; estimated surplus, \$54,786,482.79.

His report has been very highly commended. It is regarded as one of the ablest ever issued, and the courage of the administration in recommending the abolition of duty on wool is greatly admired. The revenue reformers are immensely pleased. But the most extreme of the silver men are indignant at the proposition of the Secretary to report in favor of the discontinuance of silver coinage.

In the House to-day the chief business was the introduction of bills (none from North Carolina), and the passage of the Senate bill for the relief of graduates of the military academy. One speech on the Electoral Count bill was made. Both houses adjourned before 3 o'clock.

Mr. Cox of New York, has introduced a bill to prevent a Congressman, who has resigned a Federal office to be elected to Congress, from receiving two salaries, as he himself might do under the present law if he were disposed. Ex-Governor Syles, of Texas, who was occupying Mr. Cox's old seat, very gracefully tendered it on his return, and in accepting the courtesy, Sunset prested the Lone Star Representative, who is a man of parts, with a pin having the design of a star and a crescent in memory of the occasion. This is a happy hit, as almost all the great-morons' hits are.

Committees of both houses to attend the funeral of Congressman Price are appointed.

In the Senate to-day, Mr. Beck introduced a bill to provide for the retirement of United States legal tender and national bank notes of small denominations, and for the issue of coin certificates. It was referred to the committee on Finance.

Mr. Morrill submitted a resolution declaring that any tariff legislation this Congress is inexpedient and unwise, because it would be impracticable to make equitable adjustments

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

THE SECOND SESSION, AND HOW IT OPENED.

The President's Message—The Treasurer's Report.

[Staff Correspondence of the Messenger.]

WASHINGTON, December 7.—The second session of the 49th Congress opened in a snow-storm yesterday at 12 o'clock. Three-fourths of the members of the House, and forty-nine Senators were present.

Vance, Randall, Green, Henderson, Skidmore, Johnston and Cowles were all in the city, although I did not see Mr. Henderson in his seat. Judge Bennett is detained at home by the illness of a member of his family. Leave of absence has been granted to him.

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All interest involved. In other words, that there is not time enough for proper consideration of the subject at this session. He gave notice that he would call up the resolution day after tomorrow for the purpose of submitting remarks upon it.

The President's message has stirred up the protective workers of the Republican persuasion.

Mr. Dawes submitted a resolution instructing the finance committee to inquire into the tariff subject in order to ascertain how the surplus revenue may be reduced without injury to business or to labor. It was ordered printed.

Mr. Van Vleet introduced a bill to change the tariff laws so as to put sugar, molasses and lumber on the free list. The right of the Senate to originate such legislation has been denied by the House, but Senator Van Vleet intends to make the fight for his bill.

On motion of Mr. Hoar the Pacific Railroad funding bill was made a special order for Tuesday, December 21st, at 2 o'clock, with the same rights as it now has.

A resolution submitted by Mr. Ingalls was adopted, calling upon the land commissioner to explain why the lands once granted to the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company and forfeited by the act of Congress last session, have not been thrown open to public entry. Mr. Ingalls said the commissioner, in response to inquiries on the subject, had twice replied that the lands would be ready for entry in a few days, and as a month has elapsed without reply he (Ingalls) thought the delay should be explained.

Mr. Ingalls spoke of Commissioner Sparks as looking upon himself as the only honest man in the country, and as regarding every man who sought to enter public lands as a kleptomaniac. The trouble with the Secretary is that if he and Sparks were the only men in the country what he says of the latter would be strictly true.

The department changes are more numerous of late. In addition to those already mentioned in the Treasury, the following have just occurred in the Interior Department: Appointed chiefs of divisions, at \$2,000 a year salary, H. Grier, of Pennsylvania; W. J. Hillgraves, of Indiana; the Republican incumbents were reduced in rank and not discharged. Quite a number of minor appointments, resignations and promotions occurred, among the latter Wm. M. Chaplain, of North Carolina, from the thousand dollar class of clerks in the General Land Office to \$1,200.

The absurd story published in the New York World that Mr. Morrison was to be offered the Clerkship of the House was started by the enemies of the Democratic leader for the purpose of injuring him. Of course there is no such thought entertained.

An example of the promptness of the Government Printing office under a new management was given Saturday. The estimates were sent there at 8 o'clock this morning, with the request that they be bound and got ready for the committee as soon as possible. At 10 o'clock, just two hours later, the handsomely leather-bound books of estimates were in the hands of the committee. It is probably the fastest piece of work ever done there.

On Monday morning, about 2 o'clock, the large building at the corner of D and Ninth street, known as Lincoln Hall, and occupied in part by the Spencerian Business College and the Spencerian Printing Office, was burned. The Spencerian family and other occupants barely escaped from the flames. Nothing definite as to the origin of the fire is known, although some believe it was due to defective heating arrangements, others to incendiaries. The building cost \$123,000 in 1868. It was insured for \$40,000. The Spencers were losers above insurance \$5,000. The loss will go on in another building. Several stores on the first floor were burned. The total loss was about \$200,000.

NORTH CAROLINA NOTES.

At a meeting to-day of the Government and other promoters of the Permanent Exposition, Gen. Wm. R. Cox represented Gov. Scales.

Hon. Thomas M. Holt, Col. Yarborough, internal revenue collector of the 4th district; Maj. Gatling, of Raleigh; Mr. Thomas R. Ransom, and Mr. Pierre Bayard Cox, arrived in the city this morning. Their train was snow-bound, and I heard wrecked near Alexandria.

Young Mr. Cox comes to take Mr. Womack's vacancy in Gen. Cox's clerkship of the Select Committee of Civil Service Reform.

Some of ex-Governor Jarvis' friends expected him to arrive here last night from New York, where he landed last week from Brazil.

Senator Vance starts for Boston to-night, where he will deliver a lecture to-morrow evening.

Mr. John Willis Hays, of Oxford, who is an assistant in the Geological Survey, gave an account in Monday's New York World of his experience among the moonshiners while on a recent surveying party in the mountains of North Carolina. He is a regular contributor to some of the Northern magazines and newspapers, and writes good matter.

In the Book of Estimates for appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1888, I find the following amounts estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury for North Carolina: District Judges, Eastern and Western, each \$3,500 salary; District Attorneys, each district \$200; Marshals, Eastern, \$400; Western, \$200; Eastern Clerks, each agency \$800; officers quarters Wilmington Marine Hospital \$7,000; for establishing Pamlico light house station to replace old one on the point \$25,000; for improving harbor at Beaufort, \$69,000, completing improvement in improving water ways between Newber and Beaufort, \$38,000; improving Cape Fear River above Wilmington \$30,000; and at below Wilmington, \$245,000; Contentment Creek, \$20,000; Currituck Sound and North River Bar, \$30,000; Memorial, \$4,000; Neuse, \$46,000; Pamlico and Tar, \$5,000; Trent, \$11,000; Dan, between Danville and Madison, \$1,500; a post light between Cape Fear at the mouth of Cape Fear for hydrographic examination of Cape Fear. Lookout, \$500; janitor of the Charlotte assay office, \$540; Greensboro postoffice and court house Janitor, \$720; laborer and fireman, \$540; Raleigh court house and postoffice Janitor, \$720; laborer \$540, engineer and fireman \$720; watchman \$600; Wilmington custom house Janitor, \$600; watch \$540. The 1887 estimates are not reprinted here as in the Book.

A. H. Evans has been appointed acting postmaster at Buckland. The postoffice site at Oldham, Forsyth county, is changed to a point one and a half miles west.

Mail messenger service has been established at Mt. Johnston county, W. & W. R. R., as often as may be required; at Smithfield from the W. & W. R. R., as often as required.

Star mail service from Goldsboro to Walter and back, three times a week by a schedule not exceeding two hours running time each way. C. W. H.

TOBACCO SEED!

The best varieties for every type of tobacco. Get the best and grow fine tobacco, which is wanted and always pays. Price 25 cents per ounce or \$2.00 per pound. Write for descriptive list of Tobacco Seed and the best and most prolific Seed CORN. R. L. RAGLAND, Kyco, Virginia. dec13 8m

Notice!

Whitaker, Ballance & Co. having bought the interest of R. E. Cox, in the Drug and Grocery Business.

Will continue the same at the old stand of Cox & Ballance. Where will also be found a full and complete line of Christmas Goods, Toys, &c.,

Thanking the public for the patronage bestowed upon the old firm, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. L. T. WHITAKER, J. H. BALLANCE, M. B. OVERMAN, Fremont, N. C., Dec. 1, 1886. dec13 1f

AT COST!

FRESH SODA CRACKERS. FRESH LEMON CRACKERS. FRESH MIXED CAKES.

We are selling B. F. Gravelly's best grade of Chewing Tobacco at 60 cents per pound. Meats, Flour, Lard, Sugar, Molasses, and Groceries generally.

AT LOWEST FIGURES. Dundee Bagging, suitable for matting for 75 cents per yard. Call and see us and save money. M. L. LEE & CO. dec-13-1f

Statement of Per Diem and Mileage.

Table with columns for Name, Per Diem, Mileage, and Total. Lists names like Hooks, B. F., and amounts.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true transcript from the records of my office. W. T. GARDNER, Register of Deeds, Raleigh, N. C. dec-13-1f

DO YOU WANT GUINEA PIGS?

Some interesting pets, of a live nature and "cute" ways? I have a supply of that I will sell at \$2.00 a pair. dec-13-1f T. R. ROBINSON, at Kirby & Robinson's drug store.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

We have the most complete assortment of Candies, Cakes and Crackers, ever before offered to the retail trade. Buying in large quantities, as we do, we are enabled to sell them at Very Lowest Prices!

We also have a large and varied assortment of Fire Works, and, to the retail trade, we offer special inducements. Send in your orders. We will guarantee prices, and the goods, as ever, will be the very best the market furnishes.

APPLES, ORANGES AND NUTS of all kinds, always on hand. JOHN MURPHY & SON, Goldsboro, N. C., Dec. 6, '86.-1f

FOR SALE.

Eighty-eight and one quarter acres of good farming lands, mostly cleared, three miles from Goldsboro. Has comfortable Land well adapted to trucking business. Terms easy. Apply to D. W. SMITH, Seven Springs, N. C. dec-13-1f

FOR SALE.

A Lot of PICTURE Mouldings. dec-13-1f AT THIS OFFICE.

New Advertisements.

MESSENGER OPERA-HOUSE

J. A. BONITZ, Proprietor. ONE NIGHT ONLY. MONDAY, DECEMBER 27. REAPPEARANCE OF THE JOLLY FAVORITES.

Howorth's Double Show. GRAND HIBERNICA AND Dublin Dan Comedy Company.

A Superior Specialty Company headed by BRYAN O'LYNN, the greatest of all "Irish Jokes" in Howorth's Latest Laugable Success.

THE TWO DANS

Or, Merry Macs and Lively O's. Positively the best organization of the kind in existence, exhibiting the grandest scenery ever witnessed in a Grand Tour Through Ireland.

Giving more fun free from vulgarity than any show traveling. 14 Specialty Artists. 14 GREAT COMEDIANS. 6 Introducing their characteristic and refined specialties.

Brass Band and Orchestra Under the leadership of Prof. SCOTT SNOW, the eminent Cornet Soloist. NOVEL, REFINED, NEAT. NEW MUSIC, SONGS AND DANCES.

POPULAR PRICES: General Admission, 50 Cents. Children, 25 Cents. Gallery, 15 Cents. Reserved seats at Kirby & Robinson's drug store without extra charge.

Mortgage Sale!

By virtue of a power of sale in the mortgage deed executed to me by Isaac Read, duly recorded in Liber 60, page 76, I shall on the 8th day of January 1887, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door in Goldsboro, sell publicly, for cash to the highest bidder, the land therein conveyed, to satisfy the debt secured by said mortgage. I. S. D. SAULS, Mortgagee. Dec. 8, 1886.-1d

Granville Institute,

Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. Spring Session begins January 26, 1887. The Principal will be assisted by a corps of six Superior Teachers, selected for special excellence in the departments over which they are to preside.

MISS A. J. HAMME, a graduate of Music Vale, afterwards a pupil of Prof. Steinmuller, of Baltimore, gives lessons on the piano, violin, and organ. Her pupils are required to play at the monthly recitals, which keeps them interested, and stimulates them to practice. The art department is under the charge of Miss B. Roberts, from Cooper Institute, and for three years the President of the Art Decorative Society of Baltimore. Board and tuition in English, Mathematics, Latin, Instrumental Music, Calisthenics and class singing for five months, \$100.00. Vocal Music, French, German, Drawing, and Painting extra. For particulars, address the Principal. MISS B. CLARKE. dec-13-1f

NOTICE!

By virtue of an order heretofore issued by the Superior Court of Greene County in certain proceedings wherein C. P. Farmer and others, Executors of S. P. Cox, dec'd, and others, were petitioners; I will sell, on the 1st day of January, 1887, at the Court House door in Snow Hill, by public auction to the highest bidder, the following described tract of land situated in Greene and Wayne Counties, adjoining the lands of Mrs. W. J. Exum, Mrs. B. T. Person, P. Farmer and others, it being a part of the Ruffin land, formerly owned by S. P. Cox, and containing 1094 acres, more or less.

Terms—One half cash and the balance in twelve months at 8 per cent interest—title to be retained until the purchase money is paid. C. P. FARMER, Commissioner. December 1, 1886.-1d

FOR RENT.

Ten-horse crop to rent or lease to a good responsible party. There is 150 acres situated near Goldsboro, N. C., which produce an excellent yield of good corn and cotton land, splendid red pasture sufficient to pasture a hundred head of stock. Good hog range. Wagons, mules and farming utensils, including a good threshing machine. Farm situated 3 miles from Goldsboro, 3 miles from railroad. Wm. BONITZ, Goldsboro, N. C.

Christmas Cards!

A large variety of beautiful Christmas Cards, at wholesale prices, now open, at WHITAKER'S BOOKSTORE.

For Rent.

House and Lot on East Centre Street, suitable for boarding house. Apply to MRS. M. A. C. O'LEARY, Kinston, N. C. nov-22-2w

For Sale!

1 Hub Mortiser and Borer. 1 Moulding Machine. 1 Tenoner. 1 Turning Lathe. Saws, Shafting, Belts, and a lot of other machinery and patterns for wood work. Apply to J. A. BONITZ, Goldsboro, N. C. mch-4-1w

CLINTON HOTEL, CLINTON, N. C.

The present Proprietor has rented this property with the purpose of making it a comfortable and pleasant resort for his friends and the public, and it has accordingly been thoroughly renovated and made in every way desirable, and the charges will conform to the strictest order of the times. My motto is: "Give the hungry, rest the weary and make all who remain contented." Terms always reasonable and liberal. For all points in the country. WILLIAM E. BASS, Proprietor. apr-1f