

Goldsboro Messenger

JULIUS A. BONITZ, Editor.

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THE TRANSCRIPT AND MESSENGER, a 64 column weekly, the cheapest and largest political paper published in North Carolina.

THE MESSENGER PUBLISHING HOUSE, J. A. BONITZ, Proprietor, GOLDSBORO, N. C.

THURSDAY, - DECEMBER 30, 1886

The French papers are still pegging away at England.

BELLONA bristles. France and Italy are arming, and Germany is massing troops on the French border.

The General Assembly will convene on Monday next. The organization of the House is looked forward to with some interest.

A PREACHER was arrested on the classic Chattahoochee to-day with forty gallons of blockade whisky in a two-horse wagon.

The annual report of the Civil Service Commission will be ready about February 1. It will be an encouraging review of the year's reforms.

The Inter-State Commerce bill goes over for consideration until after the holidays. The opinion is that the measure will pass substantially as agreed upon in conference.

The English cause celebre has resulted in a rejection of the petitions of both parties. The Colin Campbells must remain yoke-fellows whether or no.

The recent decision of the North Carolina Supreme Court is practically the same as that in the Wash case. It shows that no regulation of railroad traffic on lines operating partly in one State and partly in another can be effectual which is not done by Federal authority.

EVERY now and then old man Hoar does something to nullify his former unsavory record as a partisan. His recent championship of the bill which passed the Senate, chiefly by Democratic vote, to repeal the Tamm-Office law was worthy of Charles Sumner. Hoar is a long way from being the worst man in the besotted Republican party.

At last, after eight years' trial, the bill to increase the militia appropriation has passed the House of Representatives. Of course it will pass the Senate, for the same or a similar bill has several times before gone through that body to be defeated or ignored in the popular assembly.

A SPECIAL from Taklehuah, I. T., says: "Taklehuah is now connected with the rest of the world in having a line of telephone to Muskogee connecting with the wires. This enterprise is owned and operated by Cherokees, and the people are delighted with it."

THE farmers through this section have suffered very severely in their meat supplies from hog cholera. Many who heretofore have always made a plentiful supply of meat are now confronted with the necessity of having to buy Western meat, for they will have to do so during the coming year.

PRACTICAL LEGISLATION.

It is to be hoped that the Legislature, soon to assemble, will not lose sight of the importance of a little practical legislation, as their predecessors seem to have done.

We have had any amount of experimental legislation and of sentimental legislation "ad nauseum," for many years past, and it is believed that the sixty days allowed to our law-makers, could not be better employed, than in attending to the many matters of practical importance, upon which legislation is imperatively needed.

What for instance is of more importance to the people than the speedy and effectual administration of justice? Under our present judiciary system it is evident that this is not attainable. With all our State pride, and we have much to be proud of, it must be admitted that it is greatly inferior to most, if not all of our sister States.

In each of the States north and south of us, Virginia and South Carolina, the assertion is certainly true. They have retained to a much greater extent than we have, their former system of courts, which a long experience had demonstrated was effective in suppressing crime, and afforded speedy justice, while our legislators have recklessly and ruthlessly abolished a system, which it took generations of the wisest and ablest of our lawmakers to construct and perfect.

All changes necessary to adopt our laws to the altered condition in which we found ourselves, after the termination of the late war, could have been made, as was done in the States just mentioned, and our time-honored judiciary system, with a little addition perhaps to its machinery, could have been spared, and much of the complaint which is now made, of the administration of justice, would, it is believed, have been avoided.

But if it is too much to hope for that so radical a change shall be made at this late day, it is not too much to expect and demand, that such alterations and improvements shall be made in our present system of courts as will ensure a more speedy and efficient administration of justice. This our next incoming Legislature can do, and ought to do, the first thing they undertake after their assembly.

To begin then with our highest court. They should provide for the amendment of our State Constitution so as to add two more judges to the present number. The business of the court has increased to such an extent that the labor is too great for three persons to perform, with the thorough and careful consideration which all of its adjudications should receive. The decisions of our highest court ought to be carefully made, and thoroughly and maturely considered before they are published for the guidance and government of the inferior courts and the public.

The judicial districts of the State ought to be reformed so that courts of adjoining counties should conflict with each other as little as possible. This could be accomplished by establishing an inferior system of courts upon as permanent a basis as the Superior Courts are now established, and not dependent as the late Inferior Courts were, upon the whim and caprice of selfish politicians and unprincipled demagogues. We have had enough local option legislation, and the worst of which was that which applied to our courts of justice. Our judiciary ought to be independent, and as far removed as possible from the corrupt atmosphere of politics. "A dependent judiciary," said Chancellor Kent, many years ago, "is the greatest curse that can befall any people."

The courts of justices of the peace ought not to be overlooked. It is believed that there are about five thousand justices of the peace in the State. They do a large amount of business of the utmost importance to the people. Their jurisdiction should be extended, and their pay increased, in order to secure a more competent class of men to fill these offices. They should have full jurisdiction over all ordinary misdemeanors, including carrying concealed weapons, and cases of larceny when the value of the property is small, and many other trivial offences, which now burden the dockets of our Superior Courts. In criminal actions and all actions of tort, at least, they should be allowed the same fees the clerks of the Superior Court now receive for like services. As constables are allowed the same fees that sheriffs receive it is difficult to understand why justices of the peace are not permitted to receive the same fees that are allowed to clerks of the Superior Court for the same services. No one familiar with the duties imposed by law upon these officers, it is believed, will hesitate to say that the additional legislation above indicated is now needed.

We publish to-day another interesting letter from the Hon. Thomas R. Jernigan, Consul General of the United States at Hiogo, Japan. In this connection it is gratifying to see the high compliment paid Mr. Jernigan on his recent report sent to the State Department, relative to the trade and commerce of Japan. It has been acknowledged by the department "as interesting and valuable," and has been copied in several of the leading trade magazines, such as "The American Mail and Exporter," and others.

REDUCE THE SURPLUS.

Again the MESSENGER urges upon the Congress the importance of reducing at once the large surplus in the Treasury. Fifty odd millions of money over and above all possible expenditures of the government is too great a sum to be hoarded. Taxation in this country is not constitutional except for public purposes. Let the tariff be reduced. Let the internal taxes be reduced, if they cannot be abolished.

The people will not much longer stand this fooling. They expect their Senators and Representatives to be equal to a task no greater than the framing and passing of a bill to cut off useless taxes. They demand, what they have the right to demand, that the present high tariff shall be so altered that no more money shall be collected than is necessary for the economical running of the government. They demand that taxes which oppress great communities, and which are contrary to the spirit of our institutions, as well as opposed to Democratic party traditions, shall be repealed or gradually extinguished. Down with the high tariff! Down with the inquisitorial, tyrannical internal taxes on tobacco and brandy!

The 49th Congress should not leave the 50th the duty which has been owing all these years by every American Congress since the war. Down with the high tariff! Down with the internal taxes on brandy and tobacco! Once more we urge upon members of the House from Northern and Western States this great, imperative duty. Our own members have all along understood it. They have done what was possible. Randall and Morrison stood in the way. The end of the 49th Congress will soon be here. Therefore, we appeal to the great North and the mightier West to do justice by the South, to repeal the high duties and the burdensome, unnecessary taxes. Down with the high tariff! Down with the internal taxes on brandy and tobacco.

The whole country is interested in the tariff. The South chiefly is interested in the internal revenue. Reduce both, because only in that course of legislation can the balances be held equal. Reduce the tariff alone and you may not reduce the surplus. Reduce the internal taxes and you surely reduce the surplus. Imports may increase with low duties. But there ought to be reduction in the interests of the mass of the people. The manufacturers can stand it. The laboring people will be benefited by it. It is right and justice and sound policy. Down with the high tariff! Down with the oppressive features of internal taxation!

RUPTURE OF THE TORY GOVERNMENT.

The resignation from the Tory English Cabinet of Lord Randolph Churchill, Chancellor of the Exchequer, was a great surprise in London and caused a sensation. The Queen was angry, because he had not given her the usual notice. Lord Salisbury, the Premier, was in the country at his residence.

Churchill's alleged reason, the excess over ordinary demands of the army and navy estimates due to apprehension of war, is deemed a mere pretext to cover his real reason, opposition to the government's attitude on the Irish and domestic questions. It is said that he demanded reforms in the fiscal administration to which his colleagues in the cabinet refused assent, and he forthwith resigned.

It is considered to be probable that Lord Randolph and Mr. Chamberlain will form a fourth or Radical party, and seek an alliance with Gladstone and Parnell. It is stated, too, that Chamberlain in this event could bring thirty-five Parliamentary votes. It is not known just how many Tories would follow Churchill. But there are thirty or forty who usually train with the leader of the younger Tories. Much, however, will depend on how Lord Salisbury's plans work.

The Irish rejoice greatly at Lord Randolph Churchill's resignation, because it is a sign of the break-up of the Tory party. It ought to be stated in this connection that recent speeches of Mr. Chamberlain point toward a reconciliation with Gladstone.

The President has declined to interfere in the case of Col. G. O. P. Burnside, who will be remembered as the disbursing officer of the Postoffice Department, who was charged with defalcation. Before trial, however, he was adjudged insane and confined in the government hospital for the insane, and of which he is still an inmate. The application for executive clemency and release from the hospital was a personal appeal from his wife, who felt that she could take entire charge of him with benefit. In considering the matter the President was informed by the hospital authorities that Col. Burnside is still insane. He, therefore, decided that he is in the proper place if insane, and if not he should be made to stand trial.

ABOUT MINISTER MANNING.

Thomas C. Manning, United States Minister to Mexico, in a letter to Percy Roberts, of New Orleans, denies the statements that have been published concerning him. He states that he has been ill, and appends a certificate from his physician saying that he has been long confined to his bed and threatened with pneumonia; also a statement from a prominent Mexican citizen, who refers to the Department of State at Washington for his status. This gentleman occupies the room adjoining that of Mr. Manning, and he states that he never saw Mr. Manning under the influence of liquor. The steward of the hotel certifies that Mr. Manning was never other than sober. The false statements published about Mr. Manning were not communicated to him during his illness, by order of his physician, and he but recently learned of them. As soon as he was sufficiently recovered he communicated with friends in New Orleans with a view of having it published.

The MESSENGER prints these extraordinary statements with the greatest pleasure.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER NEWS, VIEWS AND MATTERS OF INTEREST ABOUT THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, December 27.—A few of the remaining members think that the President will call the 50th Congress in extra session, immediately upon the adjournment of its predecessor if no bill for reduction of the Treasury surplus is passed. It is not probable.

The general work of the 49th Congress this short session has been exceptionally good, but the House has not passed so many appropriation bills as some of its predecessors. The Army and the Navy are the only important appropriation measures, but the urgent Deficiency has also passed the House. In the 48th Congress only one of these bills had gone through the House before the holidays; in the 47th, however, when there was no regular adjournment, there were five; and in the 45th, seven.

The following appropriations were reported besides those elsewhere noted as passed by the House: Military Academy, Pensions and Indian.

The First Comptroller has disallowed the claim of Col. John S. Mosby for a return of fees amounting to \$5,016, which were, he claimed, incorrectly turned into the Treasury while he was consul at Hong Kong.

The Ways and Means Committee has authorized Mr. Breckinridge of Arkansas to make a favorable report upon his bill for the reorganization of the internal revenue districts. The bill reduces the number of revenue districts and lessens the expense of the service, in accordance with the recommendations of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in his annual report.

The President is allowed always thirty days in which to send in nominations for persons appointed in his recess; that time will expire on Tuesday, January 4, before Congress reconvenes. Judge Manning's friends are uneasy.

The President and his wife will pass the early part of the holidays at Oak View, with Mrs. Polson.

Secretary Lamar is said to be visiting his old sweet-heart in Georgia. Secretary Endicott has gone to his home, Salem, Massachusetts.

Since the 4th of October, when the first one-dollar silver certificates were issued, the amount of them is \$6,300,000. The first two-dollar certificates were issued on December 6. The total of them thus far is \$1,040,000. The demand is still greater than the supply, but the Treasury Department is doing its best.

The Department closed yesterday at 12 o'clock. They will remain closed until Monday morning on account of the Christmas holiday. A very little committee work will be done in the vacation. The subcommittee of the Committee on Naval Affairs has begun work on the appropriation bill.

Theoe is bringing his claims forward indicating that there is a purpose to affect if possible Speaker Carlisle's prospects for re-election to the Speakership rather than to obtain his seat. In other words Mr. Theoe appears to be playing into somebody's hands. The charges are brought piece-meal. It is not thought that they are serious.

Capt. William Walker Moore, for twenty-six years managing editor of the National Intelligencer, a native of Maryland and venerable citizen of this District, died Thursday morning. At the meeting Thursday at the White House of the Washington Monument Commission, the President and other members were present. Mr. W. W. Corcoran presided. The annual report of Engineer Casey was read. The commission decided to fill up Babcock Lake. Plans for extending the terrace into a large irregular mound were adopted. The commission will recommend to the Congress that the monument be turned over to the permanent care of the engineer corps of the War Department. It will also recommend that all suitable privileges, including money to run the elevator, be accorded to the public.

Recent visitors: Lex Lanier, of Oxford; Mr. and Mrs. Pennell, of Philadelphia, on their way to winter at Newbern, stop a few days at Capt. Hussey's; Mr. Herbert T. Jenkins, of Warren; Prof. E. A. De Searville; A. Buford and wife, Greensboro; Col. J. N. Staples went home for two days last night.

The following North Carolina Representatives went home: Messrs. Cox, Skinner and O'Hara. Mr. Johnston went to Spartanburg, S. C., where Mrs. Johnston is staying with her mother's family. Messrs. Bennett, Green and Cowles remained. Mr. Henderson is in Baltimore for treatment of his eyes by a celebrated German specialist. Gen. Ransom expected to return home, but was detained by the illness of Mr. Thomas R. Ransom, his son. The latter is better to-day. He had a

high fever on Friday, and his father feared he would be severely ill.

Miss Minnie Best, a clerk in the Postoffice Department, has been promoted to \$1,000 salary. The negro assailant of Mrs. Page, John L. West, was released on bail Thursday, W. H. Lee having gone on his bond for \$2,000. The trial of the soundrel will take place on the 17th of January. C. W. H.

New Advertisements.

Piano Lessons. Apply to Miss Mary Dewey, at the Graded School or at her home. dec30-1m

FOR RENT!

The spacious 6 room dwelling on John street (known as the Methodist Parsonage). Excellent water, out-houses, &c. Apply to N. W. MUGRAVE, dec30-2w Fremont, N. C.

Boarders Wanted.

In private family, at reasonable rates. Can accommodate a few with regular board, and furnish table board to several gentlemen. Apply to MRS. LOU JONES, at Baptist Parsonage. dec30-1m

NOTICE!

I am authorized to ask for bids from contractors to build a new Methodist church at South X Road's. Plan and specifications can be seen at my office, in Fremont, N. C. R. C. BEAMAN, dec30-1t

WANTED!

The undersigned desires a position as house servant or cook, or to help in the kitchen. He understands all sorts of household work and promises to make himself useful and to give satisfaction. Goldsboro through postoffice. Address: R. M. ELLISON, (col). dec30-2t

WANTED!

A man with family, sufficient to cultivate a two-horse crop, desires to rent or lease a farm of fertile land, in a good neighborhood—land over furnishing stock utensils, &c.—renter's supplies to be deducted from his portion of the crop. Address: "FARMER," Walter, N. C. Dec 30, '86-2w

MULES! MULES!!

FOUR MULES For Sale on time, good note at 8 per cent. (with security required), payable the 1st day of November, 1887. H. C. PARROTT, Goldsboro, N. C. dec30-2w

THE GENERAL AGENT for North Carolina will visit Goldsboro in a few days for the purpose of placing The National Mutual Life Association of Washington, D. C. This association is backed by capital, pays losses promptly and in full. The officers are leading business men of Washington. The plan commends itself by its simplicity as well as security. An energetic agent wanted for Goldsboro. Must give first-class references. Address: J. E. MILLER, Gen. Agent for N. C. dec30-3w4w Goldsboro P. O.

For Sale Very Cheap!

1 Kemp's Manure Spreader 1 Two-Horse Cultivator. 1 Two-Horse Wagon. Having sold my farm, these articles will be sold very cheap. Will keep for sale throughout the season by the box or barrel Fresh Florida Oranges, prices and condition of fruit guaranteed. Orders at and from home solicited. J. E. MILLER, Goldsboro, N. C. dec30-1w

NOTICE.

To Merchants, Traders, Keepers of Hotels, Restaurants, and Others: All persons now engaged in any trade, profession or business in Wayne county, North Carolina, under the laws of the State of North Carolina, and who are not licensed to do so, are hereby notified to come forward and renew their licenses on or before the 10th day of January, 1887, at this office for the ensuing year commencing January 1st, 1887. And all persons desiring to engage in any business must also obtain a license from the Justice of the Peace of the county in which they are engaged. Section 40 of the Revenue Act of 1855 enacts as follows:

"Every person who shall practice any trade or profession or use any franchise taxed by the laws of North Carolina, without having first paid the tax and obtained a license as herein required, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall also forfeit and pay to the State a penalty not to exceed twenty dollars, which penalty shall be a fine of the county in which it has occurred shall cause to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace of the county."

W. T. GARDNER, Register. dec30-2w

TIES! TIES! AT \$1.10

Must be Sold, R. E. PIPKIN.

WALNUT STREET, GOLDSBORO, N. C. dec30-1f

NOTICE!

To all whom it may concern, that application will be made to the next Legislature for the enlargement of the corporate limits of the Town of Fremont, Wayne county, N. C. B. F. AYCOCK, Mayor. Dec. 15th, 1886-4f

A. D. Ward, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

KENANSVILLE, N. C. Promptness and Diligence, Specialties. REFERENCES BY PERMISSION: Hon. Kemp Battle and Hon. John Manning, Chapel Hill; Hon. Thomas Kenan, Raleigh; Hon. Howell Cashier, Bank of New Haven, Goldsboro; Hon. J. B. Moore, President Bank of New Hanover, Wilmington. dec30-1f

New Advertisements.

SEEDS! SEEDS! Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Grain and Potatoes, Garden and Flower Seeds, Vegetable & Flowering Plants. Prices quoted on application. Descriptive Catalogue mailed FREE. Correspondence Solicited.

T. W. WOOD & SONS SEEDSMEN.

No. 10 S. FOURTEENTH ST. RICHMOND, VA. Mention this paper.

Land For Sale!

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Wayne County, made the 29th day of Nov. 1886, in the case of Jesse Sauls, guardian of Virginia Barnes, et parte. I will sell by public auction, at the Court House door in Goldsboro, to the highest bidder, on Monday the 24th of January, 1887, at 12 o'clock. The tract of land belonging to said Virginia Barnes, (subject to the dower of Sally Sauls) lying in Wayne county, on the west side of Aycock swamp, adjoining the lands of Thomas Davis and others, being the land which descended to the said Virginia Barnes from her father Larry Barnes, known as the Robert Davis lands, containing one hundred and sixty-one acres, fully described in a deed from Jethro Aycock to Larry Barnes.

Terms: One fourth cash, balance on notes payable in one and two years from day of sale, bearing interest at 8 per cent. Title retained until purchase money paid. JESSE SAULS, Guardian. VIRGINIA BARNES. Dec. 24, 1886. d30-4w

WANTED!

By a gentleman of some experience, a situation as teacher in a good school. Intention to build up a school. Address at once, P. M. Albertsons, N. C. dec23-2w

IF YOU WANT MORE CREDIT PAY UP!

In a few days the year 1887 will be upon us, and we earnestly request all of our customers (and when we say ALL we mean each and everyone) to pay up at once, if they expect us to sell them another year. We need the money and hope to have all accounts balanced by January 1, 1887. Very respectfully, M. L. LEE & CO. dec23-1f

Wayne Superior Court

STANDING RULES. To save expense to the County and loss of time in the unnecessary attendance of witnesses, the following Standing Rules are adopted:

All capital cases are returnable on the first day of the term. As to all other cases, witnesses, both before the Grand Jury and the Court, in cases on criminal docket will attend as follows: 1. Goldsboro Township—Cases from Goldsboro Township will be taken up Monday of the first week.

2. North of Newse River and East of W. & W. R. R.—Witnesses in cases sent up from that part of the county lying North of Newse River and East of W. & W. R. R. (except Goldsboro Township) will not attend till Tuesday of first week.

3. North of Newse River and West of W. & W. R. R.—Witnesses in cases sent up from that part of the county lying North of Newse River and West of W. & W. R. R. (except Goldsboro Township) will not attend till Wednesday of first week.

4. South of Newse River—Witnesses in cases sent up from that part of the county lying South of Newse River, will not attend before Thursday of first week.

Cases will be marked and assigned to that part of the county in which the offence occurred, and not to the township of the residence of the defendant. Magistrates, in binding over defendants, will bind them over, and also recognize witnesses to that day of each Court which is set apart as above, to the respective localities.

Witnesses while they need not attend before the days above specified, will attend thereafter till discharged. Witnesses in all civil cases, from whatever part of the county, will not attend before first Friday of each Court, except at the terms which are for civil business only, at which they will attend on Monday, unless a calendar is set.

Witnesses, whether in civil or criminal cases, attending before days as above specified, cannot prove their attendance for such prior time. All witnesses in both civil and criminal cases will take notice of the above days, and are not to be re-subpoenaed to such time, and no fees for issuing or serving subpoenas contrary to this rule will be taxed in the costs.

The Clerk of the Court will upon the criminal docket at each Court group the cases, which, by this rule, will be for hearing on each of the days as above specified. A copy of these Standing Rules will be printed and sent to each of the Justices of the Peace in the County, with request to paste in his docket, and to notify witnesses and defendants in every case thereof.

These are permanent Rules and will remain in force until revoked or modified by some subsequent Court, after due notice to the Magistrates and the public. By order of the Court, A. T. Grady, Clerk Superior Court. Dec. 20, 1886-1f

Johnston High School,

WILSON'S MILLS, N. C. R. L. HOLLOWELL, B. S., - - - Principal. Male and Female.

Thoroughness in every department. Students prepared for any College in the State, or for business. No intoxicants sold in the village. Large and convenient school building. Good board at private families near the school for \$7.00 per month. Tuition \$1.50 to \$3.00 per month. Languages each \$2.00 extra. Regular lectures given during the term by the principal. Next term begins January 2d, 1887. For further information address R. L. HOLLOWELL, Prin., Wilson's Mills, Johnston Co., N. C. dec16-2m

New Advertisements.

MESSENGER OPERA-HOUSE J. A. BONITZ, Proprietor. WEDNESDAY, JAN. 12, '87. GRAND CONCERT BY THE CELEBRATED MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB OF BOSTON. ORGANIZED 1849.

JOHN MARQUARDT, (from London), Solo Violin. FRITZ SCHADE, Violin. THOMAS RYAN, Solo Clarinette and Viola. WILLIAM SCHADE, Solo Flute and Viola. LOUIS BLUMENBERG, Solo Violoncell, and Miss ALICE RYAN, Prima Donna Soprano.

PRICES: GENERAL ADMISSION.....75 Cents. CHILDREN.....50 Cents. RESERVED SEATS.....\$1.00. COMBINATION RESERVED SEATS (Gentlemen and Ladies).....\$1.50. For Sale at Kirby & Robinson's drug store.

NOTICE!

I am now located on the Corner of West Centre and Chesnut Streets. Store formerly occupied by A. H. KEATON.

I am carrying a Stock SECOND TO NONE in the city. My prices are as low, (quali y considered) as can be made by any house in the State. I extend a cordial invitation to all, to call and see me. Repectfully, I. B. FONVIELLE. dec 20-1f

Sale of Personal Property!

On Friday, the 7th day of January, 1887, at my residence, I will sell all my personal property, consisting of 2 fine Black Mules, six years old, 1 other Mule and 2 Horses, 1 Wagon, 5 Carts, 1 Cultivator, 1 Patent Harrow, 1 Buggy and Double Set of Harness and Pole, a lot of Plows, Hoes and other Farming Implements. Also a lot of Corn and Potatoes. Also for rent an Eight horse Farm. dec23-2w M. W. UZZELL.

COME TO GOLDSBORO

To buy your Horses and Mules. I best market in the State. I have a large lot of Mules and Horses, all of the best quality to keep at my old stand in front of Court House Square. Will sell for Cash or on Time. Come and try me. I will guarantee square dealing. dec20-1f J. F. SOUTHERLAND & CO.

NOTICE!

By virtue of an order heretofore made by the Superior Court of Greene County in certain proceedings wherein C. Farmer and others, Executors of S. Pox, dec'd, and others, were petitioners; will sell, on the 1st Monday in January 1887, at the Court House door in Snow Hill, by public auction to the highest bidder, the following described tract of land situate in Greene and Wayne Counties, adjoining the lands of Mrs. W. J. Exum, Mr. T. Person, C. P. Farmer and others, being a part of the Rutledge land, formerly owned by S. P. Cox, and containing 10 acres, more or less. Terms—one half cash and the balance in twelve months at 8 per cent interest—title to be retained until the purchase money is paid. C. P. FARMER, Commissioner. December 1, 1886-1d

MILK!

The undersigned would be leased to furnish a few more families, with fresh, pure milk. Patronage especially solicited in the southern or central parts of the city. Apply at residence or at the MESSENGER office. dec16-1f W. H. COLLINS.

WORLD OF WISDOM

We will give \$100.00 For any book ever published containing the valuable information for \$5.00. This one does. Never was there such a price. Information gathered in one volume for five in the form of this one, hence there is no trouble in getting it. It contains 128 pages 64 6x9 2/3. Bound in 16 full page colored diagrams. Bound in 100 for 9 days, another 100 for 6 days, another 100 for 3 days, another 100 for 2 days, another 100 for 1 day. Send for terms and circular giving list of contents. F. B. DICKERSON & CO. DETROIT, MICH. Mention this paper.

Dr. W. H. FINLAYSON,

CHESTNUT STREET, Goldsboro, N. C. Keeps pure and Fresh Drugs and Brown's Iron Bitters. I will sell Patent Medicines ten per cent less than usual price. Call on me; I am always about my place of business, and will take pleasure in waiting on any one in need of anything in my line. Respectfully, dec10-1f DR. W. H. FINLAYSON

Christmas Cards!

A large variety of beautiful Christmas Cards, at various prices, now open at WHITAKER'S BOOKSTORE