

# State Journal

VOL. III.

RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1862.

NO. 22.

MORNING EDITION.  
**The State Journal.**  
MONDAY, November 17, 1862.

### Terms:

For the present the terms of the DAILY paper will be as follows:  
12 months.....\$6 00  
6 ".....3 00  
3 ".....1 50  
For the TRI-WEEKLY, the terms will be:  
12 months.....\$4 00  
6 ".....2 00  
3 ".....1 00  
For the WEEKLY PAPER.....\$2 00  
6 ".....1 00  
No subscription to the Weekly will be received for less than six months.  
Single copies five cents.

### Rates of Advertising:

1 square, 1 day.....\$0 50 | 1 square, 5 days.....\$1 50  
1 do 2 days.....0 75 | 1 do 1 week.....1 75  
1 do 3 days.....1 00 | 1 do 2 weeks.....3 00  
1 do 4 days.....1 25 | 1 do 1 month.....5 00  
Ten lines make a square.  
Advertisements for the Daily will be inserted in the Tri-Weekly free of charge. This is an inducement which cannot fail to attract the attention of Advertisers. The above rates apply only to the daily paper. Advertisements will be inserted in the Weekly paper at the usual regular rates, viz., One dollar per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.  
Special Notices will be charged fifty per cent higher than the above rates—ten lines or less of headed matter making a square.  
A liberal discount to yearly advertisers.

### OUR DAILY PAPER.

We present our paper to-day much enlarged and somewhat improved. We promised this and we have fulfilled our promise. Our next change will be to a full sheet of the present size.

We are happy to inform our readers that our success far exceeds our expectation. As an evidence of the favor with which our new enterprise has been received we can state that within the first two weeks our circulation reached 1,000 copies of the Daily alone, and our list is running up rapidly. By Christmas we expect our circulation to reach 3,000 to 4,000. This is an unprecedented success in this State, and encourages us to greater exertions. We promise no more than to do our best.

We thank our friends for their encouragement and solicit an extension of public support.

### OUR DAILY FOR THE SESSION.

The Daily State Journal will contain full and accurate reports of the proceedings of the Legislature, by competent reporters. The paper will be supplied at \$1 per month. See our regular terms.

### TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

We lay the present number of our Daily paper on the desks of members. Those choosing to subscribe for it will please give their names to our Reporters or leave them at our office on Market Square. Terms, \$1 per month.

The Daily State Journal contains the latest news by telegraph from all parts of the world.

Between the hours of publication we shall post on the Bulletin Board in front of our office all the news we may receive. Members and the public generally, are invited to peruse it.

EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA.—No news of importance has reached us from below. We learn, however, that the enemy's gunboats have disappeared from the Albemarle Sound and have gone, it is supposed, to the James River. The fleet in the lower James, announced in our telegraphic news, leads strength to this suggestion.

### DONATIONS.

A friend has handed to us the following list of contributions, received by Capt. C. W. Garrett for N. C. Troops. It is highly creditable to the donors:

Mrs. H. W. Jones, 20 yards carpeting.  
Mrs. S. H. Bryan, 27 1/2 yards of carpeting.  
Mrs. Kemp P. Battle, 40 yards carpeting.  
Mrs. Penelope Cox, 25 yards carpeting.  
Mrs. Sarah L. Hogg, 33 1/2 yards carpeting.  
Mrs. Alfred Williams, 40 1/2 yards carpeting.  
E. J. Hale & Sons, 100 pair of shoes.  
Dr. L. S. Perry, 5 pair of woolen socks.  
L. F. Phillips, 27 yards carpeting.  
Carter B. Harrison, 4 blankets, 1 pair woolen socks.  
Capt. T. D. Hogg, 50 yards carpeting.  
Gen. J. G. Martin, 30 yards carpeting.  
A patriotic citizen \$1,000.  
Citizens of St. Mark's District, 1 mattress, 16 blankets, 7 quilts, 2 pair pants, 10 sheets, 9 pair drawers, 75 pair socks.

RESULT OF THE NORTHERN ELECTIONS.—The Herald sums up the result of the late Congressional elections at the North as follows:

Democrats	101
Republicans	83

### Democratic majority,

18

The Herald persistently says the idea that the Democrats elected to the next Congress should hold a Convention to define their views, and publish to the world authoritatively the meaning of the late elections.

The plain suggestions of this and other articles of the Herald are, that the recent Democratic triumph should be made the early occasion of laying the foundation of a Union party in the South. It is not improbable if these suggestions are followed the Democratic party of the North will ere long offer a plan for the reconstruction of the Union, based possibly, upon the exclusion of the New England States; the adoption of the Constitution of the Confederate States, and whatever other concessions might catch the superficial views of the people of the South. The hints of such an experiment upon the South are quite plain in recent outpourings of the Northern press.

The Herald indicates the policy of at once "relieving the people of the South of all delusions and false impressions as to the spirit and purposes of the conservative North." It thinks that the recent Democratic triumphs are forerunners of some great and beneficial enterprise; but it is careful to say that they do not invoke a treaty of peace upon any other basis than the integrity of the Union.—Examiner.

### CORRESPONDENCE OF THE STATE JOURNAL.

Goldsboro, Nov. 15, 1862.

DEAR SPEERMAN: Nothing new in communication to-day. The farmers are learning to take care of themselves, and are transferring themselves and their property beyond the immediate march of the Yankees. Still the exodus from the coast and the rivers is not as general as I think the necessity requires. The Daily State Journal is circulating widely and is anxiously sought after. Its reliability is generally acknowledged. The warning voice of the State Journal has saved hundreds of thousands of dollars to the citizens of Eastern Carolina, and would have incredibly increased the amount saved had it been more generally heeded. It is never too late to begin to do well, and I hope all good citizens who are now opposed to the yoke of the abolitionists will soon find themselves and their property in places of greater security.

I regret to see that Gen. Martin is again the subject of unprincipled insinuation, with a part of your Raleigh press. It has been asserted up there that the troops in the recent expedition were commanded by Gen. Martin and Gov. Vance. It is a canard. Gen. Martin is commended and honored and Gov. Vance acquitted and exulted. The subject will not admit of discussion. If Gen. Martin has become a nincompoop and coward as the Standard represents him, he has done so since he left the United States army and came home to defend the hearthstones of his ancestors and kindred. The immortal Albert Sydney Johnston died the victim of slanderous vituperation. I hope God will preserve the lives of Gen. Martin and his noble brethren in arms for the future defence of our country—which base cowards and traitors seem willing to betray for party purposes. If the Legislature should take the cue and dismiss Gen. Martin, as is evidently hoped and intended by his persecutors, his place will never be supplied. Of their power to do so, however, we have very reasonable doubts. I hope Gen. Martin is not hurt, however—the shafts of malignity seldom ever reach their mark. I must close for the mails. G.

### ARMY CORRESPONDENCE STATE JOURNAL.

Fort Caswell, N. C., November 6th, 1862.

Messrs. Editors: No change of importance at this post since my last communication. There are now two blockading steamers off the western bar, still keeping at a respectful distance, not being able from past experience to tell when our from whence a Whitworth may send an unwelcome messenger among them. The health of the troops is improving under the care and treatment of Drs. Lewis and Potter, who have shown themselves worthy of the confidence reposed in them.

The soldiers of this command are blessed with comfortable quarters, good clothes, enough to eat and regular pay. Would that the same could be said of each command within the borders of our glorious Confederacy. This command has thus far received all that the country had promised, and more than they under the circumstances, had a right to expect.

Our friends on the opposite side of the river have not been idle. A party of Yankees consisting of three commissioned officers and seventeen men landed somewhere in the neighborhood of Masonboro' Sound, on or about the 4th inst., to burn a vessel which they had chased ashore. Their boats got stove so they could not return—the entire party was surprised and taken by our pickets and delivered to Col. Lamb, at Fort Fisher.

From the fleet reported to be fitting up at the North to attack "one or more Southern ports," we may get a call and we are preparing to give them a warm reception. D. K. B.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders in the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company convened to-day at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Company's office.

On motion, O. G. Parsley, Esq., who held the State proxy, was called to the Chair, and L. H. DeRosset appointed Secretary.

The Secretary, with T. D. Walker, Esq., who held the proxy of the Wilmington & Manchester Railroad, constituted a committee to verify proxies and ascertain the amount of stock represented.

The committee having reported less than a quorum represented personally and by proxy, on motion the meeting adjourned, to assemble again on the first Thursday in December, at such point as may be designated by the President.

As a report of the President, Superintendent and Treasurer has been printed for the use of Stockholders, we shall at the earliest period avail ourselves of the information they contain.—Wilmington Journal 13th.

### REPORTED ADVANCE OF THE ENEMY ON THE BLACKWATER.

Reports were brought to the city last evening, of an advance of the enemy in force from Blackwater Ford, yesterday morning, and of the subsequent attack on our troops below Ivor. It is stated that the Yankees, several thousand strong, advanced to Blackwater Ford on Thursday evening, driving back our pickets, and holding possession of the Ford until early yesterday morning, when their force was divided—a portion going in the direction of Franklin, and the balance moving towards Ivor station. Of the further movements of the first portion we are not advised, but of the latter, it is known that a fight occurred at or near Mrs. Boykin's place, about four miles beyond Ivor. We have not learned the result, as our informant left Ivor while the engagement was progressing within hearing, and almost within sight. The enemy attacked us with cavalry and artillery, and we vigorously repulsed them. We shall probably hear further particulars to-day.

Blackwater Ford is about fourteen miles from Franklin, and eight from Ivor. As reinforcements were rapidly sent forward, it is reasonable to suppose that the Yankee made no headway.—Petersburg Express.

### Mail Arrangements at the Raleigh Post Office.

Northern Mail, Opens daily at 6 p. m.  
Eastern " " " " at 7 p. m.  
Western " " " " at 7 a. m.  
Southern " " " " at 6 p. m.  
Fayetteville " " " " at 7 a. m.  
Northern Mail Closes daily at 9 p. m.  
Eastern " " " " at 9 p. m.  
Western " " " " at 4 p. m.  
Southern " " " " at 4 p. m.  
Fayetteville " " " " at 6 p. m.

Office open for delivery of Mail from 7 a. m., to 7.30 p. m., during the week. On Sunday, from 8 to 9 a. m., and from 6 to 7 p. m.

NATIONAL CONVENTION.—A resolution has been offered in the Georgia House of Representatives, by Mr. Buford, of Chattahoochee, requesting a Convention of delegates from the several States of the Southern Confederacy, to be held at Richmond on the 10th day of January next, to consider the means of obtaining an early and honorable peace.

Coppers in North Carolina is made in Cleveland and Johnston Counties, and alum is found in McDowell County and elsewhere.

### BY TELEGRAPH.

From Northern Virginia.

Intelligence direct from the Army to-day represents everything quiet. The reported fight at Harper's Ferry is untrue.

From Western Virginia.

THE YANKEES IN THE KANAWHA—THE CAMPAIGN ABOUT CLOSED—NO RELIEF FOR EAST TENNESSEE.

The Louisville Journal of the 6th says: Our Army have pushed up the Kanawha to Charleston and met no serious opposition.

Millroy was to join him at Gauley on the 7th.

Morgan is near Charleston and Spears' brigade at Gollipolis.

The Journal says the campaign in Western Virginia is pretty much closed for the fall. It is impossible to push men over mountains into East Tennessee at this season. It thinks East Tennessee will have to look elsewhere for relief.

From the West.

SUPPLIES FOR THE ARMY OF THE WEST—BUELL COURT MARTIALED FOR PERMITTING BRAGG TO INVADE KENTUCKY.

CHATTANOOGA, 15.—A dispatch from Nashville has been received, which says: 100 wagons arrived there on the 10th. There was a prospect of being well supplied. A large force was at work on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, which will soon perfect communication between Louisville and Nashville.

The dispatch also says that Buell is to be tried by Court Martial for permitting the invasion of Kentucky by Bragg. It is thought singular, on the other hand, that Bragg is ordered to Richmond, for not whipping Buell. The Court Martial is to be held at Cincinnati.

Negley occupied the late residence of Gen. Zollicoffer in Nashville.

The Nashville Union of a late date says the City Council voted Anly Johnson \$29,000 for his patriotic defence of Nashville.

From the North.

M'CLELLAN'S REMOVAL—THE ORDER FOR IT—ENTIRELY UNEXPECTED BY ALL—A SCENE—M'CLELLAN CRIES AND BURNSIDE CHIES—"YOUNG NAPOLEON'S" FAREWELL TO HIS TROOPS—FEELING AT THE NORTH ON THE SUBJECT.

Richmond, Nov. 16.

The order removing M'Clellan is dated the 5th inst., and reads:

By the direction of the President of the United States it is ordered that Maj. Gen. M'Clellan be relieved from the command of the Army of the Potomac, and that Maj. Gen. Burnside take command of that army.

By order of the Secretary of War.

The New York Herald's Warrenton correspondent says:

The removal was entirely unexpected by everybody here. Tears coursed down M'Clellan's classic features, and Burnside, with his stout, heavy frame, wept like a sorrowing child. They sat and wept. Burnside was at first disposed to decline assuming the command.

M'Clellan in his farewell address to the army says:

In parting from you I cannot express the love and gratitude I bear to you. As an army you have grown under my care. In you I have never found doubt or coldness. He says they are still united by an indissoluble and will ever be comrades in supporting the Constitution of the country and the nationality of its people.

At a New York democratic meeting, John Van Buren said that M'Clellan was removed because he was a democrat, and that Burnside is but a mere intermediate between M'Clellan and some Abolition General that is to be put at the headquarters hereafter.

A despatch from M'Clellan to Gen. Mergis, 24th October, says he foresaw no time when an army of 100,000 men will not call for clothing and other articles.

### From Mexico.

CORWIN SICK AT MEXICO—HIS PROBABLE DEATH—ARRIVAL OF 17,000 FRENCH TROOPS AT ORIZABA—NEW EXPEDITION AGAINST THE CITY OF MEXICO.

NASHVILLE, NOV. 15.

Corwin, the Minister to Mexico, is quite sick at the Mexican Capital. He cannot survive.

Seventeen thousand French Troops have arrived at Orizaba and an expedition against the city of Mexico starts from that point in December.

### From Richmond.

LARGE YANKEE FLEET ON THE LOWER JAMES RIVER—ARRIVAL OF PRISONERS.

Richmond, Nov. 15.

The enemy have a numerous fleet in lower James river, in the neighborhood of Brandon Bar. One hundred and twenty-six Abolitionists, captured eleven of our Cavalry at Snicker's Gap, last Saturday, were brought to the city last evening.

### Later from the North.

ALLEGED CAUSE OF M'CLELLAN'S REMOVAL—CAUSE OF THE FAILURE OF THE BRITISH CABINET MEETING OF THE 25TH OCTOBER—PARLIAMENT PROROGUED TO THE 13TH NOVEMBER.

Richmond, Nov. 15.

A letter written by Gen. Halleck to Secretary Stanton shows that Halleck on the 1st of October advised a forward movement and preemptorily ordered it. Neither of these movements being carried out, it is inferred that this led to the removal of M'Clellan.

The Washington Chronicle says the removal of M'Clellan was the result of long and patient consultation on the part of the highest military authorities, and must be regarded purely as a military question. The necessity for active operations in Virginia had be-

come so imperative that for reasons which appeared conclusive, the change was made.

The New York Herald says that M'Clellan has fallen a victim to the machinations of the radical abolition faction. His unpardonable crime has been his persistent refusal to make the cause of the Union secondary to the cause of negro emancipation.

The British Cabinet meeting was not held on account of the non-arrival of Queen Victoria, who was detained at Brussels by boisterous weather.

The British Parliament which stood adjourned to October 25th, was formally prorogued until the 13th November.

### From Tennessee.

NASHVILLE REINFORCED—ANDY JOHNSON LOCATES THE REBELS—TRAPS—MAJOR STRANGE WOUNDED.

CHATTANOOGA, NOV. 14.

Fresh reinforcements are reported at Nashville. Andy Johnson makes report on the 12th in relation to the first arrival of relief. He said: "The Western Campaign was now all right and the rebels are driven closer and closer to the confines of Hell."

Our forces are arranging some very pretty traps which will be heard from soon.

Major Strange, of Forrest's staff, was wounded on the 12th.

### LATEST FROM THE NORTH.

Northern advices, of the 12th, have been received. Gen. M'Clellan's resignation has created a decided division between the parties at the North. He has issued a farewell address. Gen. Sickles has gone to Rappahannock Station to take command of the position held by Gen. Bayard's cavalry. Schuyler Colfax has been tendered the place of Secretary of the Interior, in anticipation of Mr. Smith's retiring to take the place of Circuit Judge of Indiana. We give the following summary of the news:

Gen. M'Clellan has been removed from the command of the army of the Potomac, and Gen. A. B. Burnside takes his place.

Gen. Burnside, on assuming command, issued an order, in which he says, "I accept control with the steadfast assurance that the just cause must prevail. Gen. M'Clellan is relieved from all duty, and is on his way to Trenton, N. J."

The causes which led to M'Clellan's removal are yet matters of speculation; but a letter written by Gen. Halleck to Secretary Stanton shows that Gen. M'Clellan, on the 1st of October, advised a forward movement, and on the 6th preemptorily ordered it. Neither of these movements having been carried out, it is inferred that this led to his removal.

A want of supplies, according to Gen. M'Clellan's letter, is shown not to have been the cause of the army's inaction; yet a despatch from Gen. M'Clellan, dated October 22d, intimates, whilst disclaiming any reflection on the Quartermaster General's Department, yet reiterates that certain portions of his command were without clothing, and could not move until supplied.

Gen. Burnside's headquarters are at Warrenton, which has been in the possession of the Federals since Thursday the 6th.

All officers belonging to the army of the Potomac are ordered to their several commands immediately. The first intimation Gen. M'Clellan had of his removal was the notification to that effect brought him by Gen. Baskingham.

Gen. M'Clellan took formal leave of the different army corps last Monday. On Sunday night the officers assembled at the headquarters to bid him adieu. The only toast offered by Gen. M'Clellan was this laconic one: "The army of the Potomac."

At a democratic "jubilee" meeting in New York on Monday night, John Van Buren said that Lincoln had made M'Clellan the next President of the whole Union, though it would be under an amended Constitution.

Ira Harris, Republican Senator of New York, also denounced it in an open speech.

Gen. M'Clellan, in quitting Warrenton, said to the troops, "Stand by Burnside as you have stood by me, and all will be well."

THE NEWS FROM EUROPE—NO CHANCE OF INTERVENTION—LORD LYONS COMING TO RICHMOND—EXCITEMENT IN ENGLAND ABOUT THE BLOCKADE OF THE BERMUDA PORTS.

Lord Lyons and Simon Cameron U. S. Minister to Russia, arrived by the Scotia in New York on Saturday last.

Mr. Cameron says Russia is very friendly still to the United States. In England it is thought no intervention will take place till Parliament meets. He also says an attack by a rebel fleet fitting out in Europe upon Atlantic cities is by no means improbable, and recommends strengthening the fortifications in New York.

The English Cabinet meeting which was to take place on the 23d of October was postponed on the morning of the meeting. All the members except Lord Palmerston came to attend it. The Times says there are two interpretations given why the meeting was not held, one that there is a division in the Cabinet, Sir G. Lewis representing one party, and Hon. Mr. Gladstone the other. But the Times thinks the true solution is, that Sir G. Lewis expresses the opinion of the whole Cabinet, and whilst England regrets the shedding of blood, she does not mean to interfere. This opinion is confirmed by the Naval and Shipping Gazette, of Liverpool.

Lord Lyons, though returning uninvited, is fully advised as to the views of the British Cabinet.

"Jon," of the Baltimore Sun, says that Lord Lyons will visit Richmond within ten days after his arrival at Washington.

The English papers seem to be exercised at the blockade established by Com. Wilkes over the Bermuda ports, and Admiral Milne is instructed to increase his fleet at that station. They seem to look upon it as the more offensive, because it is under Wilkes. They have not forgotten the Trent affair.

A despatch from Washington, of the 10th, says there is no apprehension of a foreign collision, unless it shall grow out of the course of England in allowing privateers to be fitted out in her ports to prey upon American commerce.

A letter received in New York from Paris, dated Oct. 25th, says there is no likelihood of anything being done by Napoleon in favor of the rebels until after the November elections.

### Wanted

A few more enterprising, ambitious and dash-ing young men to complete Gen. E. Lee's Body Guard—a splendid chance for making in a select corps. The honorable and advantageous nature of this service will recommend itself to all. Everything furnished, horse and equipments complete.

Please address me or call at the office over F. Ferrall's store, Wilmington St., Raleigh, N. C.

S. VANN LARKINS,  
Recruiting officer.

Nov 17-1862-pd.

### DIED.

In Alamance county, N. C., Oct. 27th, Mary Lizie Walker, aged about 5 years. Also on the 11th of the same month, Emma Catherine Walker, aged a little over 4 years.

OFFICE OF SURGEON GENERAL OF N. CAROLINA,  
November 13, 1862.

THE following articles are required for sick and wounded soldiers: Shoes, Socks, Hats, Caps, Pants, Drawers, Leather, Shoe Thread, Laste from No. 6 to No. 12 inclusive, Buttons, Cotton cloth, Flannel, Potatoes, Brandy, Butter, Eggs, &c.

Proposals will be received at this office for a proper supply of them. Those able and willing to contribute will please address the undersigned. Transportation will be furnished, if necessary, by the government.

EDWARD WARREN,  
Surgeon General of North Carolina.  
Nov 14 30-dm

### ARMY INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

THE undersigned having some experience in military affairs, notices the publication, for their convenience, they have established themselves in Raleigh for the purpose of advising and aiding all persons who may desire information upon the following subjects relating to the Army of the Potomac:

UPON CONSCRIPTION LAW, EXEMPTIONS, SUBSTITUTES, SOLDIERS' PAY, WOUNDS, CLAIMS, SOLDIERS' DISCHARGE, &c.

And as far as possible the positions of different regiments and the accidents and deaths that may happen in the service.

The office is upon Wilmington Street, a few doors below Pullen's Hotel, and immediately opposite Town Hall, being the upper room of the Brick Store occupied by F. Ferrall. All communications will be punctually attended to. Address, THOS. JONES & CO., Box 255 Postoffice.

Nov 5 16-dm

MEETING of the Stockholders of the Raleigh Gas Light Company will take place on Thursday, the 20th inst., at 4 o'clock, p. m., at the Gas office, over Williams & Haywood's store.

W. E. ANDERSON, Sec'y.  
Nov 11 16-dm

Wanted.  
A Lady (Virginian) of several years' experience as a teacher, and who is well qualified to teach the English branches and music, desires a situation in some private family. References exchanged.

Address Oct 11-93-6x "TEACHER," High Towers, N. C.

Notice.  
I WILL pay the highest market price for Federal, Oats or Hay, delivered at my Stables, (formerly Clayton's), Raleigh, N. C., opposite Market Square, Oct 30-31-dm J. B. FRANKLIN.

Saw Mill and Turpentine Still for Sale.  
HAVING saved the best portion of timber off my land, I offer for sale my mill immediately on the N. C. Railroad, between Stallings and Smithfield stations. The mill is a fifty horse power, good running order. The turpentine still is in good order, holds 12 barrels. Can be bought on a credit if desired. The still is suitable for a hickory still.

Oct 15 N. M. VINSON 94-1f

GLUE, GLUE, GLUE,  
THE BEST IRISH GLUE,  
MANUFACTURED BY

THIEM & FRAPS,  
RALEIGH, N. C.

Oct. 29, 1862. 6-1f

Medical College of Virginia, at Richmond—Session of 1862-'63.

THE NEXT ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES will commence on the first Monday in November, 1862, and continue until the 1st of March ensuing. It is not intended by the Faculty to abandon permanently the session of five months, but in consideration of the state of the country, and the increased expense of living, it has seemed to them advisable to reduce it, for the present, to four months. The course will be conducted on the same plan, and with the same advantages to the student, as heretofore.

Faculty.  
Chas. Bell Gibson, M. D., Professor of Surgery.  
David H. Tucker, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.  
Beverly R. Wellford, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.  
A. E. Pettigrew, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.  
L. S. Jones, M. D., Professor of Institutes of Medicine.  
James H. Conway, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics, &c.  
James B. McGaw, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.  
Marion Howard, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Fees.—Professors' ticket, each \$15  
Demonstrator of Anatomy, \$10  
Matriculation, \$5  
Graduation, \$25

For further information, or a copy of the catalogue, address L. S. JONES, M. D., Dean of the Faculty, 86-3mpd

Bristles! Bristles! Bristles!  
THE Subscriber will give the highest Cash Price for any quantity of Bristles. Farmers and others would do well to be careful and save the Bristles they may have during the coming season.

Apply to PHILIP THEIM, Raleigh, N. C.  
September 10th, 1862. 87-1f

Notice.  
OFFICE N. C. RAILROAD COMPANY,  
Company Shops, Sept. 24, 1862.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO SHIPPERS and others interested, that the rate of freight rates on this Road will be raised twenty-five per cent, and the rates of passengers to five cents per mile on and after the first day of October.

T. J. SUMNER,  
Engineer and Superintendent.  
Sept 27 89-1f

CHATHAM COALFIELDS RAILROAD.  
A MEETING OF THE COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED for opening Books of Subscription to the above Road, the following Resolutions was adopted: That Books of subscription for Stock in said Company be forthwith opened, at the Bank of Cape Fear, in the city of Raleigh, under the Superintendence of Wm. H. Jones, Esq.

Feb. 14-1f

Oxford Schools.  
THE Subscriber is prepared to furnish with board and comfortable accommodations Students attending the Madison High School and the Female Schools of the town; also any persons wishing to board, in a healthy section, and enjoy good society.

Terms