

THE GLEANER.

GRAHAM, N. C., Oct. 5, 1882

J. D. KERNODLE, EDITOR.

Election Tuesday, November 7th 1882.

Democratic State Ticket.

- FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE:**
RISDEN TYLER BENNETT, of Anson.
- FOR CONGRESS:**
5th Dis.—ALFRED M. SCALES, of Guilford
- FOR SUPREME COURT JUDGE:**
THOMAS RUFFIN, of Orange.
- FOR JUDGES:**
1st Dis.—JAMES E. SHEPHERD, of Washington.
2d Dis.—FREDERICK PHILLIPS, of Edgecombe.
3d Dis.—ALLMAN A. MCKAY, of Sampson.
4th Dis.—JAMES C. MCHALE, of Cumberland.
5th Dis.—JOHN A. GILMER, of Guilford.
6th Dis.—WILLIAM M. SHIPP, of Mecklenburg.
- FOR SOLICITORS:**
1st Dis.—JOHN V. BLOUNT, of Perquimans.
2d Dis.—WILLIAM O. BOWEN, of Northampton.
3d Dis.—SWIFT GALLOWAY, of Greene.
4th Dis.—JAMES D. McIVER, of Moore.
5th Dis.—FREDK N. STRUDWICK, of Orange.
6th Dis.—FRANK I. OSBORNE, of Mecklenburg.

*All of the above nominees will be voted for throughout the State except the Solicitors.

Mishone is about being finished up in Virginia. They are now at work on his toe nails. We never heard of such a thorough examination of a politician before, however we much prefer their making it.

The Tariff Commission was in Wilmington last week, making some enquiries. The work that this commission is doing will not result in any good. The members are having a free ride through the country and getting paid for it. They care but little about our peanuts or any thing else.

Some of our readers may not know that this commission was appointed purposely to get rid of doing anything with the tariff. This is the unvarnished truth. A pretense is now being made to gather facts for future use in dealing with this question. But the real purpose of this commission was to get an obstacle in the way of any reform at an early day.

An attempt to break up a speaking at Lancaster, South Carolina, last Wednesday resulted in a riot. Col. Cash was stand speaking when a negro ... with a ... which ... at the ... at once. The ... off with difficulty. ... men. The ... violence. Five ... back followed. ... were killed out right and ... have since died from their wounds. The negroes outnumbered the whites three to one but notwithstanding the great odds against the whites no one was killed. It is a gratuity that a riot and strife between the two races should occur. The whites always come out ahead. The negro in his ignorance cannot understand this, but he should learn a lesson.

O. H. Dockery, the Republican nominee for Congressman at large, while in Congress about ten years ago, borrowed \$15,000 of B. F. Butler, for which he gave his note signed by sureties that were of no account. In other words it was clearly the intention of Dockery not to repay the borrowed money. A few months ago, while Mr. Bingham was in the State of Massachusetts, Mr. Butler donated this note on Dockery to the Bingham School for the education of poor young men in the South. Will Dockery have the manhood to redeem this promise to pay, or will he cheat the poor young men that need education so badly out of this sum and appropriate it to his own benefit.

Will young men who are entitled to a share of this money vote for a man who is depriving them of the priceless boon of an education? We think not, if they ever felt the need of education. Vote for Bennett, an honest, just and capable man.

The Republicans of Guilford county held a convention at Greensboro last Saturday, which nominated A. S. (No.) ... for the Senate, L. F. Davis and J. S. Morrow for the House. R. M. Stafford was nominated for Sheriff. Other county officers were also nominated.

A resolution was offered adopting the Republican platform as adopted at Raleigh, except the anti-prohibition plank. As the convention was being manipulated by the "revenue ring," the resolution was promptly tabled and the drafter retired in disgust. A resolution instructing the candidates for the Legislature to support Col. Ike Young for the U. S. Senate was adopted. In the beginning a motion to make

W. S. ... permanent chairman was ruled out of order as he was not a member of the convention, not belonging to the ring. It is said to have been a warm and boisterous time among those who knew of the plans and those in the dark. Every thing was carried through in accordance with the instructions received from the Collector's headquarters.

General State Expenses.

The tabulated statement now before us, taken from the records of the State Treasurer's office, gives the State expenses from 1868 to 1882. It shows that the Democratic party, with largely increased objects of State expense, have run the State government on less than one-half the money used by the Radical administration.

With no public charities on their hands in 1870 but the insane asylum at Raleigh and the white asylum for the deaf and dumb and the blind at Raleigh (which together cost \$100,000) the Radicals required for the State government the enormous sum of one million one hundred and seventeen thousand one hundred and sixty dollars and forty-four cents for the year ending September 30th, 1870.

The Democratic administration have completed the unfinished State penitentiary; have nearly completed the Western insane asylum at Morganton; have built the Eastern insane asylum at Goldsboro for the colored insane; and the colored institution for the deaf and dumb and the blind at Raleigh, and have supported them all, except the Morganton asylum, by an annual appropriation for each of the said institutions, together with the other institutions in existence under Republican rule, for an average annual expense of not exceeding \$520,000, or less than one-half of the expense of the State government under the Radicals in 1870.

In addition this record shows that out of said expense, the Democratic party has made large appropriations to the construction of the Western North Carolina Railroad, the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad, the Oxford Orphan Asylum; paid the interest on her bonds for the Western North Carolina Railroad and on the State debt, and, out of the same fund, inaugurated and provided for (normal schools for white and black. Since 1870, the Democratic administrations have erected the following charitable institutions:

Western Insane Asylum, which cost	\$265,000 00
Eastern Insane Asylum (colored), which cost	73,599 19
Colored Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind at Raleigh.	15,000 00
Addition to White Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind at Raleigh,	7,000 00
Other expenses for Permanent Improvements:	
For Western N. C. R. R., to date of sale in 1880,	141,832 88
For Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley R. R.,	80,000 00
	\$532,432 02

And all these things were done with rate of taxation one and two-thirds cents on the hundred dollars worth of property less than it was in 1878, and just half the Radical tax of 1869.

J. W. Harden declines the Republican Nomination for the House.

D. W. MICHAEL,
THOS. DUCK,
Secretaries Republican Convention.

GENTS,

On my return from Baltimore, I was informed that the Republican Convention of Alamance County, held in Graham on the 16th inst., unanimously nominated me as their candidate to represent them in the next General Assembly of N. C. You will allow me to return to you my many thanks, for the honor conferred on me, but it is altogether impossible for me to accept the nomination.

I am, Yours Respectfully,
J. W. HARDEN.

Choose Ye.

The two candidates for the office of Judge of this district were Democratic members of the senate in 1871, and acted as Judges in the High Court of impeachment that tried and convicted Gov. Holden. We propose contrasting their conduct in that great trial and will show that Gilmer acted as an impartial and unprejudiced Judge while Edwards acted as a bitter partisan and by his insolence drove the defendant out of the court-room. There were eight Articles

of Impeachment, on which Holden was tried. He was acquitted on the first two and convicted on the others. Among those who voted "not guilty" on the first Article was John A. Gilmer, while L. C. Edwards voted "guilty" on them. Holden had made himself very odious to the democrats, but notwithstanding this when he was on trial Gilmer acted as an unprejudiced Judge and voted according to the dictates of his conscience in opposition to a majority of the Democratic senators. He had the moral courage when acting as a Judge to cast aside political prejudices and partisan bias, and such is commendable in a Judge. But how did Edwards act? as above stated he actually drove Holden from the court room! On the eighteenth day of the trial Senator Edwards, acting as a Judge, so grossly insulted Holden that he abruptly retired, stating to the Court that did "not mean to stay to be insulted," and never again made his appearance in that Court, although the trial continue forty-four days. Day after day the trial continued and yet Holden would not appear before the Court, because one of the Judges had insulted him, and Edwards now calls upon the old "fire-bred" republicans to make him a Judge of our Superior Court!

A Judge should be free from prejudice and passion, should impartially administer justice, and above all should not browbeat and insult helpless prisoners. The only time that Mr. Edwards had the opportunity of acting as a Judge he proved himself unworthy of the place. Would he do any better in the future? Mr. Gilmer has been a Judge for nearly three years, and all that time there has not been a single complaint against him, on the contrary, all men of both parties, who have attended his courts are unanimous in the opinion that he is a model Judge. Would it not be a bad swap to exchange him for Edwards.—Pittsboro Record.

MANFIELD, TEXAS. Sept., 1882.

Mr EDITOR:— Away out in the delightful and fertile Texas, where the laborer toil not in vain, where cotton and corn fields are yielding abundantly, and where the cowboy can be seen, whip and lariet in hand, dashing across the prairies, attending his daily labors. This is where the young man should come and get 160 acres of land that the world cannot beat, for only \$14, just to settle upon it five years, and they can bring their little darlings with them, as some of them seem to think that there are none in Texas as beautiful and refined, in which they are very much mistaken, but I forget that I said too much about the dark skinned girls of Texas once before, for which I received several rakings. I will only say to those who have taken so much trouble as to sit down and write me letters of reproval, as regards the young ladies of Alamance, that they must not think that there are none so dear and sweet as those of Alamance, if my old sweetheart does live there, I should have said nothing more about this, but for the last letter of reproval I received a month or more ago from one, a bright young man in his own estimation, to have awoke at this late hour to find that I had written a letter to the GLEANER over six months ago, in which there was a great reflection cast upon his Sal or it may be Mol, it matters not to me. I will assure the gentleman that he nor any one has more respect for the young ladies of Alamance than I do. I am sure of one thing, and that is, that the ladies see but little of my young friend, unless they should happen to go by and see him sitting upon the fence in the sunshine, I will now dismiss the subject, leaving it with the more intelligent, who I am sure have not seen as my young friend has.

I suppose you would like to hear something about crops. Cotton is fine in western Texas, and corn is fine all over the country, but cotton is not so good in northern Texas, on account of so much rain. Wheat crops were very fine, turning out from 20 to 30 bushels per acre. Cotton is selling at 1 1/2 cents. We were visited a few weeks ago by a half dozen or more wolves, and had a nice chase. I was very anxious to go, as I had never seen a wolf, but after a few hours chase, the wolves set up a terrible howling, and I told the boys, that I believed that I would go back, not that I was afraid of the wolves by any means, but that it was very annoying to any one who had not been accustomed to hearing such a noise, so I went back home and played croquet with the other boys the remainder of the day. There are plenty of wolves here, but they are not dangerous, and as hard to see as a fox. The Prairie dogs are more numerous in this part (western Texas) than in eastern Texas. They are very pretty and make the Prairies ring at night with their yelping. The antelope can be seen skipping across the Prairies like an arrow. They look something like a goat and are very wild. I was very sorry to hear of Dr. John A. Moore's death. Alamance has lost one of her noblest citizens, one whom she loved and esteemed. How little I knew that when I bid him adieu, that it was forever on earth. He has many friends as well as his loved ones to mourn his loss. As ever,

FRANK.

Charlotte is progressive. Her citizens are talking about street-cars. The capitalist want somewhere to put their money.

Dietyemper is doing some fatal work among the cattle in Forsyth county.

Never interrupt any conversation with a hacking Cough; it creates a bad impression. Better invest a quarter of a dollar in a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and cure it.

When others are suffering, drop a word of kindness and sympathy. If they are suffering from a Cold, give them Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup; a few doses of this valuable remedy will afford instant relief, and a twenty-five cent bottle will cure the worst Cough.

These who have nine children may have as much trouble with them as did the old woman who lived in a shoe. The children will all the time be getting their noses bumped, their heads bruised, their fingers out, and their stomachs and bowels disordered by unripe fruit. The mother who is wise enough to keep a bottle of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER saves her children much suffering, and herself a great deal of trouble.

Woods Factory Burned.

About half past one o'clock on Wednesday morning Wood's tobacco factory was discovered to be on fire. Our citizens gathered with their usual alacrity on such occasions, and soon the fire engine was on hand doing good and effective work; and with a hose attached to the hydrant on the South side of the house the fire appeared to be under control when the Captain ordered the water cut off to change the hose, which caused something to get wrong about the engine which rendered it useless for some time, and the fire again got under such headway as to totally destroy the building and all it contained, and it was with the greatest difficulty that the factory of H. Scales & Co., on the adjoining lot, was saved.

Mr. Wood's loss was about \$40,000, covered with \$30,000 insurance. His indirect loss is very heavy in the loss of his stock so that he will not be able to supply his trade. H. Scales & Co. lose about \$1,000 from damage to stock and building.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a stove in the prize room. The safe was drawn from the burning mass this morning, and all the papers, etc., it contained were found to be uninjured. Mr. Wood has the sympathies of the *Sentinel* and the community in this, his first experience with the all devouring element, as the working season has about closed, and it is impossible to rebuild this winter, and a full stock of hisamous brands "Maud Muller" and "Old Oaken Bucket," for the season's trade were entirely consumed.—Winston Sentinel.

THREE CAR LOADS.—Messrs. F. & H. Fries, of Salem, N. C. who propose to make an exhibition of Forsyth county, in the way of relics, curiosities, minerals, manufactured goods and machinery, have succeeded in getting together a large and varied collection.

They will have in their collection many relics and curiosities which will interest. As Forsyth county is, among other things, noted for its mineral wealth, Messrs. Fries' collection of mineral specimens, relics and curiosities will no doubt be peculiarly interesting to all. They will make an exhibit of manufactured goods, among which will be a full line of their celebrated woolen goods; they will also exhibit various machinery, agricultural implements, &c. They inform Secretary Williams that they will bring about three car loads and will require sixty feet space at least in which to show their collection. This will be the largest single exhibit that has ever been made in this State, and will place Forsyth largely in the lead of any other county. This reflects great credit on Messrs. F. & H. Fries as energetic, public spirited, live business men, such as any county or state may well be proud of.—News-Observer.

WHAT PRAYER CAN DO.—A remarkable instance of the benefit of faith and prayer occurred yesterday at Mrs. Taylor's prayer meeting. The wife of Sam. H. Taylor, who resides near New Garden, has been an invalid for two years past of the true unable to walk at all and for a long while compelled to go with crutches. Yesterday she went to the meeting and desired the prayers of the church that she might regain the use of her limbs, and said she would not leave the church until the prayer was granted. When the recess for dinner was taken, she refused to leave the house, but still remained in and passed the hour in worship, Capt. R. P. Troy, who is noted as a revivalist made an earnest appeal in prayer for Mrs. Taylor, just before the services closed at 5 p. m. and when the benediction was pronounced she arose with the congregation and walked as well as she ever did. She is a good woman and her friends will rejoice with her and husband. We have read of such things but this is the first instance where the parties are all well known to the writer.—Greensboro Bugle.

State and General.

The case of Henry Oakley for homicide at Pittsboro last week was not tried, but by consent of the Solicitor a verdict of manslaughter was submitted to. He was sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the penitentiary for ten years.

A small colored boy, Abe Holton, while playing about a belt in McManis' factory at Greensboro last Friday was caught and so badly bruised that he died from the effects in a short while.

Jute culture in this section is not fulfilling the flattering promises held out for it; though the yield has been all that one could expect or wish, yet the farmers say they cannot afford to cut and haul the crop to market, profitably, at the prices offered. We said some time ago that one could not afford to haul dirt three miles at \$3.00 per ton. Corn, cotton, rice, peas and potatoes are the crops for Eastern Carolina.—Newbernian.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!
W. W. WHITE & CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS N. C.,
—DEALERS IN—

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS GOODS!
—INCLUDING—
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HATS, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, WOODEN and TIN WARE,
DRUGS, ESSENCES, EXTRACTS, &c.
—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—
BOOTS and SHOES in the County.

GOODS Sold at LOWEST CASH PRICES. PRODUCE BOUGHT or TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for GOODS.
They respectfully invite their friends to call and examine their Stock.

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY!
I am manufacturing three styles of Sewing Machines and selling them at such UNHEARD OF PRICES!! No family need be without a Machine, and no person out of employment after reading this ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!!

No. 1 Style, The "Centennial," No. 2 Style, The "Best,"

makes the stitch directly from two spools, is warranted to do the whole range of family sewing with the greatest ease and most perfect manner, and sells For \$15. Price \$30.

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makes at will either the Lock Stitch, Chain Stitch, or Spiral Embroidery stitch and is the finest Sewing Machine ever invented. Price \$30.
—EVERY MACHINE IS WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS.—
Sewing machine agents and others will find this a grand opportunity to engage in a profitable business. Send for Circular and Terms to

HENRY LOTH,
The patent Folding Table and the Latest Styles of Sewing Machine Cabinet Work.
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ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS ON SEEDS FOR THE MERCHANT on our New Plan SEEDS FOR THE MARKET GARDENER SEEDS FOR THE PRIVATE FAMILY SEEDS Crown by ourselves on our own Farms

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DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC
A combination of Iron, Ferrous Sulfate and Phosphoric Acid in a palatable form. The only preparation of iron that will not clog the bowels, so characteristic of other iron preparations.

DR. ROBERT SAMUEL, 210 West Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 20th, 1882.

For the Wheat Crop.
ALLISON AND ADDISON'S "STAR BRAND" COMPLETE MANURE!
It is fine, dry and in excellent condition for drilling. This Fertilizer has been in use twelve years, and has gained reputation for excellence second to none. Standard guaranteed.
IT CANNOT BE SURPASSED!

For sale by
TATE & TROLINGER,
MEBANEVILLE, N. C.,
Who will take WHEAT, TOBACCO and COTTON exchange for it, at highest market prices.
Also for sale by J. A. McCAULEY, COMPANY SHOPS, sep14

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UNDER THE FIRM NAME OF
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—WITH—
J. MAC. SMITH, as Auctioneer,
Will succeed P. J. STERNE & CO., as proprietors of the
CABELL WAREHOUSE
Cor. Main and Bridge Sts., DANVILLE, VA.
ON 1st NOVEMBER, 1882.
Possessing every facility for the successful conduct of our business, we offer with confidence to the public for its patronage.

J. B. HAZELL, of Alamance county, N. C. is with this Warehouse. He respectfully begs the patronage of his friends, and promises to do all in his power to make the farmer's bacco bring the highest price.
Sept. 28.—6m.