THE ALAMANCE GLEANER.

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NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.

The reason Radam's Microbe Killer is the most wonderful medicine, is because it has never failed in any instance, no matter what the disease, from Leprosy to the simplest disease known to the human system.

The scientific men of to-day claim and prove that every disease is

CAUSED BY MICROBES,

—AND—

Radam's Microbe Killer

Exterminates the Microbes and drives them out of the system, and when that is done you cannot have an ache or pain. No matter what the disease, whether a simple case of Malarial Fever or a combination of diseases, we cure them all at the same time, as we treat all diseases constitutionally.

Asthma, Consumption, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Diseases, Female Troubles, in all its forms, and, in fact, every Disease known to the Human System.

BEWARE OF FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS!

See that our Trade-Mark (same as above) appears on each jug.

Send for book "History of the Microbe Killer," given away by

L. B. HOLT & CO., Merchants, Graham, N. C.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JAS. E. BOYD.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Greensboro, N. C.
Will be at Graham on Monday of each week to attend to professional business. [Sep 16]

J. D. KERNODLE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
GRAHAM, N. C.
Practices in the State and Federal Courts. Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him

DR. G. W. WHITSETT,
Surgeon Dentist,
GREENSBORO, - - - N. C.
Will also visit Alamance. Calls in the country attended. Address me at Greensboro. dec 8 tf

JACOB A. LONG,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GRAHAM, - - - N. C.
May 17, '88.

E. C. LAIRD, M. D.,
HAW RIVER, N. C.
Feb'y 13, '90.

LEVI M. SCOTT. F. H. WHITAKER JR.
Greensboro, N. C. Graham, N. C.
SCOTT & WHITAKER,
Attorneys at Law,
GRAHAM, - - - N. C.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Pomona Hill Nurseries

POMONA N. C.,

Two and a half miles west of Greensboro, N. C. The main line of the R. & D. R. R passes through the grounds and within 10 feet of the office. Salem trains make regular stops twice daily each way. Those interested in fruit and fruit growing are cordially invited to inspect this the largest nursery in the State and one among the largest in the South.

Stock consists of apple, peach, pear cherry, plum, grape, Japanese persimmon, apricots, nectarine, mulberry, quince, Grover Figs, raspberry, gooseberry, currants, rhubarb, English walnuts, pecans, Chestnuts, Strawberry, roses, evergreens, shade trees, &c.

All the new and rare varieties as well as the old ones which my new catalogue for 1888 will show.

Give your order to my authorized agent or order direct from the nursery. Correspondence solicited. Descriptive catalogues free to applicants. Address,

J. VAN LINDLEY,
POMONA,
apr28 '87. Guilford County, N. C.

Reliable salesman wanted in every county good paying commission will be given.

To cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take the safe and certain remedy,

SMITH'S BILE BEANS

Use the SMALL size (little Beans to the bottle). They are the most convenient. Sent by mail for 25 cents. Price of either size, 25c. per Bottle.

KISSING 'TWIXT WIND AND WATER

Sold by L. B. Holt & Co., Druggists, Graham, N. C.

The Pending Tariff Bill Will Soon

Be brought to a vote in the Senate and passed. This prospect causes great activity and higher prices in the DRY GOODS LINE since this bill will greatly increase the TARIFF, and consequently the PRICE, of everything with wool in it. The increased coinage of silver sent prices up all along the line, and now that the U. S. Treasury has relieved the money stringency (caused by the large exports of gold to pay for the heavy importations of foreign goods sent here in anticipation of this tariff) by buying up bonds (though at a big premium to the bond-holders) and putting money in circulation, a further rise in values has been effected—the crops being good and the volume of business assuming large proportions. We anticipated this state of affairs by close study of all the points bearing on the market and HAVE BOUGHT HEAVILY BEFORE the ADVANCE and our profits (if the goods were sold right back to the importers and manufacturers) just on advanced prices would be very large (over $2,000 on shoes alone, so much has the price gone up) and our buyer has just run on to NEW YORK to look after our purchases and pick out every winner and is sending home a stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Hardware, Groceries, &c., &c., that will fill our Two Double Stores with floor space of 24,600 feet. We are going to use our bargains and low wholesale prices as an advertisement and then prove what we say. We have given some examples before. Call and examine every department.

L. B. HOLT & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

GRAHAM AND BURLINGTON.

Rural Notes and News.

Breed only healthy animals.
Aim to win a prize at the fair.
Harvest all crops at maturity.
Are you attending to drainage?
Adapt your farming to your soil.
Come, boys—now for the coons!
Work is a great panacea for worry.
Farmers' clubs should now arouse.
Keep fighting the bugs and briers.
Give windfall apples to the porkers.
Select seed-corn before frost comes.
Study the new machines at the fair.
"Down" sheep are coming to the top.
Get ready for the advent of Jack Frost.
Prepare ground well for Winter wheat.
Long evenings coming; read and study.
The frost will soon be "on the pumpkin."
Have you done all you can for your fowls' comfort?
The market is seldom overstocked with the best.
Always plan to save labor and thereby reduce cost.
By trying to do too much, many farmers do too little.
Cut the burs and cockles before turning in the sheep.
A light and effective movable fence is a desideratum.
A pig as well as a horse can be made to "feel its oats."
Breed according to your aim—for home use or for sale.
Keeping the weeds out is better than pulling them out.
Repairs are now in order, and will be until Winter comes.
Pray put all machines done with for the season under cover.
As a rule, it is best to market your crop as soon as it is ready.
Dirty quarters for animals are a disgrace and a death menace.
Grow the apple on a bush-formed tree or on one well trimmed up.
Wait until the frost kills the flies before painting your buildings.
Save all the coarse fodder you can. It works in well with the finer.
Canada now ships more cheese during the Summer months than New York.
The Fall is the seeding time for weeds. Destroy them before the seed falls.
Manage to let no fertilizing material go to waste. It indirectly brings cash.
Don't pasture your meadows too closely. Leave a little something for a mulch.
Let your poultry have just as much range as possible during this time of year.
It is either a cool or a hot day when nothing useful can be done on a farm.
You may force animals into eating poor food, but nature will take revenge on you for it.
A half-blood for the dairy or the shambles is often practically as good as a full-blood.
The average crop of oats in the United States for the past ten years has been 554,000,000.
Herbs for Winter use should be carefully dried in the shade and kept in a cool, dry place.
Remember that all kinds of crops require air and sunshine to develop them. Don't crowd them.
Keep your stock in good marketable condition. Then you are ready to sell when the market is right.
A lady at Benton Harbor, Mich., has 10,000 silkworms in her house, busily at work spinning cocoons.

An eminent horticultural authority says apples will be scarcer and dearer this year than for many a season.

The Canadian government has invited the farmers of Britain to send out delegates to prepare agricultural reports.

The Iowa dairy commissioner claims that the State will turn out at least fifteen per cent. more butter this year than last.

Between 60,000 and 70,000 acres of school lands have been disposed of in Minnesota this year at five dollars per acre and above.

The Jersey cow reaches her prime at about the sixth year, and with good treatment holds her own for two or three years more.

Keep your eye on all rural advertisements in the Witness, and also upon the great offers of its "get there" Business Manager.

Curing Pork.

Some interesting facts recently occurred in the American Cultivator relative to the curing of pork. It says:

1. For every 100 pounds of pork take eight pounds of salt, five pounds of sugar, four ounces of saltpetre and one ounce of red pepper, and make a pickle strong enough to float an egg, and pour it on the pork when cold. The hams should be at the bottom, shoulders next, and the sides on top. This will pickle it well if left in it for six weeks, when it should be lifted, and every part where the bones protrude upon the flesh side lightly covered with red pepper. Hang up carefully in smokehouse, not too close, so that the smoke can freely circulate and reach every part of each piece.

2. Salt down the pork for about two weeks, take up and re-salt, with one teaspoonful of saltpetre to each ham and three pounds of brown sugar to each hundred pounds; pack down for two weeks more; take up and wash hams in warm water and put them in clean sacks of coarse, white cloth, which have been steeped in a solution of lime; hang and smoke for about three weeks, and they can then be left hanging the entire season. No insects will molest them if thus prepared.

3. After the hams are perfectly cold the animal heat being entirely out of them, put them down in salt for a few days, after which lift and drain off all the bloody water. Make the following pickle sufficient to cover them: Nine pounds of salt, three ounces of saleratus, four pounds of brown sugar and six gallons of water. After lying in the pickle for a month hang and smoke as in No. 1.

The famous Westphalia hams are cured as follows: They are first well rubbed with dry salt and left to drain for twenty-four hours. Four quarts of salt, three pounds of brown sugar, one pound of saltpetre, four ounces of salprunella and four ounces of juniper berries are bruised and well mixed together and boiled in six quarts of water. The brine is then cooled and skimmed. The hams are taken from the salt and are wiped dry, and the cold pickle is poured over them and well rubbed into the meat. There should be enough brine to cover the meat. The hams are turned every second day for three weeks, after which they are taken out, wiped dry, and a mixture of pepper, salt and bran is thoroughly rubbed into the meat. They are then smoked a little every day for three months, or even more, until completely dry, when they will keep sound and improve in flavor for years.

Hams shrink in smoking about ten per cent. in weight, whilst pickled or salted pork gains about ten per cent., say the curers.

Improvements on the Farm.

In the Rural Annual for 1890, a correspondent says that there is no lack of opportunties for improving the appearance of our country homes. Much has been done and there is one fact of great promise. When one farmer gets a lawn mower, or removes his front fence or puts up a new one, or removes stones and rubbish and plow up the roadsides and plants potatoes or beans and ultimately seeds them down with grass and keeps it cut twice a year with mowing machine, or when he has nice gravel walks or roads about the house and barns, or when he sets out evergreens for screens, and plants fruit and ornamental trees, and has a few choice flowers on the lawn or in the garden, his neighbors are quick to follow his example, and very soon the whole neighborhood for miles around puts on a new aspect; and if any of the farms are offered for sale they find purchasers at much higher rates than equally good land on less improved roads. And this is not all. The influence of such refined surroundings improves the taste and character of the people and is favorable to industry, sobriety, enterprise and every good word and work.

LOUISVILLE, KY., March 12th, 1890. Radam's Microbe Killer Co., Nashville, Tenn.:

Gentlemen—A member of my family has been afflicted with asthma for several years, the attacks recurring from time to time as is usual with this disease. In May or June of last year, 1889, these attacks became almost continuous, hardly a day or night passed without suffering from the distressing attacks until I became alarmed on account of the loss of sleep and the severity of the disease, fearing a general decline of the health. I consulted several eminent physicians in New York and in this city, but with no beneficial results from their prescriptions. About the first of September she commenced using the Microbe Killer, and since that time has never had a return of the paroxysms, and her general health has been correspondingly improved. I can cheerfully recommend the Microbe Killer to all asthmatic sufferers.

J. G. LUTHER,
422 West Main St.

For sale by L. B. Holt & Co.

Why Farmers Ought to Keep Bees.

The facts that bees are pollen distributors, is sufficient reason why a place should be made for them on every farm. If kept for no other purpose than the benefit they do growing crops and fruit bearing trees and plants, by spreading the pollen among the blooms, these industrious workers would be a valuable adjunct. Testimony is abundant and conclusive as to the desirable effects of bees upon grass vines, fruit trees and fruit bearing plants generally. Indeed, one prominent apiarist goes so far as to insist that a few hives of bees judiciously placed will revive a fruit farm from a non-paying to a profitable investment. Field crops tell us and wide awake farmers know from their own observation, and greatly assisted by the honey bee's manipulations. Indeed their influence is required for the perfect floral fertilization of some of the cereal crops and the meadow grasses. Where the farmer is too busy to give his personal attention to the production of honey, it is suggested that he purchase a few hives and turn these over to the care of his wife and daughters. They will find the pin money accruing upon the sale of the honey a convenient and pleasant return for the labor and time spent among the bees. The outdoor occupation, too, will prove a welcome and healthful change from indoor drudgery, which they can then afford to hire done.—New York World.

Benefit of Rolling The Soil.

Here is a reason for using the roller. It has been found that a rolled soil, when the temperature of the air is seventy-five degrees, is eighty-four degrees at the depth of one and a half inches, during the warmest part of the day, while the temperature of the same soil unrolled is only eighty degrees. Three inches below the surface the rolled soil is five degrees warmer than the unrolled. After cooling over night the rolled soil is one degree the warmer.—New York Witness.

Actual Cost of Feeding Cows.

A cow may be well fed for fifteen cents a day, and in some cases for twelve cents. Winter feeding will cost considerably more, counting the market value of the feed—fifteen pounds of hay and six pounds of meal is as little as a cow in milk should be fed, and this may be worth twenty-one cents. For winter dairying only the best cows should be kept and butter of the best quality only made, otherwise the feed for the cows will not be paid for.—New York Tribune.

ALL SORTS.

Japan has twenty-nine cotton spinning mills.

Brooklyn has a Japanese Union printer.

In the United States over 3,000,000,000 of envelopes are manufactured yearly.

An auction sale of coffins recently took place at Bartom, Florida.

Socialism is said to be making great progress among the London Trade Unions.

London swells are gradually going back to close cut, tight trowsers.

Col. L. L. Polk will deliever the annual address at the Murfreesboro fair.

Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., has accepted an invitation to deliever the annual address at the coming Weldon fair.

W. J. Rogers was nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Second District at Kinston week before last.

It is estimated that the oyster business in Elizabeth City, alone, will pay out $500 per day in wages and other expenses.

It is said that less than thirty persons own one-third, 100,000 acres, of the county of Edgecombe.

The Panacea Springs property, near Littleton, Warren county, has been sold to a syndicate for $50,000.

Bishop Keener announced officially that the first session of the Western North Carolina Conference will meet in Concord November 26th.

White caps demolished six buildings occupied by disreputable women at Dallas, Gaston county, one night recently. The inmates were made to leave the county.

Elizabeth City *Carolinian*: It is stated on good authority that this is going to be a bad year for quakers—not because they have deliberately done anything to merit a malign fate, but because they are uncommonly fat, well-favored and abundant.

The Democratic Convention of the Twentieth Senatorial District nominated Messrs. R. G. Russell, of Durham, and R. S. Mitchell, of Caswell, for the State Senate. The nominees were instructed for Vance.

Sanford Express: They are having a good deal of trouble on account of the boys in the Oxford Orphan Asylum running away. They are greatly worked up and distressed because of the retirement of Dr. B. F. Dixon, the superintendent.

A joint canvass has been arranged between Hons. A. H. A. Williams and J. M. Brower. The speakings will begin Monday, Sept. 29th, at Wilton, Granville county, and end at Walnut Cove on Saturday, November 1st.

Wm. Radam's Microbe Killer Co.,

Dear Sir—I cheerfully add mine to your now numerous testimonials of the Microbe Killer, having used same for indigestion and a severe throat trouble. After using five gallons I find myself entirely cured. Yours truly,

B. F. ALBERTON.

For sale by L. B. Holt & Co.

SUBJECTS FOR THOUGHT.

Speech is external thought, and thought internal speech.

I will utter what I believe to-day if it should contradict all I said yesterday.

The one who will be found in trial capable of great acts of love is ever the one who is always doing considerate small ones.

It is often more necessary to conceal contempt than resentment, the former being never forgiven, but the latter being sometimes forgot.

A certain amount of opposition is a great help to a man. Kites rise against and not with the wind. Even a head wind is better than none. No man ever worked his passage anywhere in a dead calm.

The foolish and wicked practice of profane cursing and swearing is a vice so mean and low that every person of sense and character detests and despises it.

Industry is essentially social. No man can improve either himself or his neighbor without neighborly help; and to better the world is to set the world to work together.

We hate some persons because we do not know them; and we will not know them because we hate them. Those friendships that succeed to such aversions are usually firm, for those qualities must be sterling that could not only gain our hearts, but conquer our prejudices.

Discretion and good nature have always been looked upon as the distinguishing ornaments of female conversation. The woman whose price is above rubies has no particular in the character given of her by the wise man more endearing than that she openeth her mouth with wisdom and in her tongue is the law of kindness.

Children may be spoiled in numerous ways—by never contradicting or correcting them, by always indulging or giving way to them, by excessive praise, by injudicious comparisons, and last, but not least, by setting them a bad example. An only child, whether son or daughter, is always in danger of being spoiled, and the mischief is soon done. Many men and women who turn out thoroughly selfish, were meant by nature to be generous, warm hearted, and self denying.

Thousands go down and disappear for want of the power of physical endurance, quite as many thousands for lack of steadily improving brain capacity; but perhaps most of all are smitten, crushed, and routed because of their poverty of clear and steadfast moral purpose. The real strength of man is his health, mental and physical, and, without this, no start, however good, no advantages of the way, however great, no stroke of luck, however wonderful, can save him from defeat. Like all other creatures, his means of defense must be commensurate with every possible occasion, or final victory can never crown his brow.

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL.

A $300,000 cotton mill is talked of at Florence, Ala.

Russians use American sleighs lined with buffalo robes.

A Chicago working girls' club teaches dressmaking, millinery, cooking, etc.

In Brooklyn it is against the law to charge over $1.50 a load for moving a half mile.

Chicago terra cotta workers and the stone masons have worked 8 hours since 1867.

A Philadelphia father recently paid $3,500 for a doll's house for his little 4 year old daughter.

Nine sewer pipe works near Toronto, Ohio, have been purchased by an English syndicate.

Prominent men and leading clergymen in New York are aiding the demand for seats for the girls in stores.

The future of the cattle industry in Texas has not looked so bright as it does at present for several years.

One of Chicago's leading general stores now works 350 cash girls only 8 hours and has them at school 2 hours.

A big contracting firm in Pittsburg is bringing negroes from Virginia to take the place of the Italians it formerly employed.

Philadelphia in population is second only to New York, but under the recent action of her license court she has only 1,173 saloons, while New York has 9,835 licensed bars.

The first negro land company of the South, and probably of the world, has been organized by leading colored men of Atlanta. The company begins with 100 shares of stock, representing $10,000.

From careful estimates received from farmers themselves in every county in Kansas the cost of raising a bushel of wheat in an average crop—15 bushels to the acre—is believed to be 49 cents.

The New York Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates that the organization of labor in that State in the past five years has increased the weekly wages per capita $1. The increased wages thus secured in 1889 are estimated at $5,289,337.77.

Mrs. Sarah Williams, of Coloma, Mich., gives this sample of home industry: That other morning she made a barrel of soap, did her family washing, churned 16 pounds of butter, put on her other dress, and read the morning paper all before 10 o'clock. And she isn't a very big woman either.

Never in its history has the State of Texas been so prosperous as now. The crops for this year have been the best ever known; but the greatest advance has been in the cotton crop. Conservative estimates place its value at $100,000,000, or $30,000,000 above any crop of previous years. The total agricultural product will this year exceed $120,000,000.

The Sailor Hat as a Young Face.

The sailor hat is again fashionable, if, indeed, it has ever gone out of fashion. Over a young fair face it is certainly fascinating. Milliners trim it simply with a roll of velvet and a fold of white crepe for relief; a rosette of velvet and a quill thrust through it, or a plumed arrow with a golden tip. Blue straw sailors for yachting are trimmed with a wreath of white crepe or of plaid velvet knotted high on top.