

# THE ALAMANCE GLEANER.

VOL. XXII.

GRAHAM, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1896.

NO. 13.

**TURNING GRAY WITH BALDNESS**  
The Taper is Averted by Using  
**AYER'S HAIR VIGOR**

"Nearly forty years ago, after some weeks of sickness, my hair turned gray and began falling out so rapidly that I was threatened with immediate baldness. Hearing Ayer's Hair Vigor highly spoken of, I commenced using this prepara-



tion, and was so well satisfied with the result that I have never tried any other kind of dressing. It stopped the hair from falling out, stimulated a new growth of hair, and kept the scalp free from dandruff. Only an occasional application is now needed to keep my hair of good, natural color. I never hesitate to recommend any of Ayer's medicines to my friends."—Mrs. H. M. HAIGHT, Avoca, Neb.

**Ayer's Hair Vigor**  
PREPARED BY  
**DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.**  
Ayer's Sarsaparilla Removes Pimples.

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**

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BURLINGTON, N. C.

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law  
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Practice regularly in the courts of Alamance county. Aug. 2, 1895.

**Dr. John R. Stockard, Jr.,**

DENTIST,  
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Makes metal frames, Good single or double team. Charges moderate. 2-3-3-4

**A Head of Hair!**

I am the North Carolina Agent for  
**Dr. White's New Hair Grower Treatment**  
of the Greatest Discovery of the Age.

It will permanently cure falling of the hair, dandruff, scalp eruptions, postules, or any scalp disease.  
It prevents hair turning gray and restores hair to original color, and brings a NEW GROWTH OF Hair On Any Bald Head On Earth. It is the only treatment that will produce these results.

Testimonials and treatise furnished on application.  
Mr. John M. Coble is my agent at Graham, N. C.

Respectfully,  
**B. T. LASHLEY,**  
Dec. 14-11  
Haw River, N. C.

**WANTED—AN IDEA** Who can think of a way to...  
D. C., for their \$1.50 price offer.

You should have a county paper. Subscribe to THE GLEANER.

**WEEKLY WASHINGTON LETTER.**

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Apr. 24, '96.

The people are sometimes quicker to see the undesirability of proposed legislation than the Congressmen are, and in election years, if at no other time, the expressed disapprobation of the people is quickly deferred to by the men who control Congress. A case in point is the Pacific Railroad's bill which has been reported to both House and Senate. Now, although this bill involves an enormous amount of money, and that it is much more favorable to C. P. Huntington and his ring of capitalists than the government, as was so ably shown by the protest written by Senator Morgan from a sick bed and presented to the Senate as a minority report, it was proposed to railroad it through Congress during the last days of the session. This programme had the support of Speaker Reed and of leading men in the Senate, and was being whopped up by Huntington and his lobby. The bill has been so generally condemned by the people that a halt has been called in the programme, and it is now said that the bill will not be acted upon at this session of Congress, if it ever is in its present shape.

Senator Cockrell succeeded in his humane effort to have the Senate amend the Indian appropriation bill so that it provides that two years shall be allowed the sectarian (Catholic) Indian schools to prepare to turn their scholars over to government schools, if they do not wish to teach them at their own expense; but there is no certainty that the A. P. A., which has shown its control of the House several times during the session, will agree to it. President Cleveland assured the delegates to the National Arbitration Conference which met in Washington this week, who called on him, that he was thoroughly in sympathy with their aim to bring about a system of international arbitration of all disputes not affecting the sovereignty of nations.

The unseating of Representative Cobb, of Ala., in favor of Goddwin, the populist who contested the seat, by the republican majority of the House, was a part of the deal through which it is expected to carry Alabama this year by the a republican-populist combine. This was so palpable that a few republican members refused to vote for it, but not enough to defeat it. The danger of putting young men with more egotism than parliamentary knowledge in the Speaker's chair was exemplified during the debate in this case. Speaker Reed desiring to consult with some of his boomers called Representative Barrett, of Mass., to the chair and retired to his private room to figure on his chances for the Presidential nomination. Mr. Barrett got tangled up, and was about to get the House in the biggest sort of a row by attempting to shut off Mr. Cobb, who had been allowed one hour to speak in his own behalf. Fortunately somebody sent for Mr. Reed and he returned to the chair and straightened out matters. He also tried to let Mr. Barrett down easy by saying that he had misunderstood the agreement under which the House was acting, but Representative Bailey, of Texas, promptly called him down by shouting: "Ignorance not misunderstanding." This man hopes to be Speaker of the next House, if Reed becomes President and the House remains republican—a formidable "if."

Senator Smith, of N. J., has probably been scratched off Andy Carnegie's list of friends, if he was

**Constipation**

Cause fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, etc.

**Hood's Pills**  
The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ever on it. The reason is an amendment which Mr. Smith wishes to have attached to the Naval appropriation bill. This amendment instructs the Secretary of the Navy to make no contracts for armor plate for the battle ships provided for in that bill unless the price be at least as low as \$300 a ton of 2,000 pounds. Carnegie is now paying Uncle Sam \$500 a ton for armor plate, but has promised to reduce the price, to prevent the government undertaking to make its own armor. Senator Smith wants to make sure that the reduction is what it should be, and yet there is no injustice in the figures he names as that is the price at which Carnegie and his associates have taken a Russian contract. It remains to be seen whether Carnegie's friends in Congress can head off that Smith amendment.

There has been some excitement in Congress this week on account of a statement made by Representative Sulzer, of N. Y., to the effect that Walter Dygert, a young American recently imprisoned by the Spanish authorities, had been secretly executed. Mr. Sulzer's information came from Cubans in New York who got it direct from their friends on the island. Secretary Olney thinks there is a mistake about it, as he has the promise of the Spanish authorities that young Dygert would be given his liberty and allowed to leave Cuba. If investigation proves that execution story to be true Spain would better look out for serious trouble.

**BE JUST TO YOURSELF.**

Sunny South, (Alamance, G.)  
In casting about for a place to locate in business, or in seeking a change that you hope will bring better chance of success, do not permit prejudice to blind your eyes to the truth nor stand in the way of your prosperity. The days of our earthly pilgrimage are few, and attended with many tribulations, so it behooves us to avail ourselves of every aid to peace and progress. It may be that home is the one thing lacking to reconcile you to your lot in life. Do not condemn the country on hear-say, nor believe all that you read to its detriment, but take our advice and see it. This can be done at little expense, and you find business opportunities here that are not found elsewhere. You will be able to secure, at a nominal cost, lands that will yield surprising returns for the attention bestowed upon them, and enjoy a climate that will be a benefit and a continual charm. You will find that artesian wells and ice factories have revolutionized the domestic economy of the entire South, and that what used to be luxuries are now everyday conveniences. The pride that comes from possession here swells the breast of the farmer, as he looks upon his growing fields and blooming orchards, and the housewife smiles as she surveys her thriving garden and heavily laden vines. This is no picture, but an accurate photograph of scenes that greet the eye of every visitor to the sunny South.

To the farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer, the young man of brains and the old man of experience, the empire of the South presents a field of boundless opportunities for home getting and wealth getting. The climate and great variety of resources make it much easier to gain a livelihood and acquire a competency there than in the less favored regions of the Northwest, with its limited capabilities and lack of diversity in the matter of crops.  
Gold, Tariff and Women.  
Oregon Republican State convention adopted resolutions favoring the enfranchisement of women, against silver and instructing delegates to the national convention to vote for McKinley.

**A Lesson in Business.**

New York World.  
A curtailment of the output of the well-known Waterbury watch factory, with a consequent reduction in the pay-roll of the employees, is ascribed by the Secretary of the company to causes which have no relation whatever to this country. These causes are the great heat and drought in Australia, the Jameson raid and the Matabele uprising in Southern Africa and the unsettled condition of Egypt. In each of these disturbed districts the Waterbury Company was doing a profitable and rapidly increasing business which has now been much reduced. The incident shows how close are the trade relations between widely separated territories of the earth. It illustrates the interdependence of districts which trade with each other. It also shows how greatly the prosperity of any branch of business depends on the prosperity of its customers. This is an axiom which should not need insisting on, but it conflicts with the McKinley idea, which seems to have the support of a great many Americans just now.

Down in Kentucky, in order to show their high estimation of a young lady, her friends got up a dog fight in her honor. And it is said that the young lady thought it was perfectly "lovely."

**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**

**Belmont Free Coinage.**

Wilmington Star.

Mr. Perry Belmont, of New York, whose banking house is supposed to represent the Rothschilds in this country, in reply to a friend who asked his views on the question of the free coinage of silver, wrote a letter from which we make the following extract:

"If that were possible, I wish, as I think you do, that by the joint action of all commercial countries, everybody might have the right of carrying to the mint silver and gold, getting it back coined into full legal tender money. That is bimetalism, the essence of which is internationality, and a fixed rate arranged with us by European concert."

There are two points in this worthy note because they cover the essence of the agitation for the free coinage of silver by the independent action of the Government. We shall consider the last point first.

He says (and he is speaking as a financier who is presumably familiar with the world's demand for money) he wishes that we could have international agreement and that everybody might have the right of carrying to the mint silver and gold and getting it back coined into full legal tender money. Everybody has that right now as to gold, so that this wish applies properly to silver, which is debared from the mints, and not to gold, which has free access. This is an admission by Mr. Belmont that there is not silver coin enough in the world and that there would be use for all that might be coined. A very important concession, and one which knocks out the assertion of the goldites that there is no need for more silver and that there is gold enough to meet the world's demand for money.

Mr. Belmont says nothing about rate, thereby tacitly admitting that whatever ratio might be agreed upon would fix the value of the coin regardless of the production of either metal. This knocks out the silver over-production theory of the goldites.

But, says Mr. Belmont, this international agreement is "impossible." This is just what we and a good many other people have been thinking, and this is why we are tired of the rot about "international agreement." If it be impossible what is the use of fooling with it and trying to play that fake upon the people of the country? Mr. Belmont believes it impossible and as Mr. Belmont represents the great money lending house of the world, through whose instrumentality silver was demonetized by England in 1816, he doubtless knows what he is talking about.

**Close Hay For Horses.**

Almost anybody will admit that clover hay is the best for cows. It is much more nutritious than timothy, and all animals that eat hay are very fond of it. The trouble with horses is that they like it too well, and eat so much clover their stomach is distended and interferes with fast driving, and to some extent, with heavy work. Another reason is that clover is more apt to be injured in curing than other hay. If there is any fermentation above a slight heating that brings the clover up to blood heat some of the leaves will be made too dry and be turned into dust. This is very bad for horses that have had their lungs injured by hard driving when the stomach was full.

It often happens that the clover hay is very dusty. In such case cutting and wetting it removes the difficulty. Even without cutting dusty hay should be sprinkled with water before being fed to horses. It should also be given moderately, making up with grain the deficiency in hay nutrition. Timothy hay is liked by stable keepers, because very little of it will be eaten and the horse has to get his chief nutrition from oats, which are everywhere recognized as the best grain food for horses at work.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

**TRUCK FARM FERTILIZER.**

Potash salts are just the thing for truck farming. The cheaper muriate of potash gives equally as good



**CARE OF EGGS FOR HATCHING.**

It is a common mistake to suppose that eggs kept always in a cold place may be kept indefinitely. It is true that keeping them too warm starts the germs into life, but even then the egg is spoiled quicker and more effectually by being chilled. The germ is sensitive to the cold almost from the first. We have known poultry keepers who made a rule to set eggs the day they were laid, and if possible without ever having the warmth which they received from the sun impaired. The necessity of keeping the eggs reasonably warm until they are set is greatest in the early spring months. Many eggs are kept in cold rooms where the temperature at night goes down very near to the freezing point. If they are on earthen or metal vessels, which take away the heat from the egg very rapidly, the egg will be worthless for setting long before its shell is cracked by frost. Without doubt many early settings of eggs get chilled in this way.

While the weather is cold not so many eggs should be put under the hen as she will care for and hatch in summer, when eggs will hatch with no more heat than the sun furnishes if covered with something at night to keep them from being chilled.

**Everything that usually goes to the swill barrel can be turned to more profit on the farm if it is put in proper condition for feeding the poultry.**

Potato and turnip parings, the boiled are good to put with the mixed food. All table scraps make the very best of food; even the meat bones can be crushed, and will more than pay for the trouble in the increase of eggs. The buttermilk used in a scalding state or sour or sweet milk the same add increased nourishment to the mixtures mentioned. The whey when curd is made can also be utilized the same way. Whole grain should be fed at evening. Wheat, barley, buckwheat, corn and rye are valued as respectively enumerated. The fowls show a preference for corn, but if fed too liberally it will make the hens too fat for profitable egg layers. Of course, excessive feeding of wheat will have a like tendency, but in not so quick or so marked a degree.—Farmers' Review.

**SLEEPS CAR SERVICE.**

Nov. 27 and 28, Washington and Southern Limited, composed of Pullman man cars; minimum Pullman rate \$2.00; no extra fare. Through sleeping cars between New York and New Orleans, New York and Memphis, New York and Tampa and Washington, Asheville and Hot Springs. Also carries first-class coach between Washington and Jacksonville. Dining car between Greensboro and Montgomery.

Nov. 21 and 22, New York and Florida Short Line Limited. Solid train between New York, Washington, Jacksonville, and St. Augustine. Pullman—Compartments and Drawing Room Sleeping, Observation and Dining Cars. First Class Vestibule Coach between Washington and St. Augustine. Through cars between New York, St. Augustine and Tampa, and New York to Augusta.

Nov. 11 and 12, Sleeping car between Greensboro and Raleigh, and between Greensboro and Richmond.

Through tickets on sale at principal stations to all points. For rates or information apply to any agent of the company, or to W. N. J. O'BRIEN, Dist. Mgr., Danville, Va.; W. B. HYDER, Dist. Mgr., Charlotte, N. C.; W. A. TUCKER, Dist. Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.; W. H. GREEN, Dist. Manager (Eastern Div.), Washington, D. C.

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**CHRIST'S LAST DAYS ON EARTH.**

His Movements on Each Day During the Week of His Crucifixion and Resurrection—The Forty Days Between His Resurrection and Ascension—His Eleven Appearances During That Time.

T. G. Davis in Morehead City Evangelist.

Sunday, April 5th, is Easter, which carries our mind back to the last days of Christ. Much of the gospel narrative is given to the last week of our Lord's life, commonly called passion week or, "week of suffering," which began Sunday, April 9th, A. D., 30.

It should be remembered that the closing months of Christ's ministry were spent in Perea, east of the Jordan. The last week in March he began his last journey to Jerusalem, on the eve of the great Passover feast. On the last day of March he arrived at Bethany, on the eastern slope of the Mount of Olives, and there spent Saturday, April 1st, in the home of Mary and Martha.

During the last week Bethany continued to be the home of Christ and his apostles, Jerusalem being visited by day and the nights spent at Bethany.

On Sunday, April 2nd, he made his triumphal entry into Jerusalem. Monday, the 3rd, he cleansed the Temple; Tuesday, April 4th, in the Temple occurred Christ's last public teaching. In the evening he stopped on his return to Bethany on Mount Olivet and spoke privately to his apostles the parables of the Virgins and talents, and the prophecies concerning Jerusalem and the day of judgment. Wednesday, April 5th, was spent in retirement in Bethany.

Thursday, April 6th, occurred in order the last Passover and the Lord's Supper, followed by Christ's last discourse with his apostles and his agony in Gethsemane. Friday, April 7th, about 3 o'clock A. M., Christ was arrested and taken before Annas and Caiaphas. Between 3 and 6 o'clock A. M. occurred the trial by Caiaphas and the Sanhedrin. From 6 to 9 A. M. Christ appeared before Pilate, Herod, and again Pilate, was scourged and crucified. He was on the cross from 9 to 3 P. M. He died at 3 o'clock and was buried between 3 and 6 P. M. Saturday, April 8th, he lay in the tomb. Sunday, April 9th, was the resurrection of Christ.

Between the resurrection of Christ, Sunday, April 9th, and the ascension, May 18th, occurred the "forty days" during which time our Lord appeared eleven times as follows: Sunday, April 9th, Resurrection day, to Mary Magdalene, to other women, to Peter, to the two disciples on the road to Emmaus, and at night in Jerusalem to ten of the apostles. Sunday, April 16, Christ again appeared at night in Jerusalem to his apostles. This was being present. During the week following he appeared in Galilee to the seven fishing on the lake, to the eleven on the mountains, to five hundred at one time and to James alone.

Sunday, May 18th, in the presence of the eleven apostles, near to Bethany, occurred the eleventh and last appearance, as he ascended into heaven, where he now sits at the right hand of the Father making intercessions for us.

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Greensboro, Raleigh and Goldsboro.		
East Bound	No. of Daily	No. of Mixed Daily
Lv Greensboro	12:05 pm	1:30 am
Elon College	12:45 pm	2:30 am
Burlington	1:15 pm	3:00 am
Graben	1:45 pm	3:30 am
Hillsboro	1:55 pm	4:00 am
University	1:55 pm	4:00 am
Durham	2:05 pm	4:15 am
Ar Raleigh	2:15 pm	4:30 am
		Mixed Ex. Bus.
Lv Raleigh	8:15 am	9:00 am
Clayton	8:45 am	10:30 am
Selma	9:15 am	11:00 am
Ar Goldsboro	9:45 am	1:00 pm
West Bound		
	No. of Daily	No. of Mixed Daily
Ar Greensboro	7:25 pm	8:00 am
Elon College	6:45 pm	6:45 am
Burlington	6:15 pm	6:15 am
Graben	6:15 pm	6:00 am
Hillsboro	6:25 pm	6:00 am
University	6:25 pm	6:00 am
Durham	6:35 pm	6:15 am
Lv Raleigh	6:45 pm	6:30 am
		Mixed Ex. Bus.
Ar Raleigh	4:00 pm	9:00 pm
Clayton	3:30 pm	8:30 pm
Selma	3:05 pm	8:05 pm
Ar Goldsboro	2:50 pm	8:00 pm

Nov. 25 and 26 make close connection at University to and from Chapel Hill.

**THROUGH SCHEDULE.**

South		
	No. of Daily	No. of Weekly
Lv Washington	11:15 am	10:15 am
Richmond	12:05 pm	1:15 pm
Charlottesville	1:05 pm	2:15 pm
Roanoke	2:05 pm	3:15 pm
Danville	2:55 pm	4:05 pm
Ar Greensboro	3:45 pm	4:55 pm
Winston-Salem	4:35 pm	5:45 pm
Raleigh	5:25 pm	6:35 pm
Salisbury	6:15 pm	7:25 pm
Lv Asheville	7:05 pm	8:15 pm
Ar Hot Springs	7:55 pm	9:05 pm
Knoxville	8:45 pm	9:55 pm
Chattanooga	9:35 pm	10:45 pm
Charlotte	10:25 pm	11:35 pm
Columbia	11:15 pm	12:25 am
Augusta	12:05 am	1:15 am
Savannah	12:55 am	2:05 am
(Central Time)		
Jacksonville	9:45 am	
St. Augustine	10:35 am	
Orlando	11:25 am	12:35 pm
Birmingham	12:15 pm	1:25 pm
Memphis	1:05 pm	2:15 pm
N. Orleans	1:55 pm	3:05 pm

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