GRAHAM, N. C., May 12, 1898 SUBSCIPTION, CASH IN ADVANCE:

One year \$1.00. The editor will not be responsible the views expressed by correspondents.

ADVERTISING RATES One square (1 in.) I time \$1.00, for each sub sequent insertion 50 cents. For more spa and longer time, rates furnished on applic lices 10 cts. a line for fire insertion ; subsequent insertions 5 cts. a line Transient advertigements must be paid for

J. D. KERNODLE, Editor.

## Mass Convention.

A Democratic Mass Convention for Alamance county is hereby called to meet at the court house i Graham, on Saturday, May 14th, 1898, at 12 o'clock. This convention will select delegates to the State, Congressional, Judicial and Senatorial Conventions.

No township primaries will be held, but every voter who attends will be a recognized delegate from his township.

Every voter in the county who endorses the platform of the last Democratic National Convention. known as the Chicago platform who favors the management of white schools by white people and the management of colored schools by colored people : who favors a clean, economical and competent adminis tration of our State and County governments and of the affairs of our public institutions by white men free from scandal, extravagance, jobbery and the blunders of incompetency; and who intends to use his vote and influence to restore these conditions in our State, is cordially and earnestly invited to attend and participate.

By order of the Democratic Executive Committee of Alamance

E. S. PARKER, JR., Chairman

To be sure the war question is a most absorbing one just now, but the interest in it should not be allowed to completely overshadow every other question. For the regulation and preservation of home institutions-the good government of our State and nation from the humblest to the highest office and the regulation of society-political matters demand the best attention from every good and patriotic citi- to-night the consideration of the

Looking to these latter matters a Democratic mass convention has been called to meet in Graham next Saturday. It is especially important that the articles. convention be well attended. Our State has had a class of of- place a license upon banks at the ficials, and still has them, that rate of \$100 per year, and upon has not reflected credit upon the brokers at the rate of \$50, but has loyal and conservative people of not yet determined whether the our good old State. The State needs to be purged of the existing conditions and to do it the honest yeomanry of the State must come together as they did more than twenty years ago.

The people have had a change; a change that has neither been beneficial to nor worthy of their State. After a short experience the people recognize that another change is needful, if the laws of the land are to be properly administered and other neces sary measures placed on the statute books. To accomplish these things the people must select competent and trustworthy officials, and the starting point is in our county convention, hence the necessity of every good citizen being present.

Guilford county Democratic convention sends a divided delegation to the Judicial convention-66% for T. J. Shaw and mend them as one of the best pills 4114 for D. Schenck, Jr., for ever made. I sell twelve boxes to Judge. Let Alamance send a four of any other kind. Dealers have no fear of getting overstocked solid delegation for Capt. E. S. with Ramon Remedies for they are Parker—it is due him by his ready sale and always give satisfac-countymen; it would only be a For sale by J. C. Simmons. just recognition of his fitness and ability for judicial honors

The Spanish fleet left Cape Verde several days ago. It was expected in Cuban waters this week and modern naval battle between it and the North Atlantic squadron was ntarily looked for. The unexpected has happened again—the Cape Verde fleet has turned up at Cadis, Spain,—gone home. The way is now open to invade Cuba and expel the Spaniards from the Western Hemisphere. And it will

Wheat in Chicago at the close of iness Tuesday was \$1.85 per cahel-a rise of 65 cents per bushel ince the first day of May. Specula tion did it-it is not permanent.

recenville four of the six aldermen lected are colored. This is due to be fact that the fusion Legislature errymandered Greenville so that it turned over to the negroes

To Cure a Cold in One Pay.

Laxative Bromo Quinine TabAll druggists refund the money
falls to cure. 25c.

DEWEY HEARD FROM. And Formally Thanked For His Heroic D

at Mantla. Last Saturday morning the fol lowing dispatch was received by Secretary Long of the Navy, at

Washington: "Manila, May 1. - Squadron ar rived at Manila at daybreak this morning. Immediately engaged the enemy and destroyed the following Spanish vessels: Reina Christina, Castilla, Don Antonio de Ulloa, Isla de Luzon, Isla de Cuba, Gener al Lezo, Marques de Duero, Correo, Velasco, Isla de Mindanao, a transport and water battery at Cavite. The squadron is uninjured and only a few men are slightly wounded. Only means of telegraphing is to shall communicate with him.

(Signed) "DEWEY." also received:

"CAVITE, May 4. "I have taken possession of the naval station at Cavite, Philippine Islands, and destroyed its fortifications. Have destroyed the fortifications at the bay entrance, patroling the garrison. I control the bay completely and can take the city at any time. The Squadron is in excelled health and spirits. The Spanish loss is not fully known, but ery heavy-150 killed including Captain Oreina Marina. I am as sisting in protecting the Spanish sick and wounded. Two hundred and fifty sick and wounded in the hospital. Much excitement in Ma

"DEWEY." (Signed)

Secretary Long, by direction the President sent the following reply to Dewey: WASHINGTON, May 7, '98.

DEWEY, Manila : The President, in the name of the American people, thanks you and your officers and men for your splendid achievement and overwhelming victory. In recognition he has appointed you acting admiral, and ecommend a vote of thanks to you by Congress.

The War Revenue. WASHINGTON, May 9.-When th Senate finance committee adjourned amendments to the war revenue bill had been almost entirely completed although there were some puzzling problems still unsolvod, one of which was the manner of dealing with proprietary medicinal

The committee has decided On life insurance companies the rate has been increased five fold, being 10 cents on every \$100, and it is estimated that this increase will add about \$1,000,000 in revenue. The provisions for an inheritance tax and for a tax on bills of lading were adopted, as were the provisions for taxing all dealings in futures, in-

luding bucket shop operations. The Democratic amendments will be taken up to-morrow and there is little doubt that they will all be adopted, as Senator Jones, of Nevada, has indicated his purpose of standing with the Democrats on all the principal changes they suggest. It is possible that the consideration of the bill 'may be completed to morrow, but it is not probable.

I have been using Ramon's Liver Pills & Tonic Pellets for the past two years and consider that they have saved me \$500 in doctor bills, to say nothing of the suffering and loss of the time. I can recom

Your friends may smile But that tired feeling Means danger. It Indicates impoverished And impure blood. This condition may

Lead to serious illness. It should be promptly Overcome by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla Which purifies and

Enriches the blood, Strengthens the nerves, Tones the stomach, Creates an appetite And builds up,

Energizes and vitalizes The whole system. Be sure to get Only Hood's

WEEKLY WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6, '98. heavily spined, for the purpose of panes were broken. The oldest attacking a fleet nearly his equal in people among us say they have nev strength which was supported by er saw such a storm before. heavy land batteries, and succeeding in destroying the Spanish fleet, silencing the batteries and planting is now apparently bent on fighting. read of the victory won by the darmade an admiral and who will re-

Congress has authorized the enmunes, in the south, for service in and gave us a good lecture. Cuba, in addition to the 125,000 volunteers.

It is always more or less dangerspeech, but Representative Lacey, lectured for us Wednesday evening of Iowa, had to get squelched be on the subject, "Liberty, its Limitafore he would believe it. Mr. tions and Restraints." He dealt against the six democrats who voted presenting his thoughts in a clear for the republican war revenue bill. vivid, forceful style; holding his which authorizes an addition of audience in rapt attention for three \$600,000,000 to the country's interest bearing debt, and incidentally ways glad to have such distinguish-Cleveland administrations, which he the day. Such lectures are oases in name, when he said there were on- us from the General Convention, ly two worse names in history than was Rev. W. F. Bassett, of Maine. that of Grover Cleveland-the It was said of him that he was the names of Judas Iscariot and Ben. Maine man in the convention. edict Arnold. Just then he was He is a recent graduate of the from Cuba. The Gussie has on interrupted by Mr. Lacey, who ask- Christian Biblical Institute of Stan- board between six and seven thoued if Judas Iscariot was not the fordville, N. Y., and is in the south sand rifles, and about 200,000 riginal silver man. Mr. Clark turned upon him and retorted : "The first silver speech ever made in the American Congress was by William B. Allison, whom you all worship. Now, some of the rest of children. you ask a question." The chalthat they were responsible for the war with Spain, and addressing the republican side he said: took you by the scruff of the neck and dragged you into it. It's our war." Mr. Clark closed with a modore Dewey, in Manila harbor.

glowing and patriotic reference to the brilliant achievement of Com-The administration is not allow ing the war to cause it to forget the need the republicans have for help in the Congressional campaign. The patronage of the Government Printing Office is to be turned over to the republican candidates for Congress, by an order declaring that establishment never to have been legally under the civil service rules. It get his leg ret, was asked if th will be remembered that an opinion declaring that the placing of the G. P. O. under civil service rules was illegal was prepared by an official of the Department of Justice last year, but was never adopted by Attorney General McKenna as his own and was never made public. Attorney General Griggs, doubtless under pressure from the Republican Congressional Committee, has agreed to the promulgation of that opinion as his own, and democrats in the G.

other jobs. Mr. McKinley deserves credit for standing out against the enormous pressure brought to bear upon him by politicians of his party in favor of incompetent applicants for general's commissions in the volunteer army. He has sent the nomina tions of eleven major generals and twenty-five brigadier generals to the Senate. Thirty-five of them are officers in the regular army, and the other four, all major generals, are ex-officers, equally divided between the l-lue and the gray, Fitz Lee and Joe Wheeler representing the gray, Senator Sewell, of N. Y., and Gen eral James H. Wilson, of Delaware,

P. O. who are on the look out for

representing the blue.

ELON COLLEGE HOTES.

Rain, hail, wind, cold, war, an commencement are the chief topics Mr. McKinley's fighting blood of the day; except with some, of has been aroused by the grert vic- course. The storm last week did tory won by our Asiatic squadron much damage to wheat and other under Commodore Dewey. It crops in this community; in fact, it would have been strange, indeed, if must have been far-reaching in its it has not been, for nothing more extent, as we have heard from quite daring in the annals of naval warfare a number of places where it did its has been recorded than Dewey's ac- work. However no serious damage tion in taking his ships into an was done here; a few trees were enemy's harbor, supposed to be blown down and a few window

Our little village was favored las week with the presence of visitors from the North. The first to come American consul at Hong Kong. I the American flag on the Philippine was Rev. J. G. Bishop, of Dayton, Islands. It was an achievement Ohio. He is our Missionary Secreworthy of the American navy, and tary, and is the editor of "The A little later the following was one that every American com- Christian Missionary." Mr. Bishop modore is anxious to try to dupli- is a man who is widely known and them are men who have seen fighting cate. They are apparently going to stands among the foremost men of be given opportunities, too. In his time. It is said that he is the fact, the orders have been issued only Bishop in the Christian church that will give the rest of our navy who is under the direction of anothan opportunity to share in avenging er Bishop. Surely the Bishop who be concentrated at Southern ports the Maine by doing some fighting. presides over him is neither over- as quickly as the trains can carry Porto Rico is to be taken. Our bearing nor arbitrary in her ruling, them, and will be transported as soldiers also are to be allowed to do as he appears to us to be a man of fast as the necessary ships can be some fighting. The air of hesita- untrammeled liberty. He is a leadtion, which was so aggravating, has er in the great mission movement, entirely disappeared, and everything one whose heart is in the work. His literature, such as programs for Admiral Dewey's official report has missionary, children's day, and othbeen received, and he cannot pos er exercises, are widely known and sibly be prouder of it than is every eagerly sought, not only by the all directions, directing contracts to American who reads it. Millions Christian church, but by other deof Americans yet unborn will thrill nominations as well. His office with pride and patriotism when they work alone requires a correspon dence averaging from five to forty ing and gallant Dewey, who will be letters a day. Notwithstanding his forty-eight hours there will be 2,000 business interests at home, he took advantage of a trip South in order ceive a vote of thanks from Conto attend the Convention at Raleigh, and as he was returning home he listment of 10,009 yellow fever im. stopped a few hours at the college not all like the one which has just

> Rev. B. S. Batchelor, of New Bedford, Mass., was the next to come, and, by the way, it is said that he ous to interrupt Representative is the only Batchelor that we have seeking health. Rev. N. G. Newman, of Suffolk, Va, also made a flying trip to see his brothers and

Dr. Newman preached for us lenge was not taken up. In the yesterday. Prof. Atkinston preachsame speech Mr. Clark ridiculed ed at Union Ridge, Prof. Wicker at leader, General Delgado, it is bethe claim of some of the republicans Graham, C. H. Rowland at Auburn, and B.F. Black at Pleasant Ridge.

Elon College, N. C., May 9, '98. nitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by

The 10-year-old son of Mr. Chas. F. Crews, of Oxford, stumped his toe, causing a severe bruise. Bleed-poison followed and he died three

A Scotch laddie, Jock by name fter carried, an unwilling patient by his mother to the bone man to "No," said Jock, "it didna hurt me." "I told you it widna be painful," said his mother "Ah re-plied Jock, "nae winder; ye see, mother, I just let him fumble wi

Use "Eclipse Guano" for tobacco MONS

The Pink Pill Cleanses The Tonic Pellet Invigorates

THE CUBAN INVASION.

Sixty Thousand Troops to be Landed as Soo

Washington, D. C., May 8 .- The Post tomorrow will say: Between sixty and eighty thousa nen will be landed on Cuban soil at

They will wear the uniform of the Inited States, and they will not reurn until they have defeated the Spanish forces on the island, and the American flag floats as proudly over Havana, as it does over the ruins of the Cavite fortress in Manila harbor.

This is the idea of the military advisers of the administration, and

the President approves the plans. The first section of the army to invade Cuba will be the 15,000 or 18,000 troops that are now assembled at New Orleans and Tampa. They are all regulars, and most of on the plains. They are seasoned disciplined, effective. They will be followed at once by another army of 50,000 volunteers, which will collected. It is estimated that it will take at least 300 vessels to move this immense army to Cuba. Nearly everything that floats has already and last night the wires were hot in be closed immediately in all the principal seaport towns.

Other details of the great expedition have been arranged. Within wagons at Tampa, and 12,000 mules. Several hundred ambulances will also be hurried to Tampa They may be needed. Battles are been fought in Manila harbor.

Sending Arms to Cuba.

TAMPA, Fla., May 9.—The steam er Gussie, one of the Mallory Line Champ Clark when he is making a. who is married. Mr. Batchelor of boats, chartered by the government for use as a transport, wil sail for Cuba before morning, loaded with arms, ammunition and sun-Clark was making a vigorous talk with his theme in a masterly way plies furnished by the United States government for the use of the Cuban insurgents. A company of one hundred United States troops from quarters of an hour. We are al- the First Regiment of Infantry, will accompany the expedition and aid against the democratic party being ed men visit our college and speak in guarding the landing of the valuheld responsible for the acts of the to us on the great leading topics of able cargo on the coast of Cuba, and will, if necessary, penetrate into the declared were democratic only in school life. Another who came to interior far enough to place the supplies in the hands of the insurgents.

The expedition will be in charge of Captain J. H. Dorst, General Miles' aide, who has just returned hundred boxes of provisions, consisting principally of canned meats relatives and friends here. The and hard tack. The utmost scorecy Alma Mater is always glad to see her 18 maintained regarding the point of landing, but in view of Capt. Dorst's recent landing near Havana, where he communicated with the insurgent lieved that the expedition will be headed for a point not far from Havana. The Gussie had mounted on her forward deck to-day, a one pounder rapid fire motion gun for a protection. It is understood, however, that she will be met at some point not far from Key West by a gun boat from the American blockading squadron, and escorted to the designated landing place.

CURSE OF INSOMNIA.

VIEWS OF A RUSSIAN WOMAN WHO HAS STUDIED THE SUBJECT.

ed by Experiment and Investig The Important Part the Blood Plays In the Matter of Sloop.

A mine of information our various treatments prescribed for vio-tims of insomnia is contained in a new cientific work by Marie de Menaccin Russian woman who has con the subject and who has made many original experiments. Her work has been translated into English. Cold water bags applied to the fore-

head and hot ones to the back of the neck are recommended to produce sleep, since by their means the blood is driven from the brain. Hot baths increase the size of the blood vessels of the skin and produce the same effect. Another method of freeing the brain and causing sleep—one which will be found acceptable to every one—is the eating of a light supper just before retiring. The blood in this case is sent from the brain to the stomach, where it is needed in digestion.

Experiments prove that monotony is

riments prove that mon an effective source of fatigue to the brain, which organ appears to automat-ically drain off its blood where fatigued to a normal degree. Almost every one has tried the experiment of counting himself to sleep. Men have been readily put to sleep by being made to hear wa-ter drop constantly. A watch ticking under the pillow will produce the same result until one becomes so acoustomed to its monotony that it is no longer heard. According to the Russian au-thority, old time nobles of her country were put to sleep by their servants, lapse of consciousness occurred. The lullaby of the American mother pro-

duces sleep because of its monotony.

A Papago Indian recently told the writer that the native doctors among his people sit at the bedsides of the sick and sing monotonous chants, repeated over and over, throughout the whole conjuring is applied. Many patients are doubtless cured, the only virtue of the reatment being the relief of pain and the nourishment of the system by sleep ced by monotony. Repeated rockroduces sleep, as does repeated ing of the hair. Korean mothers put their infants to sleep by scratching them monotonously upon their abdo-mens. Spanish mothers accomplish the same result by continuously stroking the spines of their infants. In the last two cases sleep is produced not only by monotony, but by the attraction of the blood to the body by the stimulus

The manipulations of the hypnotist tend to fatigue the mind through monotony. The writer has seen subjects hypnotized while counting their bres Hypnotic sleep, however, like sleep proped by narcotios, or anses jures rather than refreshes the mind as a rule. Sufferers from insomnia should never court sleep in a lighted room. Experiments show that light falling upon the eyelids causes a rush of blood to the brain. The head should not be kept too low, lest gravity produce the

of persons who blush, laugh or weep readily and whose pulse is apt to quick-en upon the slightest provocation. Loss-of sleep most frequently results from overwork of either mind or body. Overvessels of the brain and eventually paralyzes them. Extreme cold produces the same result. Experimental that exercise of the emotions causes ness if occurring near bedtime

we require sleep in proportion to the scancity of red corpusoles in our blood. All people, therefore, do not correspond in their need of sleep. Many authorities agree that the degree to which sleep is needed depends upon the strength of consciousness. Children, savages and idiots readily fall asleep because their consciousness is ill developed, and therefore readily fatigued. Persons of strong will power and marked individnality require relatively little sleep. It is difficult to overfatigue their con-

sleep the majority of the hours of the decreased to from ten to eight hours un-til the age of puberty. During the age of puberty more sleep is required. After puberty from nine to seven hours are necessary. After complete growth from eight to six, and in middle age even less, until feebleness begins, when the sleeping hours should gradually in-crease. With increased intellectual growth however, increased intellectual

of its education. During sleep man grows like a vegetable, but his mind gets no exercise, which its development demands. Were a child to sleep 20 hours a day until 10 years old, he would doubtless have a feeble mind. Children who sleep too much are found upon investigation to be fatter than those who sleep at a normal rate, but their intellects are duller and their nuscles weaker. Insomnia, on the other hand, is always a dangerous symptom in children.

POULTRY HOUSES.

artment of agriculture, Washington, suggests: "As poultry keeping is wholly a business of details, the economy of labor in performing the neces sary work is of great importance. Build-ings not conveniently located and arranged become expensive on account of unnecessary labor. As it is necessary to visit politry houses several times each day in the year, convenience is of more importance than in case of any other farm building. The operations must be restricted from the content of the content performed frequently, so that any little inconvenience in the arrangements of the buildings will cause not only extra expense in the care, but in many cases a greater or less neglect of operations t ought to be gone through with care

fully each day. The poultry house, he says, "should have a good roof," another thing we all knew, adding what we had possibly not given thought enough to, "with side walls more or less impervious to moisture and cold." The walls he recommentis can be made of small field stone

"For the colder latitudes," he says, "a house with hollow or double side walls is to be preferred on many accounts, although a solid wall may prove quite satisfactory, particularly if the building is in the hands of a skilled poultryman, as imperfect buildings and appliances, when under the manage-ment of skilled and experienced men, are not the bindrances that they would be to the amateur. Buildings with holand cooler in summer, with less frost in severe weather and less resulting moisture when the temperature moder ates sufficiently to melt the frost from the walls and roof of the ho

"A cheap, efficient house for latitude south of New York," he adds, "may be made of two thicknesses of rough inch lumber for the side and end walls. This siding should be put on vertically, with a good quality of tarred building paper between. In constructing a building of this kind it is usually best to nail on the inner layer of boards first, then pur on the outside of this layer the build ing paper in such a manner that the edges of the paper meet, a liberal lap should be given, the object being to prevent as far as possible drafts of air in severe weather. Nail the second thickness of boards on the building paper so as to break joints in the boardings. In selecting lumber for sid-ing it is best to choose boards of a uniform width to facilitate the breaking of

"In constructing a roof for a hou in the colder latitudes one must either ceil the inside with some material to exclude drafts or place, the roof boards close together and cover thoroughly with tarred paper before shingling. The or-dinary shingle roof is too open for windy weather when the mercury is at or be low the zero mark. The fowls will endure severe weather without suffering from frosted combs or wattles if there are no drafts of air. Hens will lay well during the winter months if the houses are warm enough so that the single bite, but whenever the combs or wattle are frozen the loss in decreased egg pro inction cannot but be serious.

POULTRY TRICKS.

How Show Birds Are Handled and Cared Old timers who remember the cockni

as a flourishing institution know that he handlers, in preparing a gamecool for a battle, avould make the bird fieros and courageous by daily duels, so clev-erly conducted that the feathered champion would fancy itself a real victor. The method was to face the bird and clucking to arouse the mger, and also to throw it upward, an our at a time, to strengthen the wings and legs. Properly trained, the fowl be-comes all whipcord and has no fear of anything that walks or flies. There is as much handling of show birds, but on the reverse principle. The birds are made tame and gentle and are taught o walk in a style that will bring out their good points. They are tapped un heads up jauntily, the combs meanwhile held in tin helmets to keep the edges unbroken and upright, and the feathers are treated in diverse ways to bring out the gloss and full beauty of plumage.

Poultry judges have a standard of perfection to which the prize birds must

conform in head, legs, body, combs, wattles and color, and so closely is the lumage considered that, as the funcier To pass the scrutiny successfully some exhibitors have been known to pull false

exhibitors have been known to pull false feathers and insert missing ones, to defily color the plumage by artifice, and also to splice feathers, all practices forbidden by the show rules.

Such tricks seldom escape the notice of the judges, however, and the exhibitors who rely upon diet and good training to fit the birds usually win the most prizes. It is allowable to wash white fowl and to oil slightly colored plumage, but otherwas the birds must plumage, but otherwise the birds must be shown in the natural condition. Every funcier keeps his stock and show birds in distinct pards, and the latter are in training until too old to travel

American heas can produce eggs as cheaply as any foreign hen which roosts, and there is no really good reason why she should not do business for our Eng-

April the War Month. The first hostilities in the war of

the Revolution and Civil war ocur-red in the month of April, and April of 1898 marks the beginning of he Cuban war. A statistician in the Baltin

Sun office has given out the following interesting historical facts that have special interest at this time; It was on April 19th, 1775, at Lexington and at Concord, that the first armed reseistance was made by

The excitement of April 19th, 1861, is still remembered by many persons. The Sixth Massachusette Regiment was attacked by a mob in Baltimore, and the city turned over to the secessionists North Carolina was the first colony to declare for independence, in April, 1776, and Rhode Island alost immediately followed with a similar declaration. Six years later in April, 1782, the recognition of

our independence was made by the Dutch republic. April 18th, 17/5-Paul Revere's amous midnight ride. April 19th, 1775-Beginning of the Revolution by the battle of Lex-

April 11th, 1783-Congress proclaims cessation of hostilities. April 15th, 1783-Congress ratiles preliminary treaty of peace with April 4th, 1812-Congress estab-

ishes the embargo that begins the war of 1812. April 21st, 1835-Santa Anna uffers his great defeat at San Ja-

cinto April 25, 1846-Hostilities open between the United States and Mexico.

April 12, 1864-War of the rebelion begun by General Beauregard firing on Fort Sumpter.

April 19, 1861-First bloodshed of the war in conflict between United States troops and a mob at Baltimore.

April 9, 1865 -Lee surrenders to Grant at Appomattox. April 19, 1898-Congress of the United States declares that "the people of the island of Cula are, and of right ought to be free and in-

April 21, 1898-Diplomatic relations between Spain and the United States broken off. United States fleet sailed for Cuba.

Mr. Geo. W. Vahderbilt to Marry. Asheville Citizen.

Announcement of the approach of social event of international interest is made in a letter from George W. Vanderbilt to Charles McNamee, of Biltmore. The information is that Mr. Vanderbilt is to wed Miss Edith Dresser, of London, England. the first of June.

Miss Dresser, the bride to be, is an American lady, having formerly resided in New York, but for several years has lived in London, where the marriage will occur, Mr. Vanderbilt is now in London and will probably remain there until the

wedding.
It is believed that Mr. Vanderbilt and his bride will come to Biltmore House and make that their | ermanent place of residence.

A Texas military company was at rifle shooting. The lieutenant in command suddenly became exasperated at the poor shooting, and, seizing a gun from one of the privates, cried sharply: "I'll show you fellows how to shoot." Taking a long aim. and a strong aim, and an aim all together, he missed. Coolly turning to the private who owned the gun, he 'That's the way you shoot !" He again loaded the weapon and missed. Turning to the second man in the rank, he remarked. "That's the way you shoot !" In this way he missed about a dozen times illustrating to each soldier his personal incapacity, and finally he accidently hit the target. "Ahd that," he ejaculated handing the gun back, "is the way I shoot."— Los Angeles Times.

Geo. E. Butler, of Sampson county, a brother of Senator Butler, has een appointed major of the third North Carolina Volunteers. The other majors are Smith, of Asheville, and Rutzler, of Charlotte, the regiment being composed of three battalions.

Kinston elected Geo. B. Webb, Democrat, mayor and five (the entire board) Democratic aldermen Last year five of the aldermen were

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All the latest and nicest styles of the season. Honest Goods that possess worth and merit.