A FACT ABOUT THE "BLUES"

What is known as the "Blues' is seldom occasioned by actual existing external conditions, but in the great majority of cases by a disordered LIVER .-

THIS IS A FACT which may be demonstra-

They bring hope and bouyancy to the mind. They bring health and elasticity to the body.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. WILL S. LONG, JR. . . . DENTIST . . .

Graham. - - - North Carolina OFFICE IN SIMMONS BUILDING

IACOB A. LONG. J. ELMER LONG. LONG & LONG,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

GRAHAM, N. 7.

J. S. COOK Attorney-at-Law,

GRAHAM, - - - - N. C. Office Patterson Building Second Floor.

C. A. HALL, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,

GRAHAM, N. C. Office in the Bank of Alamance

Bulding. up stairs.

IOHN JEAT SYNUM. W. P. BYNUM, JR. BINUM & BYNUM,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law GABENSBORO, N U. Practice regularly in the courts of Alamance county. Aug. 2, 94 1y

ROB'T C. STRUDWICK Attorney-at-Law,

GREENSBORO N. U. Practices in the courts of Alamance and Guilford counties.

Write Quick Bly Bargat offered in each spotter at less than cost. DON'T DELAY. WRITE TODAY.

GA-ALA, BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Go. Grahan Undewriters Agency.

SCOTT & ALBRICHT. Graham, N. C

-Omce of-SCOTT-MEBANE M'F'G CO. OVERALLS.

GRAHAM, N. C. Apr. 12, 1907. HAS. A. SCOTT, Agent Southern Live Stock Inc. Co.,

OEAR SIR:—
your favor of the lith, enclosing check No.
170 for \$150, the same being in full payment
of our claim under policy No. 97, covering
asurance on our fron Gray Dray Horse,
which fied on the night of the 8th inst.
We wish to thank you for the promptness
in which your company has handled this loss
and will say, in passing, that a company of
this character has long been needed in our
state, and in view of the small premium
asked, no one should be without insurance
on their live stock.

Yours very truly.

Yours very sruly tope co., SOUTT-MEBANE MPG CO.,

Correspondence Solicited. THE BANK OF ALAMANCE

ARE YOU TO DATE

If you are not the News Ak" once and it will keep you abreast of the times.

Full Associated Press dispatches. All the news-foreign, do-mestic, national, state and local

Daily News and Observer \$7 per year, 3.50 for 6 mos.

Weekly North Carolinian \$1 per year, 50c for 6 mos. NEWS & OBSERVER PUB. CO.,

RALMIGH, N. C.

The North Carolinian and Tha-ALAMANCE GLEANER will be sent for one year for Two Dollars, Cash in advance. Apply at THE GLEANES office, Graham, N. C



Grover Cleveland

His Birth In Caldwell, N. J., His School Days, His Legal Career, His Rise to the Governorship of New York and His Defeat of James G. Blaine For the Presidency In 1884. -:-

THEN the pastor of byterian church in the little town of Caldwell, N. J., in 1837 bestowed upon one of his bables the name of the Rev. Stephen Grover, a predecessor in the same pulpit, he probably entertained not the remotest dream that the GROVER CLEVELAND'S BIRTHPLACE, CALDboy would grow up to discard his

state ticket carried Buffalo by more than 1,600 votes. Cleveland was elected mayor by a majority in his term he be

dates. Just after he voted on election

like Mayor Cleveland. He was a busi-

ness governor. It was said of him that

business so that he could run it well.

Grover Cleveland was cordially

working, but not brilliant, lawyer.

He had no pyro-

technic, ornamen-

tal side. He sim-

ply attended to

the Republican

came known as

siness. Though

first name and become known in world | "the veto mayor." He vetoed many history as Grover Cleveland, twice extravagant appropriation bills and president of the United States and for saved his city at least \$1,000,000. the remainder of his life "the most dis- The state of New York soon heard tinguished private citizen in the world." much of this veto mayor. He had been

The Rev. Stephen F. Cleveland and in office less than a year when the his wife, who was Ann Neal, daughter Democrats nominated him for governof a Baltimore merchant, had a large or. New York had not elected a Demfamily of children. Three years after ocratic governor since before the civil Grover was born the family migrated, war. The Republicans nominated as preachers' families are wont to do. Charles J. Folger, secretary of the Parson Cleveland became pastor at treasury in President Arthur's cabinet. Fayetteville, N. Y., and later at Clin- Mr. Folger was regarded as a particton, N. Y. The father died when ularly strong candidate, yet Cleveland Grover was in his sixteenth year. The was elected governor by a plurality of family home was then and until the 192,854 over Folger and by a clear mawidow Cleveland died in 1882 at Hol- jority of 151,742 over all the candiland Patent, N. Y. Grover Cleveland attended academics day he wrote to his brother, the Rev.

at Fayetteville and Clinton. He had William Cleveland: at Fayetteville and Clinton. He had an early ambition to go through Princeton college, but lacked the funds. He became clerk and later assistant teacher in the New York Institution For the Blind, New York city.

Fanny Crosby, the celebrated blind hymn writer, was a teacher in the same school. She and Grover became warm friends. In her reminiscences Miss Crosby writes:

He seemed a very gentle but intensely and happy if I serve one term as the peoper and happy if I serve one term as the peoper and happy if I serve one term as the peoper and happy if I serve one term as the peoper and happy if I serve one term as the peoper and happy if I serve one term as the peoper and happy if I serve one term as the peoper and happy if I serve one term as the peoper and happy if I serve one term as the peoper and happy if I serve ne term as the peoper and happy if I serve ne term as the peoper and happy if I serve ne term as the peoper and happy if I serve a time for me to write to some one who will believe what I write. * * I will tell you first of all others the policy I intend to adopt, and that is to make the matter a business engagement between the people and myself, in which the obligation on my side is to perform the duties assigned me with an eye single to the interests of my election or of any high political preferment in my head, but be very thankful and the prince of the people and it is to make the matter a business engagement between the people and myself, in which have no idea of re-election or of any high political preferment in my head, but be very thankful and the prince of the policy I intended to the intended to th

He seemed a very gentle but intensely and happy if I serve one term as the peo-ambitious boy. Among other very pleas-ant characteristics which I noticed in him mother were alive I should feel so much was a disposition to help others whenever possible. Knowing that it was a great favor to me to have my poems copied neatly and legibly, he offered to perform that service for me, and I several times availed event of the sid.

One day the principal of the school upbraided the blind woman for using he ran the state as he would have run the clerk's time in that way. Grover a railroad, mastering the details of the told Miss Crosby that she had a perfect right to employ him in that capacity, The same writer declares that "he not inasmuch as her poems were used in only preached economy, but he made the school and also helped to make the the state officials practice it. He veinstitution better known. He advised toed bills until the legislators were her to give the principal some "plain wild with rage, and he forced through prose" the next time he should recivil service reform." proach her. When the official remonstrated a second time, Miss Crosby disliked by the politicians in his parstood for her rights and won the battle. ty. But his reputation among the peo-When Cleveland was about eighteen ple as a plain, practicable, businessiike years old, he paid a visit to an uncle executive had grown so wide that in Buffalo. The uncle in the summer of 1884, before the expiraduced the boy to remain and help him tion of his gubernatorial term, there in compiling the "American Herd was an insistent call for him to ac-Book." Grover assisted in several editions of this work, studied law and which in the letter to his brother he was admitted to the bar at the age of had declared was not in his head. twenty-two. His first official position The great mass of the Democracy was that of assistant district attorney, throughout the country believed that which he held for three years, during Cleveland was honest and that noththe civil war. Two of his brothers ing could turn him aside from a course were in the army. Grover was helping which he believed to be right. He was to support his mother and sisters. His nominated for president at the Chicasalary was small. When he was draft- go convention of 1884, his Republican ed to military service, he hired a sub- opponent being James G. Blaine. Mr. stitute and remained at work. Later Cleveland received a small plurality of he was a candidate for the district at- the popular vote and an electoral matorneyship, but was defeated. Then he jority of thirty-seven. For the first time settled down to law practice. In 1870 since 1856 the Democratic party had he was induced to run for sheriff and carried the presidential election. A was elected, serving for three years. | man who two years before was un-After another interval of private known beyond his own city and counditisenship, assiduously devoted to ty, a painstaking, laborious lawyer, a

ington March 2, 1885, and on the

States, succeeding Chester Alan Ar-

Democrat had tak-

en the oath of of-

Miss Rose Eliza-

the White House

lady of the land"

ing the first

His Inauguration In March, 1885, His Marriage to Miss Frances Folsom, His Removals For "Offensive Partisanship," His "Tariff For Revenue Only" Plan and Two Presidential Campaigns.

his profession, this bachelor lawyer of ponderous, heavy set "old bachelor," forty-four years was nominated for had entered the lists and swept to demayor of Buffalo on the Democratic feat "the plumed knight" of twenty

ticket in 1881. He had become known years' national renown.



gress. Since then many flags have been returned. President Cleve land in his mes sage to congress in December, 1887, enunciated his celebrated proposirevenue only." This was the mos notable incident of his first term in office. The message, submitted on the eve of the presidential nom-inations of 1888, amazed the nation by its bold stand against the so callprotective taroff. Mr. Cleveland was known to be in a willing mood for renomination. His fearlessness

FTER an in-

vate life Grover

Cleveland return-

ed to Washington

and was inaugurated president of the United States

on March 4, 1863,

for the second

time. The Cleve-

1885. When he be-

years in pri-

fings should originate with con-

removal from office of competent offi- [Harrison's election and the consequent als for "offensive partisanship," a this issue, I shall stick to it." phrase coined by him which speedily . Accordingly in the last message of became famous. In the light of his his term he "stuck to" his stand on tory it must be admitted that "offen- the tariff problem, urging congress in sive partisans" in federal offices were 1888-9 to enact laws in line with his exceedingly numerous in those days. suggestions of the winter before. Republican postmasters were slaugh- Cleveland retired to private tered by wholesale. as a careful, hard

cials except as to heads of divisions tirade of criticism from members of and other important officeholders, but the president's own party Mr. Clevethe Jacksonian cry "To the victors be- land sent for the speaker of the house long the spoils!" became so insistent of representatives, John G. Carlisle, a that the president was induced to modify his policy to the extent of remov- other man in the country abandon

March 4, 1889, and settled in New In a storehouse connected with the York city for the practice of the law.



GRAHAM, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1908.

GROVER CLEVELAND AS PRESIDENT IN 1888.

battleflags captured from southern ties after his retirement

war department were many crates of He was not particularly active in poli

armies. At the suggestion of the ad- In the meantime history was making. jutant general Mr. Cleveland ordered Harrison and high tariff were in the that the flags be returned to the states saddle. The McKinley act of 1890, infrom whose regiments they had been creasing the tariff on wool, tin plate captured. Certain Grand Army posts and other products, was followed by became so indignant that they passed high prices for the poor man's necessa resolutions strongly censuring the pres- ries of life. Events rapidly were shap ident, with instructions against him ing themselves toward a vindication of because he had employed a substitute Grover Cleveland. The ex-president atinstead of going into the army during tended to his law work, and the the war. This incident, which took people did the rest. With the politiplace in 1887, was intensified in its acri- clans, as of old, mostly in opposimony from the G. A. R. side because tion, the independent Democratic vot the president had vetoed civil war pen- ers forced the selection of Clevesion bills in hundreds of individual land delegates to the national Democases wherein he believed the applicant ocratic convention of 1892, held in was not entitled to a pension. He had June. "Four more years of Grover" become known as "the veto president," was the campaign cry. Though the as he had been the veto mayor and the New York delegation opposed him, Mr. veto governor. So harsh was the clam-or evoked by the battleflag order that dency the third time in succession on the president issued a frank statement the first ballot. President Harrison rescinding it, explaining that he had again was his Republican opponent. acted without looking up the legal aspect of the case and that in his opinion electoral votes against 145 for Harrison any direction as to the final disposition and 22 for General Weaver, Populist.



GROVER CLEVELAND IN 1884 AND HIS BUFFALO LAW OFFICES,

His Fight For the Gold Standard, His Bond Issues, His Defiance of Great Britain Over the Venezuela Boundary, His Support of Palmer and Buckner and His Home Life In Princeton. -:-



during the great railway strike, against the pro-Altgeld of Illinois who declared that

land in 1894 eb-

hanced his imme

ernment troops to Chicago "to pre-vent the obstruc-

perience in national and international politics which that service entailed. In another and more popularly inter-

esting sense the second advent of ed herself to the American people.

renominated and elected. He had Britain had refused to submit to arserved one full term, with all the ex- bitration a certain boundary dispute with Venezuela. President Cleveland advised the appointment of a commission to determine for itself the boundary line between the two conn-Cleveland was different. He was now tries with a view to enforce an aca thorough family man. The Cleve- ceptance of this line by Great Britlands had a baby, little Ruth, born in ain. The Monroe doctrine having been New York Oct. 3, 1891. Her death a accepted from the moment of its profew years after her parents' retire- mulgation by Secretary of State John ment to Princeton, N. J., was a mat- Quincy Adams as a part and parcel of ter of general regret. Mrs. Cleveland sacred American polity, the entire naduring the second term further endear- tion stood by the president in his plucky stand. Congress also stood by



EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND AND HIS SON RICHARD.

ed in a very appreciable degree that accepted the situation gracefully. quality which we call personal mag-netism, he was undoubtedly the most popular American of his time when he feat for renomination in 1896, had he When he closed that term and retired clusion. Tariff as an issue was tum-permanently to private life he was one bled into that condition which years of the most unpopular Americans for before Mr. Cleveland had described as the time being. He had cut loose from his party and become that amazingly his party and become that amazingly age of silver was demanded by the unusual thing—an executive independent of the powers which made him. The great struggle for the maintenance of the gold standard against bimetal, handed over the governmental reins to lism which signalized the campaign of President William McKinley, March 4. 1896 was taking definite shape. The 1807, he stepped out of office forever. president set himself obstinately to-ward maintaining the gold standard. Problem as to what to do with an expresident set himself obstinately to-In the summer of 1893 he called an president by retiring gracefully to extra session of congress and pushed Princeton, N. J., in the shadow of the through the repeal of the Sherman act great university which he as a poor of 1890, under which the government boy vainly had hoped to enter. Here was required to purchase large quanti- he built a home and grew old with his ties of silver bullion. The Democracy family of bright young children growwas amazed and enraged at ing up about him. Two this action, though a very considerable and two boys were born. portion of it stood with the president During and after his presidential

To maintain the gold reserve Presi- hunting expeditions supplied much madent Cleveland from time to time made terial to the press. large issues of government bonds. The In 1903 Mr. Cleveland was introducplacing of some of these bonds with ed in St. Louis as "the most distin-New York bankers aroused a cyclone guished private citizen in the world." of adverse criticism. Mr. Cleveland, By that time his political opponents in of course, was in the exact storm cen- both of the great parties, generally ter. Several years after his retire ment Mr. Cleveland wrote a statement explaining the bond sales, defending majority of Americans the venerable his own course and declaring that he ex-president was regarded as a true recalled these executive acts with the patriot, an honest public servant and greatest satisfaction.

Heat prostrates the nerves In the summer one needs a tonic to off-set the customary hot weather Nerve and Strength depression. You will feel better within 48 hours after be ginning to take such a remedy as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Its prompt action in restoring the weakened nerves is surprising. Of course, you won't get entirely strong in a few days, but each day you can actually feel the improvement. That tired, lifeless, spiritless, feeling will quickly depart when using the Restorative Dr. Shoop's Restorative will sharp en a failing appetite; it aids digestion; it will strengthen the weakened Kidneys and Heart by simply rebuilding the worn-out nerves that these organs depend upon. Test it a few days and be convinced. Sold by Graham Drug Co.

out, but press between the hands. Rinse in water from which the chill

English Spavin Liniment removes registered for said election will be will hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spaving the specially called to a spaving the special spaving the special spaving the ins, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-the requirements for said election as bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen contained in Chapter four hundred throats, coughs, etc. Saye \$50 by and seventy-seven (477), of the the use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure known. Sold by the J. C. Simmons Drug Co., Graham, N. C.

CHAS. D. JOHNSTON,

Peach stains may be removed by soaking in the following mixture: Put a pound of sal sods and five cents worth of chloride ot lime in an earthen vessel and pour on two quarts soft water, stir till dissolved; Laxative Bromo-Quinine value keep warm while stains are soaking.

Though Mr. Cleveland never possess- ihim. England drew in her horns and egan his second term as president. desired the honor, was a foregone con-"Innocuous desuctude." The free coin-'gold Democratic" ticket. When be

terms the Cleveland fishing and duck

speaking, had come to look upon him as a historical figure, and by the vast an able chief executive.

Notice is hereby given to all the qualified voters of Alamance couny, in the State of North Carolina. that the Board of Commissioners of said county have this day, at a regular meeting of said Board, held on the first Monday in June, 1908, ordered an election to be held in said county, the first Thursday in August 1908, upon the ques-tion of issuing bonds of said county in the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, running fifty years from their date, for the purpose of building good roads in said county. This election will be held at the various voting places or precincts in said county on the To wash summer silks remove all FIRST THURSDAY IN AUGUST, grease or other spots with soap and 1908, and those voting in favor of water before proceeding. Make a said Good Roads Bond issue shall solution of ammonia and a little have written upon said ballot, "For Good Roads Bond Issue", and those soap in a pail of water, and in this voting against said Good Roads dip the silk again and again until Bond Issue shall have written upon the dirt is removed. Do not wring said ballot "Against | cod Roads Bond Issue.

Motice is also bereby given that a new registration of the voters of is gone, and hang in a shady place Alamance county is to be made, until partly dry, when lay between and that all qualified voters at Alatwo cloths, and press with a hot mance county who desire to vote in said election shall register for said election, otherwise no voter not

the requirements for said election as

Reg. of Deeds, and ex-Officio Clerk of Board

Often The Kidneys Are

Weakened by Over-Work. Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.



how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel hadly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cure of the most distressing cases, and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent

have a sample bottle Rome of Series by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

This time of the year are signals of warning. Take Taraxacum Compound now. It may ave you a spell of fe-ver. It will regulate your bowels, set your liver right, and cure your indigestion. A good Tonic.

An honest medicine

MEBANE, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA FARMERS Need a North Carolina Farm

Paper.

One adapted to North Carolina climate, soils and conditions, made by Tar Heels and for Tar Heels -and at the same time at wide awake as any in Kentucky or Kamchatka. Such a paper in

The Progressive Farmer RALEIGH. N. C.

Edited by CLARENCE H. Pos, with Dr. W. C. Burkett, ector B. A. & M. College, and Director B. W. Kilgore, of the Agricuttural Experiment Station (you know them), as assistant editors (\$1 a rear). If you are already takin the paper, we can make no reduc-tion, but if you are not taking it YOU CAN SAVE SOC

By sending your order to That is to say, new Progressive Farmer subscribers we will send that paper with THE GLEANER both one year for \$1 50, regular price \$2.00. Addrsesa THE GLEANER,

Graham, N. C.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNCS FOR COUCHS THE AND AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLE OR MONEY REFUNDED.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE !