# HARRY THAW WINS **ANOTHER VICTORY**

JUDGE HENDRICK UPHOLDS DECI-SION OF JURY THAT HE IS SANE.

## RELEASED UNDER BIG BOND

Allowed to Go Where He Pleases Under Bond Pending An Appeal. Free From Mattewean.

New York.—Harry K. Thaw was ad-nitted to \$35,000 bail after Justice Hendrick had upheld the decision of w shook off the grip of the law motored down Broadway to the applause of admirers, crossed the ferry at Jersey City, bade the sheriff good-bye and whirled away toward Phila-delphia, with his car throwing dust on a procession of automobiles filled with newspaper men under orders to stay

He reached Newark, 10 miles away, about 2 o'clock and stopped for lun-cheon. A crowd quickly assembled in the street outside the restaurant. They cheered on his exit and Thaw, smiling his appreciation resumed his trip. His announced intention was to moto to Philadelphia, about 100 miles by roadway and there take a train for Pittsburg. Outside Newark, Thaw lost some of the cars which followed him. Apparently he headed back for New This created some speculation as he had previously said he wanted to attend a theatrical performan Broadway and had abandoned the idea John Lambeth's farm near Thomas-rather reluctantly when he saw the ville the past year, recently threshed size of the crowd awaiting his depart on the farm 1,363 bushels of wheat,

ure from the court house.

For the first time since he killed Stanford White at the Madison Square Roof Garden more than nine years ago, Thaw was free to go and come as he pleased. When Supreme Court Justice Hendrick who presided at the jury proceedings which ended a few days ago with a cerdict that Thaw was sane, announced from the bench short-ly before noon that he had adopted the jury's verdict the writ committing Thaw to Mattewan seven years ago

automatically became inoperative.

The state's lawyers appealed from
Justice Hendrick's decision and Thaw
was released in \$35,000 bail pending the result of the appeal. Under the terms of the bond he is to hold himself amenable to the court's orders until the appeal is finally decided.

RUSSIANS ARE PUSHED BACK

Germans Give Them Little Time to Re-Organize Army.

London.—The Austro-German armies which appear to be working in perfect concert as the result of the Ger-

man organization are giving the Rus sians little rest or time to reorganize after ther retreat from Galicia.

Simultaneously with the German effort to reach Warsaw ,the Austrians have attacked along the Dniester and have crossed that river at several

General von Mackensen's army, which doubtless had been waiting for Field Marshal von Hindenburg to move in the north, also has come to life again and fighting has been re-

sumed in Southern Poland.

In fact, there is fighting of more or less severity all along the Russian front except in central Poland, where the Russians are in such strong pos tions, that in the opinion of military men, it would be impossible to break

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"About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Buford, N. D. I became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and in two days I was as well as ever." Obtainable everywhere. BURLINGTON, N. C. Dr. J. J. Barefoot OFFICE OVER HADLEY'S STORE Leave Messages at Alamance Pharmacy 'Phone 97 Residence 'Phone 382 Office Hours 2-4 p. m. and by

LAND OF THE LONG LEAF PINE Short Paragraphs of State News That Have Been Condensed for Busy

People of the State. North Wilkesboro has voted a 15

J. A. Whitley, aged 74, a Confederate veteran, died recently at his home in Rocky Mount.

permitted to resign by Secretary Daniels, is a native of Waynesville, and a brother of H. L. Ferguson, a high official of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company.

The safe in the freight office of the Southern Railway at Mount Airy was burglarized and \$200 taken. The door of the safe was blown open. No clue has been found as to the burglars Detectives are on the ground

Thomasville is well pleased with the city manager plan city manager plan of governmen which went into effect the first of July Mr. Jones, the manager-elect, came from Hamlet, where he successfully managed the affairs of that place for some time.

The big lumbering company at the junction of the Southern and Mt. Airy & Eastern Railway are getting in shape for a big business. The Mt. Airy & Eastern Railway penetrates a fine timber region and the quantity seems almost inexhaustible.

A special from Spray announces the letting of contracts by the Marshall Fields interests at that place for a 3,-000 horsepower steam plant, a bleach ery and two mills for the manufac-ure of ginghams and sheetings, the new investment totaling \$500,000.

S. W. Miller, who had charge of 477 bushels of oats and 151 bushels of mixed grain. The average for the wheat was about 25 bushels an acre.

About 70 orphans from the Kennedy Memorial Home, the Baptist orphanage near Kinston, were taken by Capt. W. L. Kennedy, who gave the site for the home, on as pecial car to Morehead City. The little folks spent the day at the seashore at Captain Kennedy's ex

The Azalea Woodworking Company near Asheville, one of Western North Carolin'as biggest industrial concerns will build on the site of the building which recently was destroyed by fire with a loss of more than \$40,000, a plant 50 per cent larger than that burned, according to President W. O. Riddick.

That in spite of the effects of the war Wilson has made continuous head way is shown by the tax books for this year. The figures for this year for Wilson county are \$10,166,226 real and Wilson county are \$10,166,226 real and personal property ,against \$8,656,418 for last year. The figures for the town on are for this year \$5,002,281 gainst 4,125,121 last year.

Electing as their officers the same officers who have served during the past year, the members of the North Carolina Good Roads Association brought to a close at Asheville the most successful meeting in the history of the organization. The officers are: President Henry B. Varner, of Lexingon: Secretary Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt of Chapel Hill; Treasurer Joseph G Brown, of Raleigh; Director D. Tuck er-Brown, Raleigh.

NORTH CAROLINA MARKET.

Prices of Cotton, Corn. Oats. Peas lina Markets During Past Week. Asheville—Corn, \$8c bu; oats, \$5c bu; peas, \$1.25 bu; Western butter, \$1c lb; N. C. butter, 28-80c lb; eggs, 18c doz. Charlotte—Cotton, \$2c corn, \$2c bu; peas.

Charlotte—Cotton, Sc; corn, 32c bu; peas, \$1.75 bu; Irish potatoss, \$1.56 bbi; N. C. butter, 32c lb ; eggs, 20c dox.
Payetteville—Cotton, 8½c; corn, 98c bu; peas, \$1.75 bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.50 bbi; Western butter, 30c lb; N. C. butter, 32c b; eggs, 17-18c dox.
Greensboro—Cotton, 8½c; corn, \$1 bu; oats, \$1c bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.50 bbi; Western butter, 31c lb; N. C. butter, 39c b; eggs, 18c dox.
Hamlet—Cotton, 8½c; corn, \$1.05 bu; Hamlet—Cotton, 8½c; corn, \$1.05 bu; **POLITICAL GOSSIPS** When one class of people has anything to say, it has become largely the custom to make a political issue out of it instead of a friendly discussion, to print it in a law book instead of a newspaper and to argue it before a jury instead of to settle it in the higher courts of Common Sense. the eggs, 16c dos.

Hamlet—Cotton, 8½c; corn, \$1.05 bu; casa, \$2 bu; Irish potatoes, \$2 bbl; Westmbutter, \$2c lb; N. C. butter, 36c lb; ggs, 26c dos. ggs, 20c doz. Hendersonville—Corn, \$1 bu; oats, 67c u; N. C. butter, 32c lb; eggs, 16-17c doz. Hickory—N. C. butter, 30c lb; eggs, 15-Lumberton—Cotton, 8½c; corn. \$1.10 1; Western butter, \$1c; N. C. butter, \$6c ; eggs. 20c dos. Maxton—Cotton, \$c; pess, \$2 bu; Irish the higher courts of Common Se As a result, political agitators, political lawyers, political preachers and masculine women are powerful in politics and dissension, selfishness, inbu: Western butter, \$1c; N. C. butter, \$6c lb; eggs, \$2c dox.

Maxton—Cotton, \$c; peas, \$2 bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.50 bbl; Western butter, \$5c lb; N. C. butter, \$5c lb; western butter, \$5c lb; N. C. butter, \$5c lb; eggs, \$9c dox.

Monroe—Cotton, \$bc; corn, \$1 bu; cats, \$1.25 bbl; eggs, \$15-18c dox.

Newton—Cotton, \$4 kc; corn, \$6c bu; oats, \$5c bu; peas, \$1.61 bc dox.

Raleigh—Cotton, \$-\$4c; corn, \$6c bu; cats, \$6c bu; peas, \$1.75 bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.75 bu; eggs, \$1.75 bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.75 bbl; Western butter, \$1c lb; \$6c bu; peas, \$1.60 bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.75 bbl; Western butter, \$1c lb; \$6c bu; peas, \$1.60 bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.75 bbl; western butter, \$1c lb; \$1.75 bbl; western butter, \$10 bc; corn, \$6c bu; cats, \$7c bu; peas, \$1.60 bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.75 bbl; western butter, \$10 bc; \$1.75 bbl; \$1. politics and dissension, selfishness, in-tolerance and hysterics run rampant in public affairs, for when the low, damp, murky atmosphere of misun-derstanding envelops public thought it breeds political reptiles, vermin, bugs and lice which the pure air of truth and the sunshine of understand-ing will choke to death.

We have too many self-appointed interpreters of industry who are in-eapable of grasping the fundamental principles of business and who at best can only translate gossip and add color to sensational stories. No busivancel adesboro—Cotton, 8½c; corn, 99c bu; 55c bu; peas, \$2 bu; N. C. butter, b; eggs, 15-17c dox. lson—Cotton, 8¾c; corn, \$1 bu; cats, bu; peas, \$1.75 bu; eggs, 26-23½c

color to sensational stories. No business can stand upon error and might rules—right or wrong. No industry can thrive upon misunderstanding, for public opinion is more powerful than a King's sword.

When prejudice, suspicion and class hatred prevail, power gravitates into the hands of the weak, for demandered the thirty way and disamples and dos.

Winston-Salem—Corn, \$1 bu; oata, 56e bu; peas, \$2 bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.75 bu; N. C. butter, \$26. lb; eggs, \$16c dos.

N. C. butter, \$26. lb; eggs, \$16c dos.

Now York of Relight \$0 (obsect); \$6. c.

Yellow corn, \$154,-754 c(delivered in flaight \$04;-534c); butter, \$2.72 c(creamery); eggs, \$16.164,54 (firsts).

New York—Butter, \$174,-26c (extra); eggs, \$2.25c (extra).

New York-Sant-Suiter \$2.25c (fance).

statesmen sicken upon strife.

The remedy lies in eliminating the middleman—the political gossip—and this result can be accomplished by the managers of business sitting around the table of industry and talking it over with the people. Interchange of information between industries and the people is as necessary to success in business as interchange in commodities, for the people can only rule when the archive middle and the people can only rule when the archivement. in commodities, for the people can only rule when the public under-stands. Away with political interpret-ers who summon evil spirits from their prison cells and loose them to prey upon the welfare of the people in the name of "My Country."



News Snapshots Of the Week

PLOWMEN

National Farmers' Union Renders Un

selfish Service to Agriculture.

By Peter Radford.

The National Farmers' Union will hold its annual convention in Lincoln

will round out the eleventh year of

of Texas, has grown until geographically it covers almost the whole of

the United States and economically it deals with every question in which the welfare of the men who bare their backs to the summer sun are

involved. It has battled for a better

and systematic effort all things are

The farmers of the United States

contribute more and get less from government than any other class of business. They have better securities and pay a higher rate of interest than any other line of industry. They

market more products and have less to say in fixing the price than any other business and they get more political buncombe and less construc-

tive legislation than any other class

of people. The farmers can only ac-quire such influence in business, in government and in economics as will

nable them to share equitably the

fruits of their labor through organiza

tion and every farmer on American soil who desires to help himself and his fellow plowmen should rally around the Union.

Chief attention was deflected during the week from the movements of Europe's armies to the shooting of J. P. Morgan, the blow ws Snapshots

If the Week

If t

THE COUNTY FAIR

When you enter the agricultural de-

partment of the county fair, you feel

your soul uplifted and your life takes

on a new power—that is the inspira

that is opportunity knocking at your

door. It is a good chance to spend s

quiet hour in contact with the purity

and perfection of nature and to sweet

en your life with its fragrance, elevat

your ideals with its beauty and expand

prices on any market in the world.

The products of the soil are teacher

marvelous achievements excite our

curiosity and we inquire into the won erful process of nature.

Before leaving the parlor of agricul-

ture where nature is parading in her most graceful attire and science is

climbing the giddy heights of perfec-tion, let us pause and take a retro-spective view. How many of you know that after these wonderful prod-

ucts are raised, they can seldom be marketed at a profit? Take the blush-ing Elberta, for example—they were

fed to the hogs by the carload last year. The onion—the nation's favorite

exhibits while the band is playing

"Dixie" and boast of the marvelou

is a market side to agriculture that

UNIVERSAL PEACE

This nation is now in the midst of

a controversy as to how best to pro mote universal peace. That question we will leave for diplomats to dis

cuss, but peace within nations is no

less important than peace between nations and it is heavily laden with

prosperity for every citizen within

our commonweath.

Many leading politicians and ofttimes
political platforms have declared war
upon business and no cabinet cristever resulted. Many men have stood
in high places and hurled "gas bombs"

at industry; thrust bayonets into bu

for no vessel armed or laden with munitions of war-should be given a clearance to sail for the port of Uni-versal Peace. Let us by all means have peace, but peace, like charity, should begin at home.

Philip, the Macedonian king, while

drowsy with wine was trying a case and the prisoner after sentence was pronounced, exclaimed, "I appeal."

"And to whom do you appeal." in: quired the astonished monarch. "It appeal from Philip drunk to Philip sober," replied the prisoner, and the king granted the request and at a re-hearing gave the prisoner his liberty. The neonle drower with the wine of

The people drowsy with the wine of discord ofttimes pronounce a verdict on public questions which they reverse in their zaore calm and deliberate mo-

ments. The next best thing to make ing no mistakes is to correct them.

nwealth.

exhibits at a county fair."

## ANNUAL MEETING APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT INSPIRATION OF WANT PAY FOR PRODUCTS SEIZ-OF AMERICAN

Settlement Offered By Great Britain is Not Satsfactory.—State Department Takes up Work.

Washington.-American meat packers appealed to the state department ition of the soil. You are overpowered to demand that Great Britain stop in by the grandeur and magnificence of terfering with cargoes consigned to the scene—that is the spirit of the neutral ports and settle for \$14,000 harvest. You can hear the voice of worth of their products now held in prize courts. They charge the British that is opportunity knocking at your government with destruction of commerce in food products between the Nebraska, on September seventh, and United States and other neutral Na-

ED BY GREAT BRITAIN ON

FREE SEAS.

its activities in the interest of the American plowman. When that con-vention is called to order every farmpackers and Chandler Anderson, spepacters and Chandler Anderson, spe-cial courselor of the state depart-ment, it was announced the depart-ment would make representations to Great Britain. The packers will dis-cuss the difficulties further with Mr. Anderson. In a statement outlining rin America should pause and bow his head in honor of the men gath-ered there to render a patriotic and unselfish service to agriculture. That organization, born in the cotton fields their case as laid before the department, they declare that the British government purposely delays settle ment of their claim for seized cargoes and that they are not inclined to re-open trade with neutral countries unless they can be assured of delivery of their shipments to ports designat-

marketing system, rural credits, cheap money, diversification, scientific pro-duction, agricultural legislation and "As reported to the packers by their representative in England, Al-fred R. Urion," says the statement, has carried on its work of education and co-operation in season and out. The Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of America brings "the latest terms for the release of cargoes as laid down by Great Brit-ain are held to be so onerous as to the question of organization squarely before every farmer in this nation. Without organization the farmers can neither help themselves nor be helped by others and through organization

be unacceptable. "In brief these latest terms are: "That the packers guarantee Great Britain against claims arising out of the detention of ships.

"That the packers guarantee Great Britain against claims of buyers who have bought and paid for large quantities of produce seized."

EFFORTS TO FEED MEXICANS.

eneral Gonzales Gixes Provision Train Right of Way. Washington.—State department advices from Mexico City reported the capital quiet with order prevailing trains arriving from Vera Cruz with food supplies. Stores and banks had not been reopened pending arrange-ments for currency circulation. Com-munications between the capital and Vera Cruz by rail and telegraph con-tinued and the Carranza government departments were said to be under process of organization as rapidly as nsul General Shanklin ca bled that General Gonzales had given oup kitchens to relieve the capital's destitute were progressing and that oned soon to feed from 8,000 to 10,000 persons daily. Additional dispatches onfirmed the report that the Carranza forces had recaptured the waterworks from the retreating Zapata army.

London.—Two strongly held Turk-ish lines defending the Dardanelles have been captured by the Anglo French forces on the Gallipoli Penin British official press bureau.

Juneau, Alaska. — Te over southeastern Alaska during the

last 10 days have reached a maximum hitherto unknown to the oldest in-habitants. The weather bureau ther-mometer has registered as high as 90 degrees in the shade, 100 degrees mark has been reached by street

London.-The text of the coal price mitations bill just issued specifies that coal may not be sold at the pit mouth for more than four shillings (\$1) a ton above the price during the 12

of the New York supreme con

at his home here. He was 65 years old. While a member of Tammany Hall he gained distinction as an Benefited by Chamberlain's Liniment. "Last winter I used Chamber-lain's Liniment for rheumatic pains and stiffness and soreness of the knees, and can conscientiously say that I never used anything that did me so much good,"—Edward Craft, Elba. N. Y. Obtainable every-where.

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## **WILL PAY FOR NEBRASKAN**

ADMITS VESSEL WAS TORPED OED BY A SUBMARINE AND LIABILITY.

German Note Says the Nebraska Showed No Flag Nor Markings of Any Kind Till After Shot.

Washington.—Germany's admission of liability and expression of regret for the German submarine attack on the American steamer Nebraskan, pleased officials bere-feut it was the general opinion that legal points raised would require the dispatch of a note further to conserve American rights in the war zone. A memorandum stating Germany's position reached the state department through

Ambassador Gerard at Berlin.

Legal officers of the American government who examined the German your imagination with its power.

These products as food are fit for memorandum pointed out that in many respects the case resembled that of the William P. Frye, the Am-erican ship sunk by the Prinz Eltel the gods, and as an article of commerce they ought to bring tip-top Friedrich. In toth cases Germany has expressed regret and has offered to compensate American citizens, but the action of the German command-ers has been declared justified. To and preachers as well. Their beauty ment, their perfection stirs the genius admit this, officials here say, would in artists; their purity furnishes models for growth of character and their

establish a dangerous precedent.

In the Frye case Germany contended that it was a fair inference from the language of the Prussian-Amer can treaty of 1828 that an American to stop transportation of contraband. The United States objects to this construction of the treaty and in the case of the Nebraskan probably will place on record its view that the attack, even though payment is assum regrets expressed, was an illegal act.

THOUSANDS HAVE DROWNED.

year. The oncomments in the oncomment of the vegetable—every year rots by the acre in the Southwest for want of a market and as a result hundreds of farmers have lost their homes. Cotton—nature's capitalist—often goes Widespread Famine in Canton, China, Involves Millions. Honk Kong.—Tens of thousands of natives, it is estimated, have been drowned by the floods in the Chinese begging on the market at less than cost of production. It is great to wander through the provinces of Kwantung. Kwangsi and Kiangsi, and the desolation in the levastated districts is terrible, according to the latest reports reaching

fertility of the soil and pride ourselves on our ability to master science, but it is also well to remember that there A fire-swept area of one mile and raging floods are handicapping rescue work in Canton.

The city was in darkness, the water does not reflect its hardships in the

having inundated the electric light

ton summarized its dispatch on the flood situation as follows: rs. On Shameen (an island in Canton harbor) the foreign settle ment is under 10 feet of water. Thou sands have been drowned. Tens of usands are taking refuge upon the

"Thousands of homes in Canton have burned. American mission property in the region between Can-ton, Köngmoon and Wu Chow is eith-er destroyed or badly damaged.

"So far as is known no American

Bids on Submarines. Washington,-Bids for 16 new sub at industry; thrust bayonets into business enterprises and bombarded agriculture with indifference. Party leaders have many times broken diplomatic relations with industry; sent political aviators spying through the affairs of business, and political submarines have sent torpedoes crushing into the destiny of commerce. During the past quarter of a century we have fought many a duel with progress, permitted many politicians to carry on a guerrilla warfare against civilization and point a pistol at the heart of honest enterprise.

No man should be permitted to cry out for universal peace until his record has been searched for explosives, for no vessel armed or laden with munitions of war-should be given a tember 29, Secretary Daniels an-nounced a few days ago, in order that two shipbuilding companies which have obtained patent rights to build boats of a successful type now used by two or more of the European belligerents, may have a chance to compete Mr. Daniels acted, it is understood, upon the strong recommendation of his advisory council, which discussed

Strike Threatened at Krupp Works. Geneva, Switzerland, via Paris.—A report has reached Basel that a big strike is threatened in the Krupp Works at Essen, Germany. It is said the union of metallurgical workers and he association of me living and shorter hours because of the great strain under which they work. The workmen according to these advices are in an angry mood and threaten destruction of machinery

\$100-Dr. E. Detchon's Anti-Diu-retic may be worth more to you sign—Dr. E. Detchon's Anti-Duretic may be worth more to you more to you than \$100 if you have a child who soils the bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once. \$1.00. Sold by Graham Drug Company.

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THROAT WAS SLASHED BY WIL-LIAM CREEN WHO WAS SERV-ING LIFE SENTENCE.

Flow of Blood From Wound is Finally Stopped-Creen Says He Planned Attack Alone.

Milledgeville, Ga.-Leo M. Frank whose death sentence for the murder of Mary Phagan recently was com-muted to life imprisonment was at-tacked by another prisoner at the tate prison farm here and seriously injured by being cut in the throat. Te attack on Frank was made by William Creen, who also is serving a li's term for murder. Frank's recovery is said to be doubtful.

covery is said to be doubtrul.

The attack on Frank, which was
made shortly after eleven o'olcck, was
made from behind, a file knife being
the weapon used. Frank's left jugular vein was cut, but neither the spinal

cord nor wind pipe were injured.

The attack on Frank was made in
the dormitery which the prisoners octhe dormitery which the prisoners oc-cupy in common at night. All lights were out at the time. Creen is alleg-ed to have had the knife secreted in his prison clothes. Two convict physicians gave first

aid and treated the wound until Doctor Compton, the prison physician, was summoned from his home half a mile away. The three men took 25 stitches in Frank's Neck. Dr. H. J. Rosenberg, the Frank family physician, arrived from Atlanta with nurses. He said that while Frank's condition is recarious he has a chance for life. Mrs. Frank was in Milledgeville at the home of J. M. Burns. She was not told of the attack until after the physicians had finished their work. She became hysterical, but later was

calmed and was taken to the prison the neck around the left side to almost the middle of the back of the neck. Neither the windpipe nor the spinal cord is hurt, but the jugular vein is party severed. The physician's great est fear was that some of the sitches might slip, causing more loss of blood.

Creen said, when taken from solitary confinement long enough to be questioned, that he planned and executed the attack alone. He was no communicative and gave as his only excuse that he "thought it should be lone." He said, however, that he regretted his act.

BATTLE IN RUSSIAN-POLAND.

Tuetons are Fighting For Control of Lublin-Cholm Railway, London.—The Russians and Austro-Germans are engaged on several fronts in Russian Poland in desperate bat-ties, the result of which is likely to play an important part on the future of the campaign. The most important struggle is on between the Vistula and the Bug Rivers. The Austro-Germaniare fighting for control of the Lublin Cholm Railway which would be of great value in their efforts to advance on Warsaw. The Teutonic Allies are using vast numbers of men, but the Russians are reristing stubbornly and inflicting heavy losses on their adversa

To the north in the neighborhood of Prasnysz, Field Marshal von Hin denburg is conducting just as deter-mined an offensive, with Warsaw as

ns objective.

In obj

Washington.-Flood waters in China

se tops and other high places and are receding but distress among the navy department from Captain Hough, of the gunboat Wilmington at Sha

Douglas, Ariz.-After a six-hour bat tle in Anavacachi Pass, west of Agus Priet, General Calles, Carranze mander in Sonora, was reported to have decisively defeated Villa troops under General Jose Maria Acceta. The Calles force was said to number 3,000 while Acosta's was reported as half that number. In a message received here by A. Garduno, consul for Carranza from Gen. Calles at Lamorita. 20 troops were reported as fleeing in all

Verdict in Lusitania Case. London.—"Torpedoes fired by a sub-arine of German nationality" caused the loss of the steamship Lusitania and its passengers, according to the findings of the court of inquiry. The that no blame attached to either Cap that no biame attached to either Cap-tain Turner, commander of the ves-sel or the Cunard line, its owners. "In the opinion of the court the act was done not merely with the intention of sinking the ship but also with the in-tention of destroying the lives of the tention of destroying the fives of the people on board," the opinion says.

English Spavin Linimnet removes Hard, Soft and Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses also Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring Bone, Stiffes, Sprains, Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bot-tle. A wonderful Blemish Cure. Sold by Graham Drug Company.

# PRISONER ATTACKS SOCIETIES NAME AND CUTS LEQFRANK NEW NAVAL BOARD

SCRETARY DANIELS ASKS VARIED ORGANIZATIONS TO ELECT TWO MEN.

### RECOVERY IS VERY DOUBTFUL MR. EDISON FAVORS PLAN

In This Manner the Secretary Hopes to Procure Ablest Scietific Talent of the Country.

Washington. - Sixteen American scientists to form, with Thomas A. Edison, as chairman, the advisory board for the proposed bureau of invention in the Navy Department, will be selected by leading scientific societies of the country. Secretary Daniels announced he had written to the presidents of eight societies ask-ing that two members be selected by each organization to become members of the board.

Following are the societies address-

American Chemical society, Presient Charles H. Harty, Chapel Hill, N. C.; American Institute of Electrical Engineering, President Paul M. Lincoln, Pittsburg; American Institute of Mining Engineers, President Ben-jamin B. Thayer, New York City; American Mathematical Society, President E. W. Brown, Yale University; American Society of Civil Engineers, President Hunter McDonald, Nashville, Tenn.; American Society of Mechanical Engineers, President James Hartness, Springfield, Vt.; American Aeronautical Society, Act-ing President Frederick W. Barker, New York City; Inventors' Guild, President Edward Weston, Newark,

"Much depends on the personnel of the committee," Mr. Daniels said in announcing his plan, and I have been desirous, first of all, that it should be made up of the ablest menin the country who have demonstrat-ed their leadership in their profes-

sion.

"After consultation with eminent men in the navy and civilian life I have decided to ask eight societies having large memberships, each to select two members who will make up the advisory committee.

"In this way I feel sure we will have the hearty expenses of the

have the hearty co-operation of the thousands of trained experts who make up their membership. The members of these societies will naturally see to it that their most eminent representatives are chosen. We will, therefore, contain for the Navy the direct advice of those selected to serve on the committee and also the interest of all the members of the societies who make the selection."

REMINGTON WORKMEN STRIKE

All Shops Will Be at Standstill With-

in Week.
Bridgeport, Conn.—Negotiations to bring about a settlement of the difficulties between the machinists of Bridgeport and the Remington Arms & Ammultion Company, engaged on & Ammultion Company, engaged on a gigantic scale in the manufacture of war munitions for the allied armies,

leaders announced that the

down their tools and walk out and that within a week all work in the Remington shops and in the shops of sub-contractors would be at a stand-

have failed.

Just how far the strike might spread in other manufacturing com-munities of New England, the labor leaders were unable to estimate. The announcement was made by

John A. Johnston, vice president of the structural ironworkers, after a meeting in the machinista, hall, which was atter led by members of the ma chinists' union and by more than a dozen heads of international labor organizations.

Leo Frank Has Faint Chance. Milledgeville, Ga.—The of Leo M. Frank, suffering serious knife wound in the throat in-flicted by William Creen, a fellow life-term convict at the Georgia prison farm here, remained critical, Britain Buys Much Cotton

London.—The British, government since 11th day of March has paid 700,-000 pounds sterling (\$3,500,000 ton cargoes, 25 shipments of which have been purchased in pursuance of the arrangement with American cot-ton shippers. In giving this informa-Robert Cecil stated that the total num ber of vessels with cargoes made up solely or partly of cotton which had been diverted to British ports since March 11, was 49, and to other British

Protest Against German Effort. Washington.—At the instance of the British government the state depart of certain German sympathizers in the United States who are alleged to have been employing unlawful means to strike at Great Britain and her allies. Until inquiry has developed whether there is sufficient evidence to warrant about discussing the matter.

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