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Break your Cold or LaGrippe with few doses of 666.

A girl can never understand why a man persists in staying in the bachelor class after having met her.

Whom the gods would destroy they first infuse with katur. Germany seems to have the choice between the pan-German party and revolution.

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While helping to make the world safe for democracy, citizens who buy Liberty Bonds will make the world safe and prosperous for themselves.

TO CALL DRAFT AGE MEN WITHOUT LIMIT

UNLIMITED POWER TO PRESIDENT TO INCREASE ARMY TO SIZE HE SEES FIT.

EVERY MAN TO WORK OR FIGHT

Drastic Amendment to Selective Service Law Touching Habitual Idlers and Non-Useful Workers.

Washington.—Two important steps were taken toward perfecting the task of putting the nation on a war basis.

Soon after Provost Marshal General Crowder had promulgated a drastic amendment to the selective service regulations requiring every man of draft age to work or fight, Secretary Baker appeared before the House military committee and asked that President Wilson be authorized to call to the colors all men of draft age who can be equipped and trained. The committee promptly and unanimously voted the authority into the army appropriation bill about to be reported to the House.

Under existing law power is given to draft one million fighting men, in addition to special units. This limit soon will be reached with men constantly going into camps to replace those sailing for France as fast as ships can be provided to take them.

General Crowder's new regulation is far-reaching in scope and touches not only habitual idlers, but also requires that draft registrants now in occupations held to be non-useful seek new jobs or take their places in the army. Clerks in stores, waiters, bartenders, employes at places of amusement, passenger elevator men and other employes around hotels, clubs and business buildings as well as gamblers, fortune tellers and race track and bucket shop attendants all fall among those classed as non-usefully engaged. Enforcement of the rule is expected to add some men to the army and to do a more important service in improving the labor situation in essential industries.

The House military committee's action after hearing Secretary Baker completed the army bill, with provision for the pay of 3,000,000 men and with ordnance appropriations on the basis of an army of 4,000,000. The measure will be laid before the Senate carrying a total of \$5,569,129,000 of actual appropriations, and authorization for contracts amounting to \$2,464,416,000 more.

May Mean Five Millions.

Mr. Baker told the committee in executive session the President's reasons for asking that no limit be placed upon the number of draft men to be called. Members said later it was estimated that an army of 5,000,000 could be raised without changing the draft ages.

The new regulation also will affect the following classes:

(a) Persons engaged in the serving of food and drink, or either, in public places including hotels and social clubs.

(b) Passenger elevator operators and attendants, doormen, footmen and other attendants of clubs, hotels, stores, apartment houses, office buildings and bath houses.

(c) Persons, including ushers and other attendants, engaged and occupied in, and in connection with games, sports and amusements, excepting actual performers in legitimate concerts, operas or theatrical performances.

(d) Persons employed in domestic science.

(e) Sales clerks and other clerks employed in stores and other mercantile establishments.

"Men who are engaged as above or who are idlers will not be permitted to seek relief because of the fact that they have drawn a late order number or because they have been placed in class 2, 3 or 5 on the grounds of dependents. The fact that he is not usually employed will outweigh both of the above conditions."

PLEA OF COUNT MINOTTO DENIED BY FEDERAL JUDGE

Chicago.—The plea of Count James Minotto for freedom on a writ of habeas corpus from internment on a Presidential warrant was denied by Federal Judge Carpenter. The judge withheld reading of the decision to allow the count to pass a night with his wife, Countess Ida May Swift Minotto, daughter of Louis F. Swift. The count's counsel had admitted the government attorney's disclosure that the count's father was born in Vienna.

LYNCHBURG TO RETURN NIGGARDLY SUBSCRIPTIONS

Lynchburg, Va.—Lynchburg has more than subscribed her appointment for the Red Cross war fund after three days of campaigning and has headed for her self-imposed goal of \$50,000. Subscriptions approximate \$50,000. A committee has been named by the local campaign committee to scrutinize subscriptions and return all that are palpably niggardly. Citizens have offered to reimburse the fund for all monies thus returned.

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U. S. NAVAL FORCE DOING GREAT WORK

OUR DESTROYERS IN EUROPEAN WATERS COVER MANY MILES IN THEIR PATROLING.

WILL CONSIDER INVENTIONS

War Department Creates New Section for Investigation of All Devices—Use of Sugar by Manufacturers Curtailed by Food Administration.

(From Committee on Public Information.)

Washington.—Some indication of the ceaseless watch kept on the high seas, in the path of American troops, by United States naval forces operating in European waters, may be gained from statistics just compiled at the naval headquarters in London. These statistics show that a single force of American destroyers operating from one base had steamed almost 1,600,000 miles up to April 1. The maximum distance covered by a single destroyer was more than 880,000 miles from May 1, 1917, to April 1, 1918. This destroyer was one of the first to arrive abroad after war was declared.

It has been announced that Vice Admiral William S. Sims, commanding United States naval forces abroad, offered to send an auxiliary force composed of naval units to the French front at the beginning of the German offensive. The chief of staff of the French navy and General Foch did not consider that the circumstances demanded the presence of such a force at the front.

The French have had a naval division operating in the forces of the Lorraine sector for some time, and the naval units have made their part of the line as shipshape as possible, with everything from big naval guns down to sleeping hammocks and ships' canteens.

The American soldiers billeted in England for temporary training or en route for France are more and more compelling the admiration and co-operation of the English people. The National Sporting club of London has started a series of weekly entertainments for enlisted men of the United States army and navy.

To secure prompt and thorough investigation of inventions submitted to the war department an "inventions section" has been created. All inventions of a mechanical, electrical, or chemical nature submitted for inspection, test, or sale are now considered by this section desiring to have an invention considered should do so by letter, giving in order the following information: Name and object of the invention, any claim for superiority or novelty, any results obtained by actual experiment, whether the invention is patented, whether the invention has been before any other agency, whether the writer is owner or agent, the number of inclosures with the letter. A written description and sketches or drawings of sufficient detail to afford a full understanding of the cases should also be submitted. Should the invention be an explosive or other chemical combination the ingredients and processes of mixture should be stated.

The inventions section will not bear the expense of preparation of drawings and descriptions, nor advance funds for personal or traveling expenses.

Any matter submitted will be treated as confidential. The inventor will be notified of each step taken during the investigation of his invention. All communications should be addressed: Inventions Section, General Staff, Army War College, Washington, D. C.

All newspapers have again been urged by the navy department, through the committee on public information, to discontinue the publication of news items and advertisements which may in any degree indicate the location or movement of vessels.

This notice has not been issued because of new circumstances endangering ocean shipping—news has arisen—but because it is felt that voluntary censorship has not yet achieved the fullest measure of essential secrecy in the protection of merchant shipping. The notice asks that all references to names of ships, dates of sailing and arrival, information of routes, schedules, cargoes, location and movement of ships be deleted from news and advertising copy.

There are now 20 uniforms for women in war work in the United States. They are for munition workers, telephone and radio operators, yeomen, employees of the shipping board and the food administration, Red Cross workers, Y. M. C. A. workers, woman's motor corps, girl scouts, and students of the National Service school of the woman's naval service.

Information regarding the hospitals of the United States, in process of completion since 1916, is now collated and indexed in the medical section of the council of national defense. A central bureau of information concerning the hospital facilities of the country, under war conditions, is thus provided.

The bureau has not only the details of over 1,000 active hospitals, but is also gathering full data concerning nearly 8,000 other institutions, which include sanatoria, infirmaries, homes, and convalescent hospitals.

Manufacturers using sugar, except to make essential food products, have been on strict rations, the United States food administration announces, in order to assure sufficient supplies for home canners and the commercial manufacturers of preserves, jams, and other foodstuffs regarded as essential. The restrictions went into effect May 15, and limit the consumption by manufacturers of the less essential, particularly confectionery and soft drinks, to 80 per cent of last year's requirements.

ZONE SYSTEM FOR ARMY'S PURCHASES

TERRITORY HAS BEEN ALLOTTED TO EACH OF THIRTEEN GENERAL SUPPLY DEPOTS.

ORDNANCE EQUIPMENT READY

Every Soldier Leaving for France Has Been Fully Outfitted—American Merchants Take Over the Interests of German Fur Men.

(From Committee on Public Information.)

Washington.—A zone system for the appointment of purchases throughout the United States and to facilitate distribution has been established by the quartermaster department. Territory has been allotted to each of 13 general supply depots. The general supply depot quartermasters are charged with the duty of ascertaining the manufacturing possibilities of their zones. On the basis of reports along this line forwarded to the acting quartermaster general, food and equipment for troops at the different camps will be purchased within the zone in which the camp is located.

Formerly nearly all of a particular class of supplies was purchased through a single general supply depot. Other articles were obtained through other supply depots. Manufacturers in sections distant from the particular supply depot buying their goods were at a disadvantage, and were unable to compete with rivals nearer the point. Under the new system most classes of supplies will be purchased through each of the 13 depots, and manufacturers will be able to transport their business through the depots nearest them.

Each general supply depot quartermaster besides ascertaining production facilities within his zone is instructed to recommend to the quartermaster general the employment of such producers as are in his judgment qualified to fulfill contracts. Each depot is expected to keep informed as to market conditions and spot goods located in that zone, and when shortages occur submit recommendations for purchase of articles which may be obtained in that zone.

Purchases are to be made after advertisement by open competitive bidding when time will permit. In emergency cases competition is desired whenever possible. The record of bids received and awards made will be open to public inspection.

The army ordnance department has thus far met every demand imposed by the new program for overseas shipment of American troops, according to a statement by the department. Despite the great acceleration in the sending of American forces to France, no delay has occurred in the shipment of a United States model 1917 rifle (modified Enfield), bayonet, belt, haversack, pack carrier, bandoleers, bayonet scabbard, and full mess equipment.

Tonnage is today a limiting factor in the shipment of ordnance material overseas, especially because of the paucity of tonnage under charter to transport of infantry regiments.

Sufficient supplies of artillery—French 75-millimeter and 155-millimeter and American heavy railway artillery—are already in France to meet the present demand. Sufficient machine guns are also immediately available for American forces in France.

A Canadian order in council provides that no person, with the exception of manufacturers of flour, bakers, confectioners, wholesalers or retail dealers, or persons living at a greater distance than two miles from a licensed dealer, shall hold or have in his possession or under his control more flour, made wholly or in part from wheat, than is sufficient for his ordinary requirements for a period not exceeding 15 days.

Anyone living at a distance greater than two miles and less than five miles from a licensed dealer may hold or control flour made wholly or in part from wheat up to an amount sufficient for his ordinary requirements for a period not exceeding 30 days. Anyone living more than five miles and less than ten miles from a licensed dealer may have sufficient for his ordinary requirements up to 60 days, while a person living more than ten miles from such a dealer may have sufficient for his ordinary requirements for a period up to 120 days.

Any wholesale or any retail dealer licensed by the Canadian food board may not hold flour made wholly or in part from wheat in excess of a quantity sufficient for his ordinary trade requirements for a period exceeding 60 days.

The regulation regarding sugar parallels this save in the last clause. Manufacturers, wholesalers, or retailers may not have more sugar than is required for a period exceeding 45 days.

The Swiss federal government has by decree fixed the maximum price at which farmers may sell cattle for slaughter as well as the price at which various qualities of butchers' meat may be retailed. Farmers may demand no more than 23 cents per pound for first-class fat beef cattle. The price applies to cattle sold on the farm. If sold in a city or other distant market cost of transportation may be added.

With the exception of sardins and fillet cuts, retailers may ask no more than 40 cents per pound for beef.

Arrangements are being completed by which the interests of German fur men amounting to several millions of dollars, will be purchased by American merchants and the money thus paid turned into the treasury.

Before the war broke in Europe, according to a statement issued by the alien property custodian, the trade of furriers was practically entirely in the hands of German furriers. Almost every pelit taken by American trappers went to Leipzig but it could be sold. Al-

GERMANY RESUMES HER BIG OFFENSIVE

CLAIM CROWN PRINCE'S ARMY HAS CAPTURED CHEMIN DES DAMES RIDGE.

DRIVE FOR CHANEL PORTS

It is Probable That Americans Are Engaged in the Fighting on Both Fronts.

Germany's great offensive on the western front has been resumed. With only brief artillery preparation, two blows have been struck by the Tenth army, which have been reorganized since disastrous losses were inflicted on them by the French and British during the Picardy and Flanders battles in March and April. One attack was on the line from Voormesle to Loos, southwest of Ypres; the other on the 35-mile front from Fison, north of Soissons, to Reims. This is known as the Aisne sector.

In Flanders the German have gained virtually nothing, but farther south the Berlin official statement claims the German crown prince's troops have carried the whole ridge of the Chemin des Dames and now are fighting on the Aisne river.

Recalls Fearful Fighting.

On the Aisne front the present battle recalls the fearful fighting of last summer along the Chemin des Dames, where for weeks the German crown prince buried his men against the French positions only to see them crushed and beaten. Last year 75 divisions were engaged in the German attacks along this line alone.

The attack here is really in the nature of a line-straightening operation. It is being launched from Laon as a center and is aimed at the elbow in the line formed during the fighting in Picardy in March and April. Here, however, the German must face of the French positions only to see them crushed and beaten. Last year 75 divisions were engaged in the German attacks along this line alone.

Evidence that the allied supreme command was forewarned of the new German attack may be found in the fact that British troops are fighting there. Up to the present, it had been believed that the German forces did not hold positions much south of the Somme, east of Amiens.

A committee on public information representative in London says:

London has never heard of a baseball season before, but will get its chance this year when the American baseball league gets its schedule of games well underway. There are eight American and Canadian teams recruited from various organizations stationed in London, with games scheduled for each Saturday during the summer.

The thousands of American soldiers who may pass through London, or be inactivated or stationed here, are in a fair way to be made to feel that England is the next best place to home and that English hearts are kept warm for them.

England the Sammy's "blighty" is the way the English press puts it in urging readers to entertain the American troops. "Blighty" is the war word for everything the soldier wants in intervals of his fighting work; the place where friends, recreation, and homelike comfort await him.

The Weekly Dispatch recently called for suggestions for a public entertainment to be offered American soldiers and an instant response made thousands of dollars available for amusements and entertainments. The idea that found greatest favor, however, was to throw open the homes of the nation to the Sammys.

An officer commanding an American squadron operating with the British fleet has reported on a late inspection and speaks in high terms of the present state of efficiency in which he finds both ships and men.

"Vessels show the most gratifying improvement in battery and fire control," he said. "Our ships are smart, spick and span, and have been recipients of many high compliments from British flag officers."

Prior to the war the treasury prepared approximately 150,000 checks annually for the payment of interest on registered bonds of all loans, the issue of these 150,000 checks being distributed through the year. In May payment of interest on registered bonds of the second Liberty loan more than twice that number of checks were prepared.

More than 2,000,000 members of American fighting forces are now inured by the United States government.

SILENT TRIBUTE PAID CAPTAIN JAMES N. HALL

The airplane driven by Capt. James N. Hall, which fell while flying within the German lines a few days ago, bore the number "17." Now a new "No. 17" has appeared on the American front northwest of Toul.

Immediately under the pilot's seat, on each side, has been placed the inscription "Old Jimmy." It is a silent tribute to Captain Hall.

The American flyers have adopted for a mascot a Jackass.

RED CROSS MERCY FUND REACHES TOTAL OF \$133,306,630

Washington.—Germany's challenge of frightfulness in France has been answered by the American people with an outpouring of \$133,306,630 by the second war mercy fund of the Red Cross. This was an over-subscription of \$23,306,630, with returns still coming. Greater New York which earlier had reported only \$27,000,000, turned in final subscriptions at midnight of \$33,343,730.

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FRENCH TROOPS REPULSE ENEMY WITH GREAT LOSS

London.—"On the Loos-Cormeseele front, the French troops repulsed the enemy with great loss."

This announcement was contained in Field Marshal Haig's report tonight.

The attack against the sector of Berry-Au-Bac held by the British was partly successful by reason of an intense bombardment by gas shells and other means, but after heavy fighting the British on the left were pressed back to prepared positions.

NATURE CURES THE DOCTOR TAKES THE FEE

There is an old saying that "nature cures the doctor takes the fee," but as everyone knows you can help nature very much and thereby enable to effect a cure in much less time than is usually required. This is particularly true of colds. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy relieves the lungs, liquefies the tough mucous and aids in its expectoration, allays the cough and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition.

GRAHAM CHURCH DIRECTORY

Graham Baptist Church—Rev. L. U. Weston, Pastor. Preaching every first and third Sundays at 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9.45 a. m. W. I. Ward, Supt. Prayer meeting every Tuesday at 7.30 p. m.

Graham Christian Church—N. Main Street—Rev. F. C. Lester. Preaching services every second and fourth Sundays, at 11.00 a. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 10.00 a. m.—W. R. Harden, Superintendent.

New Providence Christian Church—North Main Street, near Depot—Rev. F. C. Lester, Pastor. Preaching every second and fourth Sunday nights at 8.00 o'clock. Sunday School every Sunday at 9.45 a. m.—J. A. Bayliff, Superintendent.

Christian Endeavor Prayer Meeting every Thursday night at 7.15 o'clock.

Friends—North of Graham Public School, Rev. John M. Penner, Pastor. Preaching 1st, 2nd and 3rd Sundays at 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9.45 a. m.—Belle Zachary, Superintendent. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal, South—cor. Main and Maple Streets, Rev. D. B. Hester, Pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 11.00 a. m. and at 7.30 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9.45 a. m.—W. B. Green, Supt.

M. P. Church—N. Main Street, Rev. R. S. Troxler, Pastor. Preaching first and third Sundays at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9.45 a. m.—J. L. Amick, Supt.

Presbyterian—McConnell Street—Rev. T. M. McNeill, pastor. Sunday School every Sunday at 9.45 a. m.—Lynn B. Williamson, Superintendent.

Presbyterian (Travosa Chapel)—J. W. Clegg, pastor. Preaching every second and fourth Sundays at 7.30 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 2.30 p. m.—J. Harvey White, Superintendent.

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TO INCREASE PROGRAM OF CONCRETE SHIPBUILDING

Washington.—The shipping board has decided to proceed immediately on a large scale with the building of concrete ships and will increase the program out of the appropriation of two and one-quarter billion dollars which has been asked for the next fiscal year.

Eighteen concrete ships aggregating 117,500 tons have been contracted for and it was announced that 55 other vessels will be ordered.

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