

Get Rid of Tan, Sunburn and Freckles by using HAGAN'S Magnolia Balm.

Acts instantly. Stops the burning. Clears your complexion of Tan and Blemishes. You cannot know how good it is until you try it.

Sample Free. LYON MFG. CO., 40 So. 5th St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

EUREKA Spring Water FROM EUREKA SPRING, Graham, N. C.

A valuable mineral spring has been discovered by W. H. Ausley on his place in Graham. It was noticed that it brought health to the users of the water, and upon being analyzed it was found to be a water strong in mineral properties and good for stomach and blood troubles.

BLANK BOOKS Journals, Ledgers, Day Books, Time Books, Counter Books, Tally Books, Order Books, Large Books, Small Books, Pocket Memo., Vest Pocket Memo., &c., &c.

The Gleaner Printing Office Graham, N. C.

English Spavin Liniment removes Hard, Soft and Callous Lumps and Blisters from horses.

The Germans have taken their fun where they found it, and now, as Mr. Kipping said, they must pay for their fun.

You Can Cure That Backache. Pain along the back, dizziness, headache and general languor. Get a package of Mother's Kidney Pills.

NURSE WANTED—Female nurse or attendant for a Sanitarium for Nervous and Mental Diseases.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with few doses of 666.

Wanted! Agent for Graham and vicinity. Good proposition. Previous experience unnecessary.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE GLEANER BUY WAR SAVING STAMPS

SERIOUS RIOT IS RESULT OF INSULT

AMERICAN FLAG FIRED UPON CAUSES BLOODY FIGHTING ON STREETS OF POSEN.

CAUSED BY GERMAN OFFICER

Delegation from British Mission Protested to German Commander Who Declared He Had No Control.

London.—Firing by German officers on an allied automobile carrying an American flag was the cause of street fighting in Posen last Friday, says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen.

The dispatch says: "There was severe fighting between the poles and Germans in Posen Friday, which resulted in 38 women and children and about one hundred Germans and Poles being killed.

"The Germans insulted the flag and the Polish guard was called out. The fighting lasted several hours and the Germans were defeated.

"A delegation from the British mission to Posen protested to the German commander in the town. General Schlimmings, but the German officer declared that he had no control over the soldiers."

EFFORTS MADE TO PROVE INNOCENCE OF EX-KAISER

Berlin.—A "league for the protection of the kaiser," has been formed and will issue an appeal to the former emperor of the emperor, as well as diplomats with whom he was associated, to submit all possible documents to prove the kaiser's innocence of bringing about the war.

HORSE MEAT EXPERIENCES ANOTHER ADVANCE IN PRICE

With the American Army of Occupation.—Horse meat again has experienced another advance in Germany.

In Coblenz, the week beginning December 16, was a meatless one. The ruling prices of horse meat in the area occupied by the American army is at present as follows per pound: Horse sausage, one mark, 80 pfennigs; horse meat, one mark, 60 pfennigs; horse liver, one mark, 40 pfennigs.

GREAT FIRE CAUSES LOSS OF \$1,000,000 IN PROPERTY

Bristol, Tenn.—Fire which originated in the five-story building occupied by Mitchell-Powers Hardware company in State street, on the Virginia side, completely destroyed that structure and four other buildings in the heart of the business district, at an estimated loss of \$1,000,000 partially covered by insurance.

The fire, which was the most disastrous in the history of the city, was gotten under control shortly after midnight when it reached the Dominion National bank building on the north and the Strauss department store on the south, damaging these buildings.

Lack of water and the explosions of powder and shell in the Mitchell-Powers building greatly handicapped the firemen and when the blaze began to spread on each side of this building an appeal was made for assistance from Kingsport and Johnson City.

24 WARSHIPS WILL BRING OUR TROOPS FROM OVERSEAS

Washington.—Fourteen battleships and 10 cruisers have been assigned by the navy department to help bring American troops home from France. The work of altering the battleships to fit them for transport work is being rapidly completed and several of them already are in service.

BERLIN NEWSPAPER SAYS THE EBERT CABINET HAS FALLEN

The Hague.—Brutus Molkenburr, Liebknecht supporter and former leader of the executive committee in the Berlin soldiers' council has been made military commander of Berlin. This, of course, means a complete victory for the Spartacists group. Herr Scheidemann has fled and Ebert's government virtually no longer exists.

\$100.—Dr. E. Letcher's Anti-Diarrhoeal may be worth more to you than more than \$100 if you have a child who soils the bedding from incontinence of water during sleep.

Itch relieved in 20 minutes by Woodford's Salitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by Graham Drug Co.,

STATE BANQUET IN PRESIDENT'S HONOR

A REPRESENTATIVE GATHERING MEETS HEAD OF GREATEST REPUBLIC ON EARTH.

WAS CHIEFLY A WORKING DAY

After Luncheon, Mr. Wilson Unveils Portrait of Washington Presented by Lord Albatross.

London.—The environment of President Wilson's second day in England was quieter than that of the first. The only ceremonial event was a state banquet in Buckingham palace which was notable not only as a spectacle such as probably no other court in Europe can provide the setting for now that the thrones of Russia, Germany and Austria have disappeared.

The banquet was also present but from the representative character of the men summoned to meet the head of the American government. Besides the members of the royal family, the official world was represented by the foreign ambassadors to the court of St. James, the heads of the government, present and past chiefs of the army and navy, colonial officials and members of the royal household.

The day, however, was chiefly a working day with the President. Five hours were taken up by two conferences with Prime Minister Lloyd George and Foreign Secretary Balfour, on peace problems.

For three hours in the morning President Wilson sat with Lloyd George and the foreign secretary before the open fireplace in the president's apartment in Buckingham palace. The second meeting was in the cabinet room of the premier's residence in Downing street.

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The second meeting was in the cabinet room of the premier's residence in Downing street. The two sessions were broken by a luncheon at which Mr. Lloyd George gathered a dozen leading British statesmen of the conservative, liberal and labor parties.

There was a picturesque incident after the luncheon when President Wilson unveiled a portrait of George Washington, presented to the premier's residence by Lord Albatross.

TART INVITATION GIVEN BY HOOVER TO PAIR GERMAN

Washington.—Food Administrator Hoover, in Europe, arranging relief for the peoples of the war-devastated territories, has refused in emphatic terms to discuss German food conditions with Baron von der Lancken and Dr. Rieth, who sought a meeting with the food administrator.

A message from Paris said these two German officials, who were prominent in the German administration of Belgium, wired from Berlin to Walter Lyman Brown, director of commissariat for relief in Belgium, that they had been appointed by the German government to negotiate with Mr. Hoover for food supplies.

In answer to the request for a conference, Mr. Hoover sent this message: "You can describe to me and half years of arrogance toward ourselves and cruelty to the Belgians in any language you may select and tell the pair personally to go to hell with my compliments. If I do have to deal with Germans, it will not be with that pair."

MORE THAN HALF MILLION SOLDIERS MUSTERED OUT

Washington.—Sixty-eight thousand American soldiers had been returned from overseas December 21, and slightly more than 500,000 in this country had been mustered out of service, members of the house military committee were told at their weekly conference at the war department.

It seems now that Germany will found a republic. The executive head country had been mustered out of service, members of the house military committee were told at their weekly conference at the war department.

K. von Hugh, German minister to Luxembourg since March, 1914, has, together with his advisers, been expelled from the country by the grand council.

Legislation authorizing increase of the permanent enlisted strength of the navy from 131,000 men to 217,000 has been recommended to the house naval affairs committee by Capt. H. Lanning, acting chief of the bureau of navigation. This would include 175,000 seamen, 24,000 apprentice seamen and 18,000 in training, 12,000 in the schools in training and 6,000 in the flying corps.

We are told that German propaganda is still rampant in the United States. It is being directed, according to the report by a German professor at The Hague, and is trying to kindle animosity between the United States and her associates in the war.

The director of the Russian information bureau said eight million men before the war. The war has taken three million of them and one million disabled for life.

Reports current in Washington are that the people of the United States are represented in their senate, who are supposed to read correctly the public barometer and write their wishes into law, will violently oppose the sinking of the German navy. There is no developed plan as to its disposition, but many say it would be wasteful waste to sink such fine ships.

Declaring that the widest diversity of opinion exists regarding formation of a league of nations and on the definition of freedom of the seas, Sena-

THE WEEK'S EVENTS

IMPORTANT NEWS OF STATE, NATION AND THE WORLD BRIEFLY TOLD

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

A Condensed Record of Happenings Of Interest From All Points Of The World

Domestic

John Barrett, director general of the pan-American bureau in Washington, says a pan-American treaty to secure peace on the western hemisphere is urgent and important.

The strike in Kansas City of the treatment of the Kansas City Railway's company has grown serious. It is feared state troops may be resorted to quell disorders resulting from the clash between strike-breakers and strikers.

Gathering mistletoe in a tree-top for his mother, Lyman Hearn, an Eaton, Ga. boy, touched a live wire, and was instantly electrocuted.

Responsibility for the disposition of the surplus stocks of equipment and supplies acquired by the war department during the war has been assumed by Assistant Secretary Crowder at the request of President Wilson.

The second section of the Dixie Flyer, which recently left Chattanooga, Tenn., was wrecked six miles this side of Chattanooga as a result of spreading rails, which caused the locomotive, tender, two mail coaches and the baggage car to leave the track.

The will of Miss Mary Castle Lee, daughter of Gen. Robert E. Lee, was admitted to probate in Washington, D. C., recently with the register of wills, in which she made bequest to Virginia institutions and relatives aggregating \$157,000.

The American battleship squadron attached to the British grand fleet displayed a spirit of true comradeship throughout its period of service, declared Admiral Sir David Beatty, the commander-in-chief of the grand fleet, in a farewell address on board the day the squadron was detached from the grand fleet.

President Wilson gave his personal impressions at a meeting with representatives of the American press of his experiences thus far in France. At the same time, announcement was made that the members of the American commission to negotiate peace would meet daily with the press.

"I am confident that the big council of statesmen of the world will be able to reach a just and reasonable solution of the problems that will be presented to them, and thus earn the gratitude of the world for the most critical and necessary service which has ever been rendered it," said President Wilson, in an interview, referring to the approaching peace conference.

It is the observation of all statesmen in all countries that President Wilson is truly representing the American people abroad regardless of politics or other sentiments. His contention is that we have got to put our heads together and pool everything we have got for the benefit of the ideals which are common to all, has almost become the shibboleth of the Labor Party of Great Britain.

President Wilson says the Versailles congress was a conference of "bones," and further opines that we have advanced too far to permit the conference for world-peace to be anything more than a meeting place of the servants of the peoples represented by delegates. "There is no master mind who can, alone and unaided, settle the problems of today. If there is anybody who thinks he knows what is in the minds of all peoples, that man is a fool."

The royal castle in Coblenz, to be the removal of valuables, is being guarded by American troops.

"It was owing to the action of the Russian Bolsheviks that hundreds of thousands of German troops were let loose to hurl their bayonets against our men on the western front. It was owing to their betrayal that Roumania with all its rich resources in grain and oil fell into the hands of the Germans." This is the explanation of the British secretary of war offers for the keeping of allied troops in Russia.

Undoubtedly Kerensky and his followers want to represent Russia in the peace conference, but whether their status will be recognized is entirely another question.

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The day will be devoted particularly by Mr. Braddock said, to the organization of thousands of war saving societies to systematize the preaching of thrift and promote the sales of \$2,000,000,000 worth of stamps during the year.

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PEACE LEAGUE IS PRIME NECESSITY

SOME TRIBUNAL MUST LIMIT SCALE OF INTERNATIONAL ARMAMENT.

MUST GIVE MEN AND MONEY

With Completion of New Three Year Building Program America Will Still Rank Second.

Washington.—Unless a league of nations or other tribunal that will make certain the limitation of international armament is established, the United States must build the greatest navy in the world, Secretary Daniels told the house naval committee.

"It is my firm conviction," declared the secretary, "that if the conference at Versailles does not result in a general agreement on the part of all the nations, then the United States must build her will and bend her energies, must give her men and give her money to the task of the creation of incomparably the greatest navy in the world."

With the completion of the proposed new three-year building program, adding 10 dreadnaughts, 6 battle cruisers, 10 scout cruisers and 130 smaller craft to the fleet, America will rank second in naval strength to Great Britain, said the secretary, who appeared before the committee to make his final recommendations for the 1920 fiscal year.

The most active day in peace conference circles

Paris.—This has been the most active day's discussion in peace conference circles since the American delegation arrived, as the declarations of Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon in the chamber of deputies gave a rallying point in the form of the first official announcement of the plans of the French government.

The statements disclosed that France had determined upon its line of action on practically all the questions involved, including a society of nations.

Premier Clemenceau's statement of the freedom of the seas was the first announcement from a high authoritative source. This was accepted as showing that the British and French viewpoints were in accord.

President Wilson indicated that he had tended to bring out the significance of the French premier's previous conversation with the British prime minister regarding the action of the British fleet during the war without which he admitted France could not have continued the war, as well as his favorable attitude toward the future British fleet.

The sentiment prevails in conference circles here that the American attitude will not become definite until further knowledge is obtained concerning the conversations between President Wilson, Premier Clemenceau and Premier Lloyd George.

M. Clemenceau's overwhelming majority in the vote of confidence in the chamber of deputies makes him a commanding figure in France, similar to that of Lloyd George as a result of the British elections.

Campaign soon opens to sell \$2,000,000,000 stamps

Washington.—The 1919 war saving campaign will be opened actively by a nation-wide celebration on January 17, the anniversary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin. District war savings directors in conference here were so informed by Harold Braddock, the new national director of the war saving movements.

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MIGHTY AMERICAN ARMADA ASSEMBLED

MILLIONS WAIT HOURS IN DRIVING SNOW STORM TO VIEW THE SIGHT.

FLEET REVIEWED BY DANIELS

Rugged, Weather-Beaten Tars Headed by Daniels and Mayo, March Down Fifth Avenue.

New York.—Riding at anchor in the Hudson were 21 superdreadnaughts, dreadnaughts and ships of the line which, with cruisers, destroyers and a host of smaller craft, made the mightiest American armada ever assembled.

Ten of the floating fortresses steamed into the harbor after 18 months service overseas with Beatty's grand fleet. The others are the flower of the North Atlantic fleet. Grim guardians of a great nation, they symbolized that the United States has become the second naval power of the world.

In the teeth of a northwester, in the chill of a driving snowstorm, millions waited hours until the 10 battleships of the homecoming armada appeared in the harbor.

Leading civilians in the cheering were wounded soldiers returned from France.

Passing in review before the secretary of the navy, off the Statue of Liberty, the home-going ships loomed suddenly out of the mist and as rapidly disappeared. They seemed almost like phanton craft, grim, gray, majestic in their silent might. But as they dropped anchor the skies cleared and the great armada revealed in holiday attire, ablaze from stern with multicolored pennants.

To many of those who lined the shores this shaft of sunshine symbolized the light of peace which awaited the fleet after the gloom of war from which it had emerged.

PEACE CONFERENCE CONTAINS DELEGATES FROM 27 NATIONS.

Paris.—The personnel of the peace congress gradually is taking form, so that the American delegates express the hope that the various countries' delegates will be announced and the delegates' arrival for the actual commencement of the negotiations soon after the opening of the new year.

A number of main details of the composition of the congress were now fairly well settled as a result of recent conferences. These indicate that the total membership of the congress will be between 100 and 120. Twenty-seven countries will be represented by delegations, including those which declared war and a number which have come into existence as a result of the war.

AMERICANS GREETED BY SNOW AT COBLENZ ON CHRISTMAS.

Coblenz.—Snow greeted the American troops in the occupied areas on Christmas. It began falling after midnight and continued to come down until the entire district around Treves was covered to the depth of several inches, and in the afternoon the fall was still in progress.

On the high lands east of the Rhine the snow was heavier.

Along the outlying sectors of the bridgehead, for instance, it reached the depth of half a foot.

The principal religious services of the American troops were held in Coblenz but in virtually every village they occupied and in every camp in the region the day was begun with services by the army chaplains. The men attended the services in great numbers.

PASSAGE ACROSS CHANNEL QUICKLY MADE BY WILSON

Dover.—The steamer Brighton, on which the President crossed the channel, had a quick and smooth passage and arrived at Dover just before midnight. She was met at Calais by Sir Charles Cust, Sir Roger's quarry, and Vice Admiral Sir Roger Dover. Four French destroyers escorted the Brighton to mid-channel where British destroyers and a dozen airplanes took over the duty. The President appeared in splendid spirits.

DELHI—Time occupied in actual flying by the Handy Page aeroplane from Cairo to Delhi was 47 hours and 21 minutes for a distance of 3,223 miles. The longest stage of the flight was from Damascus to Bagdad, which was 495 miles, and occupied 6 hours and 53 minutes. The next longest was from Karachi to Nastrabad, a distance of 485 miles, which was made in 6 hours and 35 minutes.