THE ALAMANCE GLEANER.

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Committee Appointed by the Gov. Hears Evidence.

Soldiers Say They Were Taunted and Fired Upon--That Mob Attempted to Storm Jail--Graham Citizens Srw Evidence of Attempt to Storm Jail--Evidence Appears to be Irreconcilable.

The committee, consisting of Col. A. H. Boyden of Salisbury, Gen. Beverly S. Royster of Oxford and Judge Harry W. Whedbee of Greenville, appointed by Gov. Bickett to investigate the shooting here on the night of July 19th, met Monday and Tuesday to take evidence. The opening session was held in Durham, the home of the Machine Gun Company, whose evidence was taken Monday.

From here there were present Attorneys John J. Henderson and Wm. I. Ward and Mr. John Scott. On behalf of Graham citizens Mrs. J. C. Cheek of Greensboro, an expert stenographer, was there to take down the evidence of the Durham gunners. Also there was a stenographer from Raleigh to take the evidence for the State.

Substantially the evidence of the gunners was that there were masked men lurking about the jail and in a corn patch less than 50 feet from the jail and that the flash of pistols was seen coming from the corn patch. This evidence was given by Capt. Fowler and Sergeants Price and Tandy. Capt. Fowler also stated that, notwithstanding there was whiskey in the jail, as he was informed, none of his men had access to it.

The most remarkable piece of evidence was that given by Private Thompson, now living in Durham, formerly of Burlington, according to the newspaper report appearing Tuesday morning.

Thompson's story substantially covers all points brought out by the soldier witnesses. And in that it was a big feature in the reports carried by the morning papers Tuesday. It is herewith given in full as it appeared in the Greensboro Daily News. It is as follows:

When Mr. Thompson heard that his company had been ordered to Graham, he went in civilian clothes to the county jail and reported to Captain Fowler. He slept in the jail, returned the following day to visit his sister in Burlington, "and spent the day in Graham and Burlington Monday. I heard from several sources Monday morning that a crowd of men were going to attack the jail Monday night. Some of them stated that the attack would be about 8:30. The general impression was that the machine gunners were a volunteer group from Durham who would not shoot and who had blank cartridges even in case they attempted to shoot. Several men asked me if I did not think that the boys would let a crowd in the jail if they attempted to lynch the negroes. They also asked me if the boys were not shooting blanks. I told them that if they tried to enter the jail they would see soon whether the boys were shooting blanks or not. One man replied, 'well, we are going to try it tonight.' I was in civilian clothes all of this time and was not publishing the fact that I was a member of the machine gun company. I heard many threats all day Monday and as a result of what I heard I confidently expected an attack to be made on the jail. I told Captain Fowler that I thought he would be attacked that night.

"I was in Graham Monday night at 9 o'clock at Garrett's pool room and cafe. There was a crowd of about 75 men standing on the street in front of the pool room and in the cafe. I saw that practically all of these men had pistols. I could see the butt of the pistol sticking out of most every man's pocket. There was a great deal of talking about lynching the negroes and I heard many members of the crowd in front of the pool room say that they were going to make an attack on the jail about 9:30 o'clock that night. I would have called Captain Fowler but feared that if I tried to telephone him some of the crowd would try to catch me.

"I heard several members of the crowd say, 'We have got every gun we could find in Burlington and are going down there in a few minutes.' I heard others say, 'We have all the round of ammunition and guns that we need and are going in that jail about 9:30. There was some discussion as to the best manner of approaching the jail. The general opinion as expressed by the members of the crowd seemed to be that it would be better to attempt to break into the jail from the rear. One man said that they had plenty of ways to get into the jail.

"Phillips, the man who was wounded, and Jim Ray, the man who was killed, were in this crowd and heard the talking, though I cannot say that either of them had a pistol or that either of them were planning to break into the jail that night."

The witness then described the breaking up of the crowd into groups about 9:05 or 9:10 Monday night. These small crowds, he said, numbered about 15 to 20, and went in the general direction of the jail. They did not all leave at the same time. "In 5 or 10 minutes after they left I heard the first shot. At that time I was preparing to eat supper. In my opinion the jail is not more than 75 yards from Garrett's pool room at the most. Most of the members of the crowd were from Burlington and parts of Alamance other than Graham. The men who left in squads of 15 or 20 carried pistols with them.

"After the shooting there was much talk about mobbing the jail and killing all of the machine gunners and then getting the three negroes. One man told me that the crowd on the outside of the jail had two or three machine guns and that they were 'going to kill every damn one of the soldiers.' I started toward the jail in an automobile but was warned by a man who said that there was going to be more trouble."

At the investigation here on Tuesday about twenty witnesses were examined. A detailed statement of their evidence will not be attempted here, as it was given in the issue of this paper of week before last, when the most of the witnesses were heard at the Coroner's inquest and the substance of the evidence did not differ from that given at that time.

Of all those examined there was no evidence of a mob or groups of armed men in Graham on the night of the shooting prior to the shooting by the soldiers about 9:30 o'clock. The evidence from five homes nearest the jail, on all sides of it, none of them as much as 200 feet from the jail, was that the firing came from the jail. The occupants of these homes either came out or looked out when the firing commenced and none of them saw anyone save the soldiers and the three men—Ray, killed, and Phillips and Bradshaw, wounded. The next morning an examination of the premises did not indicate there had been anyone in the corn patch from which the soldiers saw a masked mob approaching. And no one was found to substantiate Thompson's story of groups of men at Garrett's pool room and restaurant "not more than 75 yards" from the jail (as a matter of fact it is about 250 yards).

It is most remarkable, the variance in the statements made by the soldiers and by some of Graham's most respected and respectable citizens. How the committee can reconcile them does not appear.

The committee gave a patient and respectful hearing to any and all witnesses examined and to all who wished to make any statement. No decision was arrived at. They have the evidence. Just when a report will be made of their findings no announcement has been made.

Capt. Fowler and several of his company were present at the hearing in Graham.

THE ENDEAVORERS HOLD MASS-MEETING

At Mr. P. S. Dixon's at Haw River—Business Session Held—Large Attendance—Splendid Reports—Evening Closed with Picnic and Playing Good Old Games.

On Saturday evening, July 31st, at 6 o'clock the Burlington-Graham C. E. Union held its regular mass-meeting in connection with a union picnic on the spacious and beautiful lawn of Mr. P. S. Dixon near Haw River. Practically every society in the union was represented by a large per cent of the membership.

The Endeavorers formed a large C. E. out on the lawn and remained in this position during the mass-meeting. The meeting was called to order by the President, Mr. J. O. Corbett, followed by devotional exercises conducted by Dr. W. P. McCorkle, pastor of the Piedmont Presbyterian church.

The regular business session was carried out, in which new committees were appointed, and everything was placed in readiness for a new era in C. E. work. One committee was appointed to do work in our county prison, such as supplying Bibles and making conditions more easy for a prisoner to see the Christian side of life.

No one who witnessed this meeting could have doubted the worthwhile part of C. E work, for the splendid reports the societies made and the warm fellowship manifested between the Endeavorers are enough to convince even the most skeptic that the young people of Burlington and Graham are achieving a great work in the church of today.

After the mass meeting supper was spread on the lawn in regular picnic style. Every one had a glorious time, for there was everything to eat, with fried chicken galore. But, chicken was not all, for the best came last, when ice cream was served to all.

It seemed rather hard for the Endeavorers to leave such a nice place as Mr. Dixon's, so everyone joined in playing some good old games with old and young running and having fun together. The pleasure of the evening ended at the hour of 9:00, when all departed after giving three yells to the hospitality of Mr. Dixon.

Now, in behalf of the Burlington-Graham C. E. Union, a cordial invitation is extended to all to become an Endeavor today.

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggist, 75c. ad.

SALARIES OF STATE OFFICERS.

Matter for Attention of Special Session of Legislature.

Hon. W. P. Wood, State Auditor, who voluntarily retires at the end of his present term of office, in transmitting his report to the Governor for the six months ending May 31st, indulges in some pertinent remarks about salaries of State officers. Persons who are trying to get along now on the same salaries which they received before the war, that is, those receiving moderate salaries, find they cannot make ends meet, and if they do get along it is by stinting wherever they can and often going without essential things or going in debt.

The Auditor says:

As the State Auditor pays the salaries of the officers and employees of the State it might not be out of order to call attention to some facts in this connection.

The Legislature of 1907 adjusted or rather revised the salaries of certain State officials, among them the Constitutional officers of the State (that is those composing the Council of State). These salaries have not been changed since. Under the Constitution of this State the compensation of a Constitutional officer of the State may not be changed during his term of office.

The Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the Secretary of State, the State Auditor, the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the Attorney-General, are all Constitutional officers, sharing alike the responsibility for the proper conduct of affairs of the Executive Department of the State Government.

Since 1907 the salary of the Governor has been increased from $4,000 to $6,500 per year, with an extra allowance of $600 per year for traveling expenses, making a total of $7,100 per year. The salaries of the other officers are the same they were drawing twelve years ago, while their duties, their responsibilities, and the cost of living have more than doubled during this period.

The present salaries were fixed by law before this country went into war, and since that time there has been no opportunity to make effective any change, as their term of office extends from before the declaration of war in 1917, to January, 1921. The period just before the war, the duration of the war, and the time since then, have been trying times to everyone, especially those working on a salary, and as retiring State Auditor I feel that I am not only qualified to speak, but am privileged to suggest and urge a serious consideration of this matter of salaries for the Constitutional officers of this State.

Unless the salaries of these officers are adjusted by the Special Session of the Legislature the incoming officers in January will only receive the old rate of salary, as their salaries cannot be affected during an official term, and it would certainly reflect discredit upon the State if the incoming officers are not provided with a decent living salary, and one in keeping with the dignity and responsibility of the office.

AFTER TWELVE YEARS

This Testimony Remains Unshaken.

Time is the best test of truth. Here is a Burlington story that has stood the test of time. It is a story with a point which will come straight home to many of us.

C. B. Ellis, music dealer, Davis St., Burlington, N. C., says: "I have no hesitation in saying that Doan's Kidney Pills are a good, reliable kidney medicine. I suffered from a light attack of kidney complaint and I got a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills from the Freeman Drug Co. After I took them the pain left me and I give them all the credit for relieving me."

Mr. Ellis gave the above statement in December, 1907, and on July 10, 1918, he added: Doan's Kidney Pills have given me a permanent cure, and I can certainly praise them as being a wonderful kidney medicine."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Ellis had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

SECOND ANNUAL STATE AND COUNTY COUNCIL

Will be Held at University Aug. 17-19—Projected Program.

Cor. of The Gleaner.

Chapel Hill, Aug. 3.—The program committee for the second annual State and County Council, which will be held at the University of North Carolina, Aug. 17-19, has announced the following projected program. From present indications a large attendance will be on hand from State and county officials and social-minded citizens. Governor Bickett will preside at all meetings:

Tuesday, Aug. 17, 8 p. m.—Music, with Prof. Paul J. Weaver, director. Address of welcome, by President H. W. Chase. Address by Hon. David F. Houston, Secretary of the Treasury, and by President E. A. Alderman of the University of Virginia. Motion pictures, by State Community Service Bureau.

Wednesday, Aug. 18, 10 a. m.—Music. Address by Governor T. W. Bickett: "A North Carolina Plan of Federated Service." Departmental Contributions to the Federated Plan (15 minutes to each speaker): "Public Education," by Supt. E. C. Brooks; "Public Health," by Dr. W. S. Rankin, Secretary State Board of Health; "Public Welfare," by Commissioner R. F. Beasley; "Public Taxation," by Commissioner A. J. Maxwell; "Public Highways," by Commissioner Frank Page; "Agriculture," by C. F. Hudson; "Farm Extension," by Dr. W. B. Kilgore; "Protection of Life and Property," by Commissioner J. R. Young. Appointment of committees on resolutions and proposed program.

Wednesday, Aug. 18, 4 p. m.—Music. "A Plan of Federated County Service," by Dr. Howard W. Odum of the University. Round table discussion of County Federation (10 minutes each): S. E Leonard of Wilson county, A. T. Allen of Raleigh, T. L. Gwyn of Haywood, H. D. Williams of Duplin, Henry Williams of Fayetteville, W. L. Smarr of Lincoln county, James M. Gray of Buncombe, Mrs. W. B. Hallowell of Wayne.

Wednesday, Aug. 18, 8 p. m.—Music. Address by Superintendent E. C. Brooks and Hon. Amos W. Butler of Indiana Board of Charities and Corrections.

Thursday, Aug. 19, 10 a. m.—Music. "The North Carolina County in History," by S. D. W. Connor. "The North Carolina County in Law and Practice," by Thomas M. Pittman. Open forum discussion on "What are the present needs in the relationship between the State and County and how can these be met?," by H. A. Page, D. G. Brummitt, V. S. Bryant, J. H. Matthews, J. H. Pratt, W. C. Jones, Walter Murphy, George Holderness, R. S. McCoin, and others.

Thursday, Aug. 19, 1:30 p. m.—Luncheon in honor of the members of the General Assembly, President Chase presiding. Special guest, Hon. Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State.

Thursday, Aug. 19, 4 p. m.—Music. Reports of committees.

Thursday, Aug. 19, 8 p. m.—Music. Address: Hon. Bainbridge Colby and Hon. Carter Glass, invited.

Fixing Hog Prices in Bushels.

Measuring the prices of a hog in bushels of corn, instead of in dollars, is a form of applied mathematics used by the United States Department of Agriculture in keeping tab on prices of farm products. Theoretically 100 pounds of live hogs should be worth about 13 bushels of corn. The ratio varies. It is generally highest in the corn belt and lowest in New England, the far South, and the far West. At the present time the ratio is unusually narrow—that is, 100 pounds of hogs is not worth as many bushels of corn as usual. The department draws the inference that during the next 12 months hogs will advance more than corn or corn will decline more than hogs.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Fred. M. Terrell spent the week-end here.

Miss Mary Denny of Greensboro is here visiting her aunt, Miss Ada Denny.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie A. McAdams are spending the week at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Miller, in Goldsboro.

Mrs. Chas. C. Thompson and son Worth who have been away for a month on a visit to relatives in Lynchburg, Va., Washington, D. C., and Ft. Wayne, Ind., returned Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Estlow, after spending several days here at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Grant Estlow, returned to Washington, D. C., the latter part of last week.

Mesdames Junius H. Harden, J. D. Kernodle and John J. Henderson and little Miss Cora Emmaline Henderson will leave tomorrow morning for Williston, Tenn., to spend two weeks with Mrs. Kernodle's sister, Mrs. F. H. Crawford, who was Miss Annie Harden and has lived in Tennessee for more than forty years.

Children's Day at Christian Church.

Instead of the usual preaching service at Graham Christian church next Sunday morning, Children's Day exercises will be held, consisting of songs and recitations and short talks on appropriate subjects by the Pastor and others.

WANTED—Man with team or auto who can give bond to sell 137 Watkins home and farm products. Biggest concern of kind in the world. $1,500 to $5,000 yearly income. Territory in this county open. Write today to J. R. Watkins Co., Dept. 116, Winona, Minn. 5au5t

The U. S. Pharmacopoea endorses every ingredient of Dr. SETH ARNOLD'S BALSAM for Summer Sicknesses. Put up in handy bottle form for your convenience. Warranted by Farrell-Hayes Drug Co., Graham, N. C.

Service Chart Against Cholera.

In its efforts to hold down hog cholera with a reduced force, the United States Department of Agriculture is putting out a new type of poster. In a sense it is a service chart. Its picture says to the farmer, "When your hog looks like this, look out for cholera." The picture of a hog in colors shows the visible symptoms of the disease. There is printed on the poster information as to how to proceed.

Trustee's Sale of Real Estate.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage deed of trust executed by Mamie Lee and husband Allen Lee on the 13th day of April, 1916, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance county, in book No. 71 of Deeds of Trust, page 39, the undersigned trustee will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door in Graham, North Carolina, at 12 o'clock, noon, on

MONDAY, AUG. 9, 1920,

the following described property:

A certain tract or parcel of land in Burlington township, Alamance county, North Carolina, and described as follows:

Adjoining the lands of Brown Cooper, Henry Browning, John Chambers and others, and beginning at a rock, corner with said Browning; thence S 87¼ deg E 4 chs 23 lks to a rock; thence 2¼ deg E 4.82 chs to a rock, corner with said Chambers; thence N 87¼ deg W 4.44 chs to a rock, corner with said Chambers and Cooper; thence N 3¾ deg S 4 chs 82 lks to the beginning, and containing 2 acres, more or less.

This July 6, 1920.

Alamance Ins. & Real Estate Co., Trustee

L. C. Allen, Att'y.

Why Are You Gray?

Why look older than you feel? Now that som many thousands have proved that Q-ban Hair Color Restorer brings a uniform, uniform, dark lustrous shade to gray or faded hair—you really ought t otry Q-ban. Ready to use—guaranteed harmless—50c for a large bottle—money back if not satisfied. Sold by Hayes Drug Co. and all good drug stores. Delightfully beautifying. Try Q-ban Hair Tonic, Liquid Champoo; Soap. Also Q—ban Depilatory, for superfluous hair.

Try Q-ban

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GRAHAM, N. C.

VALUABLE HORSE SAVED

Expected Horse Would Die—Now Sleek and Healthy.

In reporting his experience, Mr. J. C. Huste, of Rock Bridge Baths, Va., stated: "My horse is the best advertisement you would want for Dr. LeGear's Stock Powders. He was in a run down fix and poor and I thought he would die soon. I got some of Dr. LeGear's Stock Powders—and today he is as fine a looking horse as you can see in this section. I only used a few boxes of Dr. LeGear's Stock Powders."

Mr. Huste benefitted by the advice of Dr. LeGear, Graduate Veterinary Surgeon of 27 years' experience. By following the Doctor's treatment, you can keep your stock sleek and healthy. Here's his offer to you. Get a package of Dr. LeGear's Stock Powders from your dealer; feed it to your horses, milk cows, steers, hogs, and sheep as per directions. If after a thorough trial the results are not satisfactory, just return the empty carton and your money will be cheerfully refunded.—Dr. L. D. LeGear Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Summons by Publication

NORTH CAROLINA—
ALAMANCE COUNTY.
In the Superior Court.

Lottie E. Southard
against
Walter E. Brooks Southard.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Alamance county for the dissolution of the bonds of matrimony between the plaintiff and defendant; and the defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court at his office in Graham in said county on Monday, the 23rd day of August, 1920, and answer the complaint, which will be deposited in the office of said Clerk on or before said 23rd day of August, 1920. And let the defendant take notice, that if he fail to answer said complaint within the time prescribed by law, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

This the 22nd day of July, 1920.

D. J. WALKER, C. S. C.
LONG & LONG, Attys. 29july4w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor of the will of Laura Malone, deceased, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons holding claims against said estate to present the same, duly authenticated, on or before the 28th day of July, 1921, or this notice will by pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement.

This June 28th, 1920.

J. D. WHITTED, Ex'r of Laura Malone, dec'd. Burlington, N. C.
22july6t

BUY "DIAMOND DYES" DON'T RISK MATERIAL

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can dye any material without streaking, fading or running. Druggist has color card—Take no other dye!