

# BRUCE BIELASKI IS HELD BY BANDITS

### MEXICAN OFFICIAL PROMISES TO DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE FOR HIS RELEASE.

## 10,000 PESOS DEMANDED

Bielaski and Wife on Way to View Aztec Ruins When Held Up by Seven Bandits.

Mexico City, Alberto J. Pani, secretary of foreign affairs, has been officially advised by the American embassy of the kidnapping of A. Bruce Bielaski in the state of Morelos and the promise has been given that all possible measures will be taken to effect his release.

The other person kidnapped was Manuel Barcena, a Mexican attorney.

Mr. Bielaski was chief of the bureau of investigation of the United States department of justice during the war. It is generally believed that, instead of pursuing the kidnapers to the point of endangering the lives of the captives, Mexican federal troops who are searching for the captives will enter into negotiations looking towards their release by the payment of all or part of the 10,000 pesos ransom demanded.

Both the American embassy and the consulate told the Associated Press no word has been received concerning Mr. Bielaski and that the facts as published in Mexico City were substantially correct.

The air of mystery which surrounded the kidnapping was explained in authoritative sources as an attempt by Mr. Bielaski's friends to have the least possible said about the incident until he was safe.

Apparently there are no facts to support the theory advanced in some quarters that the kidnapping was instigated by Mr. Bielaski's personal enemies.

Bielaski is being held for ransom by seven bandits, who held up his automobile seven miles west of Ocuercavaca, in the state of Morelos.

Mr. Bielaski, together with his wife and Mr. and Mrs. Manuel Barcena of Mexcala, was on the way to view some Aztec ruins near the town. The motorists were near the hacienda De San Gabriel, when the bandits suddenly appeared and stopped them at the point of guns.

The women were released but after robbing them, the bandits took Mr. Bielaski and Mr. Barcena with them.

When the news reached this city, the American charge d'affaires, George T. Summerlin, immediately communicated with the authorities at Cuernavaca, as well as getting in touch with the federal government and Secretary of War Serrano ordered the federal troops in the vicinity to start after the bandits.

Mr. Bielaski, who is no longer connected with the American government is now vice president of Richmond Levering & Co., which has extensive oil holdings near Mexico City and Tampico. Mr. Barcena is an attorney connected with having enterprises a Tijuana.

**Fear Kaiser is Ready to Flee.**

London.—Apprehension exists in Holland lest former Kaiser William attempt to slip away from Dorn and re-enter Germany in the event of a royalist rising following the assassination of Foreign Minister Rathenau according to the correspondent of the Daily Mail at The Hague.

"We have no evidence that the Kaiser has any such intention," he said, "and the surveillance maintained around him, is so close that it would be impossible for him to get away even if he wished."

**Would Tighten Immigration Laws.**

Washington.—Under a bill designed to tighten up the immigration law, introduced by Chairman Johnson of the house immigration committee, admission for permanent residence in this country would be granted only to aliens eligible for citizenship, thus it was pointed out, shutting the gates to Japanese, Chinese, Mongolians and others not granted the right of citizenship who desire such residence.

**Publishers Visit Mount Mitchell.**

Asheville, N. C.—A party of 105 publishers, railway officials and invited citizens from over the South, left here for the initial trip over the recently completed motor road to the summit of Mount Mitchell, the high east peak east of the Rockies. The mountain road, starting at Black Mountain, is 22 miles in length with an average grade of 3.12 miles. The highway, built of cinders, cost \$150,000 to construct.

**Shot By Policeman.**

Danville, Va.—R. A. Benton, a prominent business man of Danville was severely wounded by Police Officer O. T. Cook when mistaken by the latter for a highwayman who has been operating recently in this locality. Cook reported he had been on the watch for the man who had been stopping late travelers and who was said to use a car of the same make and model as Benton's. He opened fire, he said, only after Benton ignored commands to halt. Benton declared he did not hear the officer

## NEW LAW AROUSES AUTOMOBILISTS' IRE

Richmond, Va.—Great indignation as a result of the arrest of automobilists by the hundreds for failure to come to a full stop within ten feet of a railroad before crossing was expressed by motorists in various sections of Virginia. In several instances those warning the drivers were threatened with arrest for alleged interference.

A constable stood on either side of the track and arrested the drivers when they failed to stop before crossing the track and a justice of the peace tried them on the scene. No other warning than a sign, "Danger—Stop," near the track, was posted to remind the motorists of a new law which requires every person driving an automobile on the public highways, on approaching a steam railway crossing to stop before passing thereover, and making it a misdemeanor for failure to do so.

## DEATH TOLL IN MINE BATTLE

### SCORES OF NON-UNION MINERS VIRTUALLY MASSACRED BY MOBS OF STRIKERS.

### All But Three Victims Imported Workers; Some Lynched, Some Burned and Majority Shot Down.

Herrin, Ill.—The death toll in the disaster, when 5,000 striking union miners attacked the Lester strip mine, being operated under a guard of imported workers, may run past the forty mark. It was said by those in touch with the situation, although thus far only 27 positively are known to be dead.

In the Herrin hospital are eight wounded men, only one a miner, and six of them are believed to be fatally injured. There were nine, but one died.

A miner told the Associated Press correspondent that he had seen 15 bodies thrown into a pond with rocks around their necks. About 20 imported miners are missing.

Checking up the death list has proved almost impossible. The victims, all but three of them imported workers, so far as known, were found scattered over an area within several miles of the mine. Some were lynched, some were burned when the mine was fired, others were beaten to death and the majority fell before the score of bullets poured into them.

"Bloody Williamson" county, so called because of several riots, was outwardly calm, but there was a noticeable undercurrent which kept everybody on edge and wondering if further trouble might be expected.

The correspondent talked with scores of miners and about half of them were certain there would be no further disorder if there was no attempt to reopen the mines, while the other half said they were afraid some of the men might not be held back. Officially, the situation was reported by county officials to be quiet.

Bodies, many with limbs shot away, lay along the roadside or were swung from trees, men wounded and dying were stretched out on the roads and in the fields, with none of the hundreds of passers-by able to lend a hand. Attempts to assist the wounded in the early part of the day brought rebuffs from the spectators, backed in some cases by drawn guns.

Later the feeling quieted down and some of the wounded were taken to hospitals.

It is understood that there will be no attempt to reopen any of the mines until the strike is settled. When the attackers went over the top in the besieged mine there were some fifty or sixty workers and guards there. What has become of those not in the known dead and wounded list can not be said. Some of them were seen in fields running, with miner sympathizers pursuing them with guns. How many escaped could not be told. C. K. McDowell, superintendent of the imported workers at the mine, was among the dead. It was said he was the first to be shot after the mine was captured and that he was given no opportunity to escape.

Hundreds of men, women and little children, some as young as four years old, surged through the morgue to view the bodies, which lay side by side on the floor, with no attempt to straighten them out. Most of them bore no identification marks. All were mangled.

**British Marshal Assassinated.**

London.—Field Marshal Sir Henry H. Wilson, one of England's most illustrious soldiers, who was chief of the imperial staff during the final stages of the world war, was assassinated on the doorstep of his residence in Eaton Place by two young men who gave the names of James O'Brien and James Connolly.

**Harding Opposes Filipinos' Appeal.**

Washington.—President Harding told the members of the Philippine parliamentary commission that he could not yet urge upon congress the desirability of Philippine independence.

Members of the commission who called on the president at his request to receive a reply to the independence petition presented last Friday, said the executive indicated that he was not unalterably opposed to Philippine autonomy but regarded the matter as a question of time.

# TROOPS IN SIBERIA TO BE WITHDRAWN

### JAPAN AGREES TO HAVE LAST SOLDIER WITHDRAWN BY OCTOBER 30.

## TO PROMOTE WORLD PEACE

Action Being Taken at Tokio by Diplomatic Advisory Council; Nation on Record.

Tokyo.—Japan sealed her pledge to promote world peace, taken at the limitation of armaments conference at Washington, by declaring her final decision to withdraw her troops from Siberia and announcing to the world a policy of non-aggression.

The diplomatic advisory council at Tokyo fixed October 30 as the day when the last Japanese soldiers must be out of the maritime provinces of Siberia, while a foreign official declared that the decision was intended to place Japan on record as a "non-aggressive nation to maintain the peace of the world."

The diplomatic advisory council's approval of cabinet decision is said to have been the logical outcome of Admiral Baron Kato's accession to the premiership.

Kato, who led the Japanese delegation to the Washington arms conference, returned to Tokyo thoroughly imbued with the spirit of that gathering and strongly in favor of his country adopting a non-aggressive policy.

The official announcement of Siberian evacuation says:

"The Japanese government has decided to withdraw all troops from the maritime provinces of Siberia by October 30. Suitable measures will be taken for the protection of Japanese residents."

An official of the foreign office, commenting on the decision to quit Siberia, said:

"It has been a matter of regret that various circumstances prevented Japan from carrying out her desire to withdraw her troops from Siberia."

"It can not be said that political conditions there have attained full stability, but a change has occurred in the general conditions of the whole of Russia. Communitarian measures seem to have been modified. The powers have altered their attitude towards Russia, as attested by the invitations of the Soviet government to attend the Genoa and Hague conferences and conclusion of non-aggressive and non-propaganda agreements with Moscow. Those letters promise to improve relations between the powers and the Soviet government."

"In view of the decision, Japan has decided to carry out her original idea to evacuate Siberia."

"Japan believes that with this removal of the Chinese government's cause for suspicion, the Far Eastern republic of Siberia will strive to reach a commercial agreement with Tokyo."

In conclusion the foreign office official declared:

"Japan also believes that this withdrawal, together with Japan's conciliatory attitude at the Washington conference will be understood by the world as evidence that Japan is a non-aggressive nation, striving to maintain the peace of the world."

**Work on Dam Postponed.**

Washington.—An appropriation of \$7,500,000 for new construction work on the Wilson dam at Muscle Shoals, Ala., was authorized by the house and sent to the senate for concurrence. Under a limitation fixed by the house, however, none of the money can be expected prior to next October.

As authorized originally by the senate when it attached a provision to the army bill providing for renewal of work on the dam the \$7,500,000 was made available for that use as soon as the bill was signed by the president. House republican leaders endeavored to obtain straight out acceptance of the appropriation as approved by the senate but were defeated by a combination of democrats and farm bloc republicans.

Final action was taken after Representative Huddleston (democrat) of Alabama had offered an amendment preventing any expenditure on the dam before January 1, 1923, and not then if the Ford proposal to purchase the Muscle Shoal properties should have been accepted by congress. His motion was lost 119 to 132. The vote on the substitute offered by Representative James (republican) Michigan, fixing the effective date as October 1 was adopted 145 to 105.

Two hours' debate on the appropriation preceded the final voting. During that time Representative Mondell of Wyoming the republican leader, and other majority spokesmen urged that the dam be completed without delay.

**Merger of Mills Given Approval.**

Richmond, Va.—Merger of the Industrial Cotton Mills company, Inc., and Blue-Buckle Cotton Mills, Inc., under the name of the Industrial Cotton Mills company, Inc., with principal offices at Richmond, was authorized by the Virginia state corporation commission. The factories of the company will be operated at Rock Hill, S. C.

The incorporators were listed as Alexander Lough of Rock Hill, president; I. B. Cauthen of Rock Hill, secretary.

## FIVE SUFFOCATED IN AN ABANDONED MINE

Hartford, Ark.—At least five members of a picnic party were suffocated in an abandoned mine here. Three others who attempted to rescue the victims were overcome and are reported to be in a serious condition.

The mine, which had not been in operation for six months, is located six miles from Hartford. It is believed the deaths were caused by an accumulation of black damp. A searching party is at the scene to determine if any more bodies are in the mine.

The deaths resulted from a small boy's exploring expedition. It is said. The boy entered the mine and is supposed to have opened a door leading into the abandoned shaft. When he failed to reappear other members of the party who were picking blackberries went after him and were either killed or injured by the poisonous vapors.

## THOUSANDS KILLED IN CHINA

### MEN OF NORTHERN ARMY FORCES SENT AGAINST SUN YAT SEN'S ARMY.

### Rebellious Troops Reported Marching Back Northward and Nearing Changshu Ki.

Tientsin.—Representatives of Chant Tso-Lin, defeated war lord of Manchuria, and Wu Pei-Fu, his conqueror, signed an armistice at Chinwagtau. The negotiations were begun last week aboard a British warship there.

Shanghai.—Between 10,000 and 15,000 men of the northern army sent against Sun Yat Sen's army in Kiangsi province mutinied at Kiangfu, burned portions of Kiangfu and other nearby cities and killed thousands of residents, according to unconfirmed but apparently authentic reports from various sources at Hankow and Nanchang. The troops were under command of General Tsai Chen Hsun, military commander of Peking.

The rebellious soldiers are reported marching back northward and nearing Changshu Ki, a city about one hundred miles north of Kiangfu and fifty miles north of Nanchang.

A dispatch from Hankow says the British gunboat Cockchafer is speeding up the Kan river toward Nanchang to bring out the foreign residents. The American gunboat Monocacy is coaling at Kiukiang and will proceed to Nanchang as soon as possible. The American gunboats Isabel and Quiros and the British gunboats Bee and Foxglove are held in readiness at Kiukiang to rush to the disturbed area, if necessary, to protect nationals.

The situation at Canton is quiet but ominous. Messages from adherents of Sun Yat Sen's southern government at Canton and Hong Kong say Sun has ordered his main force in Kiangsi to abandon the expedition against the north and return to Canton. Sun, Wu Ting Fang and other leaders of the Canton government are reported to be still aboard Chinese warships in the neighborhood of Canton, awaiting the return of the Kiangsi army.

**Urges Action on Shoals.**

Washington.—Indications were given in the house that unremitting pressure would be exerted to bring about action on disposition of the government's properties at Muscle Shoals, Ala.

Representative Pou of North Carolina, advocating from the house floor speedy action on acceptance of the offer of Henry Ford for the lease and purchase of the properties, disclosed that he had made a motion in the rules committee, of which he is a member, for a special order for consideration of the Muscle Shoals question by the house but that the committee session was abandoned without action.

The Muscle Shoals proposition has attracted almost as much attention throughout the country as the subsidy bill," said the North Carolina member. "The democratic minority of the rules committee was earnestly in favor of considering the bill, but the republican majority walked out of the room."

"You cannot sidestep the issue," he declared, addressing the republican side. "You may take your recess (referring to the tentative plan of house leaders to begin a series of three-day recesses about July 1), but the time will come, and in not in the very distant future when the rules committee will not adjourn when Muscle Shoals is brought before it."

**Pösse to Search For Moonshiners.**

Charleston.—A posse of ten federal, state and county officers, heavily armed, with a pack of bloodhounds as well as enough provisions for a week, set out from here, it was learned, for Kiawah Island, 20 miles distant, in an effort to round up a band of alleged moonshiners who Sunday fired upon a fishing party and who are said to have threatened other excursionists. Several attempts have been made to arrest the gang, but the finding of abandoned stills and former ramp sites are all that has been accomplished.

# GARR DEVOUTLY SPEAKS THANKS

### APPRECIATES SPIRIT OF UNITY NOW PREVAILING IN RE-UNITED NATION.

## GREETING TO "VETS" IN BLUE

Commander-in-Chief Wishes For All Utmost Happiness and a Safe Return to Their Homes.

Richmond, Va.—Just before leaving Richmond for his home in Durham, N. C., Gen. Julian S. Carr, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, issued a public statement in which he said:

"My thanks go to the Commander-in-Chief of the Universe for the spirit of fraternity now recognized everywhere throughout North and South and on behalf of my comrades of the United Confederate Veterans, I send word of greeting and 'God bless you' to the Veterans in Blue. No word of reassurance is needed to express the devotion of Confederate Veterans and their children to the ideals of a reunited country."

"The world has recognized that the men of the Confederacy are those whom power could not corrupt, whom death could not terrify, whom defeat could not dishonor."

"Proud of the high honor to be chosen leader of so noble an army of stalwart men, I speak for them in voicing the gratitude of our hearts to the men and women who have so cheered our lives and strengthened our hopes and trust for the fast assembling eternal reunion."

"In saying words of farewell to my comrades and their official ladies, I wish for all a safe return to their homes and the utmost happiness until we meet again in New Orleans in annual reunion."

**Export Cotton Value Larger.**

Washington.—Exports of cotton increased in value by \$15,000,000 during May as compared with the same month last year, according to reports issued by the commerce department.

Raw cotton exports during May aggregated 469,000 bales, valued at \$46,000,000 compared with 477,000 bales for the 11 months ended with May raw cotton shipments aggregated six million bales worth \$544,000,000, against 5,000,000 worth \$570,000,000 during the corresponding period of 1921.

Exports of cotton cloths during the month aggregated 60,000,000 square yards valued at \$8,000,000 compared with 40,000,000 square yards at \$5,000,000 in May, 1921, while for the 11 months period the total was 550,000,000 square yards worth \$68,000,000 as against 508,000,000 square yards valued at \$136,000,000 during the 11 months ended May, 1921.

**Offer of Ford i s Object of Attack.**

Washington.—Henry Ford's offer to purchase and lease the government's power and nitrate properties at Muscle Shoals, Ala., was attacked again by witnesses testifying before the senate agricultural committee on the proposals designed to develop the Alabama properties. Philip P. Wells, of Middleton, Conn., former law officer of the forestry service, and administrative assistant to Gifford Pinchot, when he was chief of that service, declared he had "never seen a proposition made to the government as 'outrageous' as that made by Mr. Ford."

**Chile May Agree to Compromise.**

Washington.—Chile has indicated to the American state department her willingness to accept in principle the compromise plan suggested by Secretary Hughes for arbitration of the Chilean Peruvian dispute over Tacna-Arica.

**Senate Gas Probe Pushed.**

Washington.—Plans for the senate investigation into gasoline price increases moved forward a step with the employment by the manufacturers' committee of Gilbert E. Roe, Madison, Wis., as counsel and decision by the committee to submit questionnaires to all oil interests on gas and oil holdings. Mr. Roe is a former law partner of Senator La Follette, republican, Wisconsin, chairman of the committee.

**To Stop Promoting Officers in Army.**

Washington.—Suspension of promotion for all army officers below the grade of colonel, effective at once, was understood to have been decided upon by the senate military committee. The action was taken largely as a result, it was said, of provisions included in the annual army appropriation bill which placed a six months' bar against promotions after July 1.

**Search of Years is Rewarded.**

Richmond, Va.—After a search of sixty years in which no trace of the man could be found, the family of Henry Strange, South Carolina Confederate soldier killed in action, was rewarded when John Strange, nephew of the dead man, was taken to his kinsman's grave by L. T. Wyrick of Athens, Texas, who declared he buried the older's body at a lonely spot, near Swift Creek, five miles north of Richmond. Wyrick declared he and Strange were fighting side by side when the latter fell.

# CONDENSED NEWS FROM THE OLD NORTH STATE

### SHORT NOTES OF INTEREST TO CAROLINIANS.

Fayetteville.—Samuel H. Strange, prominent citizen of this community and well known agriculturist, died at his country home "Myrtle Hill," after an illness of many months' duration.

Rutherfordton.—Dr. W. L. Potent, president of Wake Forest college, has been secured to deliver the Fourth of July address here at the big county-wide celebration.

Kinston.—Work is progressing rapidly on a new college for the Free Will Baptists at Ayden. The institution will be the principal seat of learning of the denomination in this part of the country.

Kinston.—Work on new buildings at the Caswell Training School here has been completed and the structures formerly accepted by the state. Included are buildings for dormitory, dining and other purposes.

Salisbury.—A summer school for teachers of Rowan and Davie counties will be held at the Ellis Street school, this city, for six weeks, beginning June 26 and continuing for six weeks. The director of the school is Miss Katherine Albertson of China Grove.

Pittsboro.—Mrs. C. E. Bryan, wife of the R. F. D. carrier on Pittsboro route one, committed suicide recently by shooting herself through the head with a revolver.

Shelby.—Prof. J. Clint Newton, who has been teaching English in the McCullie School for Boys at Chattanooga, Tenn., has been elected county superintendent of schools to succeed Supt. J. Y. Irvin, who resigned a month ago to accept the superintendency of the schools at Kings Mountain, this county.

Whiteville.—A small cyclone struck the Evergreen section and considerable damage was done to growing crops, thousands of feet of timber were uprooted and a few buildings were blown down. No casualties were reported but several head of stock were badly injured.

Statesville.—Jake Arthurs of Barringer township, has been advised that his son, Beawell Arthurs, was killed in Pittsburgh, Pa., and will be buried in West Virginia, where his wife's relatives live. Details of the affair have not been learned, but it is thought that the killing was accidental, by a street car.

Kinston.—Larry Davis, a Pitt county youth, is recovering from a case of lockjaw which developed under peculiar circumstances. The boy, barefooted, stepped on a rusty kitchen fork, running it through his foot. The fork was removed and the wound properly treated, healed. Recently, while plowing in a field, Davis was seized with fever. Lockjaw followed. At one time his condition was regarded as critical. Heroic treatment saved his life.

Wilmington.—At the closing session of the North Carolina Association of Insurance Agents, John R. Hall of Oxford was elected president to succeed Fred C. Odell, of Greensboro, who has just completed two successive terms as head of the insurance organization. Charles B. Sharpe of Fayetteville, who has served the organization for many years as secretary and treasurer, was elected vice president, and McAlister Carson of Charlotte, was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of Mr. Sharpe.

Lincolnton.—The patrons of the schools in the Rock Springs school district in East Lincoln held an election a few days ago and decided on the consolidation plan which means better facilities for teaching in every respect. Two hundred and nineteen votes were cast for the plan with 115 against.

Rockingham.—"Cyclone Mack" will begin a four-weeks revival at Rockingham on Sunday, June 25th, beginning 3 o'clock. He was to begin the 19th at could not secure his new tent from Atlanta in time. The site for the meeting is on South Washington street, just to the rear of the Hal Ledbetter lot.

Wilmington.—Charleston, S. C., was selected as the next convention city of public accountants of the South-eastern district at the concluding session of the annual meeting at Wrightsville Beach. The convention was largely attended, delegates being present from eleven states.

Edenton.—Leonard Lyon, one of the road force near Edenton, was shot by a negro Grant Holley. Lyon was badly hurt and was rushed to the home of Mr. J. D. Stillman, where Dr. Carson attended him. The negro made his escape.

Oxford.—The Oxford Public Ledger has outgrown its present quarters and is planning to erect a neat two-story brick building on Littlejohn street, opposite the postoffice. Marvin Minor, architect of Oxford, has designed the new building.

# SUCCEEDS WHERE DOCTORS FAIL

### Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Often Does That.—Read Mrs. Miner's Testimony



Churubusco, N. Y.—"It was under the doctor's care for over five years for backache and had no relief from his medicine. One day a neighbor told me about your Vegetable Compound and I took it. It helped me so much that I wish to advise all women to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and backache. It is a great help in carrying a child, as I have noticed a difference when I didn't take it. I thank you for this medicine and if I ever come to this point again I do not want to be without the Vegetable Compound. I give you permission to publish this letter so that all women can take my advice."—Mrs. FRED MINER, Box 102, Churubusco, N. Y.

It's the same story over again. Women suffer from ailments for years. They try doctors and different medicines, but feel no better. Finally they take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and you can see its value in the case of Mrs. Miner.

That's the truth of the matter. If you are suffering from any of the troubles women have, you ought to try this medicine. It can be taken in safety by young or old, as it contains no harmful drugs.

Shocking?

"There will have to be some new rules made here or else I shall give notice," said the girl in the telephone office to the chief clerk.

"Why, what's the matter?"

"Well, some of the things said over the wire are not fit for me to hear."

"Oh, that's all right," was the flippant answer. "You can't expect to work round electricity and not get shocked."

Turning It Loose.

"Heavens, woman! You've turned yourself into a veritable talking machine. Why, all through our long engagement you had hardly a word to say."

"I know it, but all the time I was thinking of things to say after we were married."—Judge.

## Weak and Miserable?

Are you dull, tired and aching—both with a bad back? Do you lack ambition; suffer headaches and dizziness—feel "all worn out"? Likely your kidneys are to blame. Lameness, sharp, stabbing pains, backache and annoying urinary disorders are all symptoms of weakened kidneys. Don't wait for more serious trouble. Get back your health and keep it! Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands of folks tell their merit. Ask your neighbor!

**A North Carolina Case**

Mrs. W. A. Robbins, 333 Wise St., Statesville, N. C., says: "My kidneys were always weak and I had spells of backache so I couldn't do my work. My back ached day and night. I had dizzy spells and was seldom free from headaches. My kidneys acted too often. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me wonderfully, relieving the backache and strengthening my kidneys."

Get Doan's in Any Store 50c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

# Women Made Young

Bright eyes, a clear skin and a body full of youth and health may be yours if you will keep your system in order by regularly taking



The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles, the enemies of life and looks. In use since 1896. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

# GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA COMPOUND

Quickly relieves the distressing symptoms. Used for 25 years with result of long experience in treatment of throat and lung diseases by Dr. J. E. Guild, FRED TALL, BOX, Treatise on Asthma, its causes, treatment, etc., sent upon request. Price 25c. B. C. Co. druggists. J. H. GUILD CO., RUPERT, VT.

# BABIES LOVE MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP

The Infant's and Children's Regular Pleasant to give—pleasant to take. Guaranteed purely vegetable and absolutely harmless. It cures colic, diarrhoea, flatulency and other like disorders. The open published formula appears on every label.

W. N. U., CHARLOTTE, N. C., 28-1922