

# THE ALAMANCE GLEANER.

VOL. XLVIII

GRAHAM, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1922

NO. 24

## Mr. Gorman, Author of Raleigh Letter Takes Ex-Collector Bailey to Task.

Governor Will Intervene in Strike Matters if Need Be.

S. A. L. OFFICIAL MAKES STATEMENT TO STRIKING SHOPMEN AND ADVERTISES FOR WORKERS.

(By Maxwell Gorman.)

Raleigh, July 18.—I ask pardon of the readers of this correspondence, and I regret the necessity, of focusing a portion of this weekly Raleigh letter to answer an untruthful attack upon the author of the "Lewxam" state correspondence printed continuously in North Carolina newspapers for the last 22 years by Josiah William Bailey, until recently collector of internal revenue at Raleigh, the best paying federal office in North Carolina under the Wilson administration for eight years—an unjust, malicious attack, designed to injure the writer's business, while venting Bailey's spleen upon Col. A. D. Watts, state commissioner of revenue.

It is proper to say that the immediate cause of Bailey's explosion was the printing of the assertion in this correspondence that the nomination of W. F. Evans as solicitor of this (Raleigh) judicial district, was not due to the eleventh hour support of Bailey, who on the day preceding the limitation of time for candidates to qualify in the democratic primary, had gone to the Executive Mansion and demanded that "Evans must come down."

Bailey's candidate, or preference of the bunch of candidates in the first primary, was Mr. J. C. Little. The governor replied to Mr. Bailey by declaring "No, Evans will not come down. He is my friend and I will stand by him!" At the same time the governor referred to the political record of Bailey's candidate, after Bailey had stated his reasons for demanding that Evans should "come down."

It was not until the second primary had gotten well under way that Bailey, seeing that Evans was a sure winner, made his spectacular "entrance" into the campaign and made two speeches. Upon the declaration of the ballot-box that Evans had been nominated, Bailey and his friends began their megaphone noise that "Bailey did it"; that Evans couldn't have been elected had not Bailey hopped into the chariot on the home stretch and made a grab at the reins.

This writer, in this correspondence, showed the hollow mockery of it all—and thereby incurred the displeasure of Mr. Bailey, in his vaulting ambitions!

Bailey's Animus.

It is a matter of common knowledge in Raleigh and Wake County that Josiah William Bailey is not an over-popular man in his home city and county. Anybody who resides here knows that. It is extremely doubtful if he could carry this county if he became a candidate for any office.

Now, if Mr. Bailey could say to any opposition that might arise on that score, "See! Here is the solicitor of this district. It was my influence which put him over. What I did for him I can do for myself if you let me have my way about—whatever will-o-the-wisp he is after. But Maxwell Gorman had said he didn't nominate Evans. In fact he did him little if any good. Therefore, Gorman and "Lewxam" and the Gorman News Bureau must be squelched because he and his mediums of publicity are apparently not boosting Bailey—the one and only great William Josiah Bailey.

Therefore again, sezze, "I will use what I believe will be a crippling blow at him by falsely claim-

ing that he is only the amanuensis of Colonel Watts, being as how Gorman is a deputy state commissioner of revenue."

So he didn't hesitate to make that false representation. So, I am saying this to Mr. Bailey today: Your charge has been denied, and I have printed the statement in the daily papers, since your attack, that Colonel Watts—fine democrat and most capable official that he is—never dictated or suggested in all his life a single sentence appearing in my News Bureau state correspondence.

Now, as you seem to be unwilling to accept that statement, I will tell you, as much as I dislike to stoop to say it—that if you repeat the assertion again, you will do it at the expense of your personal veracity and place yourself on the level of the man unworthy of belief, to use the harsher expression.

Getleman, who heard you make the demand at the executive mansion to take Mr. Evans down, almost at the last hour left for him to qualify in, tell me your denial is false and I believe them.

Almost any one reading your words, replying to my demand that you answer my question, "Will you deny it?" could see the convenient subterfuge of the "faulty memory" which unwilling witnesses so often resort to—even splitting hairs over the exact date. You know you thought it, sir; but you are not sure that you said it, or about a certain date. Ye gods and little apples!

Here it is as printed in The News and Observer "Public Forum" column of last Saturday:

To the Editor: I have seen Mr. Maxwell Gorman's letter in which he imperiously commands that I "answer his questions." I am not inclined to go sparrow hunting with Mr. Watts' clerk—even when commanded to do so by the authorized spokesman for the State Tax Commissioner. I will say, however, that I have no recollection of such a conversation with the Governor as he refers to, and, therefore, I deny that any such conversation took place. I do not think I saw the Governor from May 10th to June 5th.

Surely, it isn't worth the candle to waste energy and time on a dodger like that. But it's Bailey, true to form.

So, for the present, we will turn to other and more dependable subjects.

Governor Back—Strike Prospects.

The strike of railroad shopmen is the most conspicuous subject in Raleigh today, following the announcement that the Seaboard Air Line authorities will this week make an effort to man the shops here with workmen brought from other places.

Governor Morrison has returned from his eastern "fishing cruise," and is in close touch with the situation. Everybody knows how firm the present chief magistrate can be, once he takes a position.

It is an unquestioned fact that he is closer to the common people, the great middle class, who constitute the backbone of government in North Carolina, than any governor we have had in many years. He is not going to see men fighting to save themselves from an alleged attempt to lower their standard of living by reducing them to paupers through the pay envelope; he is not going to see these people intimidated by needlessly (except for intimidation purposes) "calling out the troops"—not as long as they keep within the spirit and letter of the law.

But they must do that, and they are doing it here—and no serious disorder of any kind has yet occurred in this city or vicinity.

Vice-President Stanley's Movements.

Vice-President Stanley of the S. A. L., who spent several days in Raleigh last week, in charge of public relations, went to Atlanta Sunday, and before his departure made the statement that Raleigh "would be the scene of the first efforts of the Seaboard Air Line to break the strike of shop craftsmen in this division."

Coincident with the departure of the Seaboard general official appeared newspaper advertising calling for applications for machinists, boiler-makers, blacksmiths, electricians, engine carpenters, sheet metal workers, car inspectors, and repairers, and helpers to take the places of the men who quit work July 1. The Railroad Labor Board's wage scale is offered with provision for board and lodging on railway property or in cars if desired. "The advertisement speaks for it-

self," said Mr. Stanley before he left. "Our service must be maintained. There are two million dollars' worth of peaches in this territory that must be moved, not to mention the melon crop. Unless the engines and equipment in this division are in working order, shipments which originate in this division cannot be moved. As a matter of fact, so far as the Seaboard is concerned, they originate and end in this division."

That was Mr. Stanley's explanation for the selection of Raleigh as the strategic point at which to begin operations in shops which have been idle since July 1. He stated that the Seaboard had no definite plans as to when new men would be put to work but assumed that they would be assigned jobs as they may apply.

Another conference between Mr. Stanley and representatives of the Seaboard shopmen on his proposal for an independent agreement by which the striking shopmen should return to work leaving all differences except those as to wages to be settled later reached no conclusion. Mr. Stanley left satisfied that there is no hope for an independent agreement.

Mondell's Claim of Savings Exposed and Refuted.

Washington Correspondence.

Just prior to the summer recess of the House for six weeks Republican Leader Frank W. Mondell pronounced a eulogy upon what he called the achievements of the congress so far. When analyzed with reference to their importance these achievements consist of the passage of a tax revision bill which satisfied no one and the passage of a tariff bill to which the Senate made 2,057 amendments and which will give even less satisfaction than the tax revision bill. Judged as a whole Leader Mondell's eulogy turned out to be an elegy.

There are misleading statements in his speech, however, which should be explained and made clear. He tells of a reduction of \$940,000,000 from Democratic estimates made in 1921 by a Republican Congress, but he does not tell of deficiency bills passed for that year for \$482,000,000, nor does he tell, as Representative Byrns (Dem.) of Tennessee pointed out, that the reduction from the other estimates was made possible by the heavy reduction of the army and navy after the estimates were submitted by the Democratic administration and not through the efforts of the Republican Congress.

Mr. Mondell was equally unfair in his reference to the surplus at the close of the fiscal year, June 30 last. He did not explain that this surplus was made possible by Secretary Mellon transferring \$200,000,000 of 1922 obligations to the year 1923.

Nor did Leader Mondell tell that the estimated deficiencies for 1923 were \$500,000,000 and that this Congress has already appropriated for 1923 over \$74,000,000 more than was appropriated in the regular supply bills for 1922.

As Representative Byrns truly says, "there has been the greatest hypocrisy and deception during this administration" as to alleged savings and reductions of expenditures.

Republican leaders seem to go upon the theory that misrepresentation is as good as the truth and that the people are too ignorant to know or to learn the difference. In all our history no other Congress or national administration has so deliberately set out to hoodwink and to fool the people as the present D-Nothing Congress and the present incompetent national administration.

About 250 years ago children in England were sent to school with pipes in their satchels and the schoolmaster called a halt in their lessons while they all smoked.

Tired, overworked, run-down men and women find in Tanlac just what they need to regain health and strength. Sold by Farrell Drug Co., Graham, N. C.

The Roman catacombs are 580 miles in extent, and it is estimated that something like 15,000,000 dead are interred there.

Republican Senatorial Chairman Bars Women Candidates.

Washington Correspondence.

Women who aspire to office on the Republican ticket, or who may hereafter aspire, may as well make up their minds that their cases are hopeless, because one of the highest authorities in the Republican organization has declared in effect in the public press that women are not competent to fill the important offices of Senator or Congressman and that even the women themselves will not vote for women for these important positions.

In an interview with James R. Nourse of the Universal Service, published in the Washington Times, June 24, 1922, discussing the candidacy of Mrs. Olesen, Democratic nominee for United States Senator in Minnesota, Senator Medill McCormick, Chairman of the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee said:

"Persons might vote for a woman for superintendent of schools or for the town council or other little jobs like that, but when it comes to the senate of the United States they simply will not do it. I don't believe that even the women will vote for Mrs. Olesen for Senator."

There you have it from one of the chief official mouthpieces of the Republican party. There you have an official Republican estimate and appraisal of the status of women in politics and in public affairs. According to Senator McCormick some people might vote for women for school officials or for the town council or "other little jobs like that" (he meant those) but when it comes to an important office, such as Senator McCormick holds, it requires a great man like Senator McCormick or Senator Newberry.

From Senator McCormick's point of view it is all right for the women to have suffrage and to exercise the franchise if they will vote for a Republican like Senator Spencer (Rep., Mo.), so that men like Nat Goldstein may be appointed to office, or like Senator Moses (Rep.) of New Hampshire, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Printing, so that an assistant clerk of the committee can be carried on the pay roll at \$2,040 a year of the tax-payers' money, while he actually works as a clerk at the Republican Publicity Association headquarters. But women must not aspire to the exalted positions held by Senator McCormick or Senator Moses or any other offices of importance, because in the eyes of Senator McCormick, speaking in his official capacity as Chairman of the Republican Senatorial Committee, people do not regard them as fit or eligible.

The Republican spokesman who thus eliminates women from aspiring to national office ranks next to Chairman John T. Adams of the Republican National Committee. Inasmuch as the Republican National Committee, the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee and the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee cooperate and have the same object in view, in national elections; it is fair to assume that Chairman-Senator McCormick speaks the sentiments of all three branches of the Republican national organization.

Senator McCormick in belittling the suffragists and their aspirations to assist in conducting the affairs of the government is only acting in harmony with the discrimination the Republican organization is and has been making against women. Only a very few women grace the membership of the Republican National Committee, and only by their own efforts are they made members of the minor committees in their organizations. This is in striking contrast to the attitude of the Democratic organization toward women. There is a Democratic National Committeewoman in each state as well as a Democratic National Committeeman. This policy of fifty-fifty extends down through the organization wherever possible. The Democrats have never made any distinction between men and women aspirants for office. At this writing there are four Democratic women aspirants for United States Sena-

tor and nearly a dozen for Congress. All this is in striking contrast to the contemptuous manner in which the Chairman of the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee speaks of women aspirants for office.

Senator McCormick's estimate of the suffragists and their aspirations will come as a shock to them, and to all who believe in equal opportunity and fair play and he will undoubtedly hear from his flippant contemptuous remarks before the campaign is much older.

Defection Over Tariff Bill—Republicans Fear Defeat.

Washington, July 17.—The defection of Republican Senators over the Fordney-McCumber Tariff bill, following the general defection of the Republican press is alarming the administration and the Republican national organization. Like the man who was swinging the tiger by the tail, Republican Senators are hollering for someone to help them let go. Senators like LaFollette of Wisconsin, for instance, would like to recommit the bill and have the schedules revised downward, and are freely predicting Republican defeat this fall unless this is done. Other Republican Senators favor postponing the passage of the Tariff bill until after the election, and still others would like to throw it out the window and the Ship Subsidy bill with it.

Speaking by-and-large the Fordney-McCumber Tariff bill is becoming about as popular as a case of smallpox. The Democratic Senators have analyzed it and vivisected it so thoroughly that all of the infamies and iniquities of the schedules so far discussed have been exposed and made plain to the general public. These exposures show that the extortionate profiteering rates of the bill are not comparable to anything short of burglary in the first degree. The popular reaction against the bill has so affected some Republican Senators that they are beginning to declare their intention to vote against it unless certain schedules are largely reduced.

Senator Lenroot, of Wisconsin, recently said, "If rates like this are to be written in the bill in any great number I shall be relieved of any obligation to support it."

Senator Norris of Nebraska, had previously declared, "We cannot defend a bill built on these principles. You may get the votes to put it through, but I warn you now that we will be the sufferers."

The latest insurgent against the bill is Senator Edge of New Jersey, who said:

"The passage of this hard and fast tariff bill without opportunity for certain elasticity of rates might prove a national calamity. As much as I realize, in many cases, the necessity for higher schedules for our farm and factory products, I feel that I would fail in my duty if I finally supported a measure which, while it unquestionably provides much needed protection, still might result in a further diminution of our trade with the world, so necessary to the prosperity of every class of citizenship."

Even Senator McCumber, in charge of the bill, and other Republican Senators like Cummings of Iowa, Frelinghuysen of Michigan, openly admit that this is no time to pass a tariff bill. But this is not the reason why Republican leaders and the Republican administration are trying to find the way to shelve the bill until after the election. They fear defeat at the polls, and this fear is the only consideration that would prevent them from carrying out their contract with the special privilege class to mulet the general public through profiteering tariff rates.

The tariff bill, which was one of Mr. Harding's administration assets, has become one of its greatest liabilities.

You can make no mistake in following the advice of millions who have been restored to health and happiness by Tanlac. Sold by Farrell Drug Co., Graham, N. C.

The ancient Egyptians made coffee of cork.

NEXT WEEK LAST CHANCE FOR TOBACCO GROWERS TO SIGN UP.

Association Backed by \$30,000,000 to Pay First Advances—Over 1,000 South Carolina Growers Signed up Last Week.

OUT FOR \$0,000 BEFORE MARKETS OPEN.

All eyes are on South Carolina where more than a thousand new members have joined the marketing Association since the recent drive began. The four big markets of Timmonsville, Florence, Kingstree and Aynor have gone solid for cooperation.

Virginians, Kentuckians, North Carolinians and leaders of the Palmetto State are making their last powerful attack this week, in 25 tobacco towns of the belt.

Next week comes the last chance for growers to sign up with the Cooperative, and the present enthusiasm and backing of bankers and business men which has increased with the sign-up of the growers foretells another eleven-hour landslide before the gates of the Cooperative warehouses close upon the helpless growers who fail to sign.

The Cooperative Markets will open shortly after August 1st throughout the South Carolina belt.

With the backing of \$30,000,000 to pay the first advances, with expert graders ready to receive the crop, with facilities to redry three million pounds a day, the Association is now ready for business.

Western North Carolina is on fire with enthusiasm this week. Last Saturday's basket picnic meeting of thousands of farmers, on the old battle ground of Guilford started a series of the biggest meetings yet planned for this section of the old belt. Statesville stages a mammoth celebration on Thursday, July 20th, at which President Geo. A. Norwood of the Association, and Col. E. C. Marvin of the Kentucky Burley Pool will address the growers from four counties.

Reidsville, the cooperative center which has built its own warehouse for the Association, will welcome Oliver J. Sands and Col. Marvin of Kentucky at a celebration which includes the farmers from several counties.

Keysville the old headquarters of the Virginia Organization welcomed Director Jno. Hutcheson of the Extension Division, M. O. Wilson, secretary of the Tobacco Grower's Cooperative Association, and Col. Marvin of Kentucky at a meeting of Charlotte County growers who now boast a 97 percent sign-up with the Association. Twelve hundred contracts from three States reached Raleigh headquarters last week, and officials of the Association prophesy an eighty thousand membership before the old belt markets open.

The Roman bridal wreath was of verbena, plucked by the bride herself.

Tattooing the face is still the vogue among Eskimo women in the vicinity of Hudson Bay.

In 54 human beings out of 100 the left leg is stronger than the right.

WHEN EVERY MOVE HURTS

Lame every morning, achy and stiff all day, worse when it's damp or chilly? Suspect your kidneys and try the remedy your neighbors use. Ask your neighbors.

Mrs. A. R. Plintom, 5 Main St., Graham, gave the following endorsement in January, 1915:

"My back felt so lame I could hardly get around and when I was doing my housework I had such pains through my kidneys I could not move. When I was stooping the pains were so severe I often had to scream. It was all I could do to turn over in bed and mornings I would have to have someone to help me get up. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended so highly that I got a box and soon my back was fixed up all right and I felt better in every way."

Over three years later, Mrs. Plintom added, "I still take Doan's Kidney Pills occasionally when my back or kidneys bother me and I always get good relief. Doan's have certainly done me a lot of good. Get at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y."

Judge Davis Gives Political Facts in Epigrams.

Washington Correspondence.

The Fourth of July speech made by Representative Ewin L. Davis of Tennessee, in New York City, bristled with sparkling epigrams which makes it one of the most effective speeches made in celebration of our national holiday. The following extracts are taken therefrom:

"With 168 majority in the House and 24 majority in the Senate the G. O. P. has been unable to function. It seems to have a lot of control but no speed."

"Both of these bills (Tariff and Ship Subsidy) are for the benefit of special interests. They (the Republicans) are trying to pay their campaign contributions going and coming."

"The results of the Disarmament Conference constitute merely some steps in the right direction and some steps in the wrong direction."

"During the last campaign the Republicans pledged to the nation 'Harding and Prosperity.' They have fulfilled only the first half of the pledge—they gave us Harding. Their pledge has been translated into 'Harding and Hard Times.'"

"A large majority of the people voted for a change—and got it. They exchanged eight years of Democratic prosperity for four years of Republican adversity. The humorous philosopher, Abe Martin, well expressed it when he said: 'Tell Brinkley, who voted for a change, was let out at the saw-mill the other day.' Millions of Tell Brinkleys have been let out under the Republican administration."

"Normalcy" seems to be having serious tire trouble.

"There has been a reduction in revenue as a natural result of a reduction in incomes under Republican misrule."

"Reactionary Republicanism is not a cure for any ill that may afflict the body politic—in fact it is a malady itself."

"Jobs going begging in twenty states," says Department of Labor. Much better than men going begging.

666 is a prescription for Colds, Fever and LaGrippe. It's the most speedy remedy we know.

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