

GOVERNMENT MEN AFTER SMUGGLING

MOST COMPREHENSIVE REPORT IS MADE BY IMMIGRATION OFFICIALS.

AFTER THOROUGH PROBE

Fake Marriages Used to Bring Alien Women into Florida; Quantities of Liquor Also Brought in.

Washington.—Smuggling of European aliens into the United States from Cuba, surreptitiously submerging temporarily in the waters off the Florida coast of large quantities of liquors by "international bootleggers," and mock marriages designed to insure entry into this country of women barred by immigration laws form the basis of a report submitted to Secretary Davis by the bureau of immigration.

This report, Commissioner General Husband said, is the most comprehensive ever prepared by immigration officials and is expected to be considered by the treasury, labor and agricultural departments in connection with the proposed coordination of border patrol forces.

Government investigators, by the direction of Mr. Husband, visited Jacksonville, Tampa, Tarpon Springs, Miami, Key West and Havana. They mingled, it is said with the "kings of the smuggling industry" and talked with aliens of every nationality who sought entry to the United States. The date gathered, it is stated, will prove invaluable to the government in coping with a situation which has taxed the ingenuity of federal agents to combat. The smuggling ramifications, it is declared, extend to the capitals of Europe and involve Greeks, Spaniards, Poles, Jews, Russians, Romanians and Chinese.

The reports state that the favorite method of gaining entry to the United States from Cuba for certain alien women has been for them to enter into "fake" marriages with naturalized American citizens who for certain considerations, go through mock ceremonies and then accompany their "wives" to some Florida point. Frequently, it is said, obliging "bridegrooms" have been paid as high as \$200 for their part in the scheme.

The principal smugglers in Havana, the investigators declared, do not confine their activities to smuggling of aliens into the United States, but also handle whiskey and narcotics. The majority of the leaders are said to be naturalized Americans. A great many of the smuggling craft, it is declared, land and depart from Mantanzas, are of Cuban registry, and do not enter or clear at the customs house there. Names used by the schooners and power launches, it is declared, are inscribed on plates, readily removable, and some vessels are said to carry several name plates. Destinations of such craft when leaving Cuba are not always fixed, the inspectors report, adding that a majority of the bigger schooners anchor outside the customs limits off the American coast and send their load, if aliens, ashore a few at a time in small boats. If liquor or narcotics, the cargo is often submerged at a prearranged time and grappled up subsequently at leisure.

No Battleships to Be Scraped Early.
Washington.—Secretary Denby announced that there will be no scrapping of battleships until after the five-power naval treaty has been ratified by the last subscribing powers France and Italy have yet to ratify the pact. Five obsolete battleships have already been sent to the scrap heap, but it was said that although named in the treaty they would have been anyway. They are the Virginia, Rhode Island, Nebraska, Georgia and the New Jersey.

Officials, it was indicated, have felt that the near eastern situation might lead to some of the signatories changing plans regarding the scrapping of vessels beyond the treasury provisions and for this reason it would not be wise for the United States to begin actual scrapping until all the powers have ratified the pact.

Wilson Gives Tablet to Church.
Staunton, Va.—Former President Woodrow Wilson has presented to the congregation of the First Presbyterian church of this city a bronze tablet in memory of his father, Reverend Joseph R. Wilson, who was pastor of the church from 1855 to 1857. It was during Rev. Dr. Wilson's pastorate here that Woodrow Wilson was born.

Ex-Empress to Get Married Nov. 5.
Berlin.—The wedding of former Kaiser William to Princess Hermine, of Reus, has been tentatively fixed for November 5, according to an announcement in well informed quarters here. The ceremony will follow the procedure prescribed by the Dutch civil law, since the Weimar constitution nullifies the laws of the House of Hohenzollern.

Public lists have been opened in the shops at Potsdam for signatures of congratulation to the former emperor.

SIX MEN LOSE LIVES IN AIRPLANE WRECK.

Mineola, N. Y.—First Lieutenant Raymond E. Davis, United States army air service, and five enlisted men were killed when a huge Martin bombing plane crashed to earth at Mitchell field.

The enlisted men killed were: Sergt. Thomas Benfield, Corporal David Stiven and Privates Edward H. Kane, Henry Ray Nichols and Irving M. Whitney, all stationed at Mitchell field.

A report of the accident as given out several hours later by the adjutant's office at the field, said that the plane had been inspected shortly before leaving the field and that the cause for the fatal accident "probably never would be known."

INDUSTRIAL STRIKE IS OVER

ARRANGEMENTS ARE MADE IN LONG CONFERENCE TO OBTAIN COAL.

Factories Start on Capacity Production, Trying to Catch Up With Accumulated Orders.

Detroit, Mich.—Henry Ford's "industrial strike" has come to an end. At midnight the great automobile plants in the Detroit district, employing upward of 70,000 men, and which closed for an indefinite period as the manufacturer's protest against what he termed "excessive" coal prices, again was the scene of industrial activity.

The order for the reopening of the plants came from Edsel Ford, son of the manufacturer and president of the Ford Motor company, who made arrangements to obtain coal during a long conference in Cincinnati with 50 mine operators. The reopening order was approved by Henry Ford and official announcement given to the thousand of Ford workers throughout the country who daily, since the shut-down, have scanned the newspaper headlines in their eagerness to learn when their wages would start again. Edsel Ford, in his telegram, copied of which were dispatched to every Ford assembling plant in the country, said the interstate commerce commission's latest order permitting the flow of fuel to automobile plants, previously put in the non-essential class made it possible to obtain a sufficient supply of the class of coal required to operate the Ford enterprise.

Executive offices of this concern, that since the shut-down have been the scene of almost feverish activity in the effort to solve the company's coal problems, saw the setting in motion of machinery for the reopening in a few minutes after the president's message was received. It was announced that the late night shift of workers should report at midnight and that succeeding shifts should resume the usual routine. The Ford company, it was announced, will start on a capacity production schedule in an effort to catch up on accumulated orders.

Not Considering Part in Conference.
Washington.—Suggestions in press dispatches that Great Britain would welcome the presence of the United States in the forthcoming conference on the problem of the Dardanelles, brought the statement from administration officials that possible American participation is being given no consideration in Washington.

Since the United States, without having been consulted, was named in the treaty of Sevres, as one of the nations to share in the international administration of the Dardanelles, suggestions for American participation in the proposed peace conference with the Angora government are not unexpected. It was emphasized, however, that whatever interest the United States may have in the ultimate disposition of the problem is confined to the necessary free passage for American ships through these waters be assured. Thus far no official suggestion that this government participate in the conference has reached Washington.

Rear Admiral Bristol at Constantinople.
Constantinople reported that his efforts to arrive at a joint plan for relief for all refugees at Smyrna with the British, Italian and French high commissioners had been defeated.

New Bonus Bill Introduced.
Washington.—Senator Bursum, of New Mexico, introduced in the senate another soldiers' bonus bill defined in its title as the "veterans' fund and adjusted compensation act."

The measure would provide for the payments of \$20 for each month of service together with the return of all compulsory allotments made by service men and payments on account of government insurance between April 5, 1917, and July, 1919.

To Preserve Farewell Message.
Sacramento, Calif.—The State Industrial Accident Commission has been instructed to cut away and preserve that portion of the stone in the mine drift on which William Fessell burned with his lamp the only message left by the 47 miners who were victims of the tragedy at the Argonaut mine. Clarence Jarvis, a member of the state board of control, said the stone would be kept by the state.

The words written on the stone, Jarvis said, were:
"Gas had, three o'clock."

GOVERNORS OPEN BIG EXPOSITION

MADE-IN-CAROLINAS EXPOSITION FORMALLY OPENED BY GOV. HARVEY AND MORRISON.

PROMINENT GUESTS ATTEND

Thousands See Greatest Array of Carolina Products Ever Shown; Amazed at Progress Made.

Charlotte.—Promptly at 3:40 o'clock Monday, Governor Wilson G. Harvey of South Carolina and Governor Cameron Morrison of North Carolina, formally opened the great "Made-in-Carolinas" Exposition. Thousands of guests were present at the opening exercises.

The governors were introduced by Heriot Clarkson, John L. Dabbs, the president of the exposition company, presided at the opening. Exercises were begun with a short prayer by Rev. Joseph A. Gaines, pastor of St. James Baptist Church.

Many thousands of dollars worth of products of the Carolinas are attractively and conveniently arranged so that they might be inspected by the visitors. Those attending the opening were amazed at the variety, quantity and quality of these exhibits. The exposition, which is to extend for two weeks, is divided into special days for the accommodation of the crowds that are expected from given localities or who will be singularly interested in some particular feature of the comprehensive program that has been arranged. The opening day was known as Governors' Day, by reason of the presence of the two governors of the Carolinas.

Other dates arranged are as follows: Gaston County Day, Sept. 27. Mrs. Vanderbilt Day, Sept. 28. Cabarrus County Day, Sept. 29. Educational Day, Sept. 30. Davidson Day, Oct. 2. Merchants' Day, Oct. 3. Iredell County Day, Oct. 4. Lincoln County Day, Oct. 5. Winston-Salem Day, Oct. 6. Farmers' and Agricultural Day, Oct. 7.

The musical features of the exposition are outstanding. Approximately \$15,000 has been spent by the directors in procuring a variety of artists and musicians for the entire two weeks who are pre-eminent in their respective professions and who enjoy national reputations. The feature music will begin with the immediate opening of the event. The Monday night program called for special concerts by the Russian Symphony Orchestra and Good Fellows Club octet, as well as individual soloists who have been engaged for the entire exposition, these being Jeanette Vreeland, soprano; Judson House, tenor; Helen Marsh, contralto; Fred Patton, bass-baritone; and Ola Gulleg, accompanist.

The Good Fellows' club octet is composed of Miss Gertrude Gower, Mary Love Hawkins, soprano; Ina Harrison Hood and Rachel Summerrow, contralto; John C. Harley and William C. Jones, tenors; Ralph Jenkins and Ernest Bell, basses. Mr. Heath Nisbet is the accompanist and Howard Barlow the general musical director.

Want Committee on Veterans' Bills.
Washington.—Concentration of all legislation relating to the welfare of ex-service men in the hands of a new house committee, which would handle nothing else, will be demanded in the next congress by World war veterans. Representative Jeffers, democrat of Alabama, and Johnson, republican of South Dakota, both of whom received wounds and decorations in France, are behind the plan, and they claim to have the backing of all the 28 ex-soldiers in the house.

Armament Meeting November 10.
New York.—A national conference to study impartially the advisability of and extent of American participation in international affairs and of reduction of American armaments will be held here on November 10 and 11 under the auspices of the National Civic Federation, of which Alton B. Parker is president.

Pharmacists to Ask for Legislation.
Asheville, N. C.—J. A. Goode, president of the North Carolina Pharmaceutical association, will leave for Raleigh, where the executive and finance committees of the association will meet for the purpose of considering some remedial legislation to be sought at the next session of the general assembly.

England Sending Troops to Levant.
Malta.—Further military detachments for the reinforcement of the British forces in the Dardanelles are expected to leave soon for Constantinople and the preparations for their departure are actively proceeding.

Units of the second destroyer flotilla detach from the Atlantic fleet to reinforce the squadron now in the straits have begun to come in. The battleship Centurion, which is returning here from England, is expected to proceed to Constantinople immediately after taking on supplies.

FIRE LOSS ESTIMATED AT \$700,000 TO \$1,500,000.

Atlanta.—City firemen are still guarding the smoldering flames of a fire in the heart of Atlanta's business section which caused damage variously estimated at \$700,000 to \$1,500,000. The Kress building is a complete loss; the L. F. M. department store was almost completely gutted, while Eisman's Clothing Store and Child's Hotel were damaged badly. Other adjacent buildings sustained heavy damage from smoke and water. The Kress building and stock were covered by insurance, it was stated. Ben Fitzpatrick, local manager for the L. F. M. store, stated that his firm sustained no financial loss. The other buildings and stock also are understood to have been well covered by insurance.

Police and fire department officials are investigating the cause of the fire which, they stated, apparently resulted from an explosion on the second floor of the Kress building.

LEASE FOR FIFTY YEARS

ONLY DOLLAR A YEAR RENTAL WOULD BE CHARGED BY THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

Representative Hull's Resolution Given to the House Would Assure Cheap Fertilizers.

Washington.—A resolution authorizing the Secretary of War in his discretion, to lease for a period not exceeding fifty years, nitrate plants Nos. 1 and 2, and Waco quarry, near Muscle Shoals, Alabama, at one dollar a year each, on condition that they shall operate at present capacity for the production of fertilizer components for sale to the public at a price not to exceed eight per cent profit, was introduced in the house by Representative Hull, republican, Iowa.

The resolution also provides that the plants, which may be leased either separately or completely, are to be kept in condition to produce nitrates and other components of munitions, such plants, with their personnel, to be turned over to the United States in case of national emergency.

Sale by the Secretary of War to the Alabama Power Company of the government-owned steam plant at Gorgas, Ala., together with the transmission line to Sheffield, with sub-stations, at a price of not less than three million dollars, also would be authorized.

Failing to sell the Gorgas properties at an adequate price, the secretary would be authorized to negotiate with the Alabama Power Company for the purchase of sites, and right-of-way on which the plant and sub-stations are located, with such other property, by condemnation or otherwise, as might be deemed necessary.

He would be given authority to contract for completion of dams Nos. 2 and 3 in the Tennessee river and to lease them for 50 years at a rental not less than four per cent of the cost of finishing dam No. 2 and constructing dam No. 1.

Representative Hull issued the following statement on his resolution: "My resolution is not intended to decide in any manner who is to be allowed to purchase, lease or operate the various properties of the government at Muscle Shoals, Ala. It is designed, however, to find a solution for the vexed problems that confront the government at those nitrate and power plants and projects. If the Alabama Power Company, Mr. Ford, or any other person or organization wants to make a contract along the lines of the resolution and operate dams Nos. 2 and 3 and nitrate plants Nos. 1 and 2, there is nothing in the resolution that would prevent making a contract for the entire properties."

The resolution is general legislation permitting the solving of the problems. It has been found very difficult, if not impossible, for a large committee of the house, such as the military affairs committee, consisting of 21 members, to negotiate a solution of the problems. It would be still more difficult for the whole membership of the house to complete such a negotiation. The resolution therefore, empowers the secretary of war to make the best bargain for the government that it is possible to make, either collectively or by units, which ever he is satisfied is the best for the government."

Senate Sustains Veto of President.
Washington.—The soldiers' bonus bill failed of enactment, the senate sustaining President Harding's veto. Previously the house had overridden the veto by a large margin.

The senate roll call showed 44 yeas to 28 nays, or less than the two-thirds majority necessary to enact the measure without the President's approval.

Southern Restores Trains.
Washington.—Restoration of two Southern railway passenger trains taken off during the shopmen's strike—trains Nos. 10 and 125, running between Washington and Danville, Va., was announced at the general offices.

Officials of the Southern said that two other trains, Nos. 15 and 16, between Salisbury, N. C., and Asheville, would be restored Sunday and that all trains taken off during the strike would be placed back on schedule as the striking shopmen returned to their work.

HARDING CALLS FOR COAL DRIVE

TO PROVIDE TRANSPORTATION TO MEET THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY.

SPENS MADE NEW COAL CHIEF

President Thinks Coal Problem Can Be Solved in Thirty Days by "Concentrated Drive."

Washington.—The entire operating personnel of the railways of the country was called upon by President Harding for a "concentrated drive" for thirty days to provide the transportation facilities necessary to meet the national coal emergency.

In a letter to Conrad E. Spens, vice-president of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, who was named as federal fuel distributor under the new coal distribution and anti-profiteering act, the President declared that if the enthusiastic attention of the railroads could be stimulated for a month on the movement of coal and handling of empties "we could solve the coal situation not only as to ample supply, but prices would be quickly readjusted."

The President suggested that Mr. Spens take up with the governors of the various states the question of the prevention of extortion, as the new act is limited to coal moving in interstate commerce only.

"The Federal government," President Harding said, "is loath to undertake to fix definite prices for coal, because of the objectionable character of such intervention in peace times, because of the difficulty in arriving at fair prices without giving undue favor to some and loss to others, and also because of the incompleteness of an authority which is only supplementary to state action. On the other hand, I wish you to sit up such agencies as will vigorously follow up individuals using facilities of interstate commerce who are exacting extortion, as defined in the act, in order that we may have relief from such practices at the earliest moment."

Arrangements for the distribution and control of anthracite prices, the President declared, have been satisfactorily established in co-operation with state authorities and operators and, he added, the first activities of the new fuel agency should be directed to the extension of the co-operative arrangements with the railroads, bituminous coal producing and consuming communities and the states authorities set up by Henry B. Spencer, the volunteer federal fuel distributor.

Congress Adjourns Sine Die.
Washington.—Congress adjourned sine die with leaders generally expecting a call from President Harding for a special session November 15, preceding the regular December session.

The President was in attendance for a few minutes before the final gavel dropped, to sign the usual sheaf of eleventh-hour bills.

The only important measure to get through on the last day was the deficiency appropriation bill, the administration Librarian loan bill and the Dyer anti-lynching measure going over until the next session.

Lacking in the adjournment were many of the popular features often attending the death of a congressional session. The gallery crowds were small and undemonstrative and there were few floor wrangles. After disposing of the efficiency appropriation bill, the senate passed a number of measures and listened to a few set speeches while the house members made one-minute addresses.

Killed in Auto Accident.
Washington.—Representative Arthur M. Free, of California, was seriously injured and his secretary, I. C. Freeman was killed, when the automobile in which they were riding with a party of friends, went over an embankment at Savage Mills, Md., near Laurel.

Mr. Free was taken to the Maryland general hospital in Baltimore, where it was said his injuries might prove fatal. Other members of the party included M. A. and W. S. Dennis, Californians, both of whom were slightly injured.

Few details were received here in the report of the accident to friends of the representative. It was said the auto skidded into a telegraph post and tumbled turtle.

Forest Ranger Examination.
Washington.—An examination for forest ranger will be held at Asheville and Franklin, October 24.

Will Dispose of Army Transports.
Washington.—The old army transports, Sheridan, Logan, Beaufort and Crook, all dating back to Spanish war days and employed more recently in the regular transport line to Manila, are to be sold at auction October 2.

The first three will be sold at San Francisco and the Crook at Norfolk. Secretary Weeks explained that the cost of maintenance of the vessels in the transport service had risen to a point where it was no longer a matter of economy to keep them in operation.

CONDENSED NEWS FROM THE OLD NORTH STATE

SHORT NOTES OF INTEREST TO CAROLINIANS.

Wilmington.—Senator Thomas Hefflin of Alabama, Senator Simmons and Governor Cameron Morrison will be three of the principal speakers at the Armistice Day celebration to be held here November 11.

Spencer.—Brakeman E. R. Cress, who lost both legs as a result of falling under his own train on the Spencer yards, died at the Salisbury hospital, where he had been taken for treatment.

Reidsville.—The Reidsville auction tobacco market will open on Tuesday, September 26. Two warehouses will be run this season—the Union, under the management of J. N. Watt and J. R. and F. L. McCollum, and Pinnix's by J. S. Pinnix and Son.

Asheville.—W. A. Shelton, evangelist and bridegroom of eight days, was found guilty of larceny before Recorder W. M. Axley at Murphy. Shelton was unable to pay the \$50 fine imposed along with the costs and was placed in jail. He was convicted of stealing a pistol from the home of his bride's aunt, where they had been visiting a few days.

Wilmington.—Strong winds and high tides here gave Wilmington its first taste of autumn. The waves at Wrightsville Beach overran the boardwalk down the main thoroughfare of the town at one point. There has been no damage, however, and the local weather bureau predicted an early moderation of the wind.

Waynesville.—Property lying two miles east of Waynesville, near the foot of Junaluska mountain, has been selected as the site for the Waynesville country club, which was recently organized at a meeting here. An 18-hole golf course, tennis courts, club houses and a swimming pool will be included in the building program.

Kinston.—Storage facilities for thousands of bales of cotton will be afforded the local growers shortly, as the result of authorization for the establishment of a bonded house. The "New Brick" warehouse, erected several years ago for the auction selling of tobacco, will be used, it is understood.

Goldsboro.—Plans were made by State Horticulturist C. D. Mathews and the trustees of the Co-operative Sweet Potato Growers' association in a meeting here for a school of state warehouse managers to be held in Goldsboro September 27 and 28. Mr. Mathews will be here to instruct the managers as to the best way of going about saving North Carolina's nine million bushels of sweet potatoes.

Winston-Salem.—Three farmers, Arthur Chaple, of Surry; R. S. Redding, of Stokes, and J. O. Wichter, of Guilford, had their cars stolen here after they had unloaded from them their offerings of tobacco for the opening sale in the warehouses here. Thus far the police have been unable to find a trace of the missing machines. A number of license plates also were taken from farmers' cars.

Belhaven.—Deputy Marshal J. R. Manning, accompanied by Federal Prohibition Agents W. O. Allen, R. T. Bobbitt, J. R. Manning and Policemen W. T. Morgan, of the Belhaven police force, raided New Lake, capturing three 50-gallon stills and arresting five men. One thousand gallons of mash and fifty gallons of corn whiskey were destroyed and one automobile and one horse and buggy confiscated.

Wake Forest.—Much interest is being manifested in the Belvin W. Maynard memorial fund, recently launched by his alma mater to perpetuate his name in the annals of Wake Forest. The fund will be used for two purposes: (1) to erect a bronze marker in the college chapel and (2) to establish a memorial scholarship to bear his name. Already money is in sight to purchase the bronze tablet and it will be ordered at once.

Rutherfordton.—The eighty-second annual session of the Green River Baptist Association will convene with Round Hill Baptist church at Union Mills on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, September 29, 30 and October 1.

Asheville.—Scott Dillingham, professional bondsman, and W. F. Carver, county speed patrol officer, were sentenced in superior court Friday to serve eight and four months, respectively, on the county chaingang, following their conviction on a charge of extortion.

Chapel Hill.—Miss Elizabeth Taylor, of Morganton, has returned to the university to be the field agent of the extension division's bureau of community drama. She is fresh from studies in New York at the Inter-Theater Art School, and during part of the summer she was dramatic director of the summer camp of the Henry Street Settlement at Peekskill, N. Y.

Asheville.—The week just ended has been the largest of the season on the local tobacco market. About 300,000 pounds have been sold on the two auction floors here during the five sales days, and prices have advanced along with the offering of better grades.

Fayetteville.—Miss Adeline Ratley, 33 years old, a resident of the Cumberland Mill section of this county, faces trial at the next term of the United States district court in Raleigh on a charge of violating the prohibition law. Sheriff's officers and prohibition agents found 137 gallons of wine on Miss Ratley's premises.

Rheumatism and Dyspepsia Are Soon Ended

Victims of stomach trouble and rheumatism often find that when their stomach is set in order, the rheumatism disappears. Thousands of people everywhere have testified that Tanlac has freed them of both troubles simultaneously. Mr. Robert Trotter, 148 State St., St. Paul, Minn., says:

"About a year ago I began to go down hill. Sour stomach and rheumatism in my arms and shoulders kept me in misery all the time. Since taking Tanlac all my aches and pains have gone, and my stomach is in fine shape. I'm glad to endorse such a fine medicine."

Badly digested food fills the whole system with poisons. Rheumatism and many other complaints not generally recognized as having their origin in the stomach quickly respond to the right treatment. Get a bottle today at any good drugstore.—Advertisement.

Enterprising Twins.

Gustaf and Wilhelm Dyresen, twin brothers, were born in Sweden on March 26, 1850. They entered the Naval academy when of age together and ever since have been running neck and neck for naval honors. Each has held nearly every important post in the Swedish navy. They are now vice admirals and have only one more rung in the ladder to climb before reaching the grade of admiral.

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased. Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble. Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions. Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store. However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Advertisement.

Sweet Young Gardener.

Numbered among my acquaintances is a very sweet young woman who, like many other maidens, during this year became obsessed with the desire to have a little garden of her own, and being like most young women, very fond of pickles, she tripped gayly one day into a store where they sold garden and flower seeds and wanted to know if they kept any pickle seed. Secretary of Agriculture Wallace, please take note.—Washington Star.

SHE DYED A SWEATER, SKIRT AND CHILD'S COAT WITH "DIAMOND DYES"

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint her worn, shabby dresses, skirts, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, coverings, draperies, hangings, everything, even if she has never dyed before. Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect home dyeing is sure because Diamond Dyes are guaranteed not to spot, fade, streak or run. Tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.—Advertisement.

Tiny Township Has Mighty Thirst.

Kumurut, a tiny township in Kenya colony, in East Africa, claims the distinction of being the thirstiest town in the empire, according to the London Times' correspondent at Nairobi. There are ten adult Europeans in the settlement, which has now four liquor licenses and is planning to have a hotel.

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin.

On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful what Cuticura will do for poor complexion, dandruff, itching and red rough hands.—Advertisement.

English Daily for Jerusalem.

Jerusalem soon is to have a daily newspaper published in English. It will be owned and edited by an American woman, Mrs. Gatling of New York, who has spent several months in Palestine studying local conditions. Mrs. Gatling has paid \$250,000 for a building to be used for her venture. The presses and other mechanical equipment for the paper are now on their way out from the United States.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" Is Powerful But Safe.

75 years of success has proved it. With one single dose, Worms or Tapeworm can be expelled from the system, and no castor oil or other purgative should be used in addition. Money back if not satisfied.—Advertisement.

Wichita Women Like Hats.

Women of Wichita, Kan., buy an average of eight to ten hats a year, as revealed by a canvass of the millinery shops in that city.

We must all pay for experiences; there are no passes.

Use MURINE Night-Morning Keep Your Eyes Clean, Clear and Healthy. Write For Free Eye Care Book Murine Co., Chicago, U.S.A.