News Review of Current Events the World Over

Bonus Marchers Ousted by Troops After Fatal Battle With Washington Police—Pomerene and Miller Appointed to R. F. C. Board.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

COMMUNISTS and criminals among the "bonus marchers" in Washington finally accomplished their pur pose, bringing on a bloody conflict with the police that made it necessary for President Hoover to call on regular troops to restore order. In the fighting one of the veterans, a Chicagoan, was killed and scores of policemen and members of the bonus army were injured.

As explained by the President in a public statement, the treasury officials had been for several days trying to get the veterans to evacuate buildings that were to be demolished in the government's construction program. Thursday morning they did leave those buildings but afterwards several thousands of them attacked the police and the rioting was continued for hours. The district commissioners asked for help and by direction of Mr. Hoover 3,000 soldiers from Fort Myer, equipped with tear bombs and gas masks drove the veterans from their camps and immediately burned the shacks they had occupied. The main camp, at Anacostia across the Potomac, was the last to be razed, after all the women and children had been removed.

The bonus army members who had not already gone home departed for Johnstown, Pa., where they had been invited to make their new headquar-

POSSIBLY because of charges that the Reconstruction Finance corporation was being run too much for the benefit of the Republican party,

President Hoover appointed a Democrat as a member of the board, and he was elected chairman to succeed Eugene Mey-The new member is Atlee Pomerene, former senator from Ohio and assistant counsel in prosecuting the Teapot Dome off cases. In announce ing the appointment

Mr. Hoover said Mr.

l'omerene had had a long service as a lawyer, business man and member of the senate banking committee Later in the week the President com-

pleted the board by the appointment of Charles A. Miller, Republican banker of Utica, N. Y., who was to be made president of the corporation. The corporation's board was thus

lined up in this way: Democrats - Pomerenc, Harvey

Couch of Pine Bluff, Ark.; Jesse Jones of Houston, Texas, and Wilson McCarthy of Salt Lake City, Utah. Republicans-Secretary Mills of the treasury, C. A. Miller and Gardner Cowles of Des Moines, Iowa.

Representative Rainey of Illinois, Democratic floor leader of the house declared the President, by giving the Democrats a majority on the board, could not dodge the responsibility for the new relief law. Mr. Hoover, he said, "has had his own way about the kind of relief law we should have. If It fails, the responsibility will be his.

He vetoed the Garner relief bill." The first loan to a state approved by the board was \$3,000,000 to Illinois, chiefly for relief purposes in Chicago. Governor Emmerson had asked for \$10,000,000 as a starter, and probably more will be loaned to Illinois in the near future.

7!TH the formal approval of both Herbert Hoover and Franklin D. Roosevelt, one of whom will be the next President, a war on governmental waste has been declared by the National Economy league at a meeting in New York. Six of the nation's most prominent men were selected to form a national advisory council, and all of them accepted and promised to work in support of the league's program which is aimed against extrav agance of national, state and munici-

pal governments. These six men are Calvin Coolidge Alfred E. Smith, Elihu Root, Newton D. Baker, Gen. John J. Pershing and

Admiral William Sims. The league plans first to attack the payment of federal funds to war veterans who suffered no disability in service. Investigation conducted by the league shows that this class of veterans is receiving nearly half of the 1933 appropriation of \$927,849,000 for veterans of war. The league asked congress to revise downward the veterans' benefits to the extent of over

\$450,000,000; but congress contented itself in the last session with appoint-

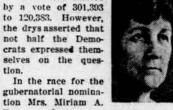
ing an investigating committee.

MAYOR JIMMY WALKER of New York finally sent to Governor Roosevelt his reply to the charges of corruption and inefficiency made against him by Samuel Seabury, who asked the governor to remove the mayor from office. Walker categorically denied all the accusations and asserted they were made and timed for political purposes only.

Governor Roosevelt received the 20,-000 word document without comment. It was believed he would act on the matter quite promptly. Tammany is involved in the controversy, and Tam-many has just formally indorsed the candidacy of Roosevelt for the Presi-

TEXAS seems to have lined up in the wet column. In the recent Democratic primary the proposal that congress be petitioned to submit repeal or retention of

national prohibition to the states carried by a vote of 301,393 to 120,383. However, the drys asserted that not half the Democrats expressed themselves on the ques-In the race for the



Ferguson, former gov-ernor, led the field of seven contestants by a handsome plurality, but the others polled enough votes to make necessary a run-off primary. In this Gov. R. S. Sterling, who was second, will be her rival, and de-clares he is confident he will win, as he did two years ago in like circumstances. The Democratic nomination in Texas is of course equivalent to election. In some of the counties negroes were permitted to vote in the primary for the first time since reconstruction days.

DIRECTORS of the Chicago Board of Trade have decided to fight the order of the grain futures commission suspending trading in futures on the hoard for sixty days. The board's attition in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals and to carry the ap peal to the Supreme court if neces-

The commission's decision against the board was the penalty the commissioners sought to impose for the board's refusal to admit the Farmers' National Grain corporation to clearing

In the exchange of statements con cerning the commission's action the latter body referred to "efforts of the board's president to discredit the administration of the-law-or to satisfy some antagonism has now gone so far as to make unfounded predictions creating business uneasiness."

"Those charges are utterly false." said President Peter B. Carey, "It was necessary for us to act quickly to retain public confidence when the commission itself informed the public, through newspapers, that the Board of Trade was suspended for sixty days when the board did not receive its notification until 10:30 Monday morning.

"We succeeded in doing this because we refused to be muzzled by the political office holders who have taken action against us. We want the public to know that this situation was not initiated by the Board of Trade."

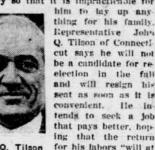
CONGRESSMAN SHANNON'S Investigating committee in Kansas City has been hearing a lot more about the damage done to agriculture by the federal farm board. First the grain men were called in, and they described the "colossal and tragic failure" of the experiment in price fixing and the "withering effect" the farm board has had on everything it has touched. The Farmers' National Grain corporation came in for some bitter attacks that were supported by figures.

Next day there was a long line of witnesses actually engaged in production of farm crops, and they were no less emphatic in their condemnation of the farm board, which, they asserted, the farmers never wanted. They were positive in their declaration that the farming industry is opposed to continuation of the agriculture marketing

After another day of farm witne the committee moved to St. Louis for

two days, and there heard a lot more

DECLARING that the "legitimate D and necessary expenses" of a member of congress eat up his entire salary so that it is impracticable for



least be on the right side of the ledger." Probably he will resume the practice of law, but he says that if the importance of any future service he might be able to render demands it, no sacrifice would be too great for him to make.

Mr. Tilson has been a member of the house for twenty-two years, and for six years he served as Republican floor leader.

A MONG the deaths of the week were those of Nelson O'Shaughnessy, a veteran of the United States diplomatic service, in Vienna; Fred Duesenberg of Indianapolis, ploneer au-tomobile manufacturer; Caleb Powers, central figure in a drama of politics and murder thirty years ago in Kentucky; Florenz Ziegfeld, musical comedy producer who "glorilied" the American girl; Reginald Fessenden, eminent as a radio inventor; Alberto Santos-Dumont of Brazil, one of the earliest and most famous of aviators, and Enrico Malatesta of Italy, for years a leader of anarchists.

GERMANY was fairy quiet during the week, which preceded her important parliamentary elections, but the dictatorship over Prussia was maintained, with

ister of the interior and chief assistant to Chancellor Von Papen, who had been made commissioner of Prussia. The action of Von Hindenburg had been upheld by the Supreme court at Leipsig. Bracht, who is lord mayor of Es-



sen, was to all in- Franz Bracht

tents and purposes the dictator of the Prussian state. On Tuesday President Von Hindenburg, considering that public order and security were no longer endangered lifted the state of martial law that had been put on Berlin and the province of Brandenburg and that had been in effect for six days. The executive authority thus reverted to the president of police of Berlin and the governor of Brandenburg. Gen. Kurt von Schleicher, minister

of war, in a radio campaign speech, served notice on the world that unless Germany is granted equality and released from the limitations of the post-war treaties, she will establish her own security by reorganizing her armed forces.

CERMANY decided that she could safely adhere to the Franco British agreement that was formulated at Lausanne, but her acceptance was qualified with a provision that Germany wil' not become involved in any bloc formed to deal with war debts, limiting her adherence solely to problems affecting the "European regime." Italy and Rumania are among the na tions that have signed the pact.

O NE of those marine tragedies that occurred in the Baltic sea off the const of Holstein. The German naval training ship Niobe was caught in a sudden storm, upset and sank, and sixty-nine officers and cadets perished. The steamer Theodore Auss was acarby and her lifeboats picked up thirty seven men. The only officers saved were the cantain and the first mate. Most of the lost cadets were trapped in a classroom between decks.

The Nlobe was formerly owned and commanded by Count Felix von Luckner, the famous sea raider of war times. In Chicago, where he was visiting, the count said: "She was a good ship, so strong I did not think she could be sank."

N CELEBRATION of the one hun-IN CELEBRATION of dred and fifty-seventh anniversary of the first United States postal service established by act of the con tinental congress July 26, 1775, Maj. James Doolittle made a most notable airplane flight. In 15 hours and 40 minutes he covered more than 2,600 miles, passing over 14 states. By stage coach and saddle horse the distance would have taken about four years in continental days.

Flying with Doolittle was Miss Anne Washington, a direct descendant of General Washington's brother

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From \$12 a Week to \$28,000,000



T IS no wonder that George Slaughter and his granddaughter, Martha Slaughter, are smiling broadly. George is sixty-five years old and has been working in Santa Rosa, Calif., for \$12 a week, but has learned that he and brother and sister have fallen helrs to a \$28,000,000 estate left them by their grand-uncle, John B. Slaughter, whom they never had seen.

HILDREN'S

THORNTON W. BURGESS

WHEN l'eter Rabbit first heard that Rattles the Kingfisher's house was a hole in the ground be didn't believe it. No, sir, Peter didn't believe it. He knew that some of his feathered friends built their homes on the ground, Mrs. Grouse, for instance and Bob White and Carol the Meadow Lark, but he just couldn't imagine a real bird living in the ground. Johnny Chuck told him about it. Johnny had heard the feathered folks of the Ol' Orchard talking about it.

"I'll believe it when I see it," de clared Peter. You know a great many people are

like Peter in that they must see i thing in order to believe it. So Peter



What is it You Have Heard?" De manded Grandfather Frog.

refused to believe that Rattles the Kingfisher actually makes his home in the ground, but his curiosity was aroused, and once Peter's curiosity is aroused he has no peace and he gives his friends no peace until it has been satisfied. So the first chance Peter got he hurried over to the Smiling Pool. He knew that Rattles spends most of his time there or along the Laughing Brook, or over by the Big River, and he knew that the other people who live there must know some thing about him. Grandfather Frog

IT COULD BE

WORSE

By DOUGLAS MALLOCH

How dear a roof when days are

How fair a fire when nights are

Why can't we count the joys re

Life always leaves a little gold.

Of joy when only joy was here,

For we must lose a little treasure

Before the rest is really dear.

We walk unseeing through the clover,

And then we find the summer's over,

I'm old, the autumn days surround me

No clover now, no tree, no flow'r,

But surely something I have found me

We spend our lives like spending

money, For little joys, for new delights.

Who needs a fire when days are sunny

And yet I never knew a brother

worse."

It always seems, se

Or needs a roof on summer nights?

Who couldn't say, "It could be

Life leaves a little in the purse.

To give me-comfort in this hour.

We pass unnoticed flow'r and tree,

And autumn here, and then we see.

know we did not know the measure

raining.

maining?

cold!

"That Rattles makes his home in hole in the ground," replied Peter. "Well, I don't see anything hard

to believe about that," grunted Grand-father Frog. "Why shouldn't be live in a hole in the ground?" "Why, because he is a bird," replied

was sitting on his big green hippad

watching for foolish green files. Pe-

ter has a great deal of respect for

Grandfather Frog, who is accounted

very old and very wise. He walted

until Grandfather Frog had caught

several foolish green flies, for he had

learned by experience that Grandfath-

er Frog was a great deal more likely

to answer questions when his stomach

was full. When he thought that it was

wise to do so he ventured a question.

where does Rattles the Kingfisher

make his home?" asked Peter in his

most polite manner.
"Chug-a-rum! How should I know?"

"Because you are so wise that you know everything," said Peter.

"Ne such thing. No such thing. Nobody knows everything," retorted

Grandfather Frog, still speaking, gruf-

fly but it was plain to be seen that

"Well, you know so much that it

amounts to the same thing," declared

Peter. "I have heard such a queen

thing about Rattles the Kingfisher that

I can't believe it. I guess it is just gossip among the other birds who

don't seem to like Rattles very well."

"What is it you have heard?" de

he was a wee bit flattered.

manded Grandfather Frog.

replied Grandfather Frog gruffly.

"If you please, Grandfather Frog.

"Chatterer the Red Squirrel lives In a hole in a tree, doesn't he? And hap-py Jack the Gray Squirrel builds a

nest in the top of a tree, doesn't he?" asked Grandfather From. "Ye-es" replied Peter slowly, trying to see what Grandfather Frog was

driving at. "Well, they are not birds; they are animals. If they make their homes in the trees, why should not birds make their homes in the ground?" continued

Grandfather Frog. This was too much for Peter. Why uldn't they? There was no reason why they shouldn't "Then it is true that Rattles makes his home in a hole in the ground!" cried Peter.

"Of course it is true." replied Grandfather Frog gruffly. "There isn't any reason in the world why it shouldn't be true. Rattles is a bird of sense." "Where is it?" asked Peter eagerly.

"That is none of my business, nor

is it any business of yours," declared Grandfather Frog. "I never have asked Rattles where it is, and if I knew I wouldn't tell you. I never pry into other people's secrets, and if you will take my advice you won't either, Peter Rabbit. It is a bad habit. No good comes of it. Now run away and attend to your own affairs, I want to

Peter knew he had learned all he could from Grandfather Frog. so he thanked him and started o". But as he hopped along, lipperty-lipperty-lip, he was more curious than ever about the home of Rattles the Kingfisher, and he quite forgot Grandfather Frog's advice to mind his own business. made up his mind that he would find the home of Rattles.

(6. 1932. by T. W. Burgess.) -WNU Service.



protection against insects.

BONERS are actual humorous tidbits found in examination pa-pers, essays, etc., by teachers.

An axis is an imaginary line on daily routine. which the earth is supposed to take a

Apollo was the king of table waters.

The law of gravity was enacted by the British parliament. The zebra is like the horse, only

striped, and is chiefly used to illus-

trate the letter Z.

Algebra was the wife of Euclid. Give King Alfred's views on modern life had he been alive today.

If Alfred had survived to the pres-

ent day he would be such an exceedingly old man that his views on any subject would be quite worthless.

Figurative language is when you mean a rooster and say chandeller. (8. 1932, Bell Syndicate.) - WNU Service.

DADA KNOWS-



"Pop, what is elapse?" "Time's way of taking a rest." (C. 1932, Bell Syndicate.) - WNU Service

SOME VEGETABLES

WHEN one realizes what a wealth in our gardens, what a comfort it is to step into them and pull a few fresh radishes or an onion or two for flavor, it would seem that everybody with 5-foot plot would try to grow some of the fresh green things. Did you ever hear anybody complain of a meal having too many vegetables? One may begin a meal with a vegetable cocktail and end it with a salad dessert. The main dishes may be vegetables, the entree and the drink if so desired.

Scalloped Egg Plant.

Cut a large egg plant into half-inch slices, pare them and place in salt water for a few minutes, then rinse and cut into cubes. Cover with boiling salted water and cook until tender. Drain well, add one small onion chopped and fried in butter, a tablespoonful each of chopped parsley and flour ; cook, stirring for a few moments. Pour in a cupful of rich milk, add salt and pap-rika; when thick add the egg plant and turn into a buttered baking dish. Cover with buttered crumbs or dot with butter and bake to a nice brown.

Minted Carrots.

In every garden, even small ones, a bed of mint is treasured. A small root will live from year to year and it will always be ready for mint sauce or to add to juleps or punches as well as to garnish dishes.

Boil young tender carrots until tender, in very little water. Add butter, sugar, a little vinegar and two sprigs

6. 1922. Western Newspaper Union.

New Golf Champion



of Michigan is the new intercollegiate golf champion, having won the title by defeating Billy Howell of Washington and Lee. Fischer resides in Cin-

Sought English Throne

The Chevalier of St. George in English history was James Stuart, eldest son of King James II of Scotland, known as the Old Pretender. He was proclaimed king of England on November 9, 1715, after the great Scottish victory of Prestonpans.

North American Waterfall That Beats Niagara

