

THE GLEANER

GRAHAM, N. C., SEPT. 6, 1934.

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. D. KERNODLE, Editor.

\$1.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

Entered at the Postoffice at Graham, N. C., as second-class matter.

Wholesale Closing of Textile Plants Effected.

Monday, September 4th, had been named as the date for a general strike in the textile mills, cotton, silk and rayon, North and South, by textile labor organization leaders.

Monday was Labor Day, a National holiday, and many plants were idle on that account. Hence the shutdowns moved up to Tuesday.

The origin of the strike rose from the North and East. In the Southern plants things were moving smoothly, apparently satisfactory to employers and employees, with no special grievance to adjust.

Recognition of the Textile Workers' Union appears to be the goal aimed at, rather than the working hours and the compensation. However, it is stated that the leaders are contending for a reduction in hours from 40 to 30 per week at the same pay.

The strike has brought about a serious situation that will not be without its tragedies, if it is attempted to maintain the shutdown by force.

The strike or shutdown, so far as Southern mills are concerned, was not brought about by the operatives. In New England, where the shutdown idea seems to have originated, the closing of mills is not unanimous.

In Southern mills but a small percent of the workers favor the shutdown, and it appears that at many plants the employees purpose to return to work regardless of strike orders and pickets.

Employees have a perfect right to quit if they wish to do so. On the other hand, those who want to work ought to be permitted to do so without molestation or interference.

If a situation, that constitutes a grievance, exists in a mill, the employer and employee should be allowed to settle it without disturbing everybody engaged in that line of business far and near.

Large forces of deputies have been sworn in and military units have been mobilized in this state and elsewhere to protect property from damage and those who want to work from harm.

Both strikers and workers have rights under law that should be guarded, but not exceeded. When either party shall exceed his rights it will mean trouble.

It will be well to let things stand for a few days to allow time for all concerned to cool down and consider the situation.

THE GLEANER, yesterday morning, was honored with a visit from Mrs. Chas. W. Tillett, Jr., of the State Democratic Executive committee. She was on her way to Raleigh to confer with other members of the committee and leaders from the eastern part of the State. From now on till the November election the committee will be busy mending any gaps in the Democratic ranks and helping to make secure a Democratic victory. Mrs. Tillett appears to be the kind of person that will hold the female contingent in line and inspire confidence.

Dairymen Should Advertise

Address by Miss Maxine Stuart at Snow Camp on the evening of Aug. 24, at the supper given the week of the Jersey Calf Club show:

Among all the blessings which a bounteous and all-wise Creator bestowed on the human race, the milk from the cow is second to none. It will prolong life and health longer than any other one product. It is indispensable to infants and growing children; it is the first thing the doctor thinks of when he prescribes a diet for the weak, sick or convalescent; and it is the main substance of toothless, tottering old age.

Out under the bright sunshine, over green pastures, mid flowers and trees, songs of birds, and the hum of bees, by babbling brooks and shady nooks, or from mangers of sweet fragrant hay and rich grains, by nature's harvesters are gathered vitamins, proteins, salts, sugars and minerals and taken into nature's own laboratories, are processed, mixed, and compounded by a formula no chemist has yet been able to comprehend. At the touch of a milkmaid's hand it comes gushing forth in great buckets of sweet foaming richness that almost realizes that old Spaniard's dream, "The fountain of eternal youth."

It can be taken warm, hot or cold; it can be seasoned with any of the spices; flavored with any of the fruit juices. Try a cocktail made with good ripe tomato juice and cold, rich, foamy milk sweetened or seasoned to taste. It is the finest of all drinks.

It is most soothing to the nerves. A glass of milk taken before retiring will insure sound sleep and a refreshing rest. It will make the weak strong and the strong stronger. It will aid digestion, strengthen the muscles, build up the bones, clear the skin, sweeten the breath, whiten the teeth, put color in the lips, roses in the cheeks, sparkle in the eyes, and gloss in the hair. Get that Milkmaid's Complexion from your milk bottles. It will not rub off.

The American people are spending billions of dollars annually for drugs and nostrums, many of them harmful and most of them worthless, in a vain effort to regain health which they could have had at little or no cost by the use of the proper amount of dairy products.

The vitamins, proteins and other properties not yet fully understood in milk, butter, cream, cheese and buttermilk will stimulate the vitality and build up bodily resistance to all forms of colds, fevers, contagious and infectious diseases. Use dairy products for health's sake—let your milkman be your doctor.

In view of these facts, which will be verified by any reputable physician, it is about time the producers of dairy products should get together and put on a campaign of education and advertising to increase the consumption of their products. Our goal should be a quart of milk a day for every man, woman and child in the country.

All mothers who wish to see their boys and girls grow up to be strong, handsome men and women will see that these little folks have all the milk and other dairy products that they can use. Compare the price of milk at 6 to 10 cents per quart with that of any other liquid on the market.

We need offer no apologies for putting on a campaign to increase the use of our products. If successful, it will put millions of dollars in the producers' pockets, but also it will mean a thousand times as much in the savings, health and welfare of the people in general. We need to do only one thing to double the present consumption of our products and that is advertise.

If the manufacturers of automobiles were to call in all their salesmen, stop their advertising and try to market their goods like the dairy producers do, they would have to close their shops within 30 days. So let us, too, ADVERTISE.

The web of our life is a mingled yarn; good and ill together.

Women laugh when they can and weep when they will.

Wisdom is more to be envied than riches.

Zeal without knowledge is the sister of folly.

All Radio Programs—The full week's broadcasts of your favorite stations will be found in TWO big pages of radio news in the Baltimore Sunday American. Buy your copy from your newsboy or news-dealer.

A Study of the International Sunday School Lesson

September 9th
II Chron. 30:1-9, 13

BY G. H. ENFIELD

Hezekiah Leads His People Back To GOD.

No chapter in human history is more thrilling than that which records the long struggle of the Hebrews for independence, for a home for power, for their religious and social ideals and for the perpetuation of their institutions.

It begins with their grinding industrial enslavement by Egypt and ends with the heroic though vain effort to break the iron shackles of Rome. In the face of bitter opposition they developed the first democratic state known to history. Through centuries of foreign oppression and persecution they held to their democratic ideals until at last the whole world is beginning to appreciate and appropriate them.

HEZEKIAH

The topic of today's lesson—Hezekiah Leads His People back to God—suggests a great deal about the king of Judah. Furthermore, II Kings 18:5 reads: He trusted in the Lord, the God of Israel. No people need to fear whose chief executive with themselves trust in the Lord.

Hezekiah leads his people back to God implies that they had wandered away from God. Ahaz, the feeble and superstitious father of Hezekiah, and who preceded the son on the throne, was responsible for much of the apostasy. Ahaz was a lover of every type of foreign worship, and had erected altars and shrines to foreign deities in the high places of his kingdom. Such was Hezekiah's religious environment.

Hezekiah was religious by nature and his religious endowment was strengthened and called into service by the challenges and influence of the prophets Isaiah and Micah.

Hezekiah was the first king in Jewish history to attempt a religious reformation based on the principles found in the Book of Deuteronomy. In addition to being a religious reformer he was also his nation's defender. The man who is interested in vital religious reforms is invariably concerned about the welfare of the people of his community, state and nation. A godly man cannot exploit the weaknesses of an unfortunate people. An official rises or falls with his subjects. As he lifts them up he rises on stepping stones of their lead selves, to higher things. As a man sows, so shall he also reap.

Moral And Religious Conditions In Judah.

These conditions in Judah were practically the same when Isaiah began his preaching as was the state of affairs in Israel in the days of Amos and Hosea. In the prophecies of Micah and Isaiah we get pictures of cross-sections of Hebrew social life and thought. These existing conditions made the reform measures undertaken by Hezekiah and the prophets necessary.

A summary of the conditions in the year 701 B. C.: Both Micah and Isaiah call the Rulers cannibals. They were eating the people instead of protecting them. They hated good and loved evil.

The majority of Judges and Priests are corrupt and mercenary. They were full of hypocrisy and political intrigue. While they were robbing the poor, they were singing of Jehovah's care for them. Graft is seen on every side in the public life of Judah.

The sole ambition of the rich was to get and hoard more riches. Mercenary patriotism had supplanted love of country; lust for money and power ruined Israel's manhood and he who could steal the most and keep within bounds of the law the big gun.

Laws were made for the rich that they might get richer. Religious duties were frequently performed and judgments rendered by drunken priests and intoxicated judges.

Idolatry was quite general. Foreign cults had led to degenerate. Incense was burned to heat on fetidities and human sacrifices made to them.

Hezekiah's Reforms.

Only some of the reforms can be

presented and these in mere outline. 1. The Temple which had been closed to Jehovah worship for years was opened and spiritually fumigated, and rededicated.

2. There was the destruction of a venerable object of worship, the brazen serpent, which Moses made in the wilderness.

3. There was introduced a reign of brotherhood.

4. A new faith was inspired in the people of Jerusalem.

5. Abuses were corrected.

6. The powerful were restrained in their efforts to crush and oppress the poor.

7. Fragments of religious literature were collected and preserved for instructive and didactic purposes.

8. The Feast of the Passover was restored.

9. The destruction of local shrines paved the way to centralizing the national worship in Jerusalem.

10. Unlike some of his predecessors Hezekiah held himself aloof from entangling alliances with other nations. Hezekiah was human and of course made mistakes, even though later generations saw nothing out of good in him. However, his motives were pure. His faults resulted from temperament rather than from design.

EXPLAINING THE NRA

An inquisitive young man, walking along a residential street, noticed an NRA sign over the front entrance of an elegant home. He walked up to the house and boldly rang the door bell. A pretty maiden came to the door and he greeted her with, "Good evening, Miss! Will you kindly tell me why you have that NRA sign on a private house?"

Resenting the query of the sophisticated youth, her answer came quick as a flash: "Certainly. That sign means 'No roughneck admitted!'"

He took the hint and was gone. A more pathetic "explanation" of this popular sign is the following:

A young husband, suffering from mental anguish by reason of his wife's threat to leave him, was overheard pleading with her to join the NRA.

"Join the NRA," she scoffed. "And why should I do that, pray tell?"

"Well, you see, dear," he pleaded, "the NRA represents an effort on the part of President Roosevelt and the Government to protect the homes of America. NRA means 'Never run away.'"

Years know more than books.

Notice of Sale.

Pursuant to the authority vested in the undersigned by virtue of a certain mortgage executed by L. V. Brown and wife, Lula Brown, and payable to R. A. Matlock Heirs, dated January 1st, 1929, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Alamance County in Mortgage Deed Book 115, page 359, which

FORECLOSURE SUITS FOR TAXES

FINAL PUBLICATION

All persons claiming interest in the following actions shall set up their claims in six months from the date of the final appearance of this notice. Otherwise, they shall be forever barred of any and all interest in or to said property or the proceeds from the sale thereof.

Town of Gibsonville vs. James M. Sutton, et als, Boon Station Township, Years 1931 and 1932.

Town of Gibsonville vs. Weldon Evans, et ux, Boon Station Township, Years 1928-32.



LOOK TIRED?

WOMEN WHO ARE CLEVER at warding off the telltale signs of fatigue are finding that smoking a Camel drives away weariness and wakes up youthful energy—makes you feel and look fresher. Smoke all you want—the costlier tobaccos in Camels never put your nerves out of tune.



GET A LIFT WITH A CAMEL!

said mortgage was given to secure a certain note of even date; and whereas, there has been default in the payment of the indebtedness thereby secured, the undersigned pursuant to the terms of said mortgage will offer for sale the hereinafter described real property at public auction to the last and highest bidder at the Courthouse door in Graham, N. C., on

Tuesday, September 25th, 1934, at 12:00 o'clock, noon.

A certain tract or parcel of land in Morton Township, Alamance County, North Carolina described and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stake on the Hillsboro and High Road, and following road West 327.5 ft. to a stone; thence North 0 deg. 10 min. East 1023 ft. to a sycamore tree at the intersection of Yanceyville Road and Buttermilk Creek; thence South 72 deg. 30 min. East 1153 ft. to a stone in Yanceyville Road at corner of W. A. Lewis Heirs property; thence South 35 deg. 2176 ft. to a sassafras tree; thence North 5 deg. 30 min. East 306 ft. to a stone; thence South 30 deg. East 1352 ft. to a rock on old Brown Road; thence South 67 deg. West following the old road 1242 ft. to the intersection of said road and Reidsville road; thence to the beginning, containing 229 acres, more or less.

Terms of sale: CASH. This the 23rd day of August, 1934. R. A. MATLOCK HEIRS.

Mortgagee, By: E. L. Curlee, Adm'd. o. n. c.; of the Estate of R. A. Matlock, deceased. Long & Ross, Attys.

Notice of Sale of Land Under Deed of Trust.

No. 15021 Under and by virtue of the authority and power of sale contained in a certain deed of trust executed by the Imperial Mortgage Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of North Carolina, to The Seaboard Citizens National Bank of Norfolk, Trustee, dated the 1st day of January, 1930, and recorded in Book 112 at page 234, in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County, North Carolina, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by said deed of trust, and at the request and demand of the holder of the note therein secured for sale of the property conveyed in said deed of trust, the undersigned Trustee will offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the Courthouse door at Graham, Alamance County, North Carolina, on

Friday, September 7th, 1934, at 11:00 o'clock, A. M.

the following described property located in the Town of Burlington County of Alamance, North Carolina, to-wit:

Beginning at an iron bolt on the Northwest side of Church Street and corner with East Willow Brook Drive; running thence with the line

of Church Street North 56 deg. East 83.5 feet to an iron bolt, corner with J. E. Black; running thence with the line of J. E. Black North 34 deg. West 150 feet to an iron bolt, corner with J. E. Black; running thence with the line of J. E. Black South 56 deg. West 48.5 feet to an iron bolt, corner with E. Willow Brook Drive; running thence with the line of E. Willow Brook Drive in a Southerly direction 154 feet to the beginning; and being Lot No. 1, in Block "49" of the new subdivision of Central Heights, as shown by Plat No. 361 of A. C. Linberg, C. E., a blue print of which is recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County, North Carolina, in Plat Book No. 2, page 47.

This 1st day of August, 1934, The Seaboard Citizens National Bank of Norfolk, Trustee, Norfolk, Virginia, M. W. Nash, Atty. Wachovia Bank Building, High Point North Carolina.

Sale of Valuable Farm Property.

Under and by virtue of the authority conferred upon us in a Deed of Trust executed by Ben Mebane and wife, Aole Mebane, on the 16th day of September, 1927, and recorded in Book 108, page 367, we will on

Saturday September 22nd, 1934, at 12:00 o'clock, noon.

at the Courthouse door in Alamance County, Graham, N. C., sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder the following land, to-wit:

A certain tract or parcel of land in Haw River Township, Alamance County, State of North Carolina, adjoining the lands of J. H. Anderson, Brown Lee, John H. Dickey and William Moore, and others, bounded as follows:

Beginning at a rock, corner with said Anderson; running thence North 30 1-2 deg. West 32 chs. 53 lks. to a rock, corner with said Lee; thence South 32 1-2 deg. West 25 chs. to a rock, corner with said Dickey; thence South 63 3-4 deg. East 34 chs 22 lks. to a rock, corner with said Dickey; thence North 20 deg. West 7 chs. 73 lks. to a rock, corner with said Moore; thence North 65 1-2 deg. East 2 chs. to the beginning, containing 50 75-100 acres, more or less.

This sale is made by reason of the failure of Ben Mebane and wife, Aole Mebane to pay off and discharge the indebtedness secured by said Deed of Trust.

A deposit of 10 percent will be required from the purchaser at the sale

This the 15th day of August, 1934, Interstate Trustee Corporation, Substituted Trustee, Durham, N. C. Wm. I. Ward, Atty.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate Under Mortgage.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage deed duly executed by W. S. Loy and wife, Sarah Loy, to N. D. Vaughn, dated the 23rd day of July, 1932, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County in Book of Deeds of Trust No. 115, page 550, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured thereby, I will on

Saturday, September 8th, 1934, at 12:00 o'clock, noon

at the Courthouse door in Graham, Alamance County, North Carolina, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property:

A certain piece or tract of land lying and being in Alamance County, North Carolina, and in Burlington Township, adjoining the lands of W. S. Loy, C. J. Loy, Andrew St., and others, and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at an iron pipe on S side of said Street corner with said W. S. Loy, Lot known as No. 4 in a division of W. S. Loy land, running thence S. 2 1-2 deg. W. 125 feet to an iron bolt corner with said Lot No. 4, in line of C. J. Loy lot, thence N. 86 1-4 deg. W. 50 feet to an iron bolt corner with Lot No. 2 in C. J. Loy line, thence N. 2 1-4 deg. E. 125 feet to an iron bolt corner with said Loy lot No. 1 on S side of said Street, thence S. 86 1-4 deg. E. 50 feet to the beginning containing .6250 square feet, more or less.

This the 3rd day of August, 1934, N. D. VAUGHN, Mortgagee, John H. Vernon, Atty.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate Under Deed of Trust.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a deed of trust executed by John H. Moser and wife, Verdie L. Moser, to the undersigned Trustee, dated the 23rd day of August, 1928, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County in Book of Deeds of Trusts No. 111, page 191, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured thereby, I will on

Monday, September 10th, 1934, at 12:00 o'clock, noon

at the Courthouse door in Graham, Alamance County, North Carolina, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property:

All that certain tract of land lying and being in (Burlington Township, County of Alamance, State of North Carolina, and more particularly described and defined as follows:

Adjoining the lands of Morehead Street, W. A. Bell, Alex Carden, Lawrence S. Holt and Sons, and described as follows:

Beginning at a stake on the Southwest side of Morehead Street 150 feet Southeast of the Southwest corner of the intersection of Morehead Street with Everett Street, running thence with line of W. A. Bell S. 54 1-2 deg. W. 200 feet to a stake, corner with Alex Carden; thence S. 35 1-2 deg. E. 70 feet to a stake, corner with Lawrence S. Holt and Sons; thence N. 54 1-2 deg. E. 200 feet to a stake in the Southeast side of Morehead Street; thence N. 35 1-2 deg. W. 70 feet to the point of beginning, being a part of Lot No. 63 in the plan of the City of Burlington, N. C., and being the same property conveyed to John Harlan Moser by Paul W. Wrightsell by deed dated November 10, 1922, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County in Book of Deeds No. 77, page 318.

This the 10th day of August, 1934, LEO CARR, Trustee.

Service by Publication

NORTH CAROLINA, ALAMANCE COUNTY, IN THE SUPERIOR COURT. Special Proceedings No. 1530.

J. P. Trull and wife, Eula Bell Trull, Petitioners.

VS.

Kathleen W. Cates and Margaret Honora Cates, a minor Respondents. The minor respondent, Margaret Honora Cates, above named, will take notice that a summons in the above entitled proceeding was issued and petition filed therein, against said respondent on the 1st day of August, 1934, by the Superior Court of Alamance County, said proceedings being for the purpose of selling for division the land of which A. P. Cates died seized in Alamance County. Said Defendant will further take notice that she is required to be and appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court in Alamance County, North Carolina, on or before the 10th day of September, 1934, and answer or demur the said petition therein filed or the relief therein demanded will be granted.

This the 4th day of August, 1934, IZORA McCLURE, Assistant Clerk Superior Court. Cook and Barrett, Attys.

Summons by Publication

NORTH CAROLINA, ALAMANCE COUNTY, IN THE SUPERIOR COURT. W. C. Cheek

VS.

Johanna Royal Cheek. The defendant above named will take notice that an action in the above entitled action has been commenced in the Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Alamance County to dissolve the bonds of alimony and to secure an absolute Divorce from the defendant on the grounds of two years separation; that the defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Alamance County on the 3rd day of October, 1934, and answer or demur to the Complaint of Plaintiff.

This the 1st day of September, 1934, IZORA McCLURE, Ass't Clerk of the Superior Court. J. Clyde Ray, Atty.