News Review of Current Events the World Over

President Roosevelt Moves to Take the Profit Out of War-Wallace for Continued Federal Control of Agriculture.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

velops his proposal for "an ever nor-

mal granary." Larger reserves against

crop failure would be maintained. These, he believes, should remain in

the control of the farmers, through

storage and government loan arrange-

ments, coupled with an obligation to

participate in continued crop adjust-

ments. By co-ordinating storage with crop adjustments, farmers would have

the beginning of means to control live

The secretary defends the proposed

amendments to the AAA on the ground

that they really did not enlarge his

powers but merely "sought to remove

uncertainties in the law and to specify

more clearly the secretary's powers to

enforce these marketing agreements

and drug act is defended by Wallace on the ground that it would remove

from the government "the formidable

obligation of proving that claims made

in the labeling of patent medicines are

both false and fraudulent" and pro-

vide more drastic penalties, including

"I'M IN. I have more than enough votes to win," said Representa-tive Joseph W. Byrns of Tennessee;

and this ended the contest for the

speakership of the next house, for a

count of noses proved Mr. Byrns was

right. The President remained neutral,

and one after another the state delega-

tions fell into line for the Tennessean.

There remained the race for the floor

leadership which was sought by a

number of men, including John W. Mc-

Cormack of Massachusetts, John E. Rankin of Mississippi, James M. Mead

and John J. O'Connor of New York,

William W. Arnold and Adolph J. Sab-

I NVITED by the League of Nations council to name the commander of

the international force to preserve or-

der in the Saar before and during the

plebiscite of January 13, the British

experience in and since the World

war. The British contingent will com-prise 1,500 men. The Italians will num-

ber 1,300, the Swedes 250, and the

Dutch 250, bringing the total to 3,300. The governing body of the Saar is

authorized to exempt "the interna-

tional force," as it is called, from "all responsibility for any acts accom-

plished in the performance of its mis-

sion and confer on itself, in case of

need, power of requisition, accommoda-

tion, maintenance, and transport of

OR a few days it seemed that Jugo-

slavia was determined to provoke

Bogoljub Yeftitch, Ju-

goslav foreign minis-

ter, appeared before

the League of Nations

council in Geneva and

denounced the govern-

ment of Hungary as responsible for the

Marseilles murder,

and his government

pressed him to obtain

concrete action in re-

gard to the complaint.

At the same time Jugoslavia was deport-

another European war as an aftermath

of the assassination of King Alexander.

ing thousands of Hungarians from

within its borders. Hungary, denying

any responsibility for the killing of

Alexander, protested bitterly against

the deportations, and was supported

by Italy in its position. France stood

Yeftitch told leaders of the major

European powers he preferred to with-

draw the matter from the hands of the

league and deal directly with Hungary

rather than accept a mere "platonic"

been conceived to be weakness," he

The situation was genuinely threat-

ening and the representatives of the

great powers began to get busy. Plerre

Laval, French foreign minister, told Baron Aloisi of Italy about the Serb

threat, and a spokesman for the little

opinion to act unless the council's ac-

tion was satisfactory.

Then Laval proposed to the league a

plan involving an invitation to Hungary

condemnation of terrorism.

asserted.

back of Jugoslavia, as did Czecho-slovakia and Rumania.

ath of Illinois.

said force."

Bogoljub

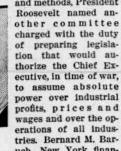
The Tugwell amendment to the food

against the recalcitrant few,"

jail terms for violations.

stock production cycles, it is held.

WHILE the senate committee head- a safeguard against the effects of crop ed by Senator Gerald P. Nye of failure in the future, the secretary de-North Dakota was still investigating munitions makers and their profits and methods, President



uch, New York financier who was head of the war industries board, was made chairman of this committee, and Gen. Hugh S. Johnson, former head of the NRA, was selected as Mr. Baruch's assistant. Others on the committee are Secretaries Hull (state), Morgenthau (treasury), Dern (war), and Swanson (navy); Under-secretary of Agriculture Tugwell, acting for Secretary Wallace; Assistant Secretary of Labor McGrady, acting for Secretary Perkins; Assistant Secretary of the Navy Henry Latrobe Roosevelt; Rail Co-ordinator Eastman; Gen. Douglas MacArthur, chief of staff; and Foreign Trade Adviser

George N. Peek. The President told newspaper men gathered at his press conference that "the time has come to take the profit out of war." He declared that not only the war profits of corporations would be under inspection but the wages of individuals as well. He pointed out the disparity between the soldier's pay of \$1 a day and that of the munitions worker at \$10 a day, and declared this unequal mobilization, as he called it, had led to the veterans' demands for a soldiers' and sailors'

Legislation will be asked of the new congress meeting in January, Mr. Roosevelt said. He added that he regarded the subject as one of the most important of any to be laid before

The President insisted that his move at this time was not prompted by any threat of war. The war horizon, he said, is cloudless. Neither should the proposal be considered one for war preparedness, the President added.

Senator Nye and others of his committee, fearing this move might prevent the appropriation of funds for the continuance of their investigation, were rather caustic in their comments on the President's action. It was pointed out that the entire field of inquiry suggested by the President was covered by the war policies commission, appointed under congressional authority three years ago. This commission made recommendations, but congress took no action.

In order that he may ald in handling expected War department legislation, General MacArthur is retained as chief of staff indefinitely, by direction of the President. This does not mean that he will serve another fouryear term.

A LL Michigan was thrown into mourning by one of the worst disasters that ever occurred in that state. The Hotel Kerns in Lansing, crowded with legislators gathered for a special session of the assembly, was destroyed by an early morning fire, and probably as many as forty per-sons were killed by the flames or by leaping to the street or into the Grand river on the bank of which the hotel stood. The exact number of victims may never be known, for the register was burned. At least six members of the legislature lost their lives.

"B ALANCED abundance" is the keynote sounded in the program offered by Secretary of Agriculture Wallace in his annual report. Convinced that agriculture should be brought under permanent federal control, he will ask congress for drastic new legislation. This will include broad amendments to the AAA, great extension of the grain futures act and passage of the Tugwell food and drugs bill. While he insists on continuance of crop control, Mr. Wallace advises against falling into the pit of "scareity economics"; nevertheless, he defends the working of the AAA reduction schemes to date.

He sees "the end of our period of emergency adjustments, of drastic reduction in farm output coming into Hereafter, the task may include adjustment of production to a rising demand, he says. To this end, as

anyone found guilty of connection with the crime. This scheme was presented to Hungary and the little entente by Capt. Anthony Eden, British lord privy seal, and was accepted by them, to the great relief of the statesmen.

Meantime the tenseness of the situation was lessened by the sudden cessation of deportations of Hungarians from Jugoslavia, which action, it was said was due to the intercession of oth-er powers, chiefly Great Britain and France. The Serb government probably realized that its cause at Geneva would be prejudiced by the continuation of the expulsions.

WHEN December 15, war debt installment day, came around, it was found that Finland was again the only nation with enough decency to pay. It deposited the amount due, \$228,538, in the New York Federal Reserve bank. All the other debtor nations repeated their defaults, and Great Britain rejected a suggestion for another conference on the ground that world conditions had not altered since last June and negotiations now would be "useless and unwise."

POLAND'S foreign policy was clearly set forth to the press by Prince Radziwill, chairman of the foreign relations committee of the Polish parliament, the statement being meant pri-marily for the French. The prince said the Franco-Polish alliance still the basis of his country's foreign policy, but France's lack of consideration for Poland's independence and the attitude of French capitalists who regard Poland as a fit object of exploitation have developed serious differ-

Radziwill said Poland wishes to avoid becoming involved in Danubian and Balkan problems and at the same times wishes to be consulted on problems directly affecting it, such as the proposed eastern Locarno security pact and questions concerning its relations with Russia, Germany, and the Baltic

Poland is not the "yes man" of France, and it cannot permit action to be taken in northeastern Europe without being consulted, Radziwill con-

HENRY FORD believes, as do many others, that recovery can be brought about by reviving industry and creating employment, and he is

acting on his belief.

announces that he will

spend an additional

\$8,000,000 for further

expansion and im-

provement of his com-

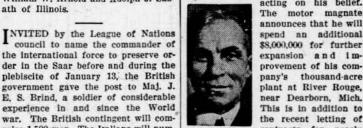
pany's thousand-acre

plant at River Rouge,

near Dearborn, Mich.

This is in addition to

the recent letting of



contracts for nearly \$12,000,000 for two steel mills and power units for the plant, so the company will spend a total of about \$20,000,000 within a period of ten months for the development of the River Rouge plant.

The new units now under construction and the cost of each are the steel finishing plant, \$3,460,000; the hot steel strip mill, \$6,111,923; the stripper building, for handling ingots, \$230,000; new steam and electrical units for the naces and foundry equipment, \$2,120,-460, and additional equipment of many kinds, costing \$3,144,250, made neces sary by the shift from 24-hour to 16hour daily production.

Evidently Mr. Ford has no fear for the future economic stability of the

UNION labor, like President Roose velt, is heartily in favor of legislation establishing unemployment insurance, but it proposes, through President Green of the A. F. of L., that the insurance be financed wholly by a 5 per cent tax on pay rolls. Opposing any direct levy on the workers, Mr. Green says they would pay most of the cost any way. Employers add their cost to prices and employees buy 85 per cent of all goods, he argued. workers shared the direct cost of insurance, he adds, they would be pay-

Representative Connery of Massachusetts, chairman of the house labor committee, says that sentiment in favor of the 30-hour week measure as a means of reducing unemployment is increasing. This also is warmly urged by union labor, but the administration seems to think the time for it has not "Our moderation has mistakenly yet come.

BOLIVIA, badly beaten by Paraguay, announced her acceptance of the League of Nations' plan for ending the war in the Chaco; and, although at the same time an order was issued for a general mobilization of all the country's available man power, it was beentente admitted that the Belgrade lieved the long struggle was near its government might be forced by public ending.

The league plan provides for an armistice while a neutral international commission works out details of a settlement of grievances. Paraguay has to conduct a careful inquiry into the not acted finally on the league's offer.

Outdoor Court for "Party Cleaning" in Russia



Bedtime Story for Children

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

YANK YANK THE NUTHATCH RETURNS

Peter Rabbit was one morning when, as he hopped over the old stone wall into the Old Orchard, he heard the voice of an old friend. It was the voice of Yank Yank, the Nuthatch, and while it was far from being swcthere was in it something of good cheer and contentment. At once Peter hurried in the direction from which it

On the trunk of a tree he caught sight of a gray and black and white bird about the size of Downy the Woodpecker. The top of his head and upper part of his back were shining black while the rest of his back was bluish gray. The sides of his head and his breast were white. The outer feathers of his tail were white, with black patches near their tips.

But Peter didn't need to see how Yank Yank was dressed in order to known him if he had been so far away that the colors of his coat did not show at all. You see, Yank Yank was doing a most surprising thing, something no other bird can do. He was ily of six, and that is doing a lot bet-walking head first down the trunk ter than some folks I know, if I do say

of that tree, seemingly quite as much at home and unconcerned in the queer position as if he were right side up He lifted his head and called a greeting which sounded very much like the repetition of his own name. Then he turned and began to climb the tree as easily as he had come down.

"Welcome home, Yank Yank!" cried Peter, hurrying up quite out of breath. Once more Yank Yank turned so that he was head down and his eyes twinkled as he looked down at Peter, "You're mistaken, Peter," said he. "This isn't home. I've simply come down here for the winter. You know home is where you raise your children and my home is in the great woods further north."

"Well, anyway, this is a kind of home. It's your winter home," protested Peter, "and I certainly am glad to see you back. The Old Orchard wouldn't be quite the same without you. Did you have a pleasant sum mer? And if you please, Yank Yank, recognize him. Peter would have tell me where you built your home and what it was like."

"Yes, Mr. Curiosity, I had a very pleasant summer," replied Yank Yank. "Mrs. Yank Yank and I raised a fam-

leaves and feathers and it was in a hole in a certain old stump that not a soul knows of but Mrs. Tank Yank and myself. Now is there anything else you want to know?"

C. T. W. Burgess .- WNU Service



says jibbering Jane, "is that it makes lying so easy that one's conscience

6. Bell Syndicate.-WNU Service.

THROUGH A Woman's Eyes By JEAN NEWTON

WITH NOTHING TO DO

WELL known minister the other A day preached a sermon on the need of modern men and women for

"Our mental powers," he said, "express themselves most efficiently in solitude." And he cited the work of successful people and creative artists the world over who have accomplished their best work alone, away from peo-

Do we need solitude! It seems to me the question is will we tolerate it. For the one companionship that most peo ple today seem zealously to avoid is

It is one thing to like pleasant ompany and enjoy the society of our friends. But an honest observer of the modern scene must admit that the way the average woman clings to company and craves companionship for every bit of leisure time looks almost like a mania to get away from herself.

Why? Is it the rush and bustle of this modern age making so many demands on our time? Is it simply dis-inclination to give up something else to take the time for getting acquainted with ourselves? That would be an agreeable explanation, but one difficult of acceptance by anyone who has seen that look of consternation on the faces of women whom a "broken date" left "high and dry" with themselves.

It is not only from the viewpoint of work, accomplishment, that solitude is a good thing. Every one of us needs a little leisure time alone just for our growth as a person. As our bodies need time to rest from physical activity to rebuild, so our minds need rest to con-template, to digest, to assimilate, in a way that we cannot when we are preoccupied with things or people.

Many a woman who is hectic about "making a date" for every moment she has free, might find a pleasant sur-prise in store for her if she tried taking a walk, for instance, with herself. She might find a certain satisfying something that will open up to her a new resource and give her a feeling of new power the next time some disappoints her and she finds herself with "nothing to do."

6. Bell Syndicate.-WNU Service

Man's Mane

Some scientists believe that in the ery remote past man must have had a mane on his neck not unlike that in the baboon and ever since has worn something around the neck. Essentially masculine and associated with power, the collar has been worn by knights as a badge and in metallic form by kings at coronations.

Bracing Up the Ruins of Greece



G REEK authorities discovered that the walls supporting the Temple of Vic-tory on the Acropolis of Athens were in danger of crumbling. So they were propped up temporarily until a decision is reached whether they shall be entirely

UESTION BOX by ED WYNN, The Perfect Fool

men and women? I do. Is there any thing a man can be that a woman

can't be? Truly yours.

F QUALITY. Answer: Yes, there is something a man can be that a woman can't be. That's a "father" to a big family.

I am a boy nineteen years of age, and intend being a chef. I love to cook. Can you tell me the best way to pre serve peaches?

Yours truly, F. M. ENIT.

Answer: The best way for you to preserve peaches is not to introduce them to any other fellows.

Dear Mr. Wynn: I have to write a story about "Nero" for my school examinations, Who was Nero? Wasn't he the fellow who was always so cold?

Sincerely. E. QUATOR,

Answer: No, my child. You are think-ing of Zero. He is a different chap entirely.

Dear Mr. Wynn:

My wife is always picking on me because I let her take in washing and support me. She says I'm lazy and calls me a "Hydroplane." I admit everything, but I don't get that Hydroplane. What does she mean by calling me a "Hydroplane?"

Yours truly, L M, TIRED. Answer: She simply means "You're no good on earth."

Dear Mr. Wynn:

My brother and I were painting the roof of our three-story house. My brother fell from the roof and lay in a heap on the ground. I could not get | lanta, Ga., during the Civil war.

Dear Mr. Wynn:

Do you believe in equal rights for The doctor examined him and then told me my brother was dead. At that moment my brother shouted: "That's a lie. I'm not dead." What do you think

Truly yours.
ART TIST. Answer: Your brother must have been wrong. The doctor knows better

6. the Associated Newspapers. WNU Service.

Know-



That stilts were used in ancient days for the scaling of castle walls. In the upper parts of the Tweed and Clyde in Scotland, they are resorted to for crossing dryshod from one bank to an-

& McClure Newspaper Syndicate. WNU Service.

Sherman's Georgia Headquarters A modern dwelling has been made of the house in which General Sherman had his headquarters after seizing At-