News Review of Current Events the World Over

Lewis Doesn't See Peace in Federation of Labor-Russia Resents Fascist Aid Given Spanish Rebels-Mormons All Off Dole.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

at Hyde Park, N. Y., told the news papermen that the prospects for peace between the warring factions in the federation were better and that those par-

ticipating in the con-troversy were becoming "more tem-perate." However, that same evening John L. Lewis, the dynamic leader the Committee for Industrial Organization, rather dashed the aforesaid prospects for peace. In Washington he laid down as the only basis for restoration of peace in the ranks of organized labor, a program consisting of these

two propositions:

1. Revocation by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor of the order suspending ten C. I. O. unions on charges of insurrection.

2. Isolation of certain mass production industries which would be organized strictly on Lewis' "one

big union" theory.

It had been stated that David Dubinsky, head of one of the suspended unions, had submitted a compromise peace proposal, but Lewis told the correspondents that he knew of no change in feeling bebetween the battling factions; that he had made no move for peace and contemplated none; that the C. I. O. drive to unionize the steel industry was "proceeding satisfactorily" and that the Dubinsky proposal was similar to the one previously offered to and rejected by the A. F. of L. council.

POLITICAL expediency brought about a strange state of affairs in Minnesota. Fred Curtis and Patrick J. Delaney, respectively Democratic gubernatorial and senatorial nominees, withdrew from the race in favor of the Farmer-Labor can-didates in return for Farmer-Labor support for the re-election of President Roosevelt. The members of the Democratic party throughout the state were rather dismayed by this action and some of the leaders pro-

John E. Regan, the party's 1934 gubernatorial candidate, issued a statement asserting that Minnesota Democrats had traded votes and engineered "coalition of parties" be-fore, but "never has there been an absolute sellout."

Alric Anderson, St. Paul attorney who was the Democratic candidate for attorney-general two years ago, marshaled his followers into the "Democrats-for-Nelson Club." the "Democrats-for-Nelson Club." Martin A. Nelson is the Republican gubernatorial candidate.

forme committeeman, and Judge J. D. F. Meighen, state central committee chairman, led that group of Demo-crats supporting both Farmer-Labor candidates and President Roosevelt.

A TTACKING abuse of the frank-ing privilege, which has been practiced by followers of any and all parties when they got the chance,

Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg of Michigan proposes that congress pass leg-islation that will put a stop to this evil, "for the sake upon the one hand of the postal revenue and for the sake, on the other, of political fair play." When John G.

Winant resigned J. G. Winant from the social security board, his letter to the President was a strong pro - New Deal document. It was printed by the press bureau of the social security board and franked to a large mailing list, and Senator Vandenberg asked Mr. Winant whether he thought that was a legit-imate use of the franking privilege. Mr. Winant replied promptly that, lest there be any question of the propriety of the matter, he had paid the mailing costs. This atti-tude was warmly commended by Senator Vandenberg, as it must be

WILLIAM GREEN, president of the A, F. of L., who had just been calling on President Roosevelt trality. The representatives of the 27 gations to the agreement for neu-trality. The representatives of the 27 nations on the international com-mittee of non - intervention in the mittee of non - intervention in the Spanish war were about to meet in London, and Moscow's challenge caused a real sensation. Moiseyvich Kagan, soviet delegate on the committee, specifically named Portugal, Italy and Germany as the offenders and called for an investigation. It is believed that if Possition 11.

> airplanes and other war material to the Spanish government, Spanish Fascists pushed their lines so closely around Madrid that they called on the government to surrender the capital immediately and thus save it from a destructive bombardment. An airplane fleet showered the city with circulars telling the citizens that further resistance was useless. One of the most threatening of General Franco's advances was directed at Aran-juez, whose capture would cut off Madrid's food supply from the Med-

> is believed that if Russia is not satisfied in this matter she will send

The government claimed that an army of loyalist miners had fought its way to the center of Oviedo against the desperate resistance of the rebel defenders.

iterranean.

Gen. Francisco Franco, chief of the insurgents, decreed a Fascist dictatorship and created a "junta of state" which will govern subject to his will. In his first statement of policy, Franco assured workers they would be "protected against the ills of capitalism and that steps would be taken to regulate favorable working hours."

SIX months ago the Latter Day Saints church—otherwise the Mormons—inaugurated a pro-gram to make every able bodied

member self-sup-porting by October 1. In the great tab-ernacle at Salt Lake City Heber J. Grant,

president of the church, told an audience of thousands that the plan had succeeded and that the drive had taken all the needy members off public re-lief. The church has Grant consistently opposed 'pay without work.'' In reading his

report President Grant took occasion to criticize the Townsend pension plan and government control of crops, and he warned the mem-bers to avoid "political entangle-

Under the church relief drive, land was leased and the needy provided with implements for tilling. Womens groups have made clothes and bedding. Members have contributed the financial equivalent of two meals the financial equivalent of two meals cial fund.

In scattered storehouses, Mr. Grant reported, supplies have been laid up in generous quantities for distribution among the needy who helped produce them.

A S THE time for the expiration of the Washington naval treaty draws nearer, the utterances of Secretary of the Navy Swanson take on more and more the nature of sharp warnings to Japan not to get too gay in the Pacific. In a press conference the other day he said:

"Fortifications are intended to answer fortifications. One menace must be met by another menace. And he gave notice that the navy should be ready to do the necessary

meeting.
About the same time the State department was studying a proposi-tion, made to it and to Japan by Great Britain, for an extension of the treaty pledge of the three nations not to build new fortifications or naval bases in certain of their Pacific possessions. In Tokio it was said the government might agree to this provided certain changes were made giving Japan "fairer" treatment in the light of an altered international situation.

KURT BJORKVALL, Swedish aviator, made an attempt to fly alone from New York to Stockholm. Senator Vandenberg, as it must be by all good citizens.

H ELP given the Spanish insurgents by Fascist countries so enraged soviet Russia that she gave notice that, unless it ceased she lad alone from New York to Stockholm. Thirty-two hours after the start he was picked up from the ocean about one hundred miles off the coast of Ireland. Supposedly he had run short of fuel. The rescue was made by a French trawler. The plane was bad-lad damaged and was abandoned.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT
JUDGE C. B. KENNEMER of
Montgomery, Ala., issued an order
halting collection in Alabama of a
one per cent payroll tax to finance
the unemployment program. The
result, it is expected, will be a clear
cut test of the validity of the New
Deal's social security act, for lawyers had no doubt the case would
be carried to the United States Supreme court. The order was granted preme court. The order was granted the Gulf States Steel corporation of Gadsden, Ala., on a plea that the unemployment insurance program, operated in co-operation with the federal government, violates both state and federal constitutions.

JESSE ISADOR STRAUS, merchant prince and, until his resig-nation last August, American ambassador to France, passed away in his New York home

at the age of sixty-four. The immedi-ate cause of death was pneumonia, but Mr. Straus had been in ill health for some time, this being the reason for his re-tirement from the ambassadorship. Graduating from Harvard in 1893, Mr.

Jesse I. Straus

as a bank clerk. In 1896 he ob-& Co., big New York department store, and by 1919 was its president, holding that position until he was given the Paris post by President Roosevelt in 1933. He was a Democrat and was a member of the board of overseers of Harvard and of the American Academy of Political and Social Science. He maintained a country estate at Mount Kisco, N. Y., as well as a city,

FOLLOWING the example set by France and other countries, the Italian cabinet voted to devalue the lira, setting its value at approxi-mately 5.2 cents, as compared with the latest previous figure of 7.6 cents. The cabinet also let it be known that it would take action to prevent rent and price increases; and it voted a new 5 per cent capital levy to which property owners are obliged to subscribe to the extent of 5 per cent of their wealth.

The gold value of the lira was placed at 4.677 grams of gold for each 100 lire. Gold reserves of the Bank of Italy will be revalued on the basis of the new lira with the surplus to be placed at the disposition of the

FRANCE may be on the verge of a civil war between Communists and Fascists comparable to the terrible conflict in Spain. In Paris desperate fighting already has begun. The Reds, numbering many thousands, and the nationalists, under orders from Col. Francois de la Rocque whose Croix de Feux or-ganization was disbanded by the government, undertook rival dem-onstrations; and the result was a day-long series of street battles in which hundreds were wounded. Order was finally restored for the time being by a force of 12,000 re-

publican guards and police.
In London, also, there was a big riot in which a hundred persons were injured. Sir Oswald Mosley's Black Shirts, a Fascist organiza-tion, planned a parade but Com-munists and Socialists numbering 00.000 were it and battled with a big force of east end police to get at their ene-mies. The authorities forbade the parade as scheduled but the oppos-ing mobs got together in various ing mobs got together in various localities and fought desperately.

PRINCE ERNST VON STARHEM-BERG of Austria ousted from the Fascist Heimwehr or home guard Maj. Emil Fey, once his trusted lieutenant, and thereby stirred up quite a muss in Vienna. It was reported that Premier Mus-solini of Italy had taken a hand in the quarrel by demanding that Chancellor Schuschnigg give complete control of the heimwehr to Von Starhemberg.

The prince declared in a public document that Fey's conduct at the time of the assassination of Chancel-lor Dollfuss never was satisfactorily explained. The major, enraged, challenged the prince to a duel, but dueling is illegal in Austria.

THREE complaints were filed by the federal trade commission un-der the Robinson-Patman act, naming five concerns, launching the first move to test its powers under this far-reaching legislation which for-bids the granting or receiving by merchandisers of discriminatory price discounts in interstate com-

The complaints named Montgomery Ward and Company, Inc.; Kraft - Phenix Cheese corporation, Chicago; Shefford Cheese company, Inc., Syracuse, N. Y.; Bird and Son, Inc., and Bird Floor Covering Sales corporation. East Walpole. Mass. Salute From the New to Old in Transportation



This remarkable photograph was obtained at Pendleton, Ore., as a high-speed twin-engined transport plane of United Air Lines soared over a mule-freighter bound for the Pendleton Round Up. The plane, with its 1100 "horses," has a top speed of 202 miles an hour; the freighter, pulled by 12 mules, does well to cover four miles an hour. Planes operating between the Pacific Northwest, Midwest, and East follow the old historic Oregon Trail formerly used by covered wagons, stage-coaches and freighters.

So, leaving the brook where the fishing was poor, Billy started off across country for nowhere in particular. He is one of the most in-

ticular. He is one of the most in-dependent of all the little people of the Green Forest and the Green Meadows. He never worries over where the next meal is coming from. He feels quite capable of tak-ing care of himself wherever he may be. No one understands the art of hiding any better than does Billy Mink. He is quick as a flash, and the way he can disappear when apparently there is nothing to hide under is astonishing.

So Billy wandered about aimlessly

so Billy wandered about aimlessiy just having a good time. He traveled mostly at night, though occasionally he became restless during the day and continued his journey then. In the Green Forest he hunted wood mice and grouse. In the open meadow land he hunted meadow mice. When he came to a brook he went fishing. So, at last his

he went fishing. So, at last, his wanderings brought him to a farm-

under is astonishing.



BILLY MINK POSSESSES THE WANDERING FOOT

WHEN a person becomes un-easy and cannot settle in one place for any length of time, but wants to keep traveling, he is said to be possessed of the wandering foot. This means that he wants to wander about in search of new scenes and new adventures. To put it very plainly, he becomes a sort of tramp.
You remember that when Billy

Mink discovered the traps along the Laughing Brook he decided that he



This Place Looks Good To Me." Said Billy.

would go visiting for a while. For some time he had felt a desire to go visiting. These traps gave him a real excuse for so doing. So Billy had turned his back on the Laughing Brook and started for another brook some distance away. He had not intended to go farther than this brook. But when he got there he found that the fishing was not as good as he had hoosed it. not as good as he had hoped it would be, so he decided to keep on moving until he found a place where food was plentiful, and he would be contented for a while.

Now, while Billy Mink is a great lover of the water and is almost as much at home in it as Jerry Muskwat, he is equally at home on land. In fact, Billy often wanders long distances from water. He be-

Paris Gamin Outfit



gamin of Paris in Chanel's "proletarian" sports outfit of brown and plaid woolen. It borrows the French workman's cap, his overcoat, vest, and even his collarless knitted jer-

yard. There was a big barn there. Also there was a henhouse containing many hens. Between the hen-house and the barn was a big woodpile. At the sight of that woodpile Billy grinned. That was just the sort of a place he liked. You know he is so slim that he can slip through very small places, and he would be quite safe.

"This place looks good to me," said Billy, "I think I'll stay a times when he would rather hunt than fish. He is a very good hunt-er, as many a mouse and bird has found out too late.

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DADA KNOWS-



"Pop, what is a gambol?"
"Lamb's gait."

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HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

WHEN buying meat see that it VV it is of good color and well mottled with fat. A fresh fish will be bright of eye and firm of flesh with the odor

Use nuts in a loaf to take the place of meat. They are highly nourishing and are me for all sorts

of dishes If you have a neighbor who is us your family does, why not exchange halves of cakes as two neighborly women do. Thus having a fresh half of cake with no work and no left-over to disturb the conscience.

When making mush for supper, prepare enough for frying for break fast; everybody likes fried mush with sirup. Pour the hot mush into greased baking powder cans, kept for the purpose. When cold it slices without waste or crumbling.

When food scorches while cooking, set the dish in another of cold water-the steam rising from the food will dissipate the scorched flavor if it is not really burned.

To remove burned food from a dish without scratching, add soda to cold water and simmer until the food is softened.

Aluminum dishes which have been scraped will always have rough spots to catch food and cause

Eve's Epigrams

Being master of all the mother tongues on earth doesn't enable ഒ നണ to understand a Woman's.

burning. They should be rebuffed or they will always burn easily.

Lettuce, endive and such crisp green foods should be served at once after the dressing is added as they wilt readily. Keep lettuce well washed, in a thin bag of cheese-cloth in the ice chest. It will be ready at a moment's notice to sup ply the salad.

With raw fruits and vegetables se young turnips cut on the coarse grater or shredder, also young una snappy dressing, either french or boiled? Sprinkle with fresh grated coconut, add a bit of sugar and you will have one of the prettiest of salads and it will taste very good,

Western Newspaper Union

ANNABELLE'S ANSWERS By RAY THOMPSON



Dear Annabelle: MY DALIGHTER HAS JUST THROWN HER FIRST BOY FRIEND OVER. IS THIS A WISE MOVE? M.O.M. Dear MOM'- SURE! REMEMBER-YOUTH MUST HAVE IT'S FLING!

THE UPWARD LOOK

By DOUGLAS MALLOCH

S EEING the rose, I saw a vine About a mighty trunk entwine, And found the trunk to be a pine.

And looking up, to see how high The tree above me, then my eye Beheld beyond the tree the sky.

And yet we think some holy deed Of ours the world will never heed, So small the matter, great the need

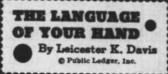
Yet I, who first beheld the rose, The vine, and then the tree that Saw Heaven itself its gates unclose

So has some little deed sufficed To lift some soul by sin enticed, Until it looked, and saw the Christ.

Doesn't Ask Much



of Seattle, has instituted suit against federal and civil court judges and their wives to account for their allegedly false arrest and confinement of his eleven-year-old son. In the meantime his wife has had him in ,000,000,000,000,000,000





WHEN beginning an analysis of VV a hand to place its type, be sure to note all the characteristics which make it a distinct type. Note the general shape and conformaor narrow. Note the width of palm, the length and formation of fingers and thumb, whether they are straight, knotted or tapered. The first of the seven types of hands follows:

First. The Primal Type of Hand.

The outstanding characteristic of this type is its short, thick-set ap-pearance. The fingers are stubby and rather clumsy looking. The thumb is extremely short, low set, heavy and often "Clubbed" on the side opposite the nail. The nail joint is often abnormally short and wide.
The palm and underside portions of fingers of this type are always heavily fleshed and when partially

folded become pillowed by broad deep creases. One would be quite safe in placing the possessor of a hand of true primal type as one who is apt to find more satisfaction in material affairs than in the spiritual, esthetic

or sentimental aspects of life. All things being equal, a primal type of hand indicates pretty surely that the occupation chosen by its owner should be of a kind that calls for manual dexterity rather than

concentration or analysis. A stiff thumb on the primal type of hand is positive indication of a stubborn and overbearing will that is apt to have its own way without counting the costs or the feelings of others. If, however, the thumb may be bent backward with little tension, there is equally positive indication that its owner is very much inclined toward indolence, irresponsibility and extravagance.

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