Recipe Billio Burko

English Mock Cheese Cake

14 cupfuls flour
14 teaspoonful salt
14 cupful bolling water
14 cupful butter
14 cupful butter
15 cupful sugar
1 cupful fresh-grated coconut
2 eggs. eggs

2 teaspoonfuls cream 1 teaspoonful vanilla

Make a rich pie paste of the flour, salt, three-quarters cupful of butter and the boiling water. Roll out, cut in rounds, and line muffin tins with it.

Make a filling of the quarter cupful of butter, well creamed; add the sugar and well-beaten eggs, cream and vanilla. Fold in the coconut, fill the lined tins, and bake in a moderate oven until a delicate brown, and they are set. These may be topped with whipped cream when they are cool.

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Respect as Due

I respect the man who knows distinctly what he wishes. The greater part of all the mischief in the world arises from the fact that men do not sufficiently understand their own aims. have undertaken to build a tower, and spend no more labor on the foundation than would be necessary to erect a hut .- Goethe.

Don't Sleep When Gas Presses Heart

If you want to really GET RID OF GAS and terrible bloating, don't expect to do it by just doctoring your stomach with harsh, irritating alkalies and "gas tablets." Most GAS is lodged in the stomach and upper intestine and is adue to old polsonous matter in the constipated bowels that are loaded with Ill-causing bacteria.

If your constipation is of long standing, enormous quantities of dangerous bacteria accumulate. Then your digestion is upset, GAS often presses heart and lungs, making life miserable. You can't eat or sleep. Your head aches. Your back aches. Your complexion is sallow and pimply. Your breath is foul. You are a sick, grouchy, wretched unhappy person. YOUR SYSTEM IS POISONED.

Thousands of sufferers have found in Adlerika the quick, scientific way to rid their systems of harmful bacteria. Adlerika rids you of gas and cleans foul poisons out of BOTH upper and lower bowels. Give your bowels a REAL cleansing with Adlerika. Get rid of GAS. Adlerika dees not grips—is not habit forming. At all Leading Druggists.

Knows the Value He who knows most grieves most for wasted time.—Dante.

for WOMEN only

CARDUI is a special medicine for the relief of some of the suffering which results from a woman's weak-ened condition. It has been found to make monthly periods less dis-agreeable, and, when its use has been kept up awhile, has helped many poorly nourished women to get more strength from their food. This medicine (pronounced "Card-u-i") has been used and recommended by women for many, many years. Find out whether it will help you by giving it a fair trial. Of course, if not benefited, consult a physician.

GOT RID OF **BIG UGLY**

PLENTY OF DATES NOW...DENTON'S FACIAL MAGNESIA MADE HER SKIN FRESH, YOUNG, BEAUTIFUL

Romance hasn't a chance when big ugly pores spoil skin-texture. Men love the soft smoothness of a fresh young complexion. Denton's Facial Magnesia does miracles for unsightly skin. Ugly pores disappear, skin becomes firm and smooth.

Watch your complexion take on new beauty Brean the first few treatments with Denton's Facial Magnesia make a remarkable difference. With the Denton Magio Mirror you can actually see the texture of your skin become smoother day by day. Imperfactions are weshed clean. Wrinkles gradually disappear. Before you know it Denton's bas brought you entirely new skin loveliness.

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Tou can try Denton's Facial Magnesia on the most liberal offer we have ever made—quod for a few weeks only. We will send you a full 12 oz. bottle (retail price \$1]. Plus a regular sized box of famous Minesta Wafers (known throughout the country as the original Milk of Magnesia tableta), plus the Denton Magic Mirror (shows the country as the original Milk of Magnesia tableta).



My Favorite POOR MAN'S GOLD

6 Courtney Ryley Cooper. WNU Service.

SYNOPSIS

Jack Hammond, gold prospector, returns to Prince Rupert after a spree in Seattle and learns that a gold rush is starting as a result of some careless remarks he had dropped at a party concerning a gold discovery. He finds that his partner, McKenzie Joe Britten, has gone on north to protect their claims. Besleged, Hammond decides to tell the would-be prospectors how to reach the new gold fields. Around the World Annile, a frontier dance hall proprietor, has assembled a troupe of girls and is bent on starting a dance hall at the new camp. Jack muses about Kay Joyce, the girl in Seattle whom he loves and to whom he confided the secret of his gold strike. Going to his lawyer's office, he passes a young girl on the stairs. Jack asks Barstow the lawyer about the girl and learns that she is a volunteer client. Jack tells him about Kay whom he had admired as a little girl, but who ignored him in childhood. Timmy Moon, a mutual acquaintance, had brought them together. Kay was chilly at first but when she saw some of his gold nuggets they got along beautifully.

CHAPTER II-Continued

"Not a rival?" asked Barstow, with a laughed. thin smile. Hammond

"My best friend. He reminded Kay that she had talked more about that boy who used to live down by alley than any other person she'd ever known," Hammond chuckled. "If it hadn't been for his help, I might not have had the courage to say a lot of the things I did."

"An old friend and plenty of liquor certainly do help."

The attorney shuffled a few loose

papers.
"A man can't ask any more than

that."
"Not if he's been in the bush so long that he's grown moss. God, I was fed up with the North! But I'm itching to get back now. That's why Joe wanted me to see you. To check up on all our claims. Stakers will be running around hog wild in the snow up there in another

The attorney swiveled about to his filing case and brought forth a fat envelope, scattering the contents on the desk.

"Let's see -" he mused. "Three regular creek placer claims apiece on Loon creek, 200 by 100 feet off Moose river. Correct?"
"That's right. How about the half-

mile government lease at the head-waters of the Loon?"

'Everything's paid up and granted.

'And those other five leases?"

Barstow counted the papers.
"Five. That's right. What'd you two take up those for?" he asked. "That's 400 acres of land that isn't even near water.'

"Have you got the government receipt for the lease?" insisted Hammond.

Barstow tossed it over. The prospector looked at it and handed it back.

"If Joe and I make anything out of this find-that's probably where we'll do it."

"I thought the stuff was all in the Loon creek sands.'

"That's an old country," answered Hammond. "Loon creek has wandered all over the map. We've got a young bed-rock-not over a couple of hundred years old. If we get into big money, we've got to find the old bed of the Big Moosethe real one where nuggets were piled up for a thousand years or

more. Barstow nodded. Well, you've got the country checkerboarded; no reason why you shouldn't have luck. Going out in

the morning?" Hammond laughed.

"Who isn't?" over They talked for awhile, of the developing rush into the new gold regions, the weird hopes and dreams which every fortune seeker would carry into the North, few of which would be real-At last Hammond rose to ized.

The day passed; jammed in the crowds at the various hardware stores, Jack bought gold pans, picks, hammer, saw and nails, and a dozen other forms of supplies. Night was broken by the barking of soft-muscled Prince Rupert dogs, being led to the station-many of them to their ultimate slaughter. Trucks whined up and down the abrupt hill; slow-moving horses and trucking drays furnished an obbligato the rumble of motors. A new community, in its every phase, good, bad, upright, low, was forming for life in a far-away, unknown land. He and Joe had created it; now Jack Hammond, as he tried to sleep, felt for the first time a true responsibility for it. Perhaps that was why Around the World Annie snapped her greeting so crustily the morning.

"Well, Prospector; sore because you ain't got the whole North to yourself?'

Jack halted in his progress through the jammed waiting room of the railroad station. The triweekly train was just backing in from the coach yards, with extra chair and baggage cars. Hammond waved to the woman, and with a laugh, edged toward her. It was not an easy journey; his pack sack, topped by an eiderdown sleeping bumped and swayed awkwardly with contact against the milling throng. Every one carried attorney's office, this girl coming pack sacks, one arm carelessly ununsteadily downward, her hand

the World Annie had one.

"What was that remark?" Hammond joked, when he reached her. "What's been eatin' you?" asked Annie. "You look like somebody's stepped on your chin."

The man spread his shoulders.
"Just thinking," he said. Again
he looked out over the mob; people crammed in tight groups, or mill-ing excitedly, or merely sitting, like so many homeless souls, on piles of duffle. "Look at 'em—all of 'em going to make a million."
"Well, if they think so, what's the

difference?" asked Annie. be happy until they find out it ain't

Late that afternoon, Jack Ham-mond got tired of being jammed against the knob of a vestibule door. The cars had become cold now; pipes clanked only faintly with the application of steam. The train was high on the pass over the Coastal range; snow had appeared, at first only a wet sprinkling on the rainglazed side hills, gradually to be-come more stable. Now the world was one of filigreed silver; spruce and pine and Douglas fir all shielded with filmy white.

He moved forward through the train, taking exercise in merely forcing his way through the crowds jammed the aisles. At last he tired and prepared to turn back, only halting to see that Around the World Annie sat in a seat toward the front of the car, her head bob-



The Sergeant Halted Before One Ice Fringed Tent.

bing energetically as she talked to someone beside her. It was a young woman—Jack noticed little more. Finally Around the World Annie straightened, rose and moved away. Someone else dropped quickly into the seat. Hammond moved into the next coach, found a resting place

and staved there. Night came, with frost-caked windows and the whine of wind. Snow was now heaped deep beside the right of way. The massed humanity of the train became more and more dormant, suddenly to sweep from its

torpidity into excited activity. They were at Fourcross. From outside came almost carnival-like sounds. Dogs barked. Children shouted. A raucous voice reared itself above the other noises:

"Aw-right, folks. Get a good night's sleep. Warm bed and a hot tent for the night, one dollar." "Where are those beds?" asked

Hammond, as he dropped from the

pointed to a line of men moving from the baggage car toward the dull, kerosene glow of a row of which spotted the darkness some hundred yards away through the snow. "Right over there, Pardner! Have 'em set up in no time. Good warm bed, folks. Only a dol-

"Save me one." Hammond commanded and turned to raise his pack sack. He halted, hand ex-tended. In the tangle of activity, he saw Around the World Annie gesticulating with some fervor as she again talked to her companion of the afternoon. She was not recog-nizable in the shadows; nevertheless, there was something about her which held the man's attention. She stood at one side, ankle deep in snow, her coat pulled tight about her slight form-lack of bulk in her clothing made her seem almost frail beside the thickly clothed, woolswathed persons about her. Annie waved a hand.

"Hey," she called to one of her newly outfitted brood. "Bring me that pack sack!"

The girl lifted her pack sack and with lolling steps, came forward. Around the World Annie bent resolutely, failed, loosened her waist with a pawing motion of her hands, tried again and made it. She jerked loose the straps.

"Here," she said, "Take these roolies. And this shirt."

The girl bent with outstretched eager arms to receive them. Her face came into the meager spread of light from the train windows. Jack Hammond started. He knew her now-the stairway leading to his

clutched at her throat, her brown

eyes staring—
"Thank you," said the girl in a
muffled voice. She started to move Around the World Annie

whacked her on the back.
"And don't be a sap!" she cautioned.

"Thank you," came again. Hammond watched her as she went on, huddled over the burden of good fortune which she held tight to her.

"Who's that girl?" he asked as Annie, somewhat belligerent that he had sighted her generosity, swept past him. The woman turned. "Darned if I know," she an-

swered. Then dismissing him, she turned. "Come on," she called to her waiting brood. "Let's find out where the Ritz hotel is at around this dump."

CHAPTER III

Jack Hammond did not see the girl again for nearly a week. That was not unusual. Fourcross rapidly had becme a madhouse of en-deavor—and of waiting. McKenzie Joe was the only person who had gone onward, after leaving a note for Hammond, saying that he had changed his mind and stocked up with a four months' supply of food. Then Sergeant Hubert Terry of the Royal Canadian mounted police had arrived, holding everyone until a large group could follow Ham-mond's lead into the Stikine. "After all," he had said. "You

stirred up all this turmoil. It's up to you to see that these people get where they want to go."

Now, assisting the sergeant, Hammond was on the rounds of a final check-up. The trip to the Stikine was to start in the morning. Furtrimmed parka hoods drawn close about their faces, against the below zero weather, they slipped and scrambled along one of the many trails which led through a maze of shacks and tents. Afternoon was blending into dusk.

"Where to?" asked Hammond.
"I thought I'd drop by and see
Around the World Annie." 'Didn't you say you'd checked up

on her?" The sergeant laughed. He was a pleasant-featured man with an air

of weathered amiability. "Yes, I guess I've got to let her go in. What's to prevent it? She's not going to stop on Canadian soilshe knows perfectly well that the Big Moose takes a long bend near-Sapphire lake and extends almost to the Alaskan border. Once across that and she can set up any kind of an establishment she wants The United States authorities aren't going to send men over a passless mountain range just to police a few miles of territory. She's in the clear on that; I want to see her about another matter."

"Mind if we stop by the post office first?'

The sergeant, his dark eyes twinkling in their frame of wolf fur, glanced at the letter in Hammond's hand.

"Wondered what kept you so long," he mused. Then, "The daily news, eh?"

The sergeant stamped his moccasined feet while Hammond mailed his letter, and brushed a mittened hand across his mustache, white with frost. They began to move. Suddenly the sergeant halted be fore an ice-fringed tent and called

Around the World Annie glanced out, invited them in and shouted a

command:
"Hey, some of you girls! Unsprawl yourselves and give these gentlemen sitting room on one of these cots."

"Don't trouble yourselves," said the sergeant. "Can't stay long." Nevertheless, the girls obeyed, by a casual sort of shifting process which left one cot unoccupied. Sergeant Terry slipped back the hood of his parka. Hammond went to the tin stove, and stood with his back to

Sergeant Terry began asking questions. 'You came here on the same

train with her, didn't you?"
"Well, I guess I did. If it's the girl I'm thinking of," said Annie. "She isn't one of your outfit?"
"Mine?" Annie snorted. "No sir!"

"What did she say she was going to do up here? Annie bristled. 'Start a little store, of course.'

"They all start stores. Or a beauty shop. Or work for some-body," the sergeant replied, in a voice mildly cynical. 'Who are you talking about?"

queried Hammond. "A girl named Jeanne Towers. Been working over at the Cafe de Paris."

"Anything wrong with her?" Annie stiffened, with a queer air of protective ferocity.

"No, there ain't anything wrong with her. Why don't you let the gir. go through? She ain't done nothin' to nobody!" The sergeant laughed.

"Take it easy, Annie," he said.
"I am not accusing her. I'm just trying to get a line on her-it's a long way to the Stikine." "Suppose it is?"

"You wouldn't want me to let omebody go in there that wasn't equipped. What do you mean equipped?"

"Didn't she borrow clothes from you when you got off the train?" Around the World Annie shot a daggerlike glance at Hammond. His eyes signaled swiftly—that he had told nothing. "Where'd you get that?" she asked the policeman.

(TO BE CONTINUED)



Colonial Covered Bridge in Virginia.

Prepared by National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.—WNU Service, NEW works of man more profoundly affect his destiny than does the bridge.

An empire was at stake when Xerxes threw his pontoons across the Hellespont, and Rome's long arm stretched over Europe when Caesar's army bridged the Rhine. Lack of pontoons on which to cross the Seine, Napoleon complained, kept him from ending a war. Our own Gen. Zachary Taylor reminded the War department that its failure to send bridge materials had prevented him from "destroy-

ing the Mexican army."
Yet history, being so largely the annals of wars, fails to emphasize the importance of bridges in every-day life. When you reflect how bridges now make travel easy and swift between towns, cities, stateseven between nations where rivers form frontiers-you feel that few other devices conceived by man serve more to promote understanding and mutual progress.

Ride the air across America and see how bridges dot the map. If the day be clear half a dozen may be in sight at once. From culverts over backwoods creeks to steel giants that span broad rivers, you see a bridge of some kind wherever rails or highways cross a watercourse. How many bridges of all kinds America has, nobody knows. No official count exists. United States army engineers, concerned only with bridges that span navigable rivers of the United States, have more than 6,000 on their list.

Look down on any river city, such as Pittsburgh; see the steady twoway traffic that flows over its bridges, like lines of ants marching. Think of the jams, the chaos in traffic, should all bridges suddenly

Trace the bridge through history and you see how its development is an index to man's social and mechanical advance.

The Urge Is to Get Across.

Fallen trees, chance stepping stones, or swinging vines formed his first bridges. He used them in flight from enemies, to hunt, fight, or steal a wife on his own predatory quest. Fantastic old woodcuts even show us living chains of monkeys swinging from tree to tree across jungle creeks! To get across, even as when the waters parted and Is-rael's Children walked dry-shod over the Red sea floor, was the primary urge.

To this day, as in parts of Tibet, Africa and Peru, men still cross dizzy canyons on bridges of twisted grass and wild vines. Yet the function of these primitive structures is the same as that of the new Golden Gate bridge or the new giant at Sydney, Australia. They carry man

We do not know who built the first bridge. At the end of the reign of Queen Semiramis, about 800 B. C., an arched bridge spanned the Euphrates at Babylon. The legend-ary "Hanging Gardens," some say, consisted of trees and plants set along the roadway of this wide bridge. Explorers at Nebuchadnezzar's palace at Babylon found no traces of any bridge. Yet the use of the arch is very old thereabouts you see proof of this in the amazing ruins of Ctesiphon palace, east of Babylon, where the vaulted ceiling of the grand banquet hall, still standing, is 85 feet high.

Romans left us fine examples of the ancient arch bridge. To this day their masonry work is unsurpassed for strength and beauty; some of their early stone bridges are still in use. Only in recent times came cast iron, steel, and cables. In our own country it was the advent first of railways and then of improved highways for motor cars and trucks which was to strew bridges from coast to coast.

In the pioneers' bold trek to our Middle West and beyond, they forded streams or used crude ferryboats drawn by cables. Often the 'fortyniners swam their horses and oxen, and floated their heavy wagons by lashing logs on either side of the wagon boxes. Covered wagons bound for the "Indian Territory" camped at fords to rest, wash clothes, swap horses and shoe them, and to soak their tires. Today steel bridges span many such creeks; ecross them whiz motor cars, so fast that passengers barely catch even a glimpse of the streams that once seemed so wide.

Built for Railroads. Train riders, asleep or busy with

books and cards, are rushed for 20 miles over the famous Salt Lake cut-off of the pioneer Union Pacific railway. The "world's longest bridge structure," it is called. Stand this trestle on end and it would reach so high that men on the ground could not even see the top of it! Most new bridges we now build are for highways. But when you recall that after 1850 we laid more than 200,000 miles of rails, you can see how the railroad, first with its crude wooden trestles, scattered bridges across America. As westward migration rose to millions, the use of fords and ferries dwindled and bridges multiplied, sometimes not without local disputes.

When the first railroad bridge was started over the Mississippi at Davenport, Iowa, steamboat men en-joined its building as a "nuisance" to navigation! Abraham Lincoln, lawyer, argued the case for the railway-and the bridge was built.

"He is crazy!" men said of James B. Eads when he sought to build the largest steel-arch bridge of its time over the Mississippi at St. Louis. Doubters sniffed at Eads' use of pneumatic caissons for bridge foundations. "I told you so they said, when the first two halfarches approached their junction at mid-span and failed by a few inches to fit. "Pack the arch in ice," ordered Eads. The metal shrank and the ends dropped into place.

The same taunts of ignorance were flung at John A. Roebling and his Brooklyn bridge. "Men cannot work like spiders," these critics said. "They cannot spin giant cables from fine wires high in air." Roebling died before the task was done but his monument is the bridge that spans East river. In the half century since its completion, amazing advance has been made in the design, materials, foundations, and erec-tion methods of bridge engineering.

And there is speed! It took more than ten years to build the Brooklyn bridge. Greater structures are built now in one-third the .ime. When opened in 1883, Roebling's Brooklyn bridge was called one of the "Wonders of the World." Now the George Washington bridge over the Hudson at New York has a span of 3,500 feet-more than twice that of the Brooklyn bridge. And the new Golden Gate bridge spans 4,200 feet!

Lore of Ancient Bridges.

Our American bridges were all built yesterday, as the Old World counts time. Except that American Indians laid flimsy bridges of poles over narrow streams and sometimes sent a crowd of squaws to test a new bridge to see if it would sustain the tribe's horses, we have little of the lore, the traditions, and superstitions which cling to ancient bridges of Europe and the East.

It is even hard for us to imagine tat the Caravan bridge in Smyrna may be 3,000 years old; that Homer wrote verse in nearby caves, or that St. Paul passed over this bridge on his way to preach! Or that Xerxes, the Persian king, bridged the Greek straits more than 400 years before Christ. Then, tasting grief even as Eads and Roebling, he saw a storm destroy it, so that he had to order the rough waters to be lashed and cursed by his official cursers, while he executed his first bridge crew and set another gang at the task.

Reading the papers, it was easy for us to learn all about the International bridge over the Rio Grande between El Paso and Juarez, when President Taft walked out on it to shake hands with President Diaz of exico. Later, by radio, we the Prince of Wales, now Duke of Windsor, and the diplomats speak when the Niagara Peace bridge opened to let Amerians and Car adians mingle in friendly commerce.

Myths and Folklore.

Myths and superstitions linger about many bridges. Since people often die in floods, the Romans looked on a bridge as an infringement on the rights of the river gods to take their toll. Hence, human beings first, then effigies, were thrown into the flooded Tiber by priests, while vestals sang to appease the river gods. In parts of China today a live pig or other animal is so sacrificed when rising floods threaten a bridge.

Turkish folklore reveals this same idea. In his book, "Dar Ul Islam," Sir Mark Sykes records this legend of a bridge under construction which had fallen three times. "This bridge needs a life," said the workmen. "And the master saw a beautiful girl, accompanied by a bitch and her puppies, and he said, will give the first life that comes by. But the dog and her little ones hung back, so the girl was built alive into the bridge, and only her hand with a gold bracelet upon it was left out-It was Peter of Colechurch,

monk in charge of the "Brothers of the Bridge," who built the Old Lon-don bridge. It was a queer struc-ture, with rows of high wooden houses flanking each side, overhanging the Thames. Soon after its completion the houses at one end caught fire. Crowds rushed out on the bridge and hosts of people died either in the blaze or from jumping into

Household . @ Questions

Date Kisses - Thirty stoned dates, one cup almonds, white one egg, one cup powdered sugar. Chop dates; blanch almonds and cut into long strips. Beat egg very stiff, add sugar, dates and al-monds. Drop in buttered tins with teaspoon and bake in quick oven.

To keep the crease in men's trousers, turn them inside out and soap down the crease with a piece of dry soap, then turn back to the right side and press, using a damp cloth. The crease will remain for a long time.

If you store eggs with the small ends down they will keep better.

If sirup for hotcakes is heated before serving it brings out the flavor of the sirup and does not chill the hotcakes. When the frying pan become

slightly burnt, drop a raw peeled potato into the pan for a few minutes. Then remove it, and all traces of burning will have disappeared. A thin syrup of sugar and water

flavored with almond essence is good to sweeten fruit cup. Keep your body free of accumulated waste, take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. 60 Pellets 30 cents. Adv.

By Contrast

If there were no clouds we should not enjoy the sun.-Old Proverb.



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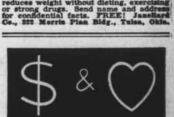
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