

THE GLEANER

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ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY

J. D. KERNODLE, Editor

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Entered at the Postoffice at Graham, N. C., as second-class matter.

Saturday was Roosevelt birthday ball day. Most of the balls were called off, but the urge was made to send dimes and dollars to the President for benefit of infantile paralysis sufferers.

Saturday, January 30th, was the tenth anniversary of Hitler's rise to power. On former anniversaries he has harangued the German people about what a super race they were and what he was striving to make of and do for them. This time he did not attend, but had Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels read a proclamation which was interrupted with the roar of bursting bombs dropped in Berlin by RAF Mosquito bombers. What a change!

After Prime Minister Churchill and President Roosevelt had ended their plannings at Casablanca, Mr. Churchill went to Turkey and the President visited the negro Republic in Africa and from there to have a conference with the President, Vargas, of Brazil, South America and returned to Washington Sunday night. Both missions were highly satisfactory. Turkey was glad to have an interview with Churchill and the President of Brazil was pleased to talk and plan with Roosevelt. The visits strengthened the ties with the allies.

NAZIS CRUSHED IN STALIN-GRAD; OTHER WAR NEWS.

Hitler's hosts, numbering 330,000, have been driven from Stalingrad, the great Russian industrial city on the Volga river. For months the battle has raged with bloody fury. The final clean-up came Tuesday, at the end of a 162-day siege.

Russia reports 91,000 prisoners taken since Jan. 10 when the Germans rejected an ultimatum to surrender. This added to 100,000 Germans killed, announced by the Russians last Sunday, and 175,000 killed and 137,000 captured, announced Dec. 31 as the toll since November 19. In another report the Reds list 503,650 Germans killed and captured. It will tally as the greatest military disaster in history. About 1814 Napoleon started to Moscow with 600,000 soldiers. He returned to France with 100,000. The Russian snows wiped out his legions.

An accurate roster of the casualties at Stalingrad will, perhaps, never be made. Russia did not succeed without heavy losses. The Reds were used to the Russian snows, the Germans were not.

A Russian bulletin said "trophies are still being counted in one of the biggest battles in the history of wars," but listed this booty captured since January 10, when the final push began:

Fifty-six locomotives; 1,125 railway cars; 750 planes; 1,150 tanks; 6,700 guns; 1,462 mortars; 8,135 machine guns; 90,000 rifles; 61,102 trucks; 7,369 motorcycles; 489 cars, tractors and transports; 320 radio transmitters; three armored trains; 235 ammunition and arms dumps and a large amount of other equipment.

Thus ends Hitler's vow last September that Stalingrad would be taken. More than 2,500 officers are numbered among the men captured.

Hitler is now turning toward the fruitful Ukraine and the rich oil fields of the Caucasus, but the Reds are there with heavy fighting equipment.

Maybe Hitler will continue to

send help in quantity to Marshal Rommel in North Africa to ease the blow the Allies, aided by Fighting French, are preparing to deliver.

While the Axis armies are concentrated in Tunisia they are strongly fortified and are expected to fight one of the major battles of the war. Gen. Eisenhower and Gen. Montgomery, American and British commanders, brave and shrewd, will plan to win before engaging in the momentous struggle that it will be.

In the Solomons, Southwest Pacific, after a lull the Japs are coming back with more men, it is believed for the purpose of trying to retake what they have lost. Gen. MacArthur is preparing for the big battle that is expected to be not far off. In the meantime he is striking at every Jap effort to establish a foothold and reports about 500 Jap planes shot down in recent weeks in addition to transports and other shipping destroyed. The Japs claim to have destroyed several ally ships—battleships and cruisers. This claim is passed over without comment on the part of Gen. MacArthur for military reasons.

Germany has been given a taste, in Berlin, in the Ruhr Valley and Hamburg, of what Britain has been taking from Germany since the start of the war. Armament plants have been shattered and big fires started by British and American airmen, some of them in day-light; and Germany has renewed her raids on Britain, after a season of companionate inaction.

The Fighting French in Africa are in great need of fighting equipment and America is going to see that they get it.

WE MUST BE VIGILANT

Director of Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), J. Edgar Hoover, by years of study has learned that law enforcement is a parallel of democracy and good government. He has earned the right to speak with authority. In a recent address he said:

Only a few years ago, any number of sincere but mistaken persons assured us that the day of devastating wars had passed; that preparedness was a cause of wars; that public opinion was enough to stop international plunder; and that all that was necessary was to sign petitions abhorring all war. But the fact remains that the pacifist line did not deter the Japanese attack upon Manchuria; the Fascist plunder against Ethiopia; nor the Nazi massacre and bloodshed in a dozen foraged countries. The American privilege of having the facts should have been sufficient to cause us to be prepared as our President urged. In this day of conflict, we cannot place peace before duty, or love of ease before devotion to country.

There exists another segment of our American life which in its devotion to the maintenance of civil liberties, fails to distinguish between the use of our traditional safeguards to protect the legitimate rights of citizens, and the use of them by enemy agents to cloak their efforts to undermine America. These misguided souls try to apply a peacetime conception of civil rights of a wartime situation. There have been too few in the fighting squads.

Boasting about democracy does not make it succeed. No form of government can survive without justification and it is the American privilege to make democracy efficient. No citizen can be of service by wishful thinking or happy-go-lucky, sentimental speeches. Citizens become of service to our country only through action and deed and preparedness.

The objective of all Americans at this time can be described in

simple terms, "We must win the war and then preserve the peace." Let us not be superficial in our thinking of it as our war. True it is also Britain's war, the Netherland's war, Russia's war, China's war and the war of freemen everywhere. But still, it is America's war. Our allies are helping us and we them. But it is America's war and we must win.

Our national character is on trial. So is Americanism. No man can serve two masters. There can be no such thing as divided allegiance today. We are either for America and its war or we are against it. There is no place for ease, duty shirking, graft, or those who would get-rich-quick at the expense of the war effort. The times call for soul searching effort that will put country before self not only in the armed forces but in labor, management and government.

The early colonists followed a good American custom. Those who would not work or fight the common enemy just did not eat. What we need is a little more of that spirit today. Surely; it is democratic for everyone to be expected to do his part. When one reaches the stage where he no longer feels called upon to respond to the duties of democracy, he forfeits his claim to the rights of democracy.

THE CRUCIAL TEST

America today is going through one of its most crucial periods. In 1776 we fought for our independence; in 1917 for democracy, which we are grimly determined to defend successfully and to preserve for all times to come. That battle will not be won until Nazism, Fascism and the vicious paganism of the Rising Sun shall have gone down in the darkest defeat and become no more than a nightmare in the world's history.

It is an American's privilege to take part in this fight. Thoughts alone in this crisis mean little. Deeds count—deeds which will determine whether we are to go forward in righteousness and strength or backward in degradation and weakness. We stand face to face with chaos and ruin, or peace and prosperity. We cannot meet the future by crass materialism or silly sentimentalism. It is the first duty of every citizen to supply vigorous, active faith in his country.

RULES FOR DEFEAT

The following quotation from a shipyard worker's letter was recently published in the United States News: "When a man hires out to a shipyard, he should be allowed to use all his skill in any trade he knows anything about, so long as it can be used to the advantage of our war effort and can be used in building ships. As for myself and many more shipfitters and helpers, I can weld, burn, layout and chip, but I am allowed to shipfit only, and often times I have to wait for 2 or 3 hours on a welder or burner or chipper.

"The average shipfitter works about 5 hours per day and gets paid for 10. Just stop and think how many man-hours are lost in a single day in all our shipyards. It is enough to build a U. S. destroyer and it is because our union does not see fit to allow a welder or burner or chipper to use his trade, unless he is working at it. I could put in a full 10-hour day, if I was allowed to do this work."

Under such a system, thousands of willing American workmen are forced to hamper war production because of short-sighted application of peacetime union rules. Men at the front are dying as a result. Undoubtedly many of them were members of the very unions whose actions delay supplies they needed. How can legitimate unionism continue

to countenance this kind of abuse of its power?

WORKERS MUST SHIFT TO WAR JOBS

An ordnance plant tried for months to get 146 skilled workers, including 40 machinists. A community survey showed there were men with the proper skills in the area, but they were in non-essential industry and refused to transfer to war work. There are many reasons for such refusals—fear of the loss of seniority in their present occupations, unwillingness to work in a new and strange place and the like. But as the supply of civilian goods and services is drastically cut during 1943, thousands of these workers will have to transfer to the essential trades and jobs—the sooner the better, for they are needed not only for what they can produce themselves but also as trainers of the less skilled, women, youths, and handicapped persons.

Workers who stay in non-essential jobs should remember that they leave gaps in a chain of war production that leads straight to the battle fronts, where men from their own communities are giving lives in order that all American labor may remain free.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Having qualified as Public Administrator of the estate of Maggie Belle Salmons, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 4th day of February, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 4th day of February, 1943. JOHN H. VERNON, Public Administrator of Maggie Belle Salmons Estate.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Having qualified as Public Administrator of the estate of Alfred Raleigh Wall, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 4th day of February, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 4th day of February, 1943. JOHN H. VERNON, Public Administrator of Alfred Raleigh Wall Estate.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Having qualified as Executrix of the estate of Claude H. Cates, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 4th day of February, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Having qualified as Public Administrator of the estate of Alfred Raleigh Wall, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 4th day of February, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 4th day of February, 1943. JOHN H. VERNON, Public Administrator of Alfred Raleigh Wall Estate.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Having qualified as Public Administrator of the estate of Alfred Raleigh Wall, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 4th day of February, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 4th day of February, 1943. JOHN H. VERNON, Public Administrator of Alfred Raleigh Wall Estate.

Having qualified as Public Administrator of the estate of Alfred Raleigh Wall, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 4th day of February, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 4th day of February, 1943. JOHN H. VERNON, Public Administrator of Alfred Raleigh Wall Estate.

Having qualified as Public Administrator of the estate of Alfred Raleigh Wall, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 4th day of February, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

of February, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 4th day of February, 1943. ELLA LEE CATES, Executrix of Claude H. Cates Estate. John H. Vernon, Atty.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of John Hobbs Clapp, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at R. F. D. No. 4, Burlington, North Carolina, on or before the 22nd day of January, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 14th day of January, 1943. JOHN W. CLAPP, Administrator of the estate of John Hobbs Clapp, decd. Louis C. Allen, Atty.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The undersigned, having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Miss Ella Clendenin, deceased, late of Alamance County, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of January, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment to the undersigned. This the 12th day of January, 1943. HENRY G. SMITH, Administrator, C. T. A., 253 River View Dr., Asheville, N. C.

NOTICE

SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION

NORTH CAROLINA, ALAMANCE COUNTY, IN THE GENERAL COUNTY COURT Irene Hines, - vs - Harvey Hines.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action has been begun in the General County Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, it being an action brought by the plaintiff against the defendant for absolute divorce; and the defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear at the office of the Clerk of the General County Court of Alamance County in the courthouse in Graham, N. C., on the 6th day of March, 1943, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This the 2nd day of February, 1943. SARA MURRAY, Asst. Clerk General County Court of Alamance County. Thomas C. Carter, Atty.

NOTICE

NORTH CAROLINA, ALAMANCE COUNTY, IN THE SUPERIOR COURT

John William Menefee, Jr., Plaintiff, - vs - Ann Purmort Menefee, Defendant.

To Ann Purmort Menefee, Defendant: Take notice that on the 18th day of February 1943, at 11:00 o'clock, a. m. and thereafter in the office of Miss

Bernice J. Collins, Notary Public, in and for the District of Columbia at Washington, D. C., Commissioner, the undersigned will take the deposition of Mary Ellen Fenwick to be read as evidence for the Plaintiff in the above entitled action which is now pending in the Superior Court of Alamance County, State of North Carolina; and you will further take notice that if the taking of said deposition is not begun and completed on the same day, the same will be continued from day to day until completed. This 25th day of January, 1943. JOHN WILLIAM MENEFFEE, JR. Plaintiff. A. M. Carroll, Atty.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE!

Having qualified as Executor of the estate of J. E. Isley, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said J. E. Isley to exhibit them to the undersigned at R. F. D. No. 2, Liberty, North Carolina, on or before the 25th day of January, 1944, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This, the 20th day of January, 1943. NEWTON ISLEY, Executor. Long, Long and Barrett, Atty.

Notice of Sale!

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County vs. Mrs. Willie Trollingler, the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Monday, February 15th, 1943, at 12:00 o'clock, noon, at the Courthouse door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described as follows:

A certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Albright Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, and being all of the real property owned by the above named defendant in Albright Township, Alamance County.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten percent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation. This the 11th day of January, 1943. LOUIS C. ALLEN, Commissioner.

Notice of Sale!

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County vs. J. T. Trollingler, Jr. and wife, Mrs. J. T. Trollingler, Jr., the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Monday, February 15th, 1943, at 12:00 o'clock, noon, at the Courthouse door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described as follows:

A certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Albright Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, and being all of the real property owned by the defendant, J. T. Trollingler, Jr., in Albright Township, Alamance County.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten percent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation. This the 11th day of January, 1943. LOUIS C. ALLEN, Commissioner.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County vs. William M. Tapscott and wife, Mrs. William M. Tapscott, the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Monday, February 8th, 1943, at 12:00 o'clock, noon, EWT, at the Court House door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described as follows:

A certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Boone Station Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, and being located on Highway No. 100, and being all of the real property owned by the above named defendants in Boone Station Township, at the time of the attaching of the lien for the taxes referred to in the complaint herein.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten per cent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation. This, the 4th day of January, 1943. LOUIS C. ALLEN, Commissioner.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County vs.

R. L. Patterson and wife, Mrs. R. L. Patterson, the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Monday, February 8th, 1943, at 12:00 o'clock, noon, EWT, at the Court House door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described as follows:

A certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Patterson Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, and being one acre and the home, and being all of the real property owned by the above named defendants in Patterson Township at the time of the attaching of the lien for taxes referred to in the complaint herein.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten per cent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation. This, the 4th day of January, 1943. LOUIS C. ALLEN, Commissioner.

Notice of Sale!

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County vs. Spencer Webster and wife, Ella Webster, the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Monday, February 15th, 1943, at 12:00 o'clock, noon, at the Courthouse door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described as follows:

A certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Burlington Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, and being a house and lot on Richmond Hill, and being the same real property described in that Deed of Trust to Claiborne Young, Trustee, dated August 1, 1935, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County, in a Book of Mortgages and Deeds of Trust, No. 122, at page 157, and being all the real property owned by the above named defendants in Burlington Township at the time of the attaching of the lien for taxes referred to in the complaint herein.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten percent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation. This the 11th day of January, 1943. LOUIS C. ALLEN, Commissioner.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County vs. Claude Crisp and wife, Mrs. Claude Crisp, the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Monday, February 8th, 1943, at 12:00 o'clock, noon, EWT, at the Court House door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described as follows:

A certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Burlington Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, and being a house and lot on Glencoe Road, and being all the real property owned by the above named defendants in Burlington Township at the time of the attaching of the lien for taxes referred to in the complaint herein.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten per cent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation. This, the 4th day of January, 1943. LOUIS C. ALLEN, Commissioner.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County vs. Hubert Alston and wife, Mrs. Hubert Alston, the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Monday, February 8th, 1943, at 12:00 o'clock, noon, EWT, at the Court House door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described as follows:

A certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Burlington Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, and being a house and lot on Glencoe Road, and being all the real property owned by the above named defendants in Burlington Township at the time of the attaching of the lien for taxes referred to in the complaint herein.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten per cent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation. This, the 4th day of January, 1943. LOUIS C. ALLEN, Commissioner.

**War Stamp Sales Over Half Billion Dollars, Album Drive Opens**

Appealing Margaret C. Russell of the War Savings Staff looks up this new Treasury poster which will be seen from coast to coast. It pictures retailers' slogan, "SAY YES." A drive is underway for Americans to buy additional War Stamps to fill albums and convert them into War Bonds.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The nation's retailers from the tiniest hamlets to the mighty cities are acting as a spearhead in a great Treasury Department campaign to sell the additional War Savings Stamps needed to fill more than 100,000,000 albums now in the hands of the American people.

According to a report released by the Treasury Department today, sales of War Savings Stamps totaled \$59,777,000 for the period from May 1, 1941, through November, 1942.

Stamp sales have risen from less than three million dollars per month when they were first introduced to the public to an average of more than fifty million dollars per month at the present time.

The Treasury's slogan, "A half-filled album is like a half-equipped soldier," has been adopted officially by retailers for the campaign.

The importance of the drive is seen in the fact that a War Bond potential of nearly two billion dollars hangs in the balance.

Every War Stamp album, converted into a People's Bond, for which the purchaser pays \$18.75 and which matures to \$25.00 value when held for 10 years, adds its force to the war effort.

The Treasury Department is counting upon the country's school children to play a powerful role in the success of the SAY YES drive. The volume of stamp and bond sales is at the rate of \$200,000,000 for the current school year.

U. S. Treasury Department