

THE ELIZABETH-CITY STAR

AND

North-Carolina Eastern Intelligencer.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY BENJAMIN ALBERTSON, AT THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, OR TWO DOLLARS FOR SIX MONTHS, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

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TERMS.

No paper discontinued till directions to that effect are given, and arrearages paid, but at the option of the Editor.
 Advertisements of no more length than breadth, usually inserted three times for a dollar, and for any five cents for each continuance; longer ones in the same proportion.
 Advertisements will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly, unless otherwise marked by the writers. No advertisement will be inserted for less than one dollar.
 Persons at a distance must accompany their advertisements with the money, or they will not be inserted.
 Letters addressed to the Editor must be postpaid, or they will not be listed.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE North Carolina MISCELLANY.

The subscribers propose to issue at Edenton, a weekly paper, bearing the above title, and designed to succeed the "Edenton Gazette," about to be discontinued.
 The primary object of this publication is, to contribute to the amusement, convenience, and improvement of the community, to which it is offered. Accordingly, in addition to advertisements, and the various news of the day, it shall contain such articles of a political, literary, religious, commercial and agricultural nature, as shall correspond with the end proposed. It shall be appropriated to the exclusive interests of no party, club, political or religious; but shall be made a medium of general information, and free discussion, respecting any question, which may properly claim the attention of the public.

The Miscellany shall be printed with good type, on a fair sheet, and be furnished to subscribers at \$2 50, if paid in advance, or in 3 months from the time of subscribing; and at \$3, if payment be made at the end of the year.

The first number shall appear early in January next, as the acquisition of the necessary materials will admit.

THOS. MEREDITH,
 WM. E. PELL,
 Edenton, N. C., Dec. 20th.

New Goods.

The subscribers, grateful for the liberal encouragement they have received, embrace the present opportunity to return their acknowledgments to their friends and the public generally, and to inform them that they still continue in the mercantile business at their old stand under the National Hotel, where they have just received and opened their Fall and Winter Supply, comprising a large and handsome assortment of

DRY GOODS,
 Groceries, Hardware
 and Crockery.

ALSO,
PAINTS AND OILS,
 OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Their stock of Goods have been selected in New York with great care—suitable to the season and the market, and can be sold low for cash or country produce. They respectfully invite all desirous of purchasing, to call and examine them.

Harrell & Forbes.

October 29.

FOR SALE.

A double Gig and Harness, a Sulkey, a Jersey Waggon and Harness, & an excellent, substantial Dray and Harness. The above articles will be sold low on application at this office.

October 20.

NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED

From New York and now opening, a new and very desirable assortment of

DRY GOODS.

Suitable for the present and approaching season:

Painted, jackonet, mull and Swiss Muslins,
 Plain and fig'd book do.
 Calicoes and Gingham,
 French Lawns and Cambricks,
 Jackonet Muslin Robes,
 Gro de Nap Silks and Pongee,
 Bl'k Sattin and Sattin Levantine,
 Brown Silks and White Sattin,
 Blue, green and pink Florence Silks,
 Green, purple and changeable Merceline Silks,
 Arcopen Crapes, assorted colors,
 Fine chintz bordered Handk'ts,
 Embroidered poplin do.
 Crape and Brazilian do.
 Needle-worked Collars,
 Double Collarets and Pillereens,
 Tamboured Collars,
 Linen cambrick Handkerchiefs,
 Colored bordered do.
 Baudanna and fancy cotton do.
 Fine bordered book muslin do.
 Checked muslin do.
 Ladies' ribbon Cravats,
 Ribbons, Gloves and silk Mitts,
 Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings,
 Brown do. do.
 Plaid and striped Homespun,
 And a great variety of goods suitable for men's wear.
 Leghorn Bonnets,
 Dunstables, of the newest fashions and some very low,
 Navarino Bonnets,
 Amaranth do.
 Bl'k English water proof Navarinos,
 Bl'k and col'd silk Bonnets.

SHOES.

Ladies' Prunelle Shoes and Slippers,
 Do. morocco do. do.
 Childrens' and Misses' morocco and leather Boots and Slippers,
 Mens' calf nailed Shoes,
 Do. Brogans, sewed do.
 Do. coarse Brogans and Shoes,
 Womens' leather Shoes.

HATS.

Mens' bl'k Hats, fashionable shape, White & bl'k Hats, selling very low,
 Bl'k wool Hats, & white low crowned do. Boys' Caps.

GROCERIES.

New wheat superfine Flour, in bbls. and half bbls.
 Mess, prime and cargo Pork,
 Coffee, Sugar and Molasses,
 Imperial and Young Hyson Tea,
 Leaf Sugar, Pepper and Pimento,
 Soap, Candles, Copperas and Indigo,
 Nails, bar and round Iron,
 Salt in sacks and Turks Island do.
 N. E. Rum, Whiskey and A. Brandy,
 And a few gallons 12 years old Jamaica Rum, of a superior quality.
 White Lead and paint Oil,
 Lamp Oil and window Glass,
 And many other articles too numerous to mention. These together with the stock on hand renders the assortment very extensive, all of which will be sold very low for cash, country produce, notes, or on any other accommodating terms.

Wm. T. Bryant.

Elizabeth-City, Sept. 15.

Private Boarding.

WILLIAM ALBERTSON having declined keeping Tavern and removed to the house formerly occupied by Mr. Abner Williams, opposite the Tannery,

Mrs. Albertson

will take single gentlemen to board by the month or year, who do not wish lodgings in the house; or also children for the Academy, or such as may wish to take lessons on the Piano Forte under Mrs. Thompson, who will teach music in the house.
 Dec. 31.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

North Carolina Advocate.

It is proposed to publish a weekly Newspaper in Elizabeth City, to be edited by EDWARD A. MALLORY and called the "North Carolina Advocate," at Four dollars per annum, but if paid half yearly in advance, only Three dollars will be required.

The classes of interesting subjects usually noticed in weekly papers may be expected in this. The principles of the Jeffersonian or Democratical Republican School shall govern in its political department. No party but that of the Democracy will be supported. Parties actuated by individual ambition, or personal opposition for selfish and sinister purposes, whatever title they may assume, can receive no countenance from this press. Persons honestly differing from the Democratical Republican faith, although they cannot be encouraged in their political views, yet shall be treated with the utmost respect. A mere difference in political opinions should never create enmity between citizens of the same nation, unless the doctrines contained under such opinions manifestly tend to the subversion of the government, and even then if argument and legislative prudence fail in averting the evil, enmity alone can afford no very rational or adequate remedy.

It is intended that this paper will support the re-election of General Jackson to the Presidency. That support will be upon an independent basis, uninfused by personal attachment, by any hope of political distinction, or of government patronage or remuneration—it will be on principle, and principle requires it to be voluntary and disinterested.

A leading purpose of this press will be to maintain a strict regard to the interests of North Carolina. All her patriotic and intelligent citizens have to lament the apathy that hitherto prevailed amongst her people on the subject of "IMPROVEMENTS" in a great many of the varieties that compose that general term, and the sluggishness with which she has dragged after all her twin sisters, and some of her younger ones, in the march of "Improvement." It is confidently believed that a greater degree of energy in the Public Press of the State would mainly contribute to her advancement to the van of the national phalanx; and the operations this Press will be directed conformably with the articles of that belief. New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia appropriate immense sums of money every year to the establishing of long and circuitous routes to draw the produce and trade of the West through their several States, yet North Carolina, with one or two good navigable outlets, and others susceptible of improvement—situated in a latitude favorable to health, and affording an unobstructed winter navigation—nearly in a direct line, of no great length, with the middle of the great valley of the Mississippi, a region that at no very distant day will be a vast emporium of commercial and agricultural wealth, remains with folded arms in stupified inactivity viewing the departure of that commerce, and that wealth which she, with much less costly exertions might secure for her own future greatness. Is this apathy authorized by either national interest, individual interest, or by common sense? By neither. Then why continue it?

The great neglect of Education in this State is believed to be a chief cause of our lassitude on leading subjects of improvement. This Press will keep in constant view the all important subject of Education—In fine, it will be what its name imports, the Advocate of the interests of the State of North Carolina.

POETRY.

The following beautiful Stanzas were penned by Gray for his "Country Church Yard," but afterwards omitted as not in his opinion possessing sufficient merit.

Hark! how the sacred calm that hovers
 around,
 Bids every fierce tumultuous passion
 In still small accents whispering from the
 ground
 A grateful earnest of eternal peace.

There scatter'd oft, the earliest of the
 year,
 By hands unseen are shower of violets
 The red-breast loves to build and warble
 there
 And little footsteps lightly print the

MISCELLANEOUS.

A new Musical Instrument.—The following description of a newly invented Piano Forte is given in a late number of the Glasgow Courier.—The inventor appears to be an Irishman, of great natural parts, and possessing with all an accurate knowledge of the chromatic scale. Wishing to enjoy, says the Courier, a little music on an evening after work, he got a box of the general appearance, but deeper and broader than an ordinary piano, and bored a row of holes from one end to the other. Into this box six or seven swine are placed, (but there may be more) of different ages, from the sucking pig to the grub boar, exulting in swinehood. In this way a scale of voices is obtained. The tails of each inmate are then drawn through the holes in the box, and the lid closed, so that half a dozen tails hang outside. Whenever Paddy wishes to play, he twitches each tail in a petty and successively, and the music begins and lasts as long as he likes.—When tired, he just liberates the musicians till the next time. The airs are all Irish, and when the twitching is smartly and skilfully done, the music is not a whit behind the mixture of sounds at the late "Physical Demonstration." The instrument is called a Hogomagnuffy."

Touch.—A writer in a St. Clairsville (Ohio) paper, tells the following story as every word true:—

"In Nov. 1827, then living in Harrison county, Ohio, I killed a small hog and dressed it on the face of a large red oak stump. In the March following I observed most of the bristles left on the stump from dressing the hog, to be sticking into the wood endwise—and on pulling them out, I found to each bristle two or three roots from 1-2 to 3-4 of an inch long, having actually commenced a vegetable growth."

The writer of this curious piece of natural history must be the same man of whom it is told that on a certain time when slaughtering a hog in the woods, he lost his jackknife, which dropped among the dried leaves; and in the following summer happening to pass the same place he was surprised to see a large bush covered with jackknives, which hung depending from the stems like fruit.

Effects of Intemperance.—Judge Edwards, in pronouncing sentence of death on James Ransom, recently convicted in New York of the murder of his wife, made the following statement:

"Upon a review of this shocking transaction, the question naturally presents itself, what could so have perverted your nature: The answer is—Spirituous liquors. It has had the effect to estrange you from the most endearing relation, from the ties of blood, from your obligations to your fellow beings and to your Creator. If any further evidence was wanting to manifest the desolating effects of ardent spirits, which have moved like a destroying angel over the land, we have it in the astonishing fact, that within the last two months, three men have been arraigned before me on charges of murdering their wives: each of these offences were committed by intemperate men.—As destructive as this practice is to soci-

ety at large, as distressing as it is to all classes of the community, yet it is indubitably true that none are made to suffer more severely from it than married women. Complaints of abuses from drunken husbands, have increased to such an extent as to render it necessary that the law should be brought to bear with severity upon them. It is full time that the partners of these abandoned men should be made to realize that they have in the laws and ministers of justice, friends who are both able and willing to protect them from the brutal violence of their husbands."

Support your Mechanics.—There is scarcely any thing which tends more to the improvement of a town, than a fair and liberal support afforded to mechanics of every description. Population is necessary to the prosperity of the town or country, and that population being of an honest and industrious character, renders prosperity more certain, uniform and unvarying. Scarcely any place has risen to much importance, even when possessed of the utmost commercial advantages, without a due regard to the encouragement of the mechanical arts. For though the exportation of merchandize may form the leading feature of such a place, the various arts of mechanism are invariably called in requisition, and are indispensable to render the progress of commercial operations safe and easy. To an inland town, mechanics are equally important as elsewhere. They constitute a large and respectable portion of society in all countries, but in our towns and villages they are almost a leading, constituent part of their growth and population. To afford ample support to a class of citizens so highly useful and necessary, is certainly the duty of those engaged in other pursuits.—[Regulator.]

Moral and Religious.