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THE FRANKLIN TIMES

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY
JAMES A. THOMAS,
Editor and Proprietor.

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BAPTIST—Rev. Baylus Cade, pastor. Services 1st and 3rd Sundays in each month, morning and night. Prayer meeting every Thursday night. Sunday School 9 o'clock, A. M.

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The Superintendent will be in Louisburg on the second Thursday of February, April, July, September, October and December, and remain for three days, if necessary, for the purpose of examining applicants to teach in the public schools of Franklin county.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

B. B. MASSENBURG,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Office in the Court House.
All business put in my hands will receive prompt attention.

C. M. COOKE.
ATT'Y and COUNSELLOR at LAW.
LOUISBURG, FRANKLIN CO., N. C.
Will attend the Courts of Nash, Franklin, Granville, Warren, and Wake Counties also the Supreme court of North Carolina, and the U. S. Circuit and DISTRICT Courts.

DR. J. E. MALONE,
Office 2 doors below Furman & Cooke's Drug Store, adjoining Dr. O. L. Ellis.

E. W. TIMBERLAKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Office in the Court House.

W. A. DAY A. C. ZOLLICOFFER
Day & Zollicoffer
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
HENDERSON N. C.
Practice in the courts of Franklin, Vance, Granville, Halifax, and Northampton—and the Supreme and Federal courts of the State

A. A. HICKS,
Attorney At Law & Notary Public,
OXFORD, N. C., AND
T. T. HICKS,
Attorney at Law,
HENDERSON, N. C.
Will practice together in the counties of Granville, Vance, Franklin and Warren, and in all matters requiring their joint attention.
We hope by prompt, diligent and faithful attention to business, to deserve and receive a portion of the law business of this section.

The Franklin Times.

J. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor. WITH MALICE TOWARD NONE; WITH CHARITY FOR ALL. PRICE $1.50 PER ANNUM In Advance

VOL XVII. LOUISBURG, N. C., AUGUST 01, 1888. NO. 31

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

For President.
GROVER CLEVELAND,
of New York.
For Vice-President
ALLEN G. THURMAN,
of Ohio.
For Governor
DANIEL G. FOWLE
of Wake.

For Lieutenant-Governor:
THOMAS M. HOLT,
of Alamance County.

For Secretary of State:
WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS,
of Wake county.

For State Treasurer:
DONALD W. BAIN,
of Wake County.

For State Auditor:
GEORGE W. SANDERLIN,
of Wayne County.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction:
SIDNEY M. FINGER,
of Catawba County.

For Attorney-General:
THEODORE F. DAVIDSON,
of Buncombe County.

For Judges Supreme Court:
JOSEPH J. DAVIS,
of Franklin County.
JAMES E. SHEPHERD,
of Beaufort County.
ALPHONSO C. AVERY,
of Burke County.

For Presidential Electors at Large:
ALFRED M. WADDELL,
of New Hanover County.
FREDERICK N. STRUDWICK,
of Orange County.

FOR CONGRESS FROM 4th DISTRICT
BENJ. H. BUNN,
OF NASH.

Dockery's Balm.

Col. Dockery is down on County Government. He is so much in sympathy with his party, mainly composed of the "largely savages," to whom Judge Russell referred in his letter, that he is willing to hand over the twenty-six negro counties to the control of the blacks. This pretentious and yet ignorant politician is ready to give the negroes control of the purse strings. This is the real import and end of his letter. He proposes a sort of a roundabout way but the end in view is to give the negroes control. There was never a more foolish suggestion made by mortal than he makes, nor one more immical to the true interests of the white people. If there had been any doubt of the assertion that Dockery is a demagogue, his letter must remove all doubt forever.

He is wholly upset and dissatisfied at the present system of County Government. He says the "valuation of property, laying of taxes and control of public schools are far removed from the people"—that is, from his negro allies and chief supporters—and that "this is subversion of rights and tends to sap fundamental principles." "It is a "fundamental principle" of a Republican form of Government, as administered by Republican schemers, political adventurers and chronic office seekers that the ignorant and unlettered should control the purse strings of the property owners and levy and spend the taxes collected from the people.

The Radical candidate for Governor has a remedy and such a remedy it is. He wants the Legislature to change the system. He proposes that an act shall be passed "authorizing the Governor, on the petition of not less than one hundred free holders or any county, to appoint a board of audit and finance for each county, to consist of as many members as the Board of County commissioners, to be of both political parties, and the majority thereof to be of opposite politics to the majority of the Board of Commissioners, without whose consent not a dollar of the people's money shall be expended."

This is the mouse produced by the laboring of the Radical mountain. He proposes a system that would give ignorance and fice full control or that would stop the wheels altogether. How could there be any progress, any proper expenditure under such a wild goose scheme! The Board of Audit and Finance to be controlled by Radicals and the Board of County Commissioners to be controlled by Democrats or vice versa. How would this work? The Democrats in the counties would not make any needed expenditure without Radical consent or approval. It is true the Democrats could keep the negroes and their allies from wasting or pillaging the funds, but ignorance would dominate all the same, for the negroes could lock the wheels completely.

The whites in the east want none of this Dockery nonsense. It is a trick, a dodge, a scheme to propitiate ignorance and catch votes. It is conceived in mischief and will be worked in iniquity. It begins in demagoguery and if successful will end in calamity to the State. Dockery's balm is not the balm sought by the whites. The balm of Oliver will not begin to do.—Ex.

Quay's Trick.

They say Math Quay, chief bottle-washer of the Republican campaign, is a very shrewd man; but his first flank movement on the Democratic stronghold has petered out in pitiful style. There was a national convention of colored men to meet in Indianapolis last week. The call was for colored men of Democratic proclivities, and the object was to organize for aiding in carrying the election for Cleveland. The Convention seemed to mean business as was evinced by its audacity in meeting in the very city where the Republican nominee for President lives.

But Senator Math Quay resolved to stampede the Convention and turn it into a Harrison and Morton ratification meeting. He selected a dozen of the smartest of his colored claquary in Philadelphia and sent them to Indianapolis literally loaded down with funds. The programme was to dazzle the poor Democratic darkies by showing them the town by gas light, to the music gurgling champagne and the clinking of corn. The Democratic darkies bit splendidly—at the champagne and the coin and they followed Quay's money spenders until the wee sma' hours even were passed, and the sun had brushed the eastern horizon with a streak of red. The next day the Quay "niggers," who had "stood treat" so bountifully attempted to enter the convention hall and complete the stampede for Harrison and Morton. The attempt was as far as they got, and several are glad they escaped with their lives. The door keeper declined to admit them. He said the house inside was packed with Cleveland niggers and every hoof of 'em had a razor in his hip pocket which he was wearing for use, not ornament. He said some of the darkies from the South wore razors a foot long with edges on both sides. The Philadelphians expostulated and referred to their generosity the night before.

"Ah!" said the ebony doorkeeper, "We kin drink Harrison and Morton liquor and smoke Harrison and Morton segaars, but ef you try to preach Harrison and Morton gospill to dis convention, you bettah be prepared for all final change."

The Philadelphians were afraid to report to Quay that they never even entered the hall after spending the money, so they pushed in anyhow. In a moment the dignified Philadelphians emerged making for the street at a full run, assisted by several big boots, while the air fairly throbbed and glistened with yells and razors. They left the city hastily and on arriving at Philadelphia made a truthful report. Mr. Quay's first flank movement was a ludicrous failure, and the whole country is laughing. Try again Matt. But perhaps it is too late. The leopard's spots have not been heard from yet, but the Ethiopian is changing his political skin.

Republicans in 1892 And in 1888.

Wil. Star.

In June, 1882, the Republican Convention of Maine met and took the very position that Blaine urged in his Paris letter of several months since. It declared that "We are unalterably opposed to the abolition or reduction of the internal revenue tax on liquors and demand that all possible reductions of taxation shall be made on necessaries, and not upon luxuries."

The Michigan Republican Legislature of 1883, adopted a resolution requesting their delegation to the Federal Congress to use their influence and vote against any legislation for the removal of the whiskey and beer tax. But in 1888, the Republican party has become the Free Whiskey party, and they in open National Convention declare:

"WE FAVOR THE ENTIRE REPEAL OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS RATHER THAN SURRENDER ANY PART OF OUR PROTECTIVE SYSTEM."

In opposition to such legislation as this the Democratic party of the whole United States is pledged to Tariff reform—to a reduction in the necessaries of life; for instance, to reduce the tax on steel rails from $17 to $11; to reduce the tax on hammers from 16 to 10 per cent.; on saws from 40 to 39 per cent.; on anvils from 34 to 25 per cent.; to reduce on eight yards of fine gingham from 46 to 40 cents; to reduce the tax on $10 worth of pottery from $5.60 to $4; to reduce the tax on horse shoes from 76 per cent. to 48 per cent.; to abolish the tax on copper and cotton ties—the latter is 35 cents on the $1, and so on. But when the Democrats propose such slight but important reductions on the poor man's tools and necessaries the cry goes up from the Money Devil, the Plutocrats, the Monopolists, their newspaper organs and tooters—"Free Trade, Free Trade, Free Whiskey, FREE WHISKEY, FREE SMOKES." But the people are not fools as they will find.

A Card—Jake Can't Stand Them.

Senior Topic.

PATTERSON, July 5.—I take this method of withdrawing my connection from the Republican party. I will at some future time give my reason for so doing. Suffice it to say that "the bloody shirt" policy North and the domineering spirit of the revenue and negro element South, prompt me to take this course. I am not an aspirant for any office within the gift of the people and wish to retire to the shades of private life. All I ask is to be let alone and allowed to vote just as I please.

Thanking the people of all parties, races and conditions, especially in my native county (Burke) for their support in the past, and "with charity for all and malice towards none," I am,

Very respectfully,
JAKE H. HALLYBURTON.

REV. E. P. ROE.

Rev. E. P. Roe, whose death was announced yesterday, was without question the most widely-read novelist in America. There has been plenty of speculation as to why this was so, for even his most ardent admirers were willing to admit that his great success was not justified by the merit of his books. Still, it is a fact which cannot be gainsaid.

Personally, Mr. Roe was a most lovable man, full of charity and affection for mankind, and sincere and conscientious in every part of his life. If there was any one cause more than another which won him his large circle of readers, we suppose it was this spirit of truthfulness that shone imperceptibly through all his work. He described the life of the common people, but he did so with faithfulness, even in the smallest details. If he was unacquainted with any scenes or type of life that he wished to incorporate into one of his books, he studied it with the zeal of a young reporter on his first assignment.

It is a strange coincidence that of all the modern novelists there are no two whose methods were so similar as Mr. Roe's and Zola's, both were conscientious in their literary work to the highest degree; both believed that the novelist was nothing more or less than a reporter of the highest type, and both went out into the world to gather their material for their works. But the American found truth and virtue predominant, because those were the characteristics of his own life; the Frenchman, with a different education and among a different people, believed that vice and crime and lust were the mainsprings of the world's history.

Mr. Roe was a man of whom it may be said, with especial truth, that his was a life well spent. His talents, such as they were, he developed to their fullest extent, and they were always arrayed on the side of justice and humanity.—N. Y. Star.

The Northern Colored Vote.

There is a genuine split threatened in the Negro vote in New York State. Thus far a very considerable desertion has occurred. They have no confidence in Chinese Harrison and Money-bags Morton, who imports cheap contract Labor from Europe. The New York Star says:

"They discredit, too, the Republicanism of the railway attorneys, the land sharks and the monopolists who conducted the Chicago Convention. And they do not believe in dear clothes and cheap whiskey, as incubated in the Chicago platform. There are ten thousand colored citizens in New York City. According to the most conservative estimates, they will cast 4,000 votes for Cleveland and Thurman. According to the estimate of the most sanguine colored Democrats, they will wheel into line 7,000 strong for the Democratic ticket. The colored citizens of the metropolis are now forming a Democratic County Committee, and are organizing a Democratic colored club in every assembly district in the city. The movement is a political exodus from the Republican party."

Surely the signs thicken that the cause of honest government and just taxation is prospering, and that Cleveland and Thurman are gaining strength every day. While the Northern men of color are deserting the old corrupt party that has bamboozled and bled them so often, what will the Southern black men do? The probability is that they will continue blindly to follow the lead of the Republican party that has long ago outlived its unselfishness and good name.

There are four colored lawyers in New York. They will support Cleveland and Thurman as will 40 per cent. of their race in the great city. The leading lawyer is T. M. Stewart, from South Carolina. He practices chiefly in the Supreme Court. He belongs to a Democratic Club.

In Indianna there will be a considerable split in the negro vote, George T. Downing, a leader of the colored vote at NewPort, Rhode Island, is out in a letter favoring a division in the colored vote,

Put to The Test.

Mr. Johnson, of N. C., offered an amendment to insert after cigarettes, to repeal all internal taxes on spirits distilled from grain or fruit of any kind," but it was voted down by the republicans whose platform commits tem to free whiskey. It is evident that they are solid for a surplus in the treasury, they are in favor of aiding monopolies, trusts and voting the money for pensions. It is the party of the rich, the aristocrats, and in direct opposition to the poor man, they care nothing for the poor man, except his vote, and this they say they can buy. Dockery thinks with them and endeavored to get money from the National Committee to buy up the poor man's vote. He in other words says he is devoid of principle and honor, can the poor white man vote for one who thinks and acts as he does.

General Geary, while Governor of Pennsylvania, wrote Dr. Shallenberger: "I regard your Antidote as a public benefaction. In my case, as well as in many others known to me, it has proven an invaluable remedy for chills; not only prompt in curing, but singularly pleasant and beneficial in its general effects upon the system."

WORTH KNOWING.

Mr. W. H. Morgan, merchant, Lake City, Fla., was taken with a severe cold, attended with a distressing cough and running into consumption in its first stages. He tried many so-called popular cough remedies and steadily grew worse. Was reduced in flesh, had difficulty in breathing and was unable to sleep. Finally tried Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption and found immediate relief, and after using about a half dozen bottles found himself well and has had no return of the disease. No other remedy can show so grand a record of cures, as Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. Guaranteed to do just what is claimed for it.—Trial bottle free at Clifton's Drug Store.

Third Party Speech.

The Rev. James R. Jones, Elector-at-Large on the third party ticket, addressed those of his way of thinking at the Court House Saturday night. Possibly a few who did not think with him were present also.

This is a free country, the inhabitants of this country are free men. There are already two parties, though for the life of us we could never see the need of but one—the good old Simon Pure Democratic Party. But if there are those among us who feel the need of another—the third party—as free men they have a right to organize it. But whether or not; as Southern white men, they have the right to organize or encourage a movement calculated (not to say intended,) to weaken the grand old organization that has so long manfully battled for the supremacy of the white race in this country, is quite another thing.

Temperance is one thing; fanaticism is another. "Be temperate in all things," is a divine injunction. Is the doctrine of the Rev. Mr. Jones the apostle, temperate? We fail to see it.—Charlotte Chronicle.

HERE are some of the evils of the present tariff which will be remedied if the Senate will pass the Mills bill. "The poor woman's shawl, costing 65 cents per pound, is to pay 126 per cent. while her rich neighbor's shawl, costing $150 per pound is to pay only 84 per cent. The poor man's hat, costing 47 cents per pound, and now paying 73 per cent. is to pay 135 per cent. while the rich man's hat, costing $185 per pound, is to pay only 10 per cent. This is a fair example of the whole schedule. In every case, practicably, it discriminates heavily in the duties it proposes against the lower priced goods worn by the mass of the people. The pretence of the wool and other protectionists is that they desire by high duties to protect the American workmen employed in manufacturing. If they were sincere in this they would lay the heaviest duties on the highest class goods, because the making of these involves the use of the most labor, and in the goods labor bears the greatest proportion to the cost of material. But as has been shown by the example above, throughout this schedule favored by Republicans they have carefully put the highest duties on the coarser goods, in which the least labor is used, that is to say they have skilfully and heavily discriminated against the workmen employed in the American woolen factories.

"Penny Wise and Pound Foolish."

That's what men who plod along—trying to do their business, when they feel half dead Their eyes are dim and throb; their head aches; the children annoy them; their wives lose their charms; they lose their ambition; they make mistakes in their accounts, and the whole world looks blue; they hate themselves and everyone else. And why? If you feel so, why don't you stop and think a minute—or are you too stupid? Your liver and blood are out of order; that's all. You need a good regulator and tonic. Take a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and you will feel like a new man. In three days your wife will be the prettiest and sweetest woman in the world; your children's dispositions will be exactly like your own; your business will improve, and you will make money enough to pay for the "Golden Medical Discovery a hundred times over. Don't be stubborn, but try it.

If you suffer from 'cold in the head,' or from nasal catarrh, use Dr. Sage's catarrh remedy. It cures when everything else fails.

The wife who carries on her husband's pawnshop after his decease is truly a "loan widder."

An African tribe is governed by a ruler who has no tongue. He is not only the King, but the King dumb.

THE FRANKLIN TIMES.

The Times is the oldest newspaper published in Franklin county, and its circulation extends all over every section of this and adjoining counties. advertisers should make a note here.

The Editor will not be responsible for the views of correspondents.

Brief communications from all sections most earnestly solicited. News items of any nature will be thankfully received.

The Bagging and Tie Trust.

Money is power. Nowhere in the world is this more thoroughly exemplified than in this land of boasted liberty and freedom. A few moneyed men can combine, form "corners" on coffee, sugar, wheat, cotton, pork, bagging and ties and a thousand other articles of necessity and force the people to contribute to their coffers and in a few days extract from pockets millions of dollars. The people, the "dear" people, the "gullible" people, are to blame for much of it. We put these monopolists on, their hirelings, into positions of honor and trust, and thus give them the power to oppress us.

We hope to present to our readers in the near future some figures to show what an enormous sum is taken from them in the matter of bagging and ties.

We should grow our own jute and make our own bagging. Nowhere in India can better jute be grown than in North and South Carolina and in all the Gulf States. We should grow it here on our own farms and make it into bagging and bale our own cotton, and by a thorough organization of the cotton growers of the South, establish a Cotton Farmers' Trust, and so adjust for the production and so arrange for its control as to enable us to store and hold the cotton and force the world to pay us the worth of it. We have a monopoly of the grade of cotton, which is used by the manufacturing and commercial world. The British Cotton Growers' Association spent millions of dollars during the late war in searching for a soil and proper climatic conditions for the production of a staple that would compete with American uplands, but they failed. We are the only people who can produce it. Let the Alliance, the Inter-State Association and the Cotton Associations devise plans for raising our own jute and for making our own bagging, and by proper co-operative effort the cotton States can soon become the richest and most independent in the world. Let the Alliance move forward.—Progressive Farmer.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle For sale by J. H. Clifton.

Always carries off the palm—The hand.

RENEWS HER YOUTH.

Mrs. Phoebe Chesley, Peterson, Clay Co., Iowa, tells the following remarkable story, the truth of which is vouched for by the residents of the town: "I am 73 years old, and have been troubled with kidney complaint and lameness for many years, could not dress myself without help. Now I am free from all pain and soreness, and am able to do all my own housework. I owe my thanks to Electric Bitters for having renewed my youth, and removed completely all disease and pain."

An unnatural curiosity—The calf of a cow catcher.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. For sale at Furman's.

As soon as a man commences growing bald he stops growing hair.

Why will you cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1. For sale at Furman's.

It is curious how sweet a honey bee is at one end and how bitter he is at the other.

Shiloh's catarrh remedy—A positive cure for catarrh, diptheria and canker mouth. For sale by W. H. Furman, Jr.

"Hackmetack," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cts. For sale by Furman.

Shiloh's cure will immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis. For sale by Furman.

For dyspepsia and liver complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. For sale at Furman's.

A nasal injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's catarrh remedy. For sale at Furman's.

The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure. For sale at Furman's Drug Store.