The Franklin Times FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER - - - - 28, 1888

READ AND PONDER. Since 1878 the good old county of Franklin has been almost under the sole control of the Democrate, leaving out the time which has elapsed since the election of 1886, when the opposition got in some of its candidates. Now we rise to ask if there is really any danger of this county being handed over wholly to the Radical party? If so, we beg the people of our good old county to stop for a moment and seriously consider the inevitable consequences that are to follow such a disastrous event.

Have you forgotten the days of 1868, when the State land tax was 80 cents on \$100.00. Under Democratic government to-day, it is but 20 cents! When it was a notorious fact that the Legislature was bought up, BRIBED for \$240,000! When GOLD and SILVER, horses and carriages, bonds and lands, were used as corruption funds to buy up JUDGES and LEGISLATORS. When even the carpet in the State Capital was made the subject of corrupt bargain, FRAUD and BOBBERY of the people's money. When by the carpet bag legislature of \$23,-000,000 of FRAUDULENT SPECIAL TAX BONDS were issued and attempted to be fostered upon the people of this State, who received NOT ONE DOLLAR OF CONSIDERA-TION, which bonds Levi P. Morton, the Radical candidate for Vice President, now holds, and by the election of three Radical Judges of the Supreme Court, hopes to GRIND the last cent of them out of the tax-ridden people of North Carolina, the burden of which taxation will fall upon the LAND of this State. Fellow Democrats, have you for-

gotten, and do you properly appreciate these things. No calamity so dire can befall the people of Franklin county, as a return to such rule under radical supremacy. The next Legislature is to elect a U. S. Senator. Shall it be Ransom, the peerless, or some venomous South hater, of the ilk of Abbott or Pool, such as the Radicals made Senators of when they were in power. We beg the Democratic party of Franklin county to wake up, lay aside personal considerations and petty animosities and Go To WORK, work for the party which has given us peace and low taxes. Work for the party which has secured to every man life, liberty and property, and the pursuit of happiness. Work for the party whose legislators cannot be bribed, and whose Judges cannot be bought. By every motive of self-preservation, by every emotion that can move or stir the patriot heart, we beg, we adjure you to scorn likes and dislikes; lay aside animosities and prejudices, and work from now till the election day for the success of the Democratic ticket.

### THE TAX FALLS MOST HEAVILY UPON THE POOR. Samuel J. Tilden.

The tariff taxes carry with them other incidents, which greatly increase their burden. They fall most heavily upon men of small incomes, the proceeds of whose labor and industry are consumed to support themselves and their fanilies. Every man who has obtained a situation of tomfort and prosperity can in some way stand them, But take the poor man, take the man not poor, whose annual income is consumed in his annual support, and he pays a most disproportionate amount from his earnings or income for the taxes levied upon the country.

It is not for myself that I speak to you to day, yeomanry and citizens of Columbia; it is for you and because I have cherished from my childhood and still cherish the thought that America is to be the home of its people and not a State in which the wealthy are prosperous at the expense of toiling mill-

These taxes, when laid on im ports in the manner in which they were laid in the Congressional carnival of manufacturers which framed our present tariff, cause a misapplication n of industry that charges on the consumer what neither the government is able to collect as taxes nor the manufacturer to appropriate as profits. They lessen the productive power of husoil. off hi salwies the salven so I'm a soch mittel and Sustainteed to there you Plot I know how't have to.

REPUBLICAN TARIFF BILL

After so long a time the Republicans of the Senate have about agreed upon a tariff bill which they propose to offer as a substitute for the Mills bill. The New York Herald says of it:

The republican Tariff bill will be given in full to the public fshortly. In the meantime, however, we furnish our reeders with a succinct statement of its main points and peculiarities.

Mr. Blaine's advice has prevailed as to the abolition of the tax on tobacco. This will reduce the revenue about thirty millions.

The tax on sugar has been cut down fifty per cent, which will decrease the revenue by twenty-five

millions more. Ten millions additional are to be saved from the tax on alcohol used in the arts, and five millions from various articles placed on the free

The bill proposes to abolish as far as practicable our ad valorem duties and raise the necessary federal income from specific duties.

This is so radical a change and one which will produce such embarassing if not disastrous results, especially in its bearing on the purchases of the laboring classes that the bill compares very unfavorably with the Mills bill, if the object of legislation is the benefit of the masses.

The wage earner and the man with a small income will find in it very little to comfort or cheer him. It compels him to pay heavily for the necessaries of life, but puts a few luxuries in reach. Alcohol and tobacco may be had at the minimum rate; as for the articles of daily consumption few changes are made, and he caust pay the old

As the bill of a party which has gone back on its own repeated pledges, which is loud in promise but timid in performance, and which takes its place openly on the side of the classes as against the masses, it is worth a careful consideration. But as a bill for the people-the mechanics, artisans, farmers, wage earners of the country-it will be found entirely inadequate to meet the popular de mands of the hour, unless so amended that in its present form it will be lost sight of.

As CAPT. BUNN very forcibly says, if the Democrats had the Federal Senate and sole control of affairs it would smash the Bagging Trust and all other trusts in foftyeight hours.

Some of the most competent advocates of the Damocratic ticket on the platform this year are colored men, and we hear of their speeches in the South as well as in the North. They find warm encouragement from the Democracy of the Southern States, where a far larger colored vote will be polled for the Democratic party in November than the party ever got in past years. The colored people of the United States have learned many things by experience during the past four years, and they are now aware that their freedom is safe under Democratic rule. Besides the colored people here referred to, there is a good list of papers under the editorship of colored men that are upholding the principles and the candidates of Democracy .- N. Y. Sun.

DEMOCRATS, if there are any among you who are doubtful, remember that for your sake and the sake of your little ones, that this is no time to be undecided. Stand to your colors. The enemy is before you, fear not to face the music. If you are a good, true Democrat you cannot lend your influence to another party, let its name be what it may. You many think that your one vote counts for little, but it tells in the general result; it is a hazardous thing to be doubtful now. It is hazardous to be even lukewarm, and we appeal to every white man who loves his race to stand by his colors. Every vote is needed, and we want you to vote as necessity requires.

Ir is the honest man, zealous for the right, who allows his judgment to control his actions, who commands our highest admiration and profound respect. A man who allows his judgment to control his actions is always a man of broad views. He has a wide horizon. He does not make of thinking that there is but one public question. He is not a man of one Idea. grasps all the problems that effect man and seeks to aid in their solution. He does not, turning aside from issues of great concern, raise up one and declare that it and it alone is the great controlling question. "A narrow stream isstrong." said Egg!eston's Irish schoolmaster. A narrow man-a man with one idea-may accomplish good, but whoever becomes a man of one idea dwarfs his powers, develops man labor as if God had cursed it lato an enthusiast, and there is then with ungenial climate or sterile but one step from the enthusiast to the fanatic.—Baleigh Chronicle.

THE voters of the county-espe cially those who are not thoroughly decided as to how they will vote this year-should always be on the alert. The Radical candidates, as their actions heretofore have proven, will promise anything to get your vote. Just go back to the last campaign, and think how many promises were made you by the men who were elected to the Legislature. What did they promise? Have you forgotten? No you haven't, and it is not necessary for us to inform you that not a single promise they made was carried out, and if you send them back again it will be just as it was before. But it is to be hoped that no such calamity will befall the county this year, and we do not believe that it will. Even the more respectable colored Republicans were ashamed of their representatives in the Legislature two years ago, and we do not believe that they will vote to send them again.

THE yellow fever epidemic in Flori-da is still fearful, though signs of improvement have appeared. Up to the 25th the total number of cases were 2,134; deaths 221. The fever has also broke out in other places, but it is nothing like as bad as it is in Jackson-

## John Nichols' Way. (Durham Tobacco Plant, 22d.

The tollowing letter, read by Mr. Strudwick in his speech here to-day, was written just thirty-four days before Mr. Nichols gave his own son the appointment, without competitive examination, and without notice to Mr. VanNoppen, or to any one else:

RALBIGH, N. C., April 16, 1887. L. C. Van Noppen, Durham, N. C.: DEAR SIR:-Yours received. The examination at Greensboro next week is for the Fifth district-not for this. Ours is the Fourth district. There will be no vacancy in this district until 1888 and then I will give due notice and let all the young men have an equal chance. I would be glad to give the appointment to a young man from Durham, that county having given me such a good vote.

Very respectfully. JOHN NICHOLS. The Town Hall. MR. EDITOR:+

Through your valuable paper I desire to express my views upon the much mooted question, and advisability of taxing the citizens of Louisburg to build a town hall at the cost of five thousand dollars.

While I cordially greet a manifestation of public spirit, I doubt the feasibility of the enterprise at this time. owing to our own stringent financial condition and in view of the R.il-Road tax that we already have upon us. Our population is small, and but few wealthy property holders, and it is about all that they can do to pay their present heavy taxes. The most serious consideration of the subject is, that it would materially effect the pecuniary interests of the widows and orphans, whose houses constitute their main possessions and support, and they must have their burden to bear without any voice in the matter. Who are the prime movers in this, enterprise? Are they the heaviest tax-payers of the town? From any standpoint, I think we can get along for the present, without a Town Hall, especially when so little pecuniary profit would accrue from it. Let us wait until the sun of prosperity beams out more fully upon us, or rather let us encourage the building up of factories -the opening of Tobacco warehouses and enterprises that will bring more money in circulation. Let us lend our energies to something that is practicat. A Town Hall is not the thing to drum capitalists to a place. On contrary it would be the means of bringing straggling play actors here, who would leave bad morals, and carry away more money than they bring We want to relterate it, that we are too poor for such a thing now. Some say that it will enhance the value of property. That idea seems to be absurd, I cannot see how taxing property will make it more valuable. After

paying insurance and taxes and supporting their families, owners of townproperty have but little left to improve their lots so as to make them seleable. Let us drive the wolf from our door by reducing taxes instead of raising them. Good flourishing schools constitute much to the prosperity of the town, whether large or small, and in years gone by they made Louisburg a celebrated town enviable for its refinement, intelligence and wealth. We should live more in clear ideas than ig beautiful fancies. Let us lend our energies toward building up our schools and strive to increase the number of and strive to increase the number of pupils—the younger population working to make the moral atmosphere pure and healthy. Where is the Young Mens' Christian Association? Echo answers where. A man can never be more than his character is—what the intellectual, moral and spiral s itual make him. So it is with a town

or cityment to loke at were or hards tion bus it tot out TAX PAYER.

We are receiving daily our stock of full and winter goods and feel confident in saying we can offer our customers goods as being fully aware of the damage done to crops by the constant rains and knowing that the farmers will have to make the best use they can, we are determined to sell our goods CHEAP.

Our goods were bought for CASH and

All that we ask is for you to come to see us and we will convince you that we MEAN WHAT WE SAY. line but can sa'ely say that we have the most varied stock of goods carried in town, consisting of

groceries hardware goods. heating & cooking notions. stoves a ligged & ranges tire iron. lime. hubs. stove pipes. spokes. rims.

Salt and almost anything that could be called for. Thanking our customers and friends for the liberal patronage they have always given us and promising them if they will come to see us again to sell them goods cheapes than ever before. We are

\$25.50

# Crenshaw, Hicks & Allen.

DESCRIPTION OF TOWNER

of Wake County

We want to sell 600 sulit bottom chairs at 25 cents that are now in stock.

A CARD FROM MRS. A. M. HALL TO MY PATRONS, PRIENDS AND

THE PUBLIC.

I have taken charge of the dress goods and Millinbry Departments of F N. Egerton's Emporium of Fashion, and with a large stock to select from, and full privilege of buying whatever I think will please my customers, I think I can better serve them than ever before. I thank my friends for their past favors and ask a continusnce of the same. Come to see me, make yourselves at home, and you will always be received with a hearty

Respectfully, Mrs. A. M. HALL

F. N. Egerton,

Louisburg, N. C.

I take this opportunity of informing my friends and the public generally that I have accepted a position in the Dress Goods and Millinery departments of Messrs. J. S. Barrow & Scn of this place, and would be pleased to have them call when in need of Millinery or Dress Goods. Having a larger stock to select from than heretofore, I feel confident that I can please one and all. T anking you for past patronage and soliciting a

continuance of the same, I remain

Very Respectfully ALMA T. HUFF.

MOTIUE.

Having qualified as administrator on the estate of Peter Monger, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to come forward and settle, and persons holding claims against said estate will present them for payment on or before the 14th of September 1889, or this notice will pleaded in bar of their recovery. This Sept. 14th, 1888. P.S. FOSTER, Admr.

ANDSALE public auction, at the court House door in Louisburg, on Monday, October 22nd, 1888, the tract of land in Louisburg township known as the "J. W. Davis tract." adjoining the lands of Z. T. Terrell, J. G. Davis and others and containing 135 acres, more or less. Terms: Cash.

DORA ALLEN.

MOTIOE INC.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court made at April term 1888, in the case of J. B. Perry, Trustee, and Perry & Putterson against L. B. Phillips admir of H. Baker, Harriet Baker, et. al., we will sell at public auction on Monday the 5th day of November next, the following tract of land, to wir. The tract of land conveyed by deed of gift of Henry Baker, Sr. to H. Baker Jr., and by the latter and his wife to J. B. Perry Trustee by deed recorded in book 65, page 486, situated in Franklin county in Harris township, containing two hundred acres, more or less. Terms of sale % cash balance on credit of 6 months. Time of sale 12 m.

E. W. TIMBERLAKE

Com's.

RALEIGH, N. C. T. By virtue of a deeree of the Soperior

Antique Ash, wood top, Walnut, marble top, Walnut, marble top,

Poplar Sideboard 10.00 Oa's Dining Chairs, \$1.00 and \$1.50 Maple Dining Chairs, 75c, and 1,00

Walnut hall stands, \$11.50, 12,50 15.50 Canvas folding cots, Tin and wire safes, Refrigerators, Bedsteads, from Orders receive prompt attention, Jon

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CARLO CARLOS

SHORE SHE

cond Terreday of Pol-We expect a big trade this fa'l, have placed orders with the manufacturers of many lines of goods and shall buy the

of goods ever carried by us before, and we are determined to best all competition and only ask an examination to prove it. Mrs. A. M. Hall has taken charge of our

and dress goods department.—She will be assisted by Miss Mattie Harris and others, and have carte-blanche to buy anything that she thinks will please her customers regardless of WALTA YEARDY

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Every department will be full of the tools he works with, for nails, files," harquers, saws, every shingle on

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