

The Franklin Times.

J. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor.

FRIDAY, --- MARCH 15, 1889

THE Maine Legislature has passed a bill making rum practically free. It gives the druggists liquor selling privileges.

WILLIAM WILD, of New York arose from bed to get a glass of water on Sunday night and broke his neck by falling over something in the room. This ought to be a terrible warning to New Jersey prohibitionists.—N. Y. Herald.

BISHOP Newman, of the Methodist Church says:

"Grover Cleveland has been the hardest working man we ever had in the White House, and he has left everything in a state of confusion. His blunders have been blunders against himself. He must be set down as one of our best Presidents.

THE adjournment of the Legislature was quite interesting from a general campaign-presentation, resolution offering and speech-making standpoint. Both the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House, as well as several of the other officers of both Houses, were presented with gold-headed canes.

FOUR states are the favored ones now. Harrison, Windom, Noble and Rusk are all natives of Ohio. Blaine and Wauwanesau—the two most corrupt members—are from Pennsylvania; Tracy and Miller are natives of New York, while the Vice President Morton and Proctor are natives of Vermont. Five were Generals in the Yankee army and five are lawyers.—Will. Star.

WELL, the Republicans are now in charge of the National Government, and already the offices are going through a change of hands. In fact some Democrats are asked to resign by telegraph, while others are informed that their places are wanted by the "faithful ones" of the "grand old party." That's all right, the offices belong to the victorious party, and this paper stands to-day just exactly where it has always stood upon the question, "To the victors belong the spoils." All we ask of the powers that be is, that no sorry men are put in office down this way.

THE Legislature adjourned SINE DIE on last Monday. During its session of 60 days 878 bills were enrolled. The stock law bill, introduced by Hon. C. M. Cooke, relative to Franklin county, and which passed the House, was tabled in the Senate, and the law stands just as it did before. The majority of Legislature were certainly agreed upon two things: viz: not to make any new stock laws or to repeal any old ones. A great majority of the Legislature were farmers, and while inexperienced in such work as law making as was first manifested, before the body adjourned they had done much good work. We think the greatest good the Legislature has done the State is that of doing no more than it did do—as too much Legislation is very often dangerous.

THE News-Observer speaking of the new election law says:

The election law of the present Assembly makes the registration more accurate, tends to more fully prevent repeating and keeps the State and federal elections separate, so that federal supervisors can supervise with which they have to do without interfering with that which does not concern them in the least. It is fair all round. It is fair to white and black alike. It tends to the preservation of the purity of the ballot-box. It will aid in the maintenance of law and order. It establishes no qualification educational or any other kind. It simply throws about the existing law the additional safeguards we have indicated. There is no reason for objection to it on any ground whatever. The wild alarm attempted by the republican members of the legislature with respect to it was simply a meaningless scare crowd, raised in most cases, we venture to say, without the understanding of the measure.

BOTH SIDES.

On our first page this week we publish an article from the New York Herald, in which that paper gives, from its standpoint, some of the reasons why the last election resulted as it did. It claims that the South was too prominent in the management of affairs. Whether this is so or not, we do not propose to say, but we publish the following from the Wilmington Star, which is very plainly put, and to the point:

WE can't see any sense, justice or propriety in the Dem. papers censuring the ablest Southern men in the Congress for being leaders. Brains will assert themselves. Why should not Carlisle, Mills, and the other really able and experienced men in the House from Southern States be the leaders? They are equal to the foremost, confessedly. The Democrats from the South constitute quite two-thirds of the whole Democratic force. We despise that synchrony that would be eternally playing into the hands of Northern prejudice and that would keep the South down for fear of offending. Let the able men of the South stand up boldly for principles, and if their superior qualifications make them leaders let them shoulder all responsibility and lead the way to genuine, unmistakable tax reform—no to reduce the surplus by removing tax on cigars,

cigarettes, cheroots, snuff &c., and leaving the present oppressive tax upon all necessities of life, but a reform that is in keeping with reiterated Democratic promises and that will really furnish sensible, important, real relief to the toiling masses—the more than forty-five millions of Americans who belong to this class.

THE cry is that the Democrats were defeated because the South was prominent in the Congress. What nonsense! If the Rad's male capital because the South now and then sends a really able man to the House, who is quite a match for the foremost of the Northern leaders, what of it? Shall the South grovel in the dust to placate fanaticism? Shall it send only dullards to the Congress less perform so they should create a prejudging harmful to the South. The South is far too apt to elect to high places men of small mental force and less statesmanship; its own good and the good of the country. We are for standing by sound common-sense political economy, and electing the ablest, best equipped, soundest Democrats to the Federal House. Then if they show themselves able to lead, let them do it and trust in God for the best results of the Union.

In the history of this country the House has not been presided over by an able officer than John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, unless another eminent Kentuckian in the past, Mr. Clay, be the one exception. As to Mr. Mills, he is a man of very unusual ability, and with Mr. Carlisle, knows more about tariff laws and inequalities than any other men in the House. They are Democrats who fight on the line of principle and not pally, contemptible expediency. They are the men with backbone and grip, like Mr. Cleveland, and formed a strong support for that brave, honest President. We can honor such men for they are men of force, earnestness of brain power, of convictions, and know how to lead and how to build up a party on a solid foundation.

OUR STATE CONTEMPORARIES.

Nay, we find that for every political and moral reform our State is indebted to the Democratic party—a party that has shown itself the especial champion of the people in every contest with extravagance, fraud and corruption in the high places.—Fayetteville Observer.

The prefix "Hon." has become so common as to carry with it little meaning. Every member of our Legislature may be changed at each election, and thus two hundred more be added biennially to our list of Honorables. We would prefer, that this were not so, and that the title "Hon." might be conferred by some competent authority, only upon those who deserve it by character and action.—Asheville Citizen.

We boast of a higher civilization, a purer Christianity, a tenderer humanity, and permit a dozen of these brutalizing exhibitions every year. When a man is condemned to death he should be taken at once to the State's prison and there executed with as much humanity as possible, and as privately as is consistent with a proper verification of the deed. Let us have no more of these degrading spectacles. Let the law be changed at once.—Goldboro Argus.

The North Carolina Supreme Court has just rendered a decision defining the homestead law of this State. The question presented to the Court was what use a homesteader may make of his homestead? The court determined that he could use it as such property is ordinarily used for the comfort and support of the family, but its value must not be impaired by such treatment as would be in the nature of waste.—Monroe Enquirer.

The Alliance Movement.

The Brunswick (Ga.) Daily Times talks as follows in regard to the Alliance:

The Farmers' Alliance is one of the most rapidly growing organizations in this country, and is destined at no distant day to prove a powerful engine in the politics of the nation. While ostensibly the alliance abjures all politics, still there is no mistaking its tendency, and the way men of political ambition are working in it is a sure indication of what must sooner or later crop out. We may possibly be mistaken in this. We only hope that we are; but the history of every grange movement this world has ever known but goes to prove the assertion. There are many more whose hair is not yet gray that will remember the rapid rise of the Georgia grangers, and their wild effort to establish a direct trade with Europe, that sky rocket of prosperity that shot up on paper to fall with a thud of disappointment.

LOCAL MATTER.

Mad Dogs.

By request we publish the following law in regard to mad dogs: Section 2490 of the Code reads: "Whenever the owner of any dog shall know, or have good reason to believe, that his dog, or any dog belonging to any person under his control, has been bitten by a mad dog, and shall neglect or refuse immediately to kill the same, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars to him who will sue therefor; and the offender shall be liable to pay all damages which may be sustained by any one, in his property or person, by the bite of any dog, belonging as aforesaid, and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined not more than fifty dollars, or imprisoned not more than thirty days.

The Offices.

We hear much talk as to who will get this and that office. It is thought by a good many that Gen. P. B. Hawkins stands a good chance for the Collector's place, and that John William will get a position of some kind in Washington City. John has always had a hankering after city life, you know. Maj. Bullock is talked of for postmaster at Franklin and it is rumored that Nat. Macon wants the Louisville post-office. This last rumor is probably unfounded, but there is no telling. When a man once gets it in his head that he ought to be an office holder, whether anybody else thinks so or not, there is no stopping him.

Why Guanos are Higher.

The question has been often asked why the prices of guanos are higher this year than last. Up to this date we have been unable to answer, but the following which we get from the Bulletin of the N. C. Agricultural Experiment Station explains, we think, the main reason:

The ingredients for manufacturing fertilizers are all higher than the corresponding period of last year. Not only has there been a material advancement in these prices, but in other materials and rates connected with the fertilizer trade as well. Material for bags has advanced 35 and 40 cents per ton more than last year. Ocean freights have advanced materially, causing the crude material, kamin for example, to advance in cost in addition to the increase of the price of that article. The freights, too, add to the cost of shipment of manufactured goods to our ports. The fertilizing ingredients with but few exceptions are higher than last season, ranging from 15 to 30 per cent.

Supporting Local Papers.

The Baltimore Manufacturers' Record, one of the soundest papers published, says:

"Some business men seem to be incapable of appreciating the fact that every good local paper does its town ten times as much good as it is ever paid for. Men having a large interest in town and deeply concerned in its progress, ought to try to see how little they can do for their own local papers. The papers of the South are to-day doing far more for the good of their country than they ever receive credit for. Day after day and week after week they are telling of its advantages of soil, climate and minerals and of its progress. The facts which they give are widely published in other papers, and thus the good work is carried far beyond their immediate circle of readers.

If the merchants and other business men of the community could only know as do the publishers, how constantly the local papers were advertising their claims abroad—and advertising it to great advantage—so far from their credit to themselves in the patronage which they extend as if they were making a donation, they would gladly double and triple their support, assured that in all cases they were getting a handsome equivalent for the money expended."

Street Improvements.

Street Commissioner Hale is doing good work on the streets. He is the right man in the right place, and we are glad that the "city fathers" are having the ditches cleaned out before the warm weather sets in. One of the best things that has been done along this line is the cutting of the large ditch from Nash street to the river.

New Meat Market.

Messrs. Ned Bullock & Co., have opened a Meat Market in Louisville, and propose to keep the town supplied with fresh Beef, Pork, Sausage, &c., and desire a liberal patronage from our citizens. They wish to buy fat beaves and will pay a good price for them.

New Town Ordinances.

At a recent meeting of the commissioners of the town of Louisville the following ordinances were adopted: No person shall sweep, throw or deposit any garbage or trash in the streets of the town of Louisville, under a penalty of one dollar for each offense. No female woman or women of suspicious character shall be allowed to be on the streets of the town of Louisville at night after 10 o'clock, under a penalty of one dollar for each offense. No person shall make any excrementitious deposits on any of the public grounds in the town of Louisville, under a penalty of one dollar for each offense. O. L. ELLIS, Mayor. GEO. S. BAKER, Clerk.

Mean Doesn't Express It.

One of the meanest men in the world is one who will change his residence and say nothing to the editor about changing his postoffice, though he may owe several dollars on his paper.—Concord Times.

We have the names of several of these thieves and we think of offering a reward for information of their whereabouts. They are doubtless now cheating some other newspaper man.—Hilary Press and Carolinian.

Such a man is a fit companion for the fellow who refuses to take his paper from the office after he has been reading it for one or two years without paying for it and causes the postmaster to notify the publisher that it remains uncalled for, &c.—Gold Leaf.

Best early rose seed potatoes in stock, and will have early goodrich next week at Crenshaw, Hicks & Allen's.

Henderson Tobacco Market.

or ected weekly by D. Y. Cooper proprietor of COOPER'S WARE HOUSE. HENDERSON, N. C. Fillers—Common dark or green 2 @ 3 10 @ 15 Common to medium 3 @ 5 Medium to good 5 @ 8 Good to fine 9 @ 10 Snokers—Common 3 @ 4 Common to medium 5 @ 6 Medium to good 8 @ 10 Good to fine 10 @ 15 Cutters—Common to medium 15 @ 17 Medium to good 17 @ 25 Good to fine 25 @ 35 Wrappers—Common 10 @ 12 Common to medium 15 @ 18 Medium to good 20 @ 25 Fine to fancy 40 @ 55

WE MEAN YOU.

As to the painful duty of reminding you of the fact that you owe us, and that we must have it right away, forces itself upon us. We are compelled to close up our business having sold out to King Bros, and kind friend, unless you pay within the next ten days your account—yes, even yours, will be placed in the hands of a collector. We desire to do this, and would not ordinarily. Please make us snails by coming forward and settle your account at once. With great respect, KING, JONES & Co.

NOTICE.

I shall sell at the late residence of W. T. Collins dec'd., on Wednesday the 3rd day of April 1889, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, some personal property belonging to the estate of said intestate consisting of several bales of lint cotton, cattle, one buggy and harness, household and kitchen furniture, and other articles too tedious to mention.

R. Y. YARBORO, Mch. 13, '89. Adm'r of W. T. Collins.

NOTICE.

I have this day qualified as Administrator upon the estate of W. T. Collins and hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and settle at once, and all persons holding claims against the estate will present for payment on or before the 15th of March 1889, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This March 15, 1889. C. M. COOKE, R. Y. YARBORO, Atty. Administrator.

Notice.

By virtue of execution in my hands in favor of N. B. Farquhar vs. E. T. Cooke, I will sell at public auction for cash at the Court house door in Louisville on Tuesday, 16th of April 1889, all the interest E. T. Cooke has in the 300 acres of land in Sandy Creek township N. C., the said land being tract upon which Mrs. Virginia Cooke now resides. Said sale made to satisfy said execution. H. C. KEARNEY, Sheriff. March 14th, 1889.

NOTICE.

By virtue of an execution in my hands in favor of J. B. Holden vs. T. B. Horton, I will sell at public auction for cash at the court house door in Louisville on Tuesday, the 16th day of April 1889, all the interest T. B. Horton has in the 102 acres, situated on the Nashville road, in Louisville, to wit: 50 acres of land known as Harriod Ferry land, said interest proposed to be one half of remainder in fee. This land is situated in Harris' township, Franklin county. Said sale will be made to satisfy said above named execution. H. C. KEARNEY, Sheriff. Feb. 14, '89.

NOTICE.

By virtue of an execution in my hands in favor of R. H. Timberlake vs. Lee Jones et al. I will sell at public auction for cash at the Superior court in Louisville, on Tuesday, the 16th day of April 1889, all the interest Lee Jones has in 300 acres of land bought by Harriet Jones of J. A. Baker, 250 acres of land known as Harriod Ferry land, said interest proposed to be one half of remainder in fee. This land is situated in Harris' township, Franklin county. Said sale will be made to satisfy said above named execution. H. C. KEARNEY, Sheriff. Feb. 14, '89.

NORTH CAROLINA.

In Superior Court Franklin County, April Term 1889. WINNIE YOUNG, vs. L. P. PHILLIPS, Adm'r of Henry Baker and wife, Elizabeth Berry, et al.

NOTICE.

To Betty and wife Elizabeth Berry: Take notice that at the next term of the Superior court of Franklin county which will be held at Louisville on the 6th Monday after the 1st Monday in March, 1889, a motion for the application of certain moneys now in the hands of commissioners heretofore appointed by the court in this case to the payment of a judgment in favor of the heirs of Thos. Gay, dec'd. against said L. P. Phillips Adm'r of Henry Baker, dec'd., will be heard.

THE BLACKSMITH.

I desire to inform the public that I have moved to the shop, at the foot of the river bridge, on the west side of Main Street, where I am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmith work. Horse-shoeing a specialty. DUBELL DAVIS, Louisville, N.

ORGANIZED 1846.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE Insurance Company.

NEWARK, N. J. Policies non-forfeitable after two Annual Premiums. Dividends begin with the 2nd Annual Premium. IT PAYS THE LARGEST DIVIDENDS.

IT GIVES THE MOST LIBERAL CONTRACTS. IT IS RELIABLE AND STRONG. IT PLACES A DEFINITE CASH SUBRENDER VALUE IN THE FACE OF ITS POLICIES. IT LENDS MONEY TO ITS POLICY HOLDERS AT 6 per cent.

It gives extension of Insurance in case you are unable to pay the premium after the 2nd annual premium. It puts the whole contract in the face of its policies, so the Insurer can see, at any time, the value of his policy. No other company does this. Assets Jan. 1st, 1887, \$41,370,223.33. Don't insure elsewhere before examining the contract offered by this company. It will do exactly what it promises. Average An'l Dividends paid since 1869, 82.9 per cent. GEO. S. BAKER, Agent. Louisville, N. C.

DENTISTRY.

Having returned to Louisville, for the purpose of practicing my profession, I most respectfully offer my services to the public in.

EVERY DEPARTMENT OF DENTISTRY.

Being a graduate of the Baltimore College of DENTAL SURGERY, with an active experience of Nineteen years, I do not hesitate to Guarantee Satisfaction in

EVERY PARTICULAR.

My office is furnished neatly and with an eye to the privacy and comfort of my patients. My prices are regulated in accordance with the Hard Times and Scarcity of Money. ARTIFICIAL TEETH A SPECIALTY. Natural teeth extracted and Artificial teeth inserted before patients leave the office. All extra products taken in exchange for Dental work. A part of your patronage is respectfully solicited. Very Respectfully, DR. R. E. KING, Dentist.

NOTICE.

By virtue of power contained in a deed of trust executed to me by R. F. Yarbrough and wife, I shall sell at the Court house door in Louisville, on Friday the 23rd day of March 1889, at public auction for cash, that valuable property in the town of Louisville known as the Louisville Female College property, containing about thirteen acres, and on which is situated the College building, a four story building, with parlors, a public chapel, recitation rooms, and sleeping rooms. It is well located for a boarding school. There is now in the building a first-class school for young ladies. J. J. DAVIS, Trustee. C. M. COOKE, Atty. Feb. 18, '89.

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain deed of mortgage executed by J. L. Hicks and wife on the 11th day of April 1887, and duly recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for Franklin county, in Book 74 pages 448 and 449, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door in the town of Louisville, on the 15th day of April 1889, two tracts of land fully described in said deed of mortgage, adjoining the lands of J. P. Timberlake, Henry Bawls, the heirs of Dr. B. P. Berry and others, one tract containing 12 1/2 acres, and the other one acre on which the house is situated, I. C. STANTON, Mortgagee. N. Y. GULLY, Atty. March 6, 1889.

LAND FOR SALE.

I offer for sale my plantation lying on the South side of the river and within a half mile of the town of Louisville. It contains seven hundred and five acres and is well watered and heavily timbered. The whole property is offered for sale, or it will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers. Those wishing to buy are referred to Dr. John K. Ruffin, also N. C. or Capt. Thomas White, Louisville, N. C. NINA W. RUFFIN Dec. 12, 1888.

BLACKSMITHING.

I have opened a Blacksmith Shop on Nash St., down by the branch, and am prepared to do ALL kinds of work in that line. Horse Shoeing a specialty. All kinds of iron repairing done at short notice. SPECIAL PRICES TO ALLIANCE-MEN. Respectfully, GEO. W. CONWAY, Louisville, N. C.

SEE HOW OUR PROMISES ARE FULFILLED.

By our LOW PRICES on everything that our friends and the public generally needs. We are selling the new styles of Gingham at 5c. worth 8c. some for 8c. worth 10c. some for 10c. worth 12 1/2c. We have a few more of those CHEAP Ladies' Hoes at 5c. worth 10 or 15 cts. Call and see us before purchasing, and you will be pleased.

Very Respectfully, W. J. NEAL & CO. Louisville, N. C. Mch. 15th, 1889.

F. N. Egerton's HEADQUARTERS.

FOR A Great Many Things. THE LOWEST LIVING PROFITS. LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST and always call when you wish to buy ANYTHING and get prices before purchasing.

MINE IS TRULY THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

As I sell goods at—

THE LOWEST LIVING PROFITS.

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST and always call when you wish to buy ANYTHING and get prices before purchasing.

Guano AND Meat

FOR— CASH OR ON TIME. EARLY ROSE SEED POTATOES AND SEED OATS. CHEAP. OUR "MODD" FLOUR CAN'T BE BEAT. A Beautiful Line of Neck Ties Just Received. Calicoes, Gingham and Worsteds of the latest and prettiest styles. Be sure to give us a call before buying elsewhere. Very Respectfully, W. P. NEAL & CO. Louisville, N. C.