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J. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor.

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NO. 15



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WILSON, N. C.

Any business entrusted to us will be promptly attended to.

The Golden Gate. BY SAM BOOTH. The day is slowly dying. The Sun has sunk to rest. The evening breeze is sighing Across the ocean's breast.

FARM ECONOMY.

We frequently hear it asserted, "there is no money in farming," but I have yet to see the farmer who produces his supplies upon the farm, who is not making money, and I have yet to see the farmer, who conducts his farm upon a cash basis, i. e., pays cash for what he buys, who is not succeeding.

Thinking men are looking more and more into the details of farm work, and never before have these interests received the attention as at the present time. Intelligent and learned agriculturists, and men of science and research, recognize as they do the great importance to the human race and the world, are giving, not only their time, but their means, to the investigation and development and advancement of agriculture in all its various branches.

Our public and private roads I find frequently very much neglected. Often they do not deserve the name of roads, so washed, rough and unsightly. A smooth, firm road is best, simply on the score of economy. It has been said that the force of traction required to move a four-wheeled vehicle weighing, with its load 1,000 pounds, on a hard, dry road, is 301 pounds; the same load over loose, sandy roads requires 204 pounds.

Some may ask, why all this to do about beautifying our homes, good roads, etc? It is not for the sake of adornment and mere love of show, but as an essential to all thorough farming. I will venture the assertion that thoroughness is one of the prime conditions of success in agriculture as in any other profession.

Notice. All persons having claims against the estate of L. C. Wester will present them to me at once. E. W. TIMBERLAKE Atty. for W. T. COLLINS Adm.

of true economy, the demand for these things is imperative to thorough and successful farming. Is not economy in all natural law a principle? Nature, bountiful to prodigality, is still economical with her forces, and nothing in all her realm is wasted or neglected.

LAW SOUTH AND NORTH.

In every Northern State the Boodlers had it all their own sweet way and to this day the guilty ones have received no punishment at law or even public condemnation. The greatest of Boodlers is in the Cabinet, chosen to the high and responsible office of Postmaster General by the man who was the recipient of the favors of Boodledom.

It is well known that the "blocks of five" were openly bought and voted by the Republicans in Indiana under the advice and authority of Dudley and Quay. The men who manipulated the "blocks of five" and were the go-betweens have to this hour escaped justice. The Indianapolis Sentinel of but three days ago states it as a fact that of 150 defendants upon the charge of Loolde all were acquitted but one—and he was a Democrat, and was made so drunk that he was made to vote for Harrison by the Republicans in the afternoon, although he had in the forenoon voted for Cleveland.

With the courts in the North run to shield guilty boodlers and to build up the Republicans "justice has fled to British beasts," and the principles of honor and right are trodden under foot and public confidence destroyed.

Now turn to the painful story of the conviction in the United States Federal Court at Little Rock, Ark., of Charles C. Reid "with interfering with the election." Popular, brilliant, well born, he is convicted and will be sent to the penitentiary as well as fined for violating the election law, while tens of thousands all through the North who are more guilty of debauching the ballot and of intimidating voters will read the sentence and say well done. Such is law as now executed in this country.

IS CONSUMPTION INCURABLE

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with abscess of lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an incurable consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

TWO NEGRO MOVEMENTS.

Asheville Citizen.

The Raleigh colored emigration convention and the spirit of restless impatience and unavailing complaint to which it gave expression, is in marked contrast to a meeting held about the same time by the colored people of Union county South Carolina. While the North Carolina Negroes are worrying and fretting over alleged political and industrial grievances and devising wild schemes of colonization and emigration, the precedents of which have uniformly proved disastrous to them, the Union county colored people have entered into an organization to "elevate the colored people of America by teaching them to love their country and their homes, to care more for their helpless and destitute, and to labor more earnestly for the education of themselves and their children, especially to improve themselves in agricultural pursuits, to become better farmers and laborers, and less wasteful in their methods of living; to be more obedient to civil and criminal law, and to withdraw their attention from political partisanship, to become better citizens and truer husbands and wives."

It is an organization of farmers and is called the Colored Farmers' Alliance and Co-operative Union. It declares war against the trusts and combinations of capital which oppress the farmer, especially the lute and fertilizer trusts, and is a most important step in the right direction, seeking to divert the negro's attention from the unprofitable politics of the past to practical considerations for the future.

The organizer, John D. Norris, said: "It is by no means a political organization. The condition of things and our present situation satisfy us that our happiness and fortune are not in politics. We have been so often deceived by political tricksters until our hope in politics is lost. We have been looked upon as political prey long enough. We expect, through the alliance, to let all parties know that our race is no longer a nation held for politics. We expect to confine ourselves to the interest of that which will build up our homes and make our homes make our firesides more pleasant. It is not working against the interest of the white man, because anything that is against the interest of the white farmer would be against our interest, and we have white farmers in this country as well as black farmers. The devilish trusts and combinations mean destruction to the farmers, East, West, North and South. We are not against the common fair merchant. We are only ringing the bells for the trusts and combinations to come to breakfast. We will ring for dinner later."

JURISDICTION OF MAGISTRATES.

Magistrates are given final jurisdiction in the following matters by the State Legislature at its last session: Abandonment of wife and children by husband. Failing to support family. Neglect of duty by overseer of roads. Peddling without license. Hunting on Sunday. Permitting stock to run at large in stock law territory. Misappropriation of money by impounder under the stock law. Injuring fences or leaving open gates where stock is confined. Trespassing upon lands of another without permission. Willful riding or driving horses over cultivated lands in stock law territory. The punishment in the above mentioned cases is not to exceed a fine of fifty dollars or thirty days imprisonment.—Will Star.

HAVE THEY NO PATRIOTISM?

Have Southern Republicans no patriotism or local pride? The Argus has but recently, in its Fourth Anniversary issue, reviewed the South's record of great men—statesmen, politicians and patriots—showing that our section has not been lacking in this respect; and yet the Nation's President, under the Republican administration, who, according to the genius of our form of government, should know no North, no South, no East nor West has snubbed the South so flatly that even the members of his own party in the South surely feel that his venom is too heroic against the rebel State of which many of them are honored sons—more entitled to be recognized as patriotic American citizens than their Northern brothers of the G. O. P., because they have the courage of their convictions and the

manhood to champion them actively in a section that is largely Democratic, and therefore the more or less prejudiced, as is always the case where the membership of any party largely predominates.

For his Cabinet Mr. Harrison has chosen members all from the North and West, except one, Mr. Noble—that is, if you can count an Ohio man living in Missouri as a Southern man. Mr. Cleveland called three of his Cabinet officers from the Southern States—Bayard, Lamar and Garland—and two of them were from the old Confederate States.

In a brief but pointed comparison of Cleveland and Harrison's administrations the Richmond State shows that, under Cleveland's administration the four first-class foreign missions were filled with two Southern men, McLane, of Maryland, at Paris, and Lawton, of Georgia, at St. Petersburg, and one Western man, Pendleton at Berlin, and one Northern man, Phelps, at London. Afterwards, Lawton, not being confirmed on account of his disabilities not having been removed, resigned, and Lorthrop, of Michigan, succeeded him. Lawton was then sent to Austria, to which Kelley had been accredited. The Ministers to Austria, Italy, Belgium, China and Spain and Japan, stand in the next rank. Of these six the South filled three, and if Kelley had gone to Italy, the South would have had four, Lawton, of Georgia, as we have seen, being at Vienna, Curry, of Virginia, at Madrid, and Hubbard, of Texas, at Tokio. Most of the South American missions, moreover, were given to Southern men.

Now let us compare Cleveland's policy towards the South with Harrison's. Of these legislations there are twenty-nine. The heads of these legislations were distributed as follows by Cleveland: South 14; North 7; West 8. Twenty-two of these twenty-nine heads of legislations have been chosen by Harrison. They were distributed as follows: North 10; West 9; South 3. Do not these facts show who is better able to find worth and talent in the South and give them recognition, Cleveland or Harrison.

What is Harrison's position is a dilemma that Southern Republicans must decide. Harrison did either one of two things. Either he was aware of ability among Southern Republicans, but refused to recognize it; or he did not believe there was much ability among them and so called few to places of honor and trust.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fevered sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cure piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. B. Clifton.

REPENTANCE.

On this point must be of that Godly sort that needeth not to be repented of. Reader, were you sorry that you had not paid your debts when you made a profession of religion? If you were not that is just why you have not got a debt-paying religion. True repentance has a retroactive as well as prospective effect on the life of the believer—he will as far as possible make good his past wrong. Many new converts sing, "Jesus paid it all, all to him I owe." No such thing. Jesus did not pay it all, neither do you owe it all to him. If the week before you were converted you owed your neighbor ten dollars, and was able to pay it, you owe that neighbor ten dollars yet. Jesus did not pay that for you. If you don't pay that debt it will meet you at judgment as sure as you are a sinner. It is mean in you to expect Jesus to pay debts for you that you can pay yourself. If you have a christian heart in you, think how much Jesus paid for you that you never could have met at God's bar of inflexible justice. Some people think that the cleansing stream of Jesus' blood washed Sin away and deluged the law—no such thing. Jesus came not to destroy, but to fulfill. Jesus everywhere enforces the commandments as the rule of life.

AN EXAMPLE.

At the close of our great revival at Fifth Street church two years ago a number of young men came to me to know if they ought to pay bills they had made at bar rooms for whiskey, etc? I told them to "owe no man anything." "give the devil his dews. All of those men, save one or two, went and paid those "bad debts" and have made no more. Those who could not see that it was their duty to pay those debts have returned to their old paths and their second state is worse than the first.

DEBT-PAYING RELIGION.

Re-published by request.

The following sensible article written by Rev. D. H. Tuttle, in the Methodist Advance, strikes the nail square on the head. If our financial ability would allow it, a copy of this week's paper would be sent to every household in this State. Read what he says: "Just at this time our country needs a religion that will make a man pay his debts. Shouting don't settle old notes or accounts with God or man—cash up. We want to pounce right on a fellow and put him right out of the church if he goes to a ball, or theater, or goes on a drunk, but never say a word to the pious scamp who never pays his debts. Preacher and people who do not pay their debts are doing the church more harm than dancers and drunkards—there are more of them in the church. Reader, am I getting close to you? Then lay down the paper and go and pay up and you can read on at ease. And don't you stop paying because the "statute of limitation" excuses the open account you made for your bread and meat—God's law knows no statute. You pay it in cash or God will make you pay it in fire and brimstone. God knows no such excuse from paying as "homestead exemption." You raise that excuse to keep from paying your debts and you can stop singing, "When I can read my titles clear to mansions in the skies." You've got none in there. You may say, I would pay if I could. How hard have you tried? If dying at this moment could you say, I've done all in my power? Have you tried to save a little each week or month for your debts? Are you spending no money for things to eat and wear that you can do without? How much do you spend per year for cigars and tobacco? Make the calculation. Put that amount to your debts. Do you eat dainties and luxuries? Plainer diet would keep you from making doctor's bills that you wouldn't pay, and leave your money to bring up back accounts. Do you strut about with an umbrella while your creditors work in the broiling sun? Don't you cut shins in hired turlows (may be they are not paid for) when you might walk and use the money to make your creditors smile? A plainer suit of clothes would be more becoming until you can pay for those worn last season. When expenses not necessary for the feeding and clothing of the body are cut off and applied to the payment of debts then you grow in favor with God, and not until then does God excuse you.

\$1000 REWARD.

One thousand dollars will be paid to any chemist who will find an analysis of S. S. S. (Swift's Specific) one particle of mercury, iodine of potash, or any poisonous substance.

JOE VAUGHN.

In 1873 I contracted blood poison which soon developed into its secondary form, with blotches and ugly sores all over my body, which totally disabled me for more than a year. The doctors treated me all the time without benefit. The disease steadily growing worse and worse, I was unable to work for more than a year; finally was persuaded to take Swift's Specific. After taking seven bottles I was sound and well, and have not felt a symptom of the disease since. This was sixteen years ago.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.

Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

A JOKE ON JARVIS.

New York Star.

A good story is told of Ex-Governor Jarvis while he was our representative in South America. The Emperor was giving a reception and all the dignitaries were invited. The other foreign ministers went in their carriages, glad in the regulation costume for such occasions. Jarvis, to set an example of American independence, walked to the palace on foot in his ordinary everyday broadcloth. He treaded his way among the many carriages that were crowding toward the festive scene. He made himself understood that as being the American Minister, and was admitted. He paid his respects to the Emperor and then wandered out to the portico, took a seat in a secluded spot, where he began quietly to enjoy a smoke. Two of the attendants of the palace came upon him and hustled him off, and might have incarcerated him had not the secretary of the American legation, who could speak the language, come upon the scene at this moment. He soon gave the natives to understand that this was the American Minister, and he was released with many apologies.

THE WOMEN PRAISE B. B. B.

The suffering of women certainly awakens the sympathy of every true philanthropist. Their best friend, however, is B. B. B. (Bottles of Blood Balm). Send to Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga., for proofs. H. L. Cassidy, Kennewas, Ga., writes: "Three bottles of B. B. B. cured my wife of neuralgia." Mrs. R. M. Laws, Zaleska, Fla., writes: "I have never used anything to equal B. B. B." Mrs. C. H. Orr, Rocky Mount, N. C., writes: "Not a day for 15 years was I free from headache. B. B. B. entirely cured me. I feel like another person." Jane W. Lancaster, Hawkinsville, Ga., writes: "My wife was in bad health for eight years. Five doctors and many patent medicines had done her no good. Six bottles of B. B. B. cured her." Miss S. Tomlinson, Athens, Ga., says: "For years I suffered with rheumatism, caused by kidney trouble and indigestion. I also was fretful and nervous. B. B. B. relieved me at once, although several other medicines had failed." Rev. J. M. Richardson, Clarkston, Ark., writes: "My wife suffered twelve years with rheumatism and nervousness. B. B. B. relieved me at once, although several other medicines had failed." A lady member of my church had been cured by B. B. B. She persuaded my wife to try it, who now says there is nothing like B. B. B., as it quickly gave her relief."

THE TIMES is the only newspaper published in Franklin county, and its circulation extends all over every section of this and adjoining counties, advertisers should make a note here.

The Editor will not be responsible for the views of correspondents. Brief communications from all sections most earnestly solicited. News items of any nature will be thankfully received.